

### Features

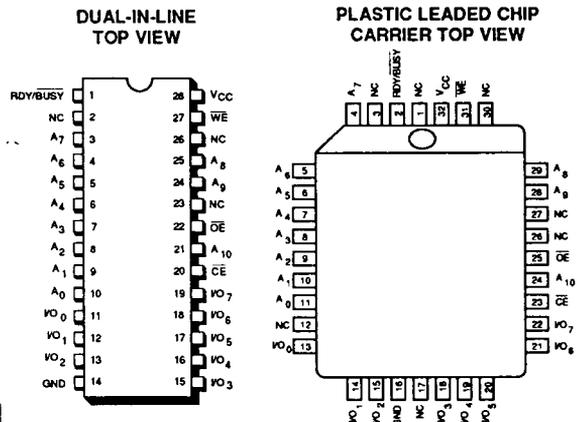
- **Military Extended and Commercial Temperature Range**
  - -55° C to +125° C Operation (Military)
  - -40° C to +85° C Operation (Extended)
  - 0° C to +70° C Operation (Commercial)
- **End of Write Detection**
  - Read Busy Pin
  - Optional DATA Polling Feature
- **High Endurance, Write Cycles**
  - 2817A: 10,000 Cycles/Byte Minimum
  - 5517A: 100K, 400K and 1 Million Cycles/Byte
- **On-Chip Timer**
  - Automatic Byte Erase Before Byte Write
- **5 V ± 10% Power Supply**
- **Power Up/Down Protection Circuitry**
- **150 ns max. Access Time**
- **Low Power Operation**
  - 100 mA Active Current
  - 40 mA Standby Current
- **JEDEC Approved Byte-Wide Pinout**
- **MIL-STD-883 Class B Compliant**

### Description

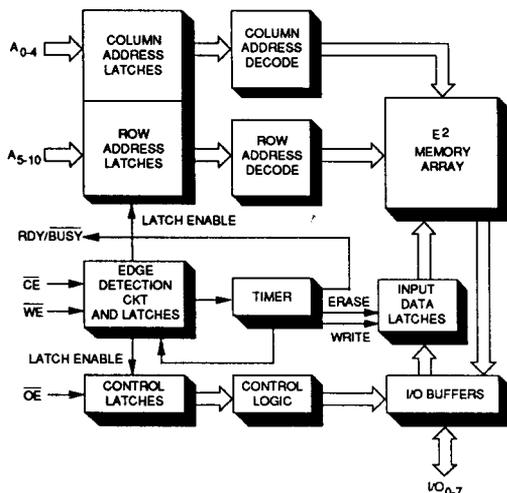
SEEQ's 2817A/5517A are 5V only, 2K x 8 electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM). They are packaged in 28 pin ceramic DIP and plastic DIP packages and a 32 pin leaded chip carrier, all with a ready/busy pin. This EEPROM is ideal for applications which require non-volatility and in-system data modification. The endurance, the minimum number of times which a byte may be written, is 10 thousand (K) cycles for the 2817A or 100K, 400K or 1 million cycles for the 5517A.

The 2817A has an internal timer that automatically times out the write time. The on-chip timer, along with the input

### Pin Configuration



### Block Diagram



### Pin Names

A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>4</sub>	ADDRESSES — COLUMN (LOWER ORDER BITS)
A <sub>5</sub> -A <sub>10</sub>	ADDRESSES — ROW
CE	CHIP ENABLE
OE	OUTPUT ENABLE
WE	WRITE ENABLE
I/O <sub>0,7</sub>	DATA INPUT (WRITE OR ERASE) DATA OUTPUT (READ)
RDY/BUSY	DEVICE READY/BUSY
NC	NO CONNECT

**2817A/2817AH  
5517A/5517AH**

latches, frees the microcomputer system for other tasks during the write time. The standard 2817A/5517A write cycle time is 10 ms over the recommended range, while the 2817AH/5517AH is a fast 2ms. An automatic byte erase is performed before a byte operation is started. Once a byte has been written, the ready/busy pin signals the microprocessor that it is available for another write or a read cycle. All inputs are TTL for both the byte write and read mode. Data retention is specified for 10 years.

**Device Operation**

There are five operational modes (see Table 1) and, except for the chip erase mode<sup>(1)</sup>, only TTL inputs are required. To write into a particular location, a TTL low is applied to the write enable (WE) pin of a selected (CE low) device. This, combined with output enable (OE) being

high, initiates a write cycle. During a byte write cycle, addresses are latched on either the falling edge of CE or WE, whichever one occurred last. Data is latched on the rising edge of CE or WE, whichever one occurred first. The byte is automatically erased before data is written. While the write operation is in progress, the RDY/BUSY output is at a TTL low. An internal timer times out the required byte write time and at the end of this time, the device signals the RDY/BUSY pin to a TTL high. The RDY/BUSY pin is an open drain output and a typical 3KΩ pull-up resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> is required. The pull-up resistor value is dependent on the number of OR-tied 2817A RDY/BUSY pins.

