



MAX17015 Evaluation Kit

General Description

The MAX17015 evaluation kit (EV kit) is a complete, fully assembled and tested surface-mount PCB that features the MAX17015B highly integrated, multichemistry battery-charger control IC. The MAX17015 EV kit utilizes two single-package n-channel MOSFETs for high-side and low-side switching for the MAX17015B internal synchronous step-down converter, and two n-channel MOSFETs and one p-channel MOSFET for the main power-source selection.

The MAX17015 EV kit is capable of supplying power to a system load while simultaneously charging one or more lithium-ion (Li+) battery cells. During normal operation, the EV kit circuit automatically selects the ADAPTER input or the battery as the main power source for supplying power to the system load. If the ADAPTER input is selected as the main source and the EV kit's input-current limit is exceeded, the charge current is reduced automatically to give priority to the system load.

The EV kit's input-current limit is set to 4A while the maximum battery-charge voltage and charge-current thresholds can be configured up to 17.4V and 4A, respectively. The thresholds can be adjusted by using on-board circuitry or by connecting analog signals to the respective test points on the EV kit. A digital output signal (ACOK) indicates the presence of a valid AC adapter voltage at the ADAPTER input source.

Features

- ◆ Analog/PWM Input-Charge-Current Setting
- ◆ Up to 1.2MHz Switching Frequency
- ◆ Programmable Charge Current Up to 4A
- ◆ Monitors Input/Outputs
 - Analog Input-Charge-Current-Setting Voltage
 - AC Adapter Input Current
 - AC Adapter Presence
- ◆ Automatic System Power-Source Selection
- ◆ Up to 17.4V (max) Battery Voltage
- ◆ 10V to 25V Adapter-Input Operation
- ◆ Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit
- ◆ Multichemistry Battery Charger
- ◆ Fully Assembled and Tested

Ordering Information

PART	TYPE
MAX17015EVKIT+	EV Kit

+Denotes lead(Pb)-free and RoHS compliant.

Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
ACOK, IINP, ISET, TP1–TP4	7	PC mini red test points
ADAPTER, BATT+, SYS_LOAD	3	PC large red test points
AGND	1	PC black test point
BATT-, PGND (x2)	3	PC large black test points
C1	1	1 μ F \pm 10%, 25V X5R ceramic capacitor (0805) Murata GRM21BR61E105K
C2, C5, C6	3	4.7 μ F \pm 10%, 25V X5R ceramic capacitors (0805) Murata GRM21BR61E475K
C3, C11	2	0.1 μ F \pm 10%, 25V X5R ceramic capacitors (0603) Murata GRM188R61E104K

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C4	1	0.68 μ F \pm 10%, 10V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R61A684K
C7	1	1 μ F \pm 10%, 10V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R61A105K
C8	1	0.01 μ F \pm 10%, 16V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R61C103K
C9	1	10 μ F \pm 10%, 25V X5R ceramic capacitor (1206) Murata GRM31CR61E106K
C10	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitor (1206)
C12	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitor (0603)



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Component List (continued)

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C13, C15	2	1000pF $\pm 5\%$, 50V C0G ceramic capacitors (0603) Murata GRM1885C1H102J
C14	0	Not installed, aluminum electrolytic capacitor
D1	1	200mA, 30V diode (SOD323) Diodes, Inc. BAT54WS (Top Mark: L9)
D2	0	Not installed, diode (SOD323)
JU1	1	2-pin header, 0.1in centers
L1	1	2 μ H, 4.3A inductor Sumida CDR7D28MN-2R0NC
N1	1	30V, 5.8A n-channel MOSFET (8 SO) International Rectifier IRF9410PBF
N2	1	60V, 115mA n-channel MOSFET (SOT23) Vishay 2N7002K (Top Mark: 7K---)
N3	1	30V, 8.5A n-channel MOSFET (8 SO) Fairchild FDS8884
N4	1	30V, 10A n-channel MOSFET (8 SO) Fairchild FDS6690AS
Q1	1	30V, 6.5A/-4.9A dual n-/p channel MOSFET (8 SO) International Rectifier IRF7319PBF

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
R1	1	0.015 Ω $\pm 1\%$, 1/2W resistor (1206) IRC LRC-LRF1206LF-01-R015-F
R2, R10, R22, R23	0	Not installed, resistors (0603) R2 and R10 are open; R22 and R23 are short (PC trace)
R3	1	1k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R4, R21	2	100k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistors (0603)
R5	1	49.9k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R6	1	22.6k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R7	1	113k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R8	1	2M Ω $\pm 5\%$ resistor (0603)
R9	1	50k Ω potentiometer (single turn) Murata PVG3A503C01
R14	1	150k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R15	1	0 Ω resistor (0603)
R16	1	0.02 Ω $\pm 1\%$, 1/2W resistor (1206) IRC LRC-LRF1206LF-01-R020-F
R17	1	30.1k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R18	1	10k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R19	1	140k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
R20	1	20k Ω $\pm 1\%$ resistor (0603)
U1	1	Multichemistry battery charger (20 TQFN-EP*) Maxim MAX17015BETP+
—	1	Shunt
—	1	PCB: MAX17015 EVALUATION KIT+

*EP = Exposed pad.

