











LM741

SNOSC25D-MAY 1998-REVISED OCTOBER 2015

LM741 Operational Amplifier

Features

- Overload Protection on the Input and Output
- No Latch-Up When the Common-Mode Range is Exceeded

Applications

- Comparators
- Multivibrators
- DC Amplifiers
- **Summing Amplifiers**
- Integrator or Differentiators
- Active Filters

3 Description

The LM741 series are general-purpose operational amplifiers which feature improved performance over industry standards like the LM709. They are direct, plug-in replacements for the 709C, LM201, MC1439, and 748 in most applications.

The amplifiers offer many features which make their application nearly foolproof: overload protection on the input and output, no latch-up when the commonmode range is exceeded, as well as freedom from oscillations.

The LM741C is identical to the LM741 and LM741A except that the LM741C has their performance ensured over a 0°C to +70°C temperature range, instead of -55°C to +125°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	TO-99 (8)	9.08 mm × 9.08 mm
LM741	CDIP (8)	10.16 mm × 6.502 mm
	PDIP (8)	9.81 mm × 6.35 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application

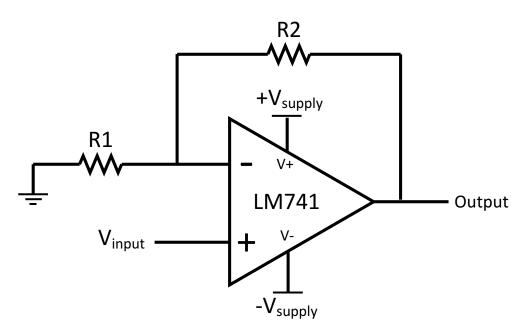




Table of Contents

1	Features 1	7.3 Feature Description
2	Applications 1	7.4 Device Functional Modes
3	Description 1	8 Application and Implementation
4	Revision History2	8.1 Application Information
5	Pin Configuration and Functions	8.2 Typical Application
6	Specifications4	9 Power Supply Recommendations 10
•	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10 Layout 11
	6.2 ESD Ratings	10.1 Layout Guidelines11
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions	10.2 Layout Example11
	6.4 Thermal Information	11 Device and Documentation Support 12
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics, LM7415	11.1 Community Resources
	6.6 Electrical Characteristics, LM741A5	11.2 Trademarks
	6.7 Electrical Characteristics, LM741C6	11.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution
7	Detailed Description 7	11.4 Glossary
•	7.1 Overview	12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable
	7.2 Functional Block Diagram	Information 12
	-	

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision C (October 2004) to Revision D

Page

•	Added Applications section, Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	. 1
•	Removed NAD 10-Pin CLGA pinout	. 3
•	Removed obselete M (S0-8) package from the data sheet	. 4
•	Added recommended operating supply voltage spec	. 4
	Added recommended operating temperature spec	_

Changes from Revision C (March 2013) to Revision D

Page

Added Applications section, Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section
 Removed NAD 10-Pin CLGA pinout
 Removed obselete M (S0-8) package from the data sheet
 Added recommended operating supply voltage spec

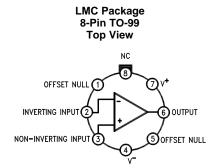
Added recommended operating temperature spec4

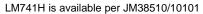
Submit Documentation Feedback

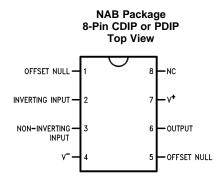
Copyright © 1998–2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated



5 Pin Configuration and Functions







Pin Functions

PI	N	1/0	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	· I/O	DESCRIPTION
INVERTING INPUT	2	I	Inverting signal input
NC	8	N/A	No Connect, should be left floating
NONINVERTING INPUT	3	I	Noninverting signal input
OFFSET NULL	1.5		Officet will him used to climinate the effect valtage and belongs the input valtages
OFFSET NULL	1, 5	ı	Offset null pin used to eliminate the offset voltage and balance the input voltages.
OUTPUT	6	0	Amplified signal output
V+	7	I	Positive supply voltage
V-	4	ı	Negative supply voltage

