



#### **LINEAR LED CONSTANT CURRENT REGULATOR IN SOT26**

### **Description**

The BCR420U and BCR421U monolithically integrate transistors, diodes and resistors to function as a Constant Current Regulator (CCR) for linear LED driving. The device regulates with a preset 10mA nominal that can be adjusted with an external resistor up to 350mA. It is designed for driving LEDs in strings and will reduce current at increasing temperatures to self-protect. Operating as a series linear CCR for LED string current control, it can be used in multiple applications, as long as the maximum supply voltage to the device is < 40V.

With the low-side control, the BCR421U has an Enable (EN) pin which can be pulse-width modulated (PWM) up to 25kHz by a microcontroller for LED dimming.

With no need for additional external components, this CCR is fully integrated into an SOT26 / SC74R minimizing PCB area and component count.

### **Applications**

Constant Current Regulation (CCR) in:

- Automotive Interior Lighting
- Emergency Lighting
- Signage, Advertising, Decorative and Architectural Lighting
- Retail Lighting in Fridges, Freezer Cases and Vending Machines

#### **Features**

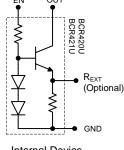
- LED Constant Current Regulator using NPN Emitter-Follower with Emitter Resistor to Current Limit
- I<sub>OUT</sub> 10mA ± 10% Constant Current (Preset)
- IOUT up to 350mA Adjustable with an External Resistor
- V<sub>OUT</sub> 40V Supply Voltage
- P<sub>D</sub> up to 1W in SOT26 / SC74R
- Low-Side Control Enabling PWM Input < 25kHz (BCR421U)</li>
- Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC) Reduces I<sub>OUT</sub> with Increasing Temperature
- Parallel Devices to Increase Regulated Current
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- Qualified to AEC-Q101 Standards for High Reliability
- Automotive-Compliant Parts are Available Under Separate Datasheet (<u>BCR420UW6Q/BCR421UW6Q</u>)

### **Mechanical Data**

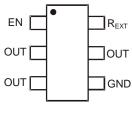
- Case: SOT26 / SC74R
- Case Material: Molded Plastic. "Green" Molding Compound.
   UL Flammability Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish Matte Tin Plated Leads. Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 @3
- Weight: 0.018 grams (Approximate)







Internal Device Schematic



Top View Pin-Out

Pin Name	Pin Function
OUT	Regulated Output Current
EN	Enable for Biasing Transistor
R <sub>EXT</sub>	External Resistor for Adjusting Output Current
GND	Power Ground

### Ordering Information (Note 4)

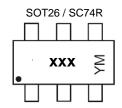
Product	Compliance	Marking	Reel Size (inches)	Tape Width (mm)	Quantity per Reel
BCR420UW6-7	AEC-Q101	420	7	8	3,000
BCR421UW6-7	AEC-Q101	421	7	8	3,000

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
- 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.



# **Marking Information**



xxx = Part Marking (See Ordering Information)

YM = Date Code Marking Y = Year (ex: D = 2016) M = Month (ex: 9 = September)

Date Code Key

Year	2016		2017	2	2018	201	9	2020		2021	2	022
Code	D		Е		F	G		Н				J
Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	N	D

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Voltage relative to GND, @TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Charac	teristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Enchie Voltege	BCR420U	V	40	V
Enable Voltage	BCR421U	V <sub>EN</sub>	18	<b>V</b>
Output Current		Іоит	500	mA
Output Voltage		Vout	40	V
Reverse Voltage Between all Terminals		V <sub>R</sub>	0.5	V

## Thermal Characteristics (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic		Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	(Note 5)	В	1,190	mW
Power dissipation	(Note 6)	P <sub>D</sub>	912	IIIVV
Thermal Desistance Junction to Ambient	(Note 5)	Б	105	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	(Note 6)	R <sub>θJA</sub>	137	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Lead (Note 7)		R <sub>0JL</sub>	50	
Recommended Operating Junction Temperature F	TJ	-55 to +150	°C	
Maximum Operating Junction and Storage Tempe	rature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	

## ESD Ratings (Note 8)

Characteristics	Symbols	Value	Unit	JEDEC Class	
Electrostatic Discharge – Human Body	BCR420U	HBM	500	V	1B
Model	BCR421U	ПОІИ	1,000	V	1C
Floatractatia Discharge Machine Madel	BCR420U	N 4 N 4	300	V	В
Electrostatic Discharge – Machine Model	BCR421U	MM	400	V	С

Notes

- 5. For a device mounted with the OUT leads on 50mm x 50mm 1oz copper that is on a single-sided 1.6mm FR4 PCB; device is measured under still air conditions while operating in steady-state.
- 6. Same as Note 5, except mounted on 25mm x 25mm 1oz copper.
- 7.  $R_{\theta JL}$  = Thermal resistance from junction to solder-point (at the end of the OUT leads).
- 8. Refer to JEDEC specification JESD22-A114 and JESD22-A115.

