

# 74LVC2G66-Q100

## Bilateral switch

Rev. 6 — 23 August 2023

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74LVC2G66-Q100 is a dual single pole, single-throw analog switch. Each switch has two input/output terminals (nY and nZ) and a digital enable input (nE). When nE is LOW, the analog switch is turned off. Inputs can be driven from either 3.3 V or 5 V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in mixed 3.3 V and 5 V environments.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- Very low ON resistance:
  - 7.5  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V
  - 6.5  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V
  - 6  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V
- Switch current capability of 32 mA
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- CMOS low power consumption
- TTL interface compatibility at 3.3 V
- Latch-up performance meets requirements of JESD78 Class I
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
  - JESD36 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 2 exceeds 2000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V

## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number                      | Package           |        |                                                                                            |                          |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
|                                  | Temperature range | Name   | Description                                                                                | Version                  |
| <a href="#">74LVC2G66DP-Q100</a> | -40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP8 | plastic thin shrink small outline package;<br>8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm | <a href="#">SOT505-2</a> |
| <a href="#">74LVC2G66DC-Q100</a> | -40 °C to +125 °C | VSSOP8 | plastic very thin shrink small outline package;<br>8 leads; body width 2.3 mm              | <a href="#">SOT765-1</a> |

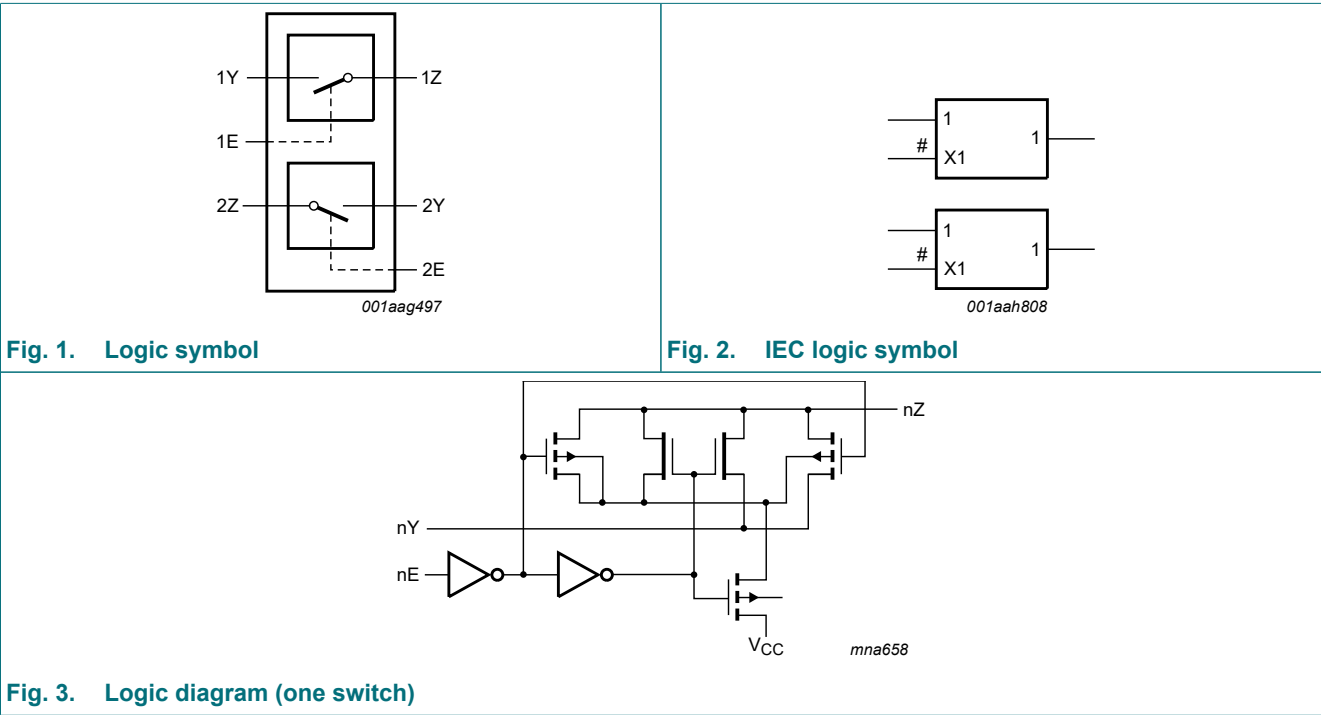
4. Marking

Table 2. Marking codes

| Type number      | Marking code <sup>[1]</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 74LVC2G66DP-Q100 | V66                         |
| 74LVC2G66DC-Q100 | V66                         |

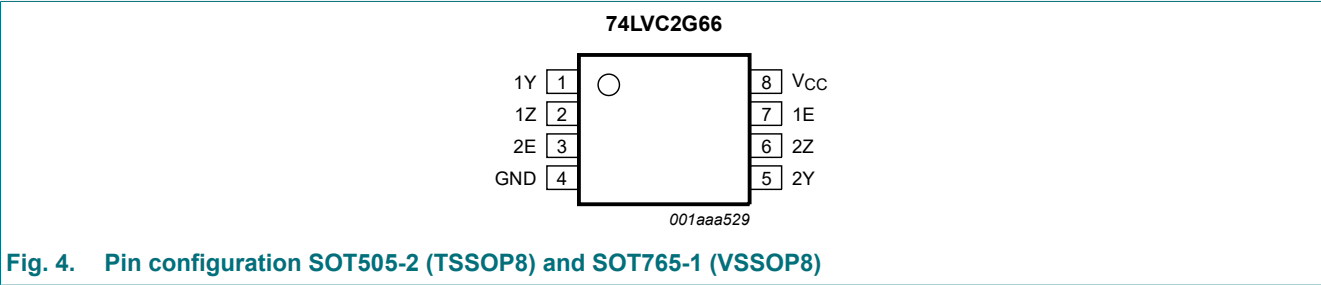
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol          | Pin | Description                 |
|-----------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 1Y              | 1   | independent input or output |
| 1Z              | 2   | independent input or output |
| 2E              | 3   | enable input (active HIGH)  |
| GND             | 4   | ground (0 V)                |
| 2Y              | 5   | independent input or output |
| 2Z              | 6   | independent input or output |
| 1E              | 7   | enable input (active HIGH)  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | 8   | supply voltage              |

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

| Input nE | Switch    |
|----------|-----------|
| L        | OFF-state |
| H        | ON-state  |