Copyright © 1998–2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)(2)(3)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Complement	LM741, LM741A		±22	
Supply voltage	LM741C		±18	V
Power dissipation (4)			500	mW
Differential input voltage			±30	V
Input voltage (5)			±15	V
Output short circuit duration	Output short circuit duration		Continuous	
0	LM741, LM741A	-50	125	°C
Operating temperature	LM741C	0	70	30
lunation to an anatum	LM741, LM741A		150	°C
Junction temperature	LM741C		±22 ±18 500 ±30 ±15 Continuous -50 125 0 70	30
	PDIP package (10 seconds)		260	°C
Soldering information	CDIP or TO-99 package (10 seconds)		300	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) For military specifications see RETS741X for LM741 and RETS741AX for LM741A.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±400	V

Level listed above is the passing level per ANSI, ESDA, and JEDEC JS-001. JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage (VDD-GND)	LM741, LM741A	±10	±15	±22	V	
	LM741C	±10	±15	±18		
Temperature	LM741, LM741A	-55		125	°C	
	LM741C	0		70		

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾			LM741			
		LMC (TO-99)	NAB (CDIP)	P (PDIP)	UNIT	
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	170	100	100	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	25	_	_	°C/W	

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

Copyright © 1998-2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

For operation at elevated temperatures, these devices must be derated based on thermal resistance, and T_i max. (listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings"). $T_j = T_A + (\theta_{jA} P_D)$. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics, LM741⁽¹⁾

PARAM	IETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
land offer trade		D 44010	T _A = 25°C		1	5	mV	
Input offset volta	age	$R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$			6	mV	
Input offset volta adjustment rang		T _A = 25°C, V _S = ±20 V			±15		mV	
Input offset curr	ont	T _A = 25°C			20	200	nA	
input onset curr	ent	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$			85	500	ΠA	
Input bias curre	nt.	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			80	500	nA	
input bias curre	IIL	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$				1.5	μΑ	
Input resistance		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		0.3	2		ΜΩ	
Input voltage ra	nge	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		±12	±13		V	
Large signal vol	togo goin	$V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}, V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V}, R_L \ge 2$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	50	200		V/mV	
Large signal voi	tage gain	kΩ	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	25				
Output valtage	nuin a	V .45 V	R _L ≥ 10 kΩ	±12	±14		V	
Output voltage s	swing	$V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	±10	±13			
Output short cire	cuit current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			25		mA	
Common-mode	rejection ratio	$R_S \le 10 \Omega$, $V_{CM} = \pm 12 V$, $T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		80	95		dB	
Supply voltage	rejection ratio	$V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V to } V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}, R_S \le 10 \Omega, T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		86	96		dB	
Transient	Rise time	T 25°C unity goin			0.3		μs	
response	Overshoot	T _A = 25°C, unity gain			5%		1	
Slew rate		T _A = 25°C, unity gain			0.5		V/µs	
Supply current		T _A = 25°C			1.7	2.8	mA	
			T _A = 25°C		50	85		
Power consump	tion	$V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_A = T_{AMIN}$		60	100	mW	
			$T_A = T_{AMAX}$		45	75	Ì	

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (LM741/LM741A). For the LM741C/LM741E, these specifications are limited to $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics, LM741A⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Input offeet voltage	B < 50.0	T _A = 25°C		8.0	3	mV	
Input offset voltage	R _S ≤ 50 Ω	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$			4	mV	
Average input offset voltage drift					15	μV/°C	
Input offset voltage adjustment range	$T_A = 25$ °C, $V_S = \pm 20$ V		±10			mV	
Input offset current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			3	30	nA	
input onset current	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$				70	ПА	
Average input offset current drift					0.5	nA/°C	
Innut high ourrent	T _A = 25°C			30	80	nA	
Input bias current	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$				0.21	μΑ	
Input registence	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		1	6		ΜΩ	
Input resistance	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}, V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		0.5			IVILZ	
Large signal voltage gain	$V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}, V_O = \pm 15 \text{ V}, R_L \ge 2$	T _A = 25°C	50				
	kΩ	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	32			V/mV	
	$V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}, V_O = \pm 2 \text{ V}, R_L \ge 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	10				

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (LM741/LM741A). For the LM741C/LM741E, these specifications are limited to $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$.