Component Suppliers

SUPPLIER	PHONE	WEBSITE
Diodes, Inc.	805-446-4800	www.diodes.com
Fairchild Semiconductor	888-522-5372	www.fairchildsemi.com
International Rectifier	310-322-3331	www.irf.com
IRC, Inc.	361-992-7900	www.ircctt.com
Murata Electronics North America, Inc.	770-436-1300	www.murata-northamerica.com
Sumida Corp.	847-545-6700	www.sumida.com
Vishay	402-563-6866	www.vishay.com

Note: Indicate that you are using the MAX17015B when contacting these component suppliers.

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Quick Start

Required Equipment

- MAX17015 EV kit
- One 10V to 25V, 5A variable power supply
- Four voltmeters

Procedure

The MAX17015 EV kit is a fully assembled and tested surface-mount PCB. Follow the steps below to verify board operation. **Caution: Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.**

- 1) Verify that a shunt is installed across jumper JU1 (battery charging disabled).
- 2) Connect the power supply across the ADAPTER and PGND test points.
- 3) Connect a voltmeter across the BATT+ and BATT- PCB test points.
- 4) Connect a voltmeter across the SYS_LOAD and PGND test points.
- 5) Connect a voltmeter across the ISET and AGND test points.
- 6) Connect a voltmeter across the $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ and AGND test points.
- 7) Turn on the power supply.
- 8) Set the power-supply voltage to 20V.
- 9) Remove the shunt at jumper JU1 (battery charging enabled).
- 10) Adjust potentiometer R9 until the voltmeter connected to the ISET pad measures approximately 612mV. This sets the charge current to 3.5A.

- 11) Verify the following:

PARAMETER	MEASURED OUTPUT (V)
BATT+ to BATT-	8.4
SYS_LOAD	20
ISET	1.23
$\overline{\text{ACOK}}$	0

- 12) The EV kit is ready for additional testing.

Detailed Description of Hardware

The MAX17015 is an evaluation kit (EV kit) for the MAX17015B that utilizes two single-package MOSFETs for the MAX17015B internal synchronous step-down converter.

The MAX17015 EV kit is a complete, fully assembled and tested surface-mount PCB that demonstrates the MAX17015B highly integrated, multichemistry battery-charger controller. The MAX17015B integrates a high-efficiency, synchronous-rectified step-down DC-DC converter to implement a precision constant-current and constant-voltage charger. The MAX17015B thermally optimized high-frequency architecture adjusts the EV kit's maximum switching frequency to 1.2MHz to control the power dissipation in the high-side MOSFET, reducing output capacitance and inductance.

The MAX17015 EV kit utilizes two single-package n-channel MOSFETs for high-side and low-side switching for the MAX17015B synchronous converter, and two n-channel MOSFETs and one p-channel MOSFET for main power-source selection. The EV kit is designed to operate from a single DC power supply that provides 10V to 25V and 5A of current.

The MAX17015 EV kit circuit is capable of supplying power to a load connected to the SYS_LOAD output while simultaneously charging the battery pack connected between BATT+ and BATT-. During normal operation, the EV kit circuit selects the ADAPTER or the BATT+ input, through MOSFET Q1, as the main power source for the load connected at SYS_LOAD. Once the main AC adapter is selected as the power source, the EV kit circuit monitors the input current through the IINP connector. The input current is defined as the combined system-load current and battery-charge current when the ADAPTER input is the main power source. When the input current exceeds the EV kit input-current-limit threshold, the battery-charge current is reduced to give priority to the system load.

The MAX17015 EV kit's input-current-limit threshold is configured to 4A with resistor R1. The EV kit's cell count and maximum battery-charge-current thresholds are programmable with user-adjusted analog signals.

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The feedback resistors (R17 and R18) configure the charge voltage (i.e., cell count) and are initially set for 2-cell evaluation. The charge current can be configured from 0.14A to 4A by adjusting the analog DC voltage at the ISET test point connector using potentiometer R9, or by applying a PWM signal at ISET. The EV kit also features an $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ output test point to monitor the presence of a valid input source connected at ADAPTER.

Power-Source Selection for System Load

The MAX17015 EV kit requires a 10V to 25V power source connected to the ADAPTER and PGND test points, or a power source with a 6V to 17.4V output-voltage range connected to the BATT+ and BATT- test points, to provide power at SYS_LOAD.

In a typical battery-charging application, the battery pack is connected between the BATT+ and BATT- terminals and an AC adapter power supply is connected between the ADAPTER and PGND terminals. When the voltage at the MAX17015B DCIN pin is greater than BATT+ by 420mV, the MAX17015B BST output drives the gates of n-channel MOSFETs N1 and Q1-A 5V above the ADAPTER voltage, selecting ADAPTER as the main power source for supplying the load at SYS_LOAD. As long as the ADAPTER power source is present, though the charger is off, there are forced BST refresh pulses at a 5ms (min) period at the MAX17015B BST pin to properly conduct the system-load current through N1 and Q1-A.