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol           | Parameter               | Conditions                                                            | Min  | Max                   | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | supply voltage          |                                                                       | -0.5 | +6.5                  | V    |
| V <sub>I</sub>   | input voltage           | [1]                                                                   | -0.5 | +6.5                  | V    |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | input clamping current  | V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V   | -50  | -                     | mA   |
| I <sub>SK</sub>  | switch clamping current | V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V   | -    | ±50                   | mA   |
| V <sub>SW</sub>  | switch voltage          | enable and disable mode [2]                                           | -0.5 | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | V    |
| I <sub>SW</sub>  | switch current          | V <sub>SW</sub> > -0.5 V or V <sub>SW</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V | -    | ±50                   | mA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | supply current          |                                                                       | -    | 100                   | mA   |
| I <sub>GND</sub> | ground current          |                                                                       | -100 | -                     | mA   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | storage temperature     |                                                                       | -65  | +150                  | °C   |
| P <sub>tot</sub> | total power dissipation | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C [3]                              | -    | 250                   | mW   |

[1] The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.  
[2] The minimum and maximum switch voltage ratings may be exceeded if the switch clamping current rating is observed.  
[3] For SOT505-2 (TSSOP8) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 4.6 mW/K above 96 °C.  
For SOT765-1 (VSSOP8) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 4.9 mW/K above 99 °C.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Operating conditions

| Symbol              | Parameter                           | Conditions                                  | Min  | Max      | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------|----------|------|
| $V_{CC}$            | supply voltage                      |                                             | 1.65 | 5.5      | V    |
| $V_I$               | input voltage                       |                                             | 0    | 5.5      | V    |
| $V_{SW}$            | switch voltage                      | [1]                                         | 0    | $V_{CC}$ | V    |
| $T_{amb}$           | ambient temperature                 |                                             | -40  | +125     | °C   |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | [2]  | 20       | ns/V |
|                     |                                     | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  | -    | 10       | ns/V |

[1] To avoid sinking GND current from terminal nZ when switch current flows in terminal nY, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no GND current will flow from terminal nY. In this case, there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch.

[2] Applies to control signal levels.

## 10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

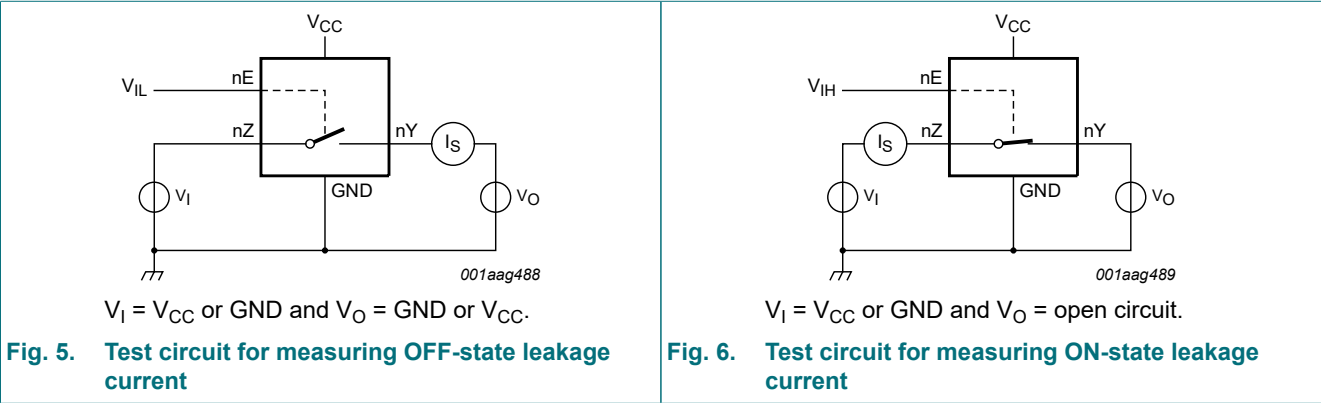
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol          | Parameter                 | Conditions                                                                                                              | -40 °C to +85 °C     |           |                      | -40 °C to +125 °C    |                      | Unit          |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
|                 |                           |                                                                                                                         | Min                  | Typ[1]    | Max                  | Min                  | Max                  |               |
| $V_{IH}$        | HIGH-level input voltage  | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$                                                                            | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$ | -         | -                    | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$ | -                    | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$                                                                              | 1.7                  | -         | -                    | 1.7                  | -                    | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                                                              | 2.0                  | -         | -                    | 2.0                  | -                    | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                              | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$  | -         | -                    | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$  | -                    | V             |
| $V_{IL}$        | LOW-level input voltage   | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$                                                                            | -                    | -         | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ | -                    | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$                                                                              | -                    | -         | 0.7                  | -                    | 0.7                  | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                                                              | -                    | -         | 0.8                  | -                    | 0.8                  | V             |
|                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                              | -                    | -         | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$  | -                    | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$  | V             |
| $I_I$           | input leakage current     | pin nE; $V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$ ; [2]<br>$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                  | -                    | $\pm 0.1$ | $\pm 1$              | -                    | $\pm 1$              | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$    | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; see Fig. 5. [2]                                                                              | -                    | $\pm 0.1$ | $\pm 0.2$            | -                    | $\pm 0.5$            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{S(ON)}$     | ON-state leakage current  | $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; see Fig. 6. [2]                                                                              | -                    | $\pm 0.1$ | $\pm 1$              | -                    | $\pm 2$              | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{CC}$        | supply current            | $V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$ ; [2]<br>$V_{SW} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$ ;<br>$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | -                    | 0.1       | 4                    | -                    | 4                    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $\Delta I_{CC}$ | additional supply current | pin nE; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ ; [2]<br>$V_{SW} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$ ;<br>$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$          | -                    | 5         | 500                  | -                    | 500                  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $C_I$           | input capacitance         |                                                                                                                         | -                    | 2.0       | -                    | -                    | -                    | pF            |
| $C_{S(OFF)}$    | OFF-state capacitance     |                                                                                                                         | -                    | 5.0       | -                    | -                    | -                    | pF            |
| $C_{S(ON)}$     | ON-state capacitance      |                                                                                                                         | -                    | 9.5       | -                    | -                    | -                    | pF            |

[1] All typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ .

[2] These typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ .

10.1. Test circuits



10.2. ON resistance

Table 8. ON resistance

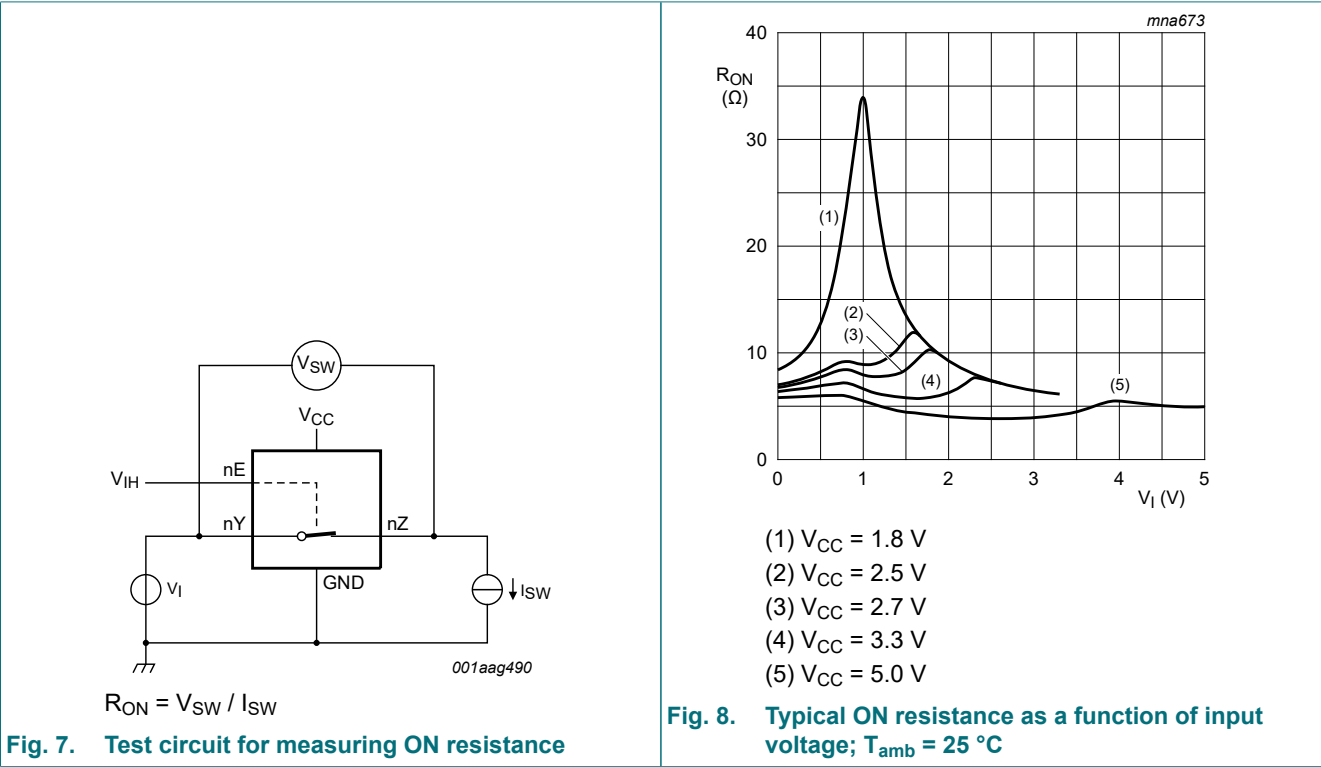
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground 0 V); for graphs see Fig. 8 to Fig. 13.

| Symbol    | Parameter            | Conditions                                                            | -40 °C to +85 °C |        |     | -40 °C to +125 °C |     | Unit |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
|           |                      |                                                                       | Min              | Typ[1] | Max | Min               | Max |      |
| RON(peak) | ON resistance (peak) | $V_I =$ GND to $V_{CC}$ ; see Fig. 7.                                 |                  |        |     |                   |     |      |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 4\text{ mA}$ ;<br>$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$ | -                | 34.0   | 130 | -                 | 195 | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 8\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$      | -                | 12.0   | 30  | -                 | 45  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 12\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$                     | -                | 10.4   | 25  | -                 | 38  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 24\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$       | -                | 7.8    | 20  | -                 | 30  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 32\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$     | -                | 6.2    | 15  | -                 | 23  | Ω    |
| RON(rail) | ON resistance (rail) | $V_I =$ GND; see Fig. 7                                               |                  |        |     |                   |     |      |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 4\text{ mA}$ ;<br>$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$ | -                | 8.2    | 18  | -                 | 27  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 8\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$      | -                | 7.1    | 16  | -                 | 24  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 12\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$                     | -                | 6.9    | 14  | -                 | 21  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 24\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$       | -                | 6.5    | 12  | -                 | 18  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 32\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$     | -                | 5.8    | 10  | -                 | 15  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $V_I = V_{CC}$ ; see Fig. 7                                           |                  |        |     |                   |     |      |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 4\text{ mA}$ ;<br>$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$ | -                | 10.4   | 30  | -                 | 45  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 8\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$      | -                | 7.6    | 20  | -                 | 30  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 12\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$                     | -                | 7.0    | 18  | -                 | 27  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 24\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$       | -                | 6.1    | 15  | -                 | 23  | Ω    |
|           |                      | $I_{SW} = 32\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$     | -                | 4.9    | 10  | -                 | 15  | Ω    |

| Symbol                | Parameter                | Conditions                                                 | -40 °C to +85 °C |        |     | -40 °C to +125 °C |     | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
|                       |                          |                                                            | Min              | Typ[1] | Max | Min               | Max |      |
| R <sub>ON(flat)</sub> | ON resistance (flatness) | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to V <sub>CC</sub> [2]                |                  |        |     |                   |     |      |
|                       |                          | I <sub>SW</sub> = 4 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | -                | 26.0   | -   | -                 | -   | Ω    |
|                       |                          | I <sub>SW</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | -                | 5.0    | -   | -                 | -   | Ω    |
|                       |                          | I <sub>SW</sub> = 12 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V           | -                | 3.5    | -   | -                 | -   | Ω    |
|                       |                          | I <sub>SW</sub> = 24 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V    | -                | 2.0    | -   | -                 | -   | Ω    |
|                       |                          | I <sub>SW</sub> = 32 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V  | -                | 1.5    | -   | -                 | -   | Ω    |

- [1] Typical values are measured at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C and nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.
- [2] Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of ON resistance measured at identical V<sub>CC</sub> and temperature.