Electrical Characteristics, LM741A⁽¹⁾ (continued)

PARAM	METER	TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output valtage	avrin a	V .20 V	R _L ≥ 10 kΩ	±16		.,	\/
Output voltage	swing	$V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	±15			V
Outrout also at air		T _A = 25°C		10	25	35	A
Output short cir	rcuit current	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		10		40	mA
Common-mode	rejection ratio	$R_S \le 50 \Omega$, $V_{CM} = \pm 12 V$, $T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		80	95		dB
Supply voltage	Supply voltage rejection ratio $V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$ to $V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}$, $R_S \le 50 \Omega$, $T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$		Ω , $T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	86	96		dB
Transient	Rise time	T. 0500 ''			0.25	0.8	μs
response	Overshoot	$T_A = 25$ °C, unity gain			6%	20%	
Bandwidth (2)		T _A = 25°C		0.437	1.5		MHz
Slew rate		T _A = 25°C, unity gain		0.3	0.7		V/µs
			T _A = 25°C		80	150	
Power consum	ption	V _S = ±20 V	$T_A = T_{AMIN}$			165	mW
	l l	$T_A = T_{AMAX}$			135		

⁽²⁾ Calculated value from: BW (MHz) = 0.35/Rise Time (μ s).

6.7 Electrical Characteristics, LM741C(1)

PARAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
land offert valtage	D < 40 LO	T _A = 25°C		2	6	mV
Input offset voltage	R _S ≤ 10 kΩ	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$			7.5	mV
Input offset voltage adjustment range	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			±15		mV
Input offset current	T _A = 25°C			20	200	nA
input onset current	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$				300	IIA
Input bias current	T _A = 25°C			80	500	nA
input bias current	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$				0.8	μΑ
Input resistance	resistance $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		0.3	2		ΜΩ
Input voltage range	nput voltage range $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		±12	±13		V
Lorgo signal voltago gain	$V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}, V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V}, R_L$	$T_A = 25$ °C	20	200		V/mV
Large signal voltage gain	≥ 2 kΩ	$T_{AMIN} \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	15			V/IIIV
Output voltage swing	$V_{S} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	R _L ≥ 10 kΩ	±12	±14		V
Output voltage swing	V _S = ±15 V	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	±10	±13		
Output short circuit current	T _A = 25°C			25		mA
Common-mode rejection rati	$R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{CM} = \pm 12 \text{ V}, T_{CM}$	$AMIN \le T_A \le T_{AMAX}$	70	90		dB
Supply voltage rejection ratio	$V_S = \pm 20 \text{ V to } V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}, R_S$	$_{S} \le 10 \ \Omega, \ T_{AMIN} \le T_{A} \le T_{AMAX}$	77	96		dB
Transient response Rise tin	ne T = 25°C Unity Coin			0.3		μs
Oversh	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, Unity Gain			5%		
Slew rate T _A = 25°C, Unity Gain			0.5		V/µs	
Supply current	T _A = 25°C			1.7	2.8	mA
Power consumption	$V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			50	85	mW

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (LM741/LM741A). For the LM741C/LM741E, these specifications are limited to $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 1998–2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated