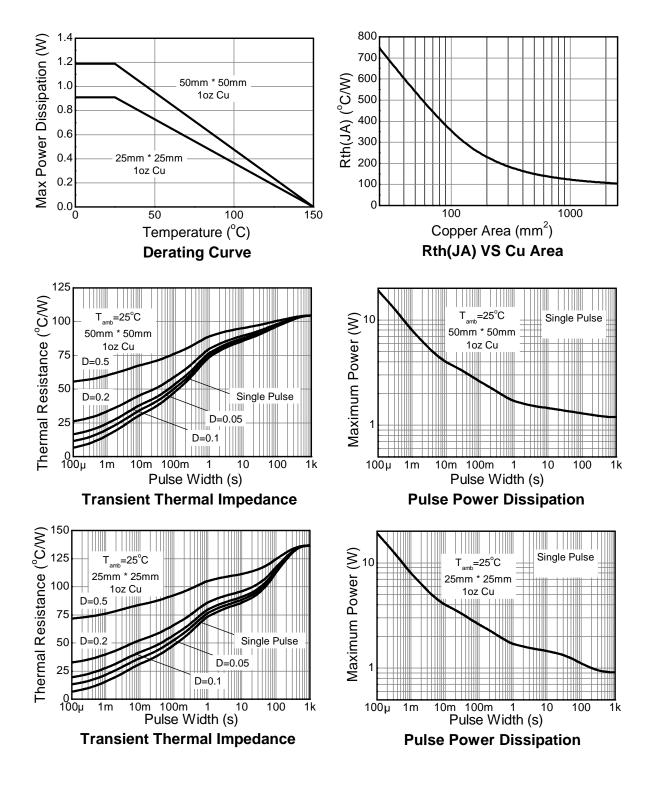


# Electrical Characteristics (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristi	C	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage		BV <sub>CEO</sub>	40	_	_	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA
Frankla Commant	BCR420U	I <sub>EN</sub>	_	1.2	_	mA	V <sub>EN</sub> = 24V
Enable Current	BCR421U		_	1.2	_		V <sub>EN</sub> = 3.3V
DC Current Gain		h <sub>FE</sub>	200	350	500	_	I <sub>C</sub> = 50mA; V <sub>CE</sub> = 1V
Internal Resistor		R <sub>INT</sub>	85	95	105	Ω	I <sub>RINT</sub> = 10mA
Pice Pecietor	BCR420U	D-	_	20	_	kΩ	_
Bias Resistor	BCR421U	R <sub>B</sub>	_	1.5	-	K12	_
Output Current	BCR420U	Гоит	9	10	11	mA	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.4V; V <sub>EN</sub> = 24V
Output Current	BCR421U		9	10	11	mA	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.4V; V <sub>EN</sub> = 3.3V
Output Current at	BCR420U		_	150	_	mA	$V_{OUT} > 2.0V; V_{EN} = 24V$
$R_{EXT} = 5.1\Omega$	BCR421U	lout	_	150	_	mA	$V_{OUT} > 2.0V; V_{EN} = 3.3V$
Voltage Drop (V <sub>REXT</sub> )		V <sub>DROP</sub>	0.85	0.95	1.05	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA
Minimum Output Voltage		V <sub>OUT</sub> (MIN)	_	1.4	_	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> > 18mA
Output Current Change	BCR420U	A1 //	_	-0.2	_	0//00	V <sub>OUT</sub> > 2.0V; V <sub>EN</sub> = 24V
vs. Temperature	BCR421U	$\Delta I_{OUT}/I_{OUT}$	_	-0.2	_	%/°C	$V_{OUT} > 2.0V; V_{EN} = 3.3V$
Output Current Change	BCR420U	ΔΙουτ/Ιουτ	_	1	_	0/ 0/	V <sub>OUT</sub> > 2.0V; V <sub>EN</sub> = 24V
vs. Supply Voltage	<u> </u>		_	1		%/V	$V_{OUT} > 2.0V; V_{EN} = 3.3V$