10.3. ON resistance test circuit and graphs



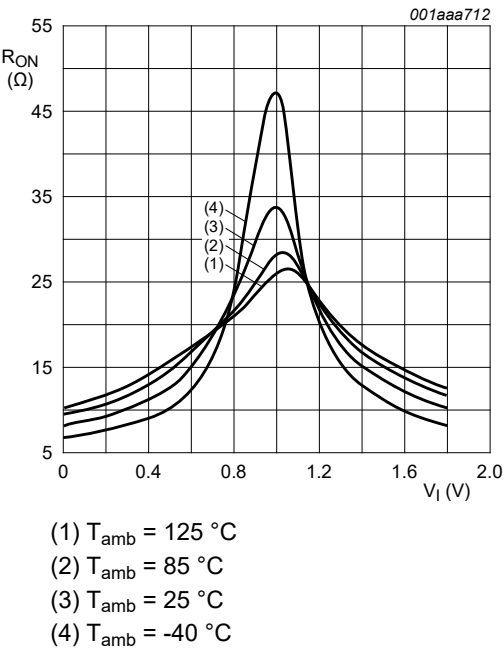


Fig. 9. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$

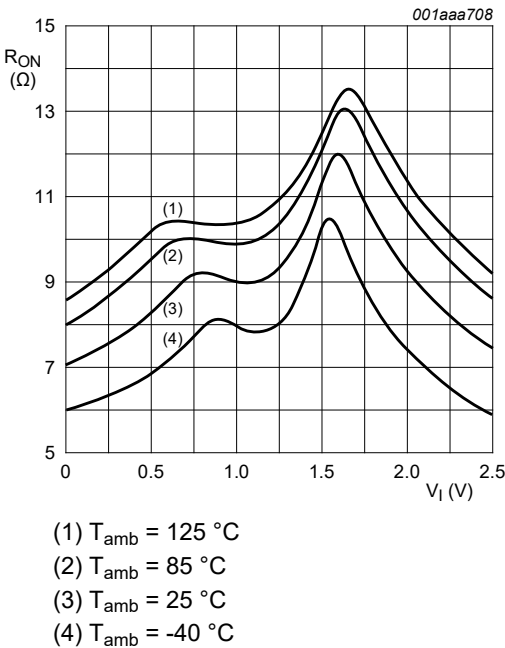


Fig. 10. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$

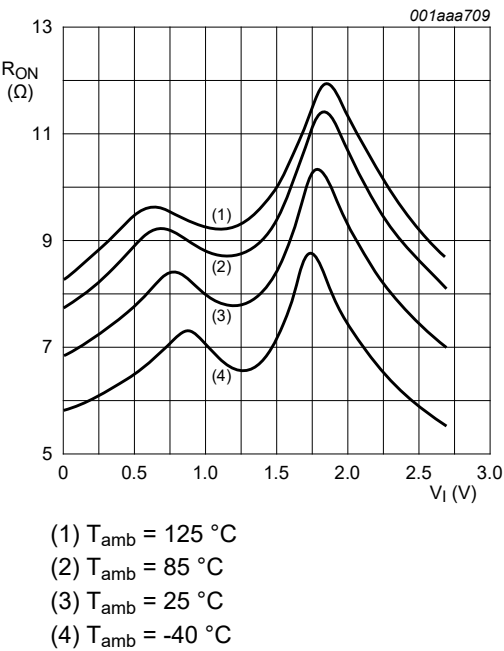


Fig. 11. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$

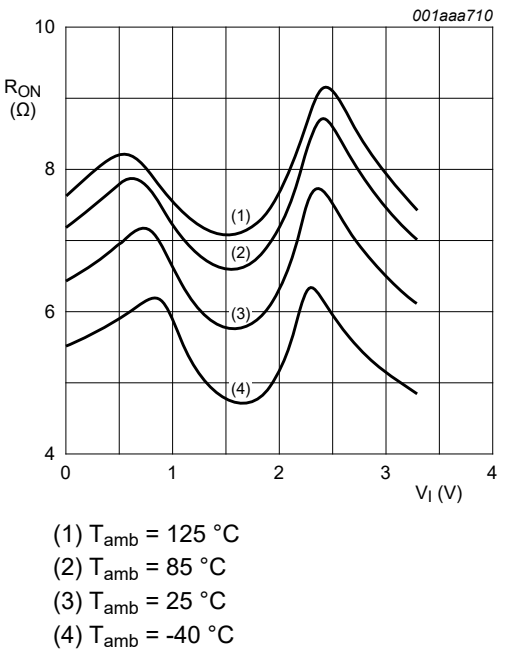
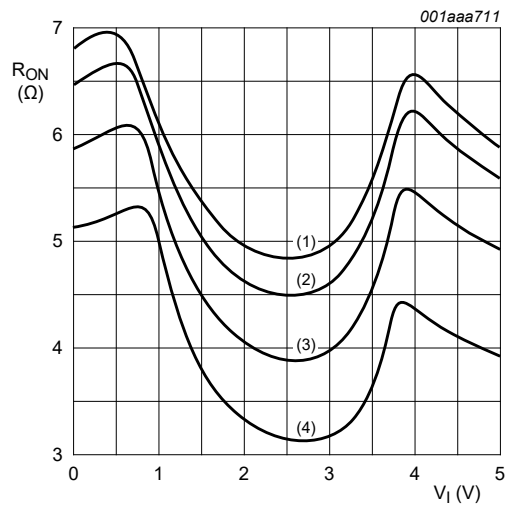


Fig. 12. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$



- (1)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig. 13. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 16.

| Symbol    | Parameter                     | Conditions                                                                         | -40 °C to +85 °C |        |     | -40 °C to +125 °C |      | Unit |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|-----|-------------------|------|------|
|           |                               |                                                                                    | Min              | Typ[1] | Max | Min               | Max  |      |
| $t_{pd}$  | propagation delay             | nY to nZ or nZ to nY; see Fig. 14. [2] [3]                                         |                  |        |     |                   |      |      |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$                                       | -                | 0.8    | 2.0 | -                 | 3.0  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$                                         | -                | 0.4    | 1.2 | -                 | 2.0  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$                                                           | -                | 0.4    | 1.0 | -                 | 1.5  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                         | -                | 0.3    | 0.8 | -                 | 1.5  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                         | -                | 0.2    | 0.6 | -                 | 1.0  | ns   |
| $t_{en}$  | enable time                   | nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 15. [4]                                                   |                  |        |     |                   |      |      |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$                                       | 1.0              | 4.6    | 10  | 1.0               | 13.0 | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 2.7    | 5.6 | 1.0               | 7.5  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$                                                           | 1.0              | 2.7    | 5.0 | 1.0               | 6.5  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 2.4    | 4.4 | 1.0               | 6.0  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 1.8    | 3.9 | 1.0               | 5.0  | ns   |
| $t_{dis}$ | disable time                  | nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 15. [5]                                                   |                  |        |     |                   |      |      |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$                                       | 1.0              | 3.8    | 9.0 | 1.0               | 11.5 | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 2.1    | 5.5 | 1.0               | 7.0  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$                                                           | 1.0              | 3.5    | 6.5 | 1.0               | 8.5  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 3.0    | 6.0 | 1.0               | 8.0  | ns   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                         | 1.0              | 2.2    | 5.0 | 1.0               | 6.5  | ns   |
| $C_{PD}$  | power dissipation capacitance | $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ; $f_i = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ; $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ [6] |                  |        |     |                   |      |      |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$                                                           | -                | 9.0    | -   | -                 | -    | pF   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$                                                           | -                | 11.0   | -   | -                 | -    | pF   |
|           |                               | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$                                                           | -                | 15.7   | -   | -                 | -    | pF   |

[1] Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$  and nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

[2]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

[3] Propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON resistance of the switch and the specified capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

[4]  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$ .