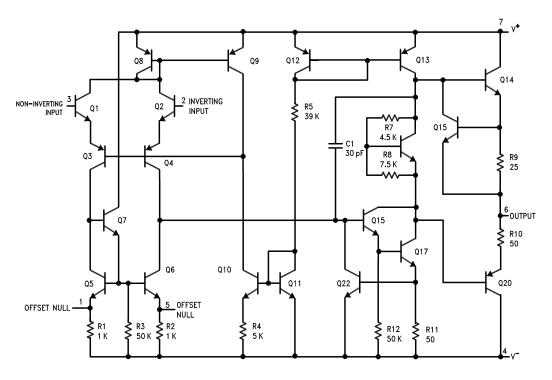


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The LM74 devices are general-purpose operational amplifiers which feature improved performance over industry standards like the LM709. It is intended for a wide range of analog applications. The high gain and wide range of operating voltage provide superior performance in integrator, summing amplifier, and general feedback applications. The LM741 can operate with a single or dual power supply voltage. The LM741 devices are direct, plug-in replacements for the 709C, LM201, MC1439, and 748 in most applications.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Overload Protection

The LM741 features overload protection circuitry on the input and output. This prevents possible circuit damage to the device.

7.3.2 Latch-up Prevention

The LM741 is designed so that there is no latch-up occurrence when the common-mode range is exceeded. This allows the device to function properly without having to power cycle the device.

7.3.3 Pin-to-Pin Capability

The LM741 is pin-to-pin direct replacements for the LM709C, LM201, MC1439, and LM748 in most applications. Direct replacement capabilities allows flexibility in design for replacing obsolete parts.



7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Open-Loop Amplifier

The LM741 can be operated in an open-loop configuration. The magnitude of the open-loop gain is typically large thus for a small difference between the noninverting and inverting input terminals, the amplifier output will be driven near the supply voltage. Without negative feedback, the LM741 can act as a comparator. If the inverting input is held at 0 V, and the input voltage applied to the noninverting input is positive, the output will be positive. If the input voltage applied to the noninverting input is negative, the output will be negative.

7.4.2 Closed-Loop Amplifier

In a closed-loop configuration, negative feedback is used by applying a portion of the output voltage to the inverting input. Unlike the open-loop configuration, closed loop feedback reduces the gain of the circuit. The overall gain and response of the circuit is determined by the feedback network rather than the operational amplifier characteristics. The response of the operational amplifier circuit is characterized by the transfer function.



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The LM741 is a general-purpose amplifier than can be used in a variety of applications and configurations. One common configuration is in a noninverting amplifier configuration. In this configuration, the output signal is in phase with the input (not inverted as in the inverting amplifier configuration), the input impedance of the amplifier is high, and the output impedance is low. The characteristics of the input and output impedance is beneficial for applications that require isolation between the input and output. No significant loading will occur from the previous stage before the amplifier. The gain of the system is set accordingly so the output signal is a factor larger than the input signal.

8.2 Typical Application

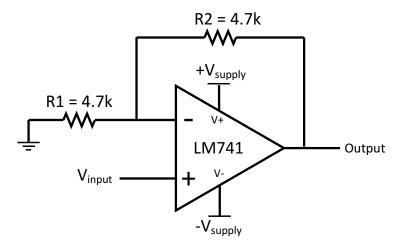


Figure 1. LM741 Noninverting Amplifier Circuit

8.2.1 Design Requirements

As shown in Figure 1, the signal is applied to the noninverting input of the LM741. The gain of the system is determined by the feedback resistor and input resistor connected to the inverting input. The gain can be calculated by Equation 1:

The gain is set to 2 for this application. R1 and R2 are 4.7-k resistors with 5% tolerance.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The LM741 can be operated in either single supply or dual supply. This application is configured for dual supply with the supply rails at ±15 V. The input signal is connected to a function generator. A 1-Vpp, 10-kHz sine wave was used as the signal input. 5% tolerance resistors were used, but if the application requires an accurate gain response, use 1% tolerance resistors.



Typical Application (continued)

8.2.3 Application Curve

The waveforms in Figure 2 show the input and output signals of the LM741 non-inverting amplifier circuit. The blue waveform (top) shows the input signal, while the red waveform (bottom) shows the output signal. The input signal is 1.06 Vpp and the output signal is 1.94 Vpp. With the 4.7-k Ω resistors, the theoretical gain of the system is 2. Due to the 5% tolerance, the gain of the system including the tolerance is 1.992. The gain of the system when measured from the mean amplitude values on the oscilloscope was 1.83.