**DATA Polling (Optional Feature)**

DATA polling is a method of minimizing write times by determining the actual end-point of a write cycle. If a read is performed to any address while the device is still writing, it will present the ones-complement of the last byte written. When the device has completed its write cycle, a read from the last address written will result in valid data. Thus, software can simply read from the part until the last data byte written is read correctly. Timing for a DATA polling read is the same as a normal read.

*\*COMMENT: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.*

**Mode Selection (Table 1)**

Mode/Pin	CE	OE	WE	I/O	RDY/BUSY
Read	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	D <sub>OUT</sub>	High Z
Standby	V <sub>IH</sub>	X	X	High Z	High Z
Byte Write	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	D <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub>
Write Inhibit	X	V <sub>IL</sub>	X	High Z/D <sub>OUT</sub>	High Z
	X	X	V <sub>IH</sub>	High Z/D <sub>OUT</sub>	High Z

X: any TTL level

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

		2817A/2817AH-150 5517A/5517AH-150	2817A/2817AH-200 5517A/5517AH-200	2817A/2817AH-250 5517A/5517AH-250	2817A/2817AH-300 5517A/5517AH-300
Temperature Range	Commercial	0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C
	Extended	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C
	Military	-55°C to +125°C	—	-55°C to +125°C	-55°C to +125°C
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage		5V±10%	5V±10%	5V±10%	5V±10%

**Endurance and Data Retention**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	Condition	
N	Minimum Endurance	2817A	10,000	Cycles/Byte	MIL-STD 883 Test Method 1033
		5517A	100,000	Cycles/Byte	
			400,000		
		1,000,000			
T <sub>DR</sub>	Data Retention	>10	Years	MIL-STD 883 Test Method 1033	

**Notes:**

1. Chip Erase is an optional mode.
2. Characterized. Not tested.

**Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings\***

Temperature  
 Storage ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Under Bias  
     Military/Extended ..... -65°C to +135°C  
     Commercial ..... -10°C to +80°C

D.C. Voltage applied to all Inputs or Outputs with respect to ground ..... +6.0 V to -0.5 V  
 Undershoot/Overshoot pulse of less than 10 ns (measured at 50% point) applied to all inputs or outputs with respect to ground .... (undershoot) -1.0 V (overshoot) + 7.0 V

**Power Up/Down Considerations**

The 2817A/5517A has internal circuitry to minimize a false write during system V<sub>CC</sub> power up or down. This circuitry prevents writing under any one of the following conditions.

1. V<sub>CC</sub> is less than 3 V.<sup>[2]</sup>
2. A negative Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) transition has not occurred with V<sub>CC</sub> is between 3 V and 5 V.

Writing will also be prevented if  $\overline{CE}$  or  $\overline{OE}$  are in TTL logical states other than specified for a byte write in the Mode Selection table.

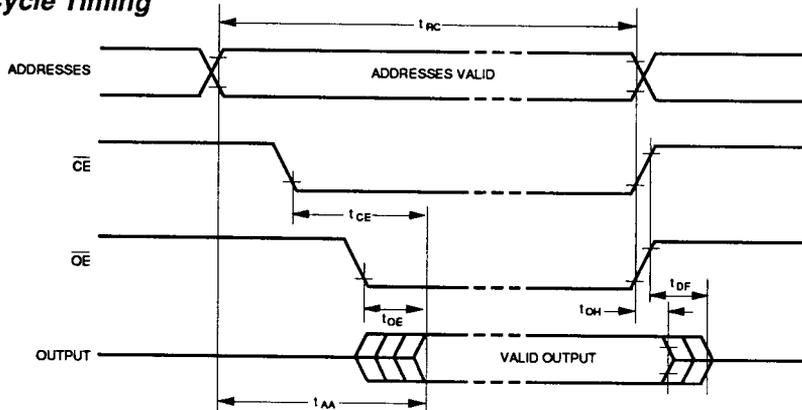
**D.C. Operating Characteristics** (Over the operating V<sub>CC</sub> and temperature range)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Units	Test Condition
		Min.	Max.		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Active V <sub>CC</sub> Current (Includes Write Operation)		100	mA	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ ; All I/O Open; Other Inputs = 5.5 V
I <sub>SB</sub>	Standby V <sub>CC</sub> Current		40	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ ; $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ ; All I/O Open; Other Inputs = 5.5 V
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Leakage Current		10	μA	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current		10	μA	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	-0.1	0.8	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 1	V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage		0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	2.4		V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA

**A.C. Characteristics Read Operation** (Over the operating V<sub>CC</sub> and temperature range)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits								Units	Test Conditions
		2817A/2817AH-150		2817A/2817AH-200		2817A/2817AH-250		2817A/2817AH-300			
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	150		200		250		300		ns	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$
t <sub>CE</sub>	Chip Enable Access Time		150		200		250		300	ns	$\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address Access Time		150		200		250		300	ns	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$
t <sub>OE</sub>	Output Enable Access Time		70		90		90		100	ns	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$
t <sub>DF</sub>	Output Enable High to Output Not being Driven		50		60		60		60	ns	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Hold from Address Change, Chip Enable, or Output Enable whichever occurs first	0		0		0		0		ns	$\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$