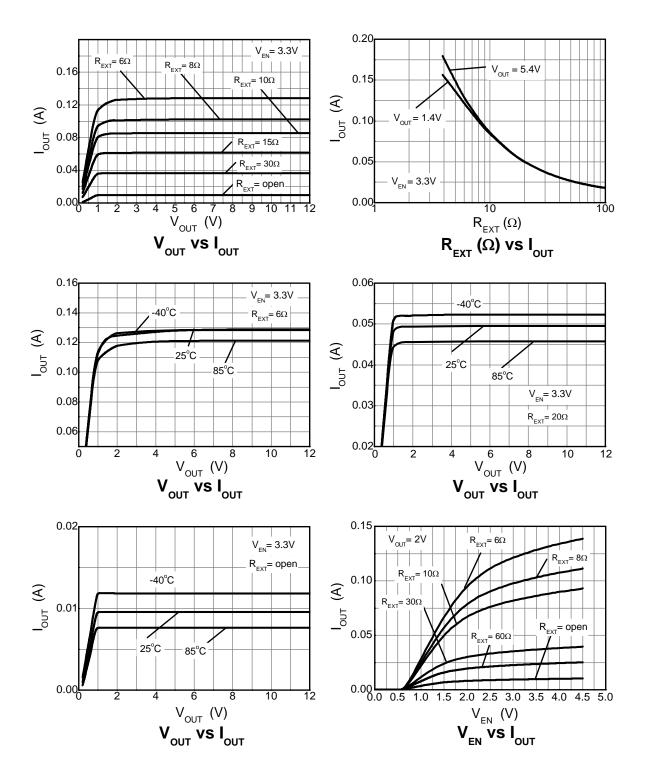


# Typical Thermal Characteristics BCR420/1U (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)



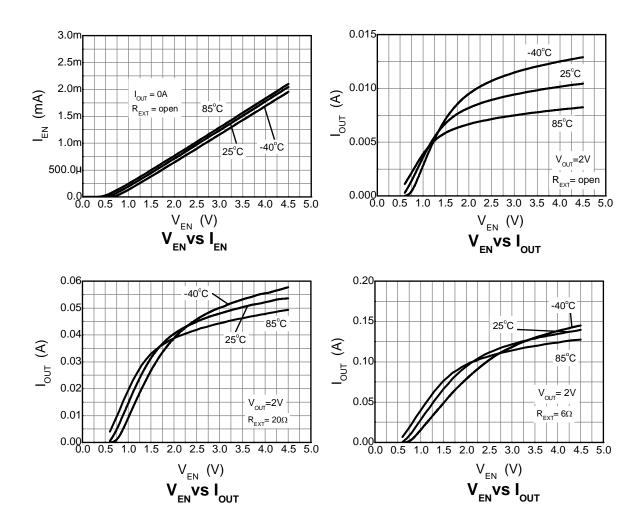


# Typical Electrical Characteristics BCR421U (Cont.) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)



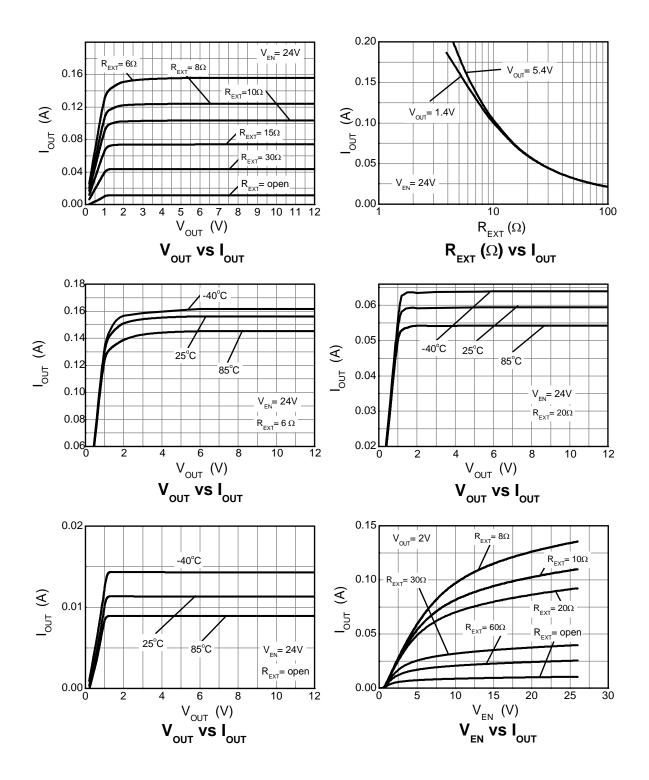


# Typical Electrical Characteristics BCR421U (Cont.) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)



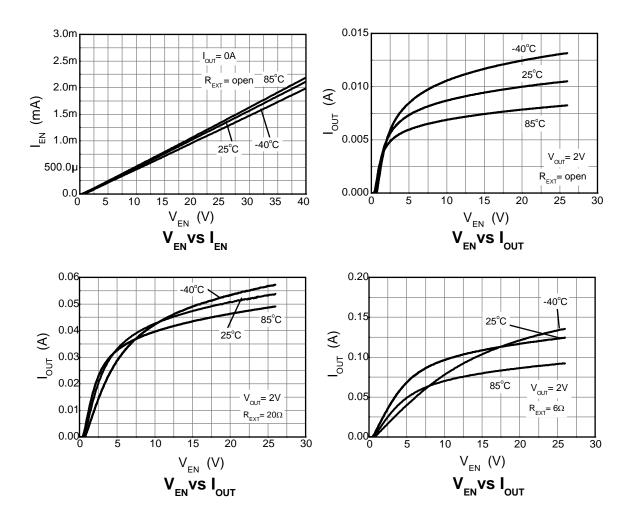


# Typical Electrical Characteristics BCR420U (Cont.) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)





# Typical Electrical Characteristics BCR420U (Cont.) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)





# **Application Information**

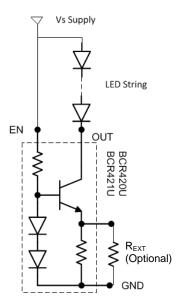


Figure 1 Typical Application Circuit for Linear Mode Current Sink LED Driver

The BCR420/1 are designed for driving low current LEDs with typical LED currents of 10mA to 350mA. They provide a cost-effective way for driving low current LEDs compared with more complex switching regulator solutions. Furthermore, they reduce the PCB board area of the solution as there is no need for external components like inductors, capacitors and switching diodes.

Figure 1 shows a typical application circuit diagram for driving an LED or string of LEDs. The device comes with an internal resistor ( $R_{INT}$ ) of typically 95 $\Omega$ , which in the absence of an external resistor, sets an LED current of 10mA (typical) from a  $V_{EN}=3.3V$  and  $V_{OUT}=1.4V$  for BCR421; or  $V_{EN}=24V$  and  $V_{OUT}=1.4V$  for BCR420. LED current can be increased to a desired value by choosing an appropriate external resistor,  $R_{EXT}$ .