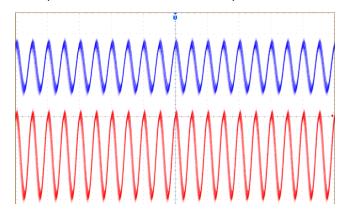


Figure 2. Waveforms for LM741 Noninverting Amplifier Circuit

9 Power Supply Recommendations

For proper operation, the power supplies must be properly decoupled. For decoupling the supply lines, a 0.1-µF capacitor is recommended and should be placed as close as possible to the LM741 power supply pins.



10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

As with most amplifiers, take care with lead dress, component placement, and supply decoupling in order to ensure stability. For example, resistors from the output to an input should be placed with the body close to the input to minimize pick-up and maximize the frequency of the feedback pole by minimizing the capacitance from the input to ground. As shown in Figure 3, the feedback resistors and the decoupling capacitors are located close to the device to ensure maximum stability and noise performance of the system.

10.2 Layout Example

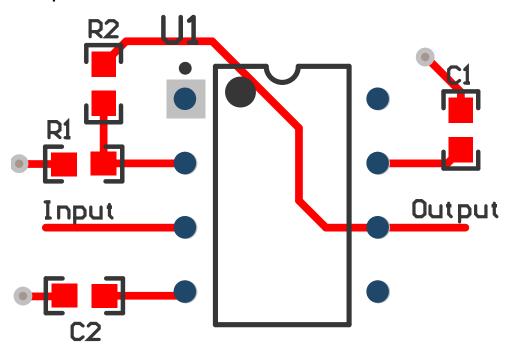


Figure 3. LM741 Layout



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.2 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





27-Jul-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LM741C-MWC	ACTIVE	WAFERSALE	YS	0	1	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 85		Samples
LM741CH	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	(LM741CH ~ LM741CH)	Samples
LM741CH/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	0 to 70	(LM741CH ~ LM741CH)	Samples
LM741CN/NOPB	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	0 to 70	LM 741CN	Samples
LM741H	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 125	(LM741H ~ LM741H)	Samples
LM741H/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-55 to 125	(LM741H ~ LM741H)	Samples
LM741J	ACTIVE	CDIP	NAB	8	40	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 125	LM741J	Samples
U5B7741312	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 125	(LM741H ~ LM741H)	Samples
U5B7741393	ACTIVE	TO-99	LMC	8	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	(LM741CH ~ LM741CH)	Samples
U9T7741393	OBSOLETE	E PDIP	Р	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	LM 741CN	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used betweer the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



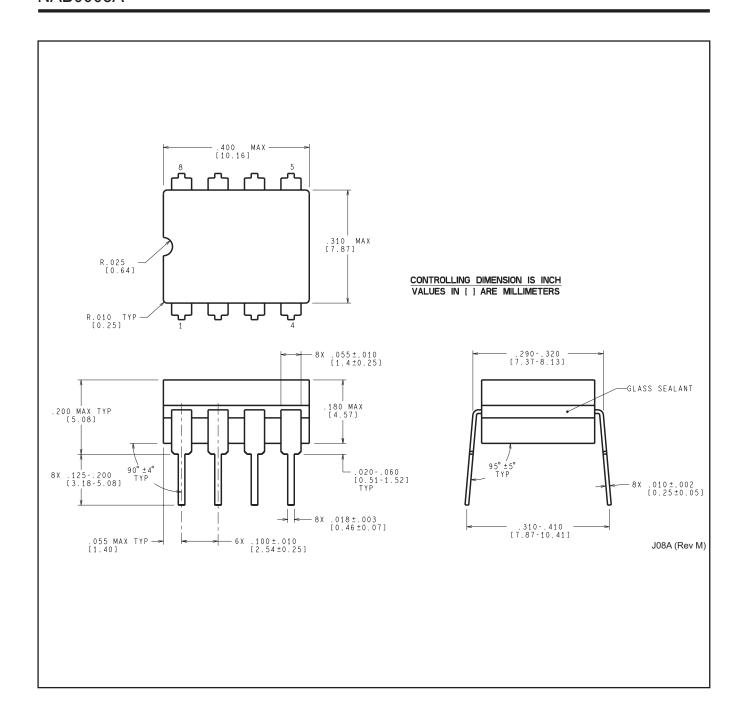
PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Jul-2016