### Read Cycle Timing



### AC Characteristics

Write Operation (Over the operating  $V_{CC}$  and temperature range)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits								Units
		2817A/ 2817AH-150 5517A/ 5517AH-150		2817A/ 2817AH-200 5517A/ 5517AH-200		2817A/ 2817AH-250 5517A/ 5517AH-250		2817A/ 2817AH-300 5517A/ 5517AH-300		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$t_{AS}$	Address to Write Set Up Time	10		10		10		10		ns
$t_{CS}$	$\overline{CE}$ to Write Set Up Time	10		10		10		10		ns
$t_{WP}^{[2]}$	$\overline{WE}$ Write Pulse Width	100		120		150		150		ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	70		50		50		50		ns
$t_{DS}$	Data Set Up Time	50		50		50		50		ns
$t_{DH}$	Data Hold Time	0		0		0		0		ns
$t_{CH}$	$\overline{CE}$ Hold Time	0		0		0		0		ns
$t_{OES}$	$\overline{OE}$ Set Up Time	10		10		10		10		ns
$t_{OEH}$	$\overline{OE}$ Hold Time	10		10		10		10		ns
$t_{DL}$	Data Latch Time	50		50		50		50		ns
$t_{DV}^{[3]}$	Data Valid Time		1		1		1		1	$\mu$ s
$t_{DB}$	Time to Device Busy		120		120		120		120	ns
$t_{WR}$	Write Recovery Time Before Read Cycle		10		10		10		10	$\mu$ s
$t_{WC}$	Byte Write Cycle Time		10		10		10		10	ms
		2817A/5517A		2		2		2		2

**NOTES:**

1. This parameter is measured only for the initial qualification and after process or design changes which may affect capacitance.
2.  $\overline{WE}$  is noise protected. Less than a 20 ns write pulse will not activate a write cycle.
3. Data must be valid within 1  $\mu$ s maximum after the initiation of a write cycle.

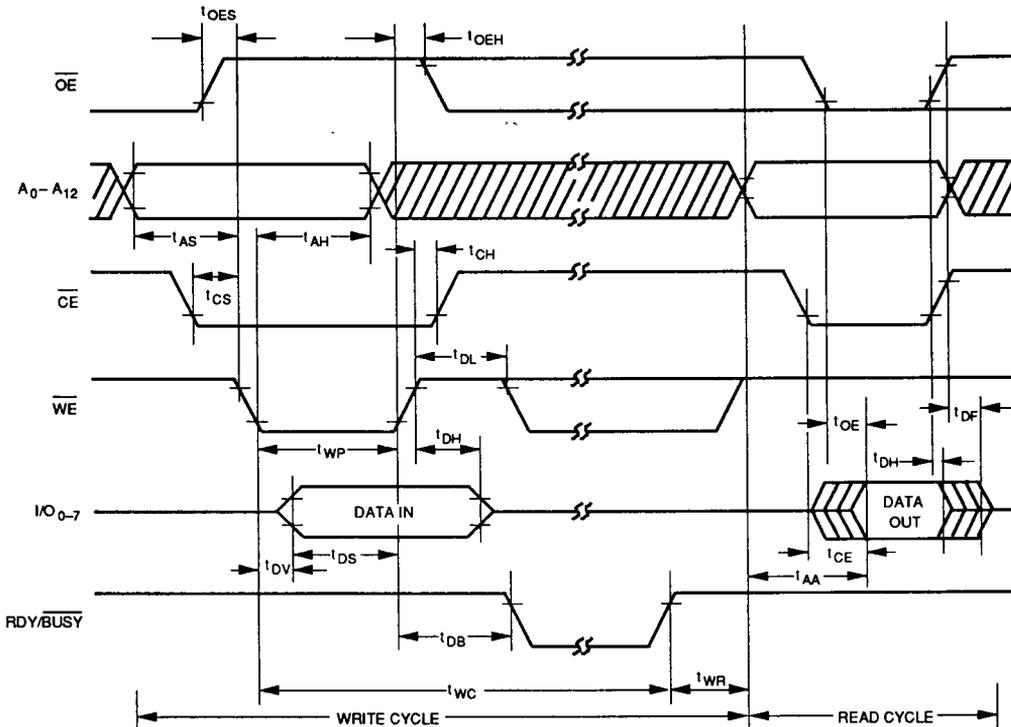
**A.C. Test Conditions**

Output Load: 1 TTL gate and  $C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$   
 Input Rise and Fall Times:  $< 20 \text{ ns}$   
 Input Pulse Levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V  
 Timing Measurement Reference Level:  
 Inputs 1 V and 2 V  
 Outputs 0.8 V and 2 V

**Capacitance** <sup>[1]</sup>  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Symbol	Parameter	Max	Conditions
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	6 pF	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$
$C_{OUT}$	Data (I/O) Capacitance	10 pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ V}$

**Write Cycle Timing**



**Ordering Information**