The MAX17015 EV kit charges the batteries connected between the BATT+ and BATT- terminals when the following conditions are met:

- 1) ADAPTER > (BATT+) + 420mV (300mV falling hysteresis)
- 2) SYS_LOAD current is less than the input-current limit
- 3) Jumper JU1 is not installed and a DC analog voltage > 26mV or a PWM signal is present at the ISET test point

When the ADAPTER power source is removed, the MAX17015 stops generating BST refresh pulses and N2

forces N1 off. BATT+ is then selected as the SYS_LOAD power source by conducting the system-load current through the p-channel MOSFET, Q1-B.

$\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ Output Logic Signal

The MAX17015 EV kit features the $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ output-logic signal that indicates the presence of a valid source connected to the ADAPTER terminal. $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ is pulled low when the voltage at ADAPTER is greater than 16.9V; otherwise, $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$ is pulled to the MAX17015B reference output voltage V_{AA} (4.2V).

Input-Current Limit

The MAX17015 EV kit input-current limit is set at 4A using resistor R1. The input current is the sum of the system-load current and battery-charge current when the ADAPTER input is the main power source. When the input current exceeds the input-current limit, the charging current is reduced to provide priority to the SYS_LOAD current. As the SYS_LOAD current approaches the current-limit threshold, the charge current drops linearly to zero.

The maximum input-current limit can be set by replacing sense resistor R1. Use the following equation to select a new sense-resistor value:

$$R1(m\Omega) = \frac{60mV}{I_{LIMIT}}$$

where I_{LIMIT} is the input-current limit in amperes and R1 is the value of the sense resistor in milliohms.

Refer to the *Setting Input-Current Limit* section in the MAX17005B/MAX17006B/MAX17015B IC data sheet for additional information on setting the input-current limit if populating resistors at the R2 and R3 PCB pads.

Battery Charging

The MAX17015 EV kit supports charging of one or more series Li+ battery cells. See the following subsections for details on setting the charge voltage (i.e., battery-cell count), charge current, and enabling/disabling the charger.

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Setting Charge Voltage

The MAX17015B battery-charge voltage has a minimum 2.1V FB regulation set-point (VFB_SETPOINT) requirement. Resistor PCB pads R17 and R18 are available to set the total battery regulation voltage. Use the following equation to set the battery regulation voltage:

$$R17 = R18 \times \left(\frac{V_{BATT+}}{2.1V} - 1 \right)$$

where R18 is 10k Ω (typ) and V_{BATT+} is the BATT+ battery regulation voltage.

Setting Charge Current

The MAX17015 EV kit charge current can be set up to 4A using an analog DC voltage or PWM signal applied at the ISET terminal.

Potentiometer R9 adjusts the battery-charge current by applying the proper analog DC voltage at the ISET pin. While monitoring the ISET voltage through the EV kit's ISET test point, use the following equation to adjust the maximum battery-charge current to the desired value:

$$V_{ISET} \cong \frac{I_{CHARGE} \times R16 \times 4.2}{0.24}$$

where V_{ISET} is the voltage at the ISET test point, R16 is the 20m Ω battery current-sense resistor, and I_{CHARGE} is the desired battery-charge current.

A digital PWM signal with a 128Hz to 500kHz frequency range can be applied at the ISET terminal to control the battery-charge current. Refer to the *Setting Charge Current* section in the MAX17005B/MAX17006B/MAX17015B IC data sheet for proper logic levels and charge-current setting when using a PWM signal at ISET. As the duty cycle increases/decreases, the charge current linearly increases/decreases.

The EV kit's actual battery-charge current depends on the input-current limit and the load connected at SYS_LOAD. As the battery and SYS_LOAD current exceed the input-current limit, the charging current is reduced to provide priority to the SYS_LOAD current.

Charger Shutdown

Jumper JU1 places the charger in shutdown mode. To place the charger in shutdown mode, install a shunt across jumper JU1. To enable the charger, remove the shunt at jumper JU1 and apply the appropriate analog DC voltage or PWM signal at ISET. See Table 1 for proper jumper configuration to place the charger in shutdown mode.

IINP Output Signal

The MAX17015 EV kit features an analog output test point (IINP) to monitor the adapter current through sense resistor R1. The measured current is the sum of the current applied at SYS_LOAD and the battery-charge current. The system current can be estimated using the following equation:

$$I_{INPUT} = \frac{V_{IINP}}{R1 \times R6 \times 2.8mA/V}$$

where V_{IINP} is the voltage at the IINP test point, I_{INPUT} is the ADAPTER input current, R1 is the value of the sense resistor (15m Ω), and R6 is the value of the resistor (22.6k Ω) connected to the MAX17015B IINP pin and ground.

The IINP output pad can also be used to monitor the battery-discharge current. To monitor the battery-discharge current, remove resistor R7 and place a voltage source between 1V and 5V at the ISET connector. To limit excessive power dissipated across potentiometer R9, rotate R9 fully clockwise such that the resistance measures 0 Ω between terminals 2 and 3.

Table 1. Battery-Charger Control (JU1)

SHUNT POSITION	EV KIT CHARGE MODE
Not installed	Charger enabled and charge current set by R9 or PWM signal at ISET
Installed	Charger disabled

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