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

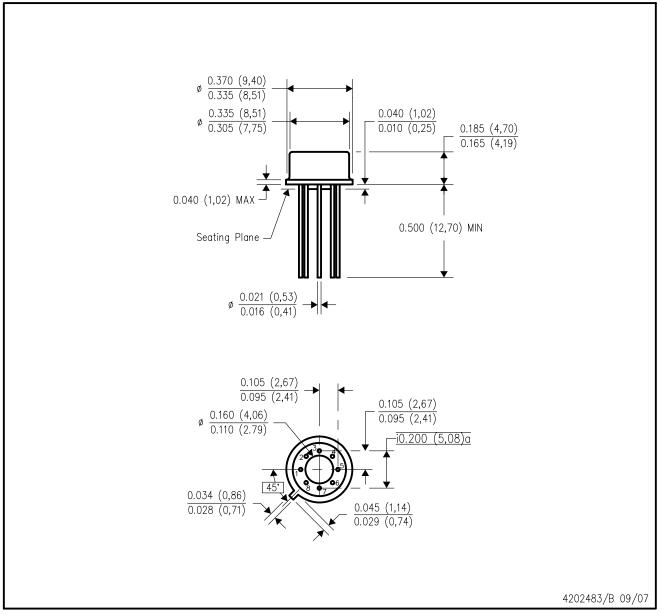
Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.



LMC (O-MBCY-W8)

METAL CYLINDRICAL PACKAGE



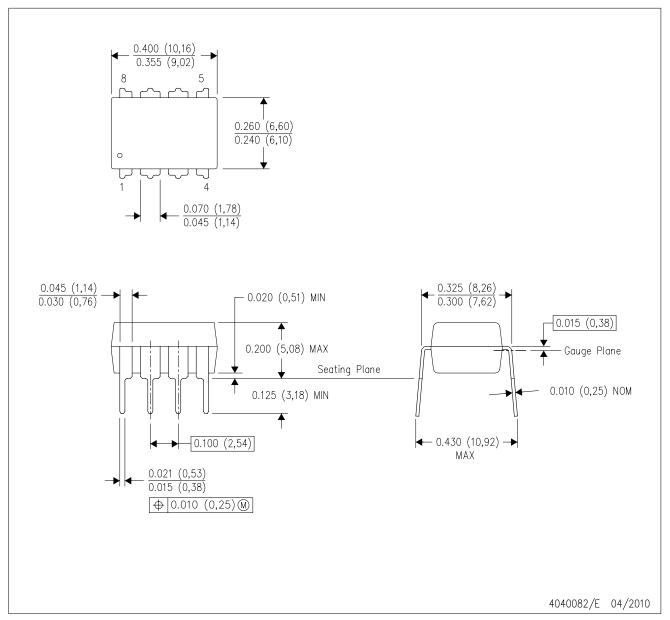
NOTES: A. All line

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Leads in true position within 0.010 (0,25) R @ MMC at seating plane.
- D. Pin numbers shown for reference only. Numbers may not be marked on package.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-002/TO-99.



P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products Applications

Audio www.ti.com/audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive **Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com Communications and Telecom www.ti.com/communications **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com Computers and Peripherals www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** www.dlp.com Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps DSP dsp.ti.com **Energy and Lighting** www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical Logic Security www.ti.com/security logic.ti.com

Power Mgmt power.ti.com Space, Avionics and Defense www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense

Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com Video and Imaging www.ti.com/video

RFID www.ti-rfid.com

OMAP Applications Processors www.ti.com/omap TI E2E Community e2e.ti.com

Wireless Connectivity <u>www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</u>