[5]  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ .

[6]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ).

$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma\{(C_L + C_{S(ON)}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$  where:

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;  $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

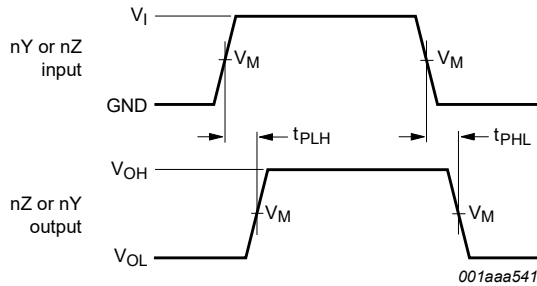
$C_{S(ON)}$  = maximum ON-state switch capacitance in pF;

$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

$N$  = number of inputs switching;

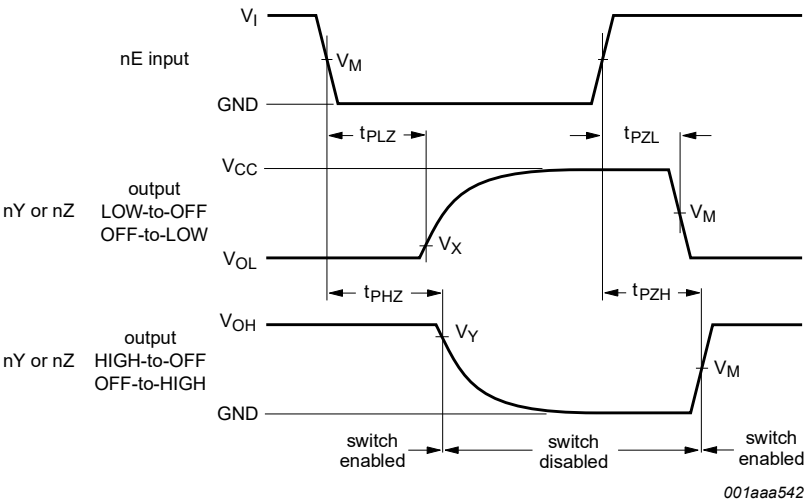
$\Sigma\{(C_L + C_{S(ON)}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$  = sum of the outputs.

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in [Table 10](#).  
Logic levels:  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

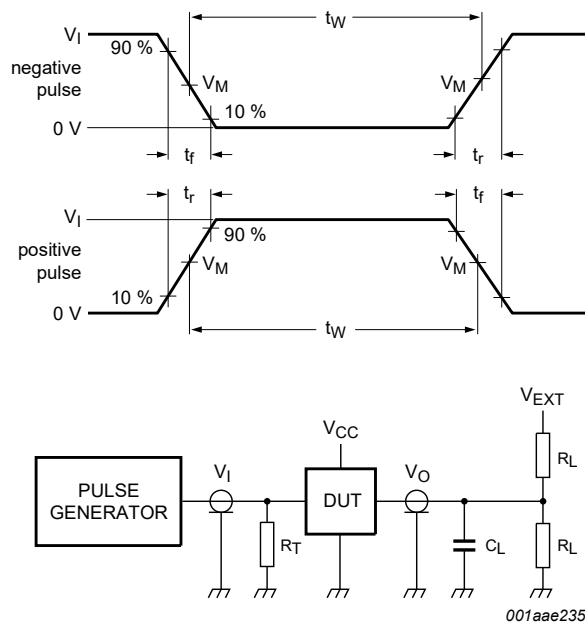
Fig. 14. Input (nY or nZ) to output (nZ or nY) propagation delays



Measurement points are given in [Table 10](#).  
Logic levels:  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 15. Enable and disable times

| Table 10. Measurement points |                     |                     |                           |                           |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Supply voltage               | Input               | Output              |                           |                           |
| $V_{CC}$                     | $V_M$               | $V_M$               | $V_X$                     | $V_Y$                     |
| 1.65 V to 1.95 V             | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$ | $V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$ |
| 2.3 V to 2.7 V               | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$ | $V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$ |
| 2.7 V                        | 1.5 V               | 1.5 V               | $V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$  | $V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$  |
| 3.0 V to 3.6 V               | 1.5 V               | 1.5 V               | $V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$  | $V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$  |
| 4.5 V to 5.5 V               | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$  | $V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$  |



Test data is given in [Table 11](#).  
Definitions test circuit:  
 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.  
 $C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.  
 $R_L$  = Load resistance.  
 $V_{EXT}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 16. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

| Supply voltage   | Input    |               | Load  |              | $V_{EXT}$          |                    |                    |
|------------------|----------|---------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| $V_{CC}$         | $V_I$    | $t_r, t_f$    | $C_L$ | $R_L$        | $t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$ | $t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$ | $t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$ |
| 1.65 V to 1.95 V | $V_{CC}$ | $\leq 2.0$ ns | 30 pF | 1 k $\Omega$ | open               | GND                | $2 \times V_{CC}$  |
| 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | $V_{CC}$ | $\leq 2.0$ ns | 30 pF | 500 $\Omega$ | open               | GND                | $2 \times V_{CC}$  |
| 2.7 V            | 2.7 V    | $\leq 2.5$ ns | 50 pF | 500 $\Omega$ | open               | GND                | 6 V                |
| 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 2.7 V    | $\leq 2.5$ ns | 50 pF | 500 $\Omega$ | open               | GND                | 6 V                |
| 4.5 V to 5.5 V   | $V_{CC}$ | $\leq 2.5$ ns | 50 pF | 500 $\Omega$ | open               | GND                | $2 \times V_{CC}$  |