The  $R_{\text{EXT}}$  vs  $I_{\text{OUT}}$  graphs should be used to select the appropriate resistor. Choosing a low tolerance  $R_{\text{EXT}}$  will improve the overall accuracy of the current sense formed by the parallel connection of  $R_{\text{INT}}$  and  $R_{\text{EXT}}$ .

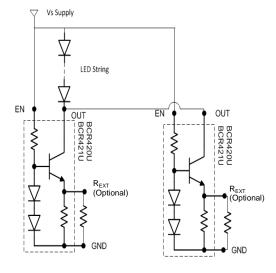


Figure 2 Application Circuit for Increasing LED Current

Two or more BCR420/1s can be connected in parallel to construct higher current LED strings as shown in Figure 2. Consideration of the expected linear mode power dissipation must be factored into the design, with respect to the BCR420/1's thermal resistance. The maximum voltage across the device can be calculated by taking the maximum supply voltage and subtracting the voltage across the LED string.

$$V_{OUT} = V_S - V_{LED}$$
  
 $P_D = (V_{OUT} \times I_{LED}) + (V_{EN} \times I_{EN})$ 

As the output current of BCR420/1 increases, it is necessary to provide appropriate thermal relief to the device. The power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon the PCB board material, the copper area and the ambient temperature. The maximum dissipation the device can handle is given by:

$$P_D = \left( \; T_{J(MAX)} - T_A \right) / \; R_{\theta JA}$$

Refer to the thermal characteristic graphs on Page 4 for selecting the appropriate PCB copper area.



# **Application Information (Cont.)**

PWM dimming can be achieved by driving the EN pin. Dimming is achieved by turning the LEDs ON and OFF for a portion of a single cycle. The PWM signal can be provided by a micro-controller or analog circuitry; typical circuit is shown in Figure 3. Figure 4 is a typical response of LED current vs. PWM duty cycle on the EN pin. PWM up to 25kHz with duty cycle of 0.5% (dimming range 200:1). This is above the audio band minimizing audible power supply noise.