## 11.2. Additional dynamic characteristics

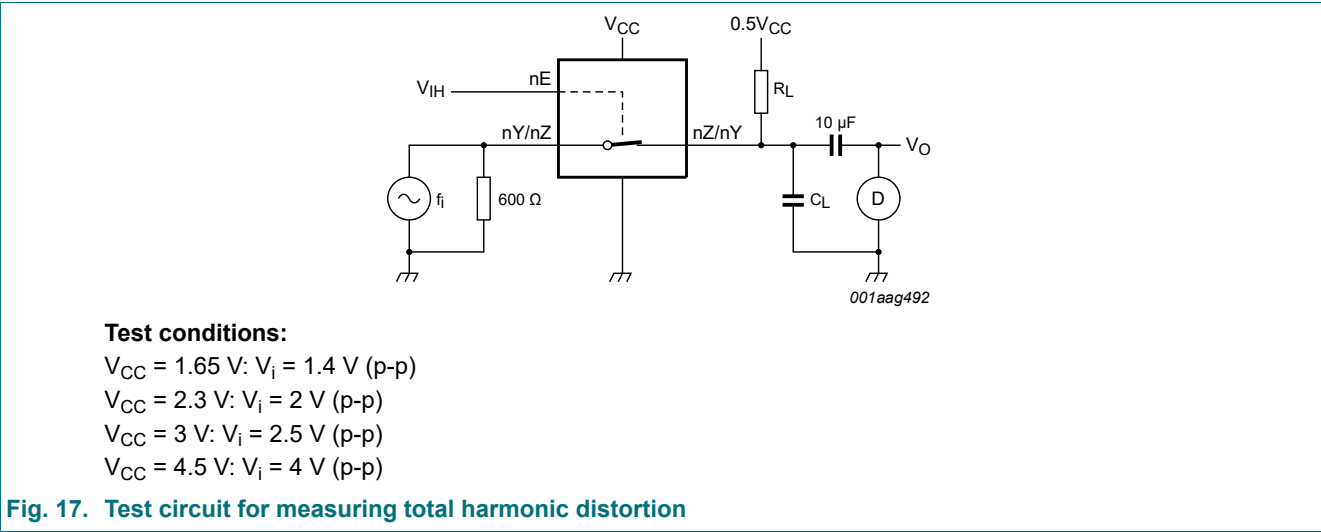
**Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics**

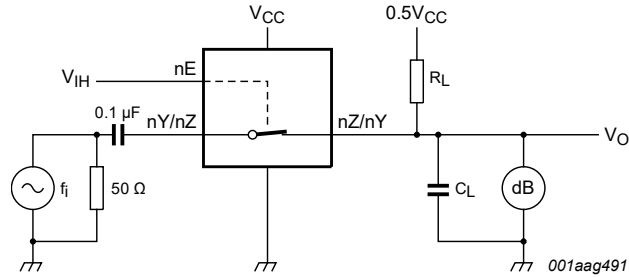
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

| Symbol              | Parameter                 | Conditions                                                                              | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| THD                 | total harmonic distortion | $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ ; $f_i = 1\text{ kHz}$ ; see Fig. 17.  |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | 0.032 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.008 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.006 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.005 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ ; $f_i = 10\text{ kHz}$ ; see Fig. 17. |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | 0.068 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.009 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.008 | -   | %    |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 0.006 | -   | %    |
| $f_{(-3\text{dB})}$ | -3 dB frequency response  | $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$ ; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ ; see Fig. 18.                         |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | 135   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 145   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 150   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 155   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $C_L = 10\text{ pF}$ ; see Fig. 18.                          |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | 200   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 350   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 410   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | 440   | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ ; see Fig. 18.                           |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | > 500 | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | > 500 | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | > 500 | -   | MHz  |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | > 500 | -   | MHz  |
| $\alpha_{iso}$      | isolation (OFF-state)     | $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$ ; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ ; $f_i = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; see Fig. 19.  |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | -46   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -46   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -46   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -46   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ ; $f_i = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; see Fig. 19.    |     |       |     |      |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V}$                                                                | -   | -37   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -37   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -37   | -   | dB   |
|                     |                           | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$                                                                 | -   | -37   | -   | dB   |

| Symbol            | Parameter         | Conditions                                                                                                                                                      | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| V <sub>ct</sub>   | crosstalk voltage | between digital inputs and switch; R <sub>L</sub> = 600 Ω; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF; f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; t <sub>r</sub> = t <sub>f</sub> = 2 ns; see Fig. 20. |     |     |     |      |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                                                                                                                                        | -   | -   | -   | mV   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 91  | -   | mV   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 119 | -   | mV   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 205 | -   | mV   |
| X <sub>talk</sub> | crosstalk         | between switches; R <sub>L</sub> = 600 Ω; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF; f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; see Fig. 21.                                                          |     |     |     |      |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                                                                                                                                        | -   | -   | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -56 | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -56 | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -56 | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | between switches; R <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω; C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF; f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; see Fig. 21.                                                            |     |     |     |      |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                                                                                                                                        | -   | -   | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -29 | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -28 | -   | dB   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | -28 | -   | dB   |
| Q <sub>inj</sub>  | charge injection  | C <sub>L</sub> = 0.1 nF; V <sub>gen</sub> = 0 V; R <sub>gen</sub> = 0 Ω; f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ; see Fig. 22.                            |     |     |     |      |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 3.3 | -   | pC   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 4.1 | -   | pC   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 5.0 | -   | pC   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 6.4 | -   | pC   |
|                   |                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V                                                                                                                                         | -   | 7.5 | -   | pC   |

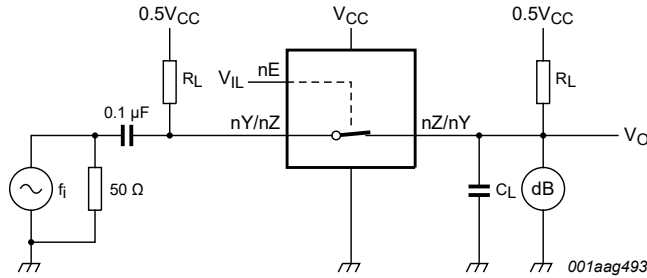
11.3. Test circuits





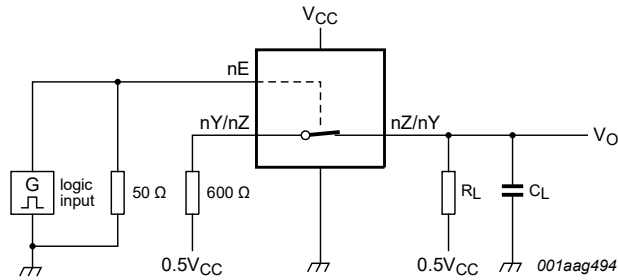
Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output. Increase  $f_i$  frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB.

**Fig. 18. Test circuit for measuring the frequency response when switch is in ON-state**

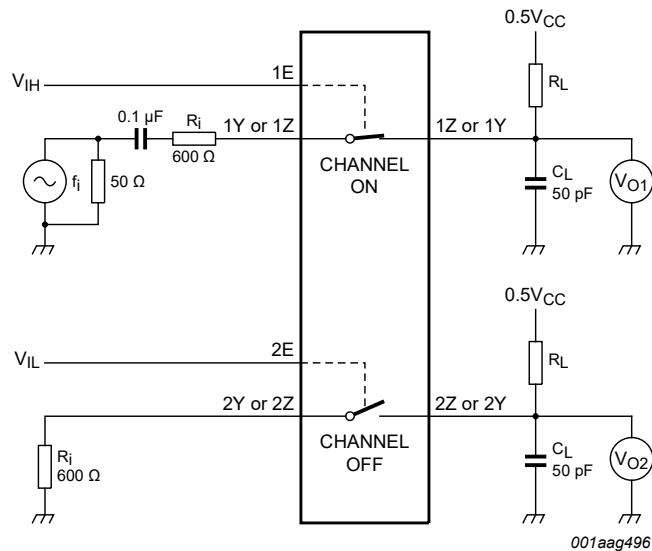


Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at input.

**Fig. 19. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)**



**Fig. 20. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk voltage (between digital inputs and switch)**



$20 \log_{10} (V_{O2} / V_{O1})$  or  $20 \log_{10} (V_{O1} / V_{O2})$ .

**Fig. 21. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between switches**

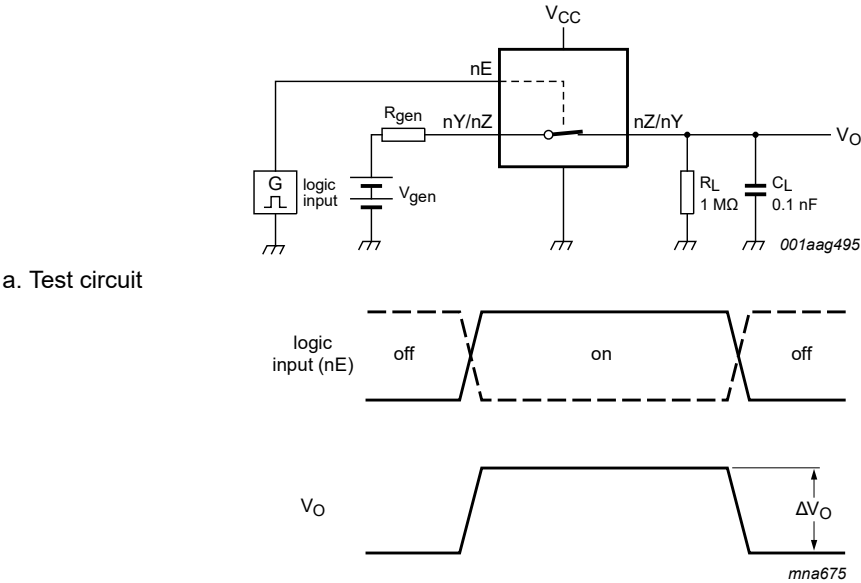


Fig. 22. Test circuit for measuring charge injection

12. Package outline

TSSOP8: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm    SOT505-2

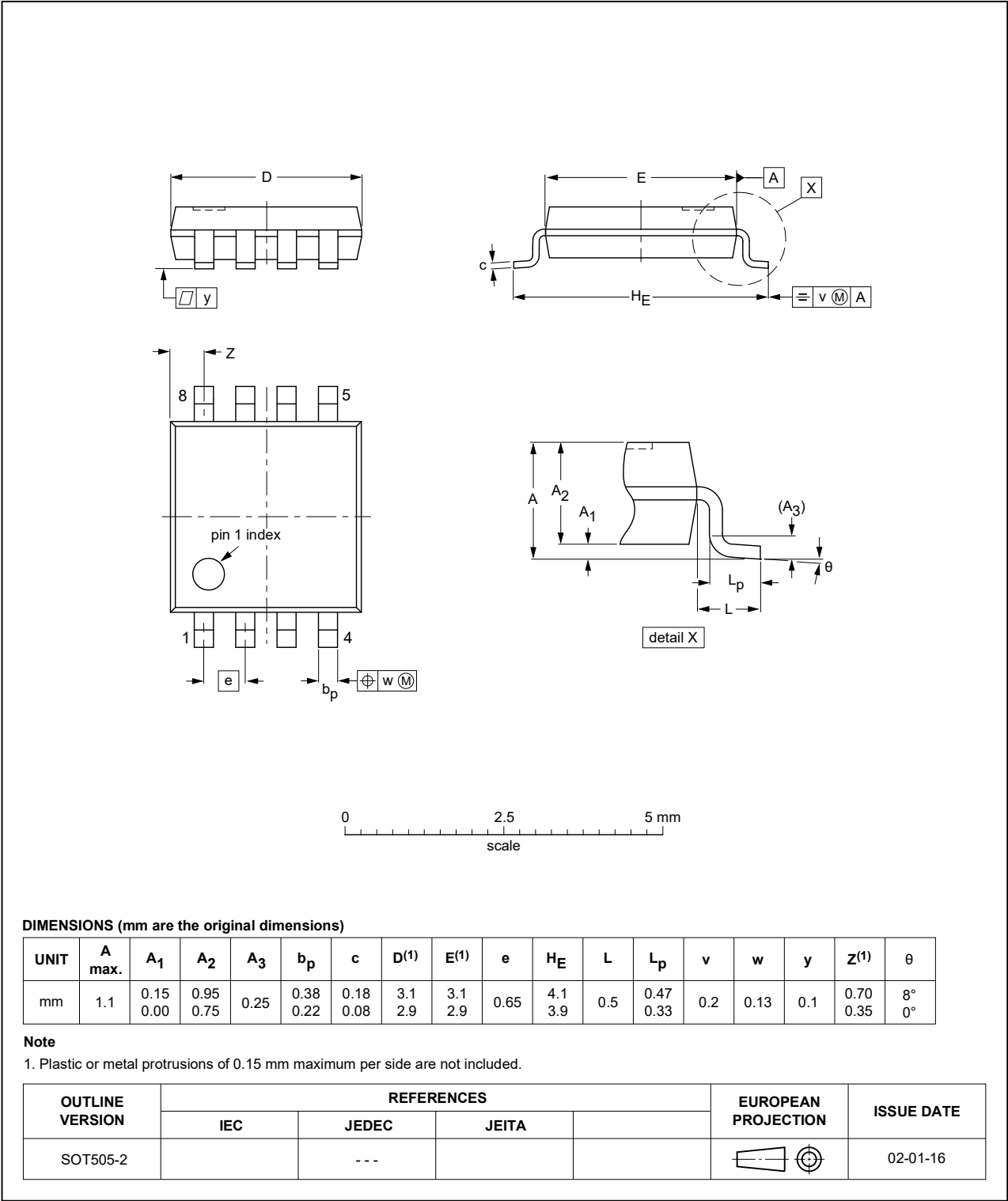


Fig. 23. Package outline SOT505-2 (TSSOP8)