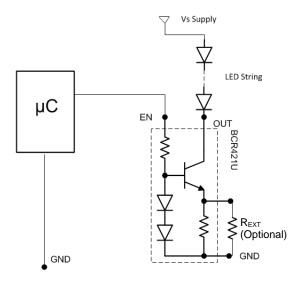


Figure 3 Application Circuits for LED Driver with PWM Dimming Functionality

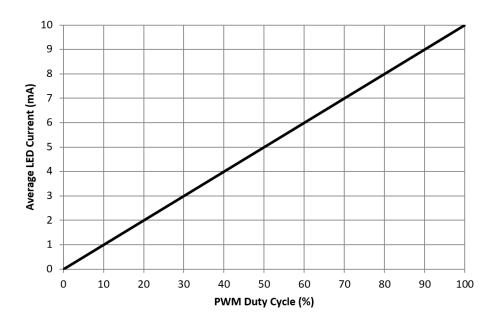


Figure 4 Typical LED Current Response vs. PWM Duty Cycle for 25kHz PWM Frequency (Dimming Range 200:1)



### **Application Information (Cont.)**

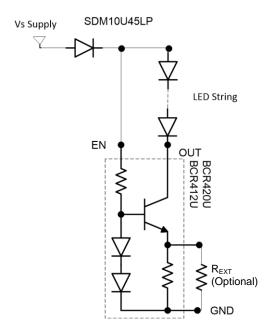


Figure 5 Application Circuit for LED Driver with Reverse Polarity Protection

To remove the potential of incorrect connection of the power supply damaging the lamp's LEDs, many systems use some form of reverse polarity protection.

One solution for reverse input polarity protection is to simply use a diode with a low  $V_F$  in line with the driver/LED combination. The low  $V_F$  increases the available voltage to the LED stack and dissipates less power. A circuit example is presented in Figure 5 which protects the light engine although it will not function until the problem is diagnosed and corrected. An SDM10U45LP (0.1A/45V) is shown, providing exceptionally low  $V_F$  for its package size of 1mm x 0.6mm. Other reverse voltage ratings are available from Diodes Incorporated's website such as the SBR02U100LP (0.2A/100V) or SBR0220LP (0.2A/20V).

While automotive applications commonly use this method for reverse battery protection, an alternative approach shown in Figure 6, provides reverse polarity protection and corrects the reversed polarity, allowing the light engine to function.

The BAS40BRW incorporates four low  $V_F$  Schottky diodes in a single package, reducing the power dissipated and maximizes the voltage across the LED stack.

Figure 7 shows an example configuration for 350mA operation. In such higher current configurations adequate enable current is provided by increasing the enable voltage.

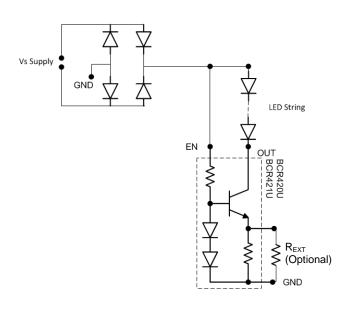


Figure 6 Application Circuit for LED Driver with Assured Operation Regardless Of Polarity

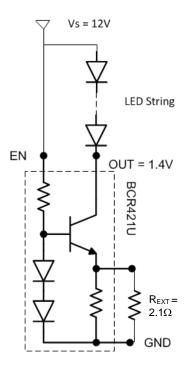


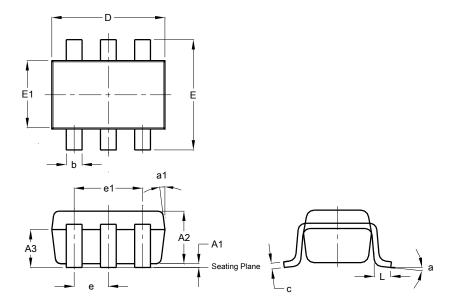
Figure 7 Example for 350mA Operation



# **Package Outline Dimensions**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

#### SOT26 / SC74R

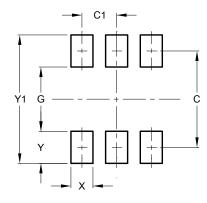


SOT26 / SC74R							
Dim	Min	Max	Тур				
A1	0.013	0.10	0.05				
A2	1.00	1.30	1.10				
A3	0.70	0.80	0.75				
b	0.35	0.50	0.38				
С	0.10	0.20	0.15				
D	2.90	3.10	3.00				
е	-	-	0.95				
e1	-	-	1.90				
Е	2.70	3.00	2.80				
E1	1.50	1.70	1.60				
١	0.35	0.55	0.40				
а	-	-	8°				
a1	-	-	7°				
All Dimensions in mm							

# **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

#### SOT26 / SC74R



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	2.40
C1	0.95
G	1.60
Х	0.55
Υ	0.80
Y1	3.20





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