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm

SOT765-1

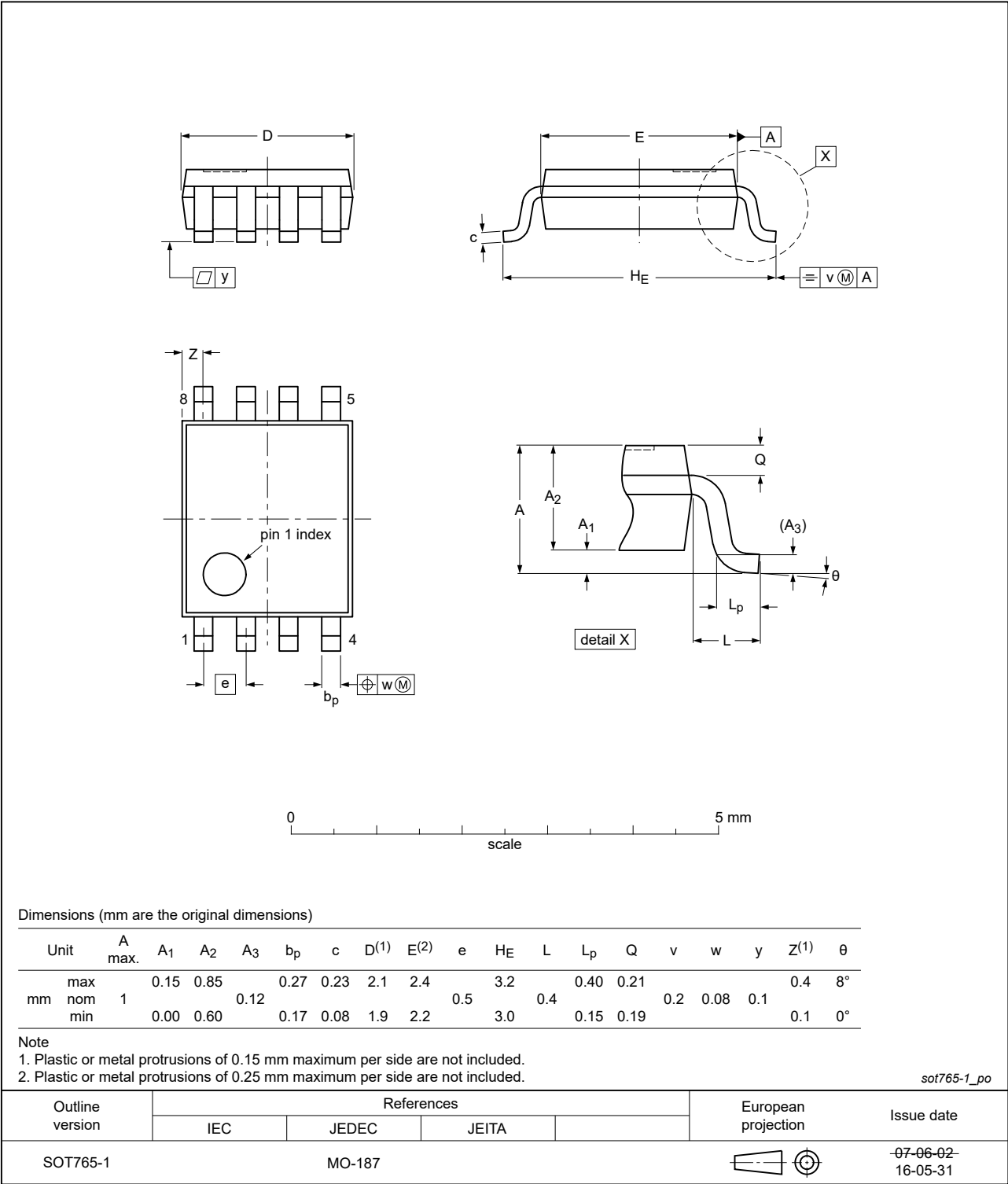


Fig. 24. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

13. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description                             |
|---------|-----------------------------------------|
| CDM     | Charged Device Model                    |
| CMOS    | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT     | Device Under Test                       |
| ESD     | ElectroStatic Discharge                 |
| HBM     | Human Body Model                        |
| TTL     | Transistor-Transistor Logic             |

14. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

| Document ID        | Release date                                                                                                                                                                              | Data sheet status  | Change notice | Supersedes         |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.6 | 20230823                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.5 |
| Modifications:     | • <a href="#">Section 2</a> : ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.                                                                                           |                    |               |                    |
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.5 | 20220909                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.4 |
| Modifications:     | • <a href="#">Section 2</a> corrected.                                                                                                                                                    |                    |               |                    |
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.4 | 20210831                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.3 |
| Modifications:     | • <a href="#">Section 1</a> and <a href="#">Section 2</a> updated.<br>• <a href="#">Section 8</a> : Derating values for P <sub>tot</sub> total power dissipation updated.                 |                    |               |                    |
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.3 | 20181030                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.2 |
| Modifications:     | • The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new identity guidelines of Nexperia.<br>• Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. |                    |               |                    |
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.2 | 20161214                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.1 |
| Modifications:     | • <a href="#">Table 7</a> : The maximum limits for leakage current and supply current have changed.                                                                                       |                    |               |                    |
| 74LVC2G66_Q100 v.1 | 20130416                                                                                                                                                                                  | Product data sheet | -             | -                  |

## 15. Legal information

### Data sheet status

| Document status [1][2]         | Product status [3] | Definition                                                                            |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Objective [short] data sheet   | Development        | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification      | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short] data sheet     | Production         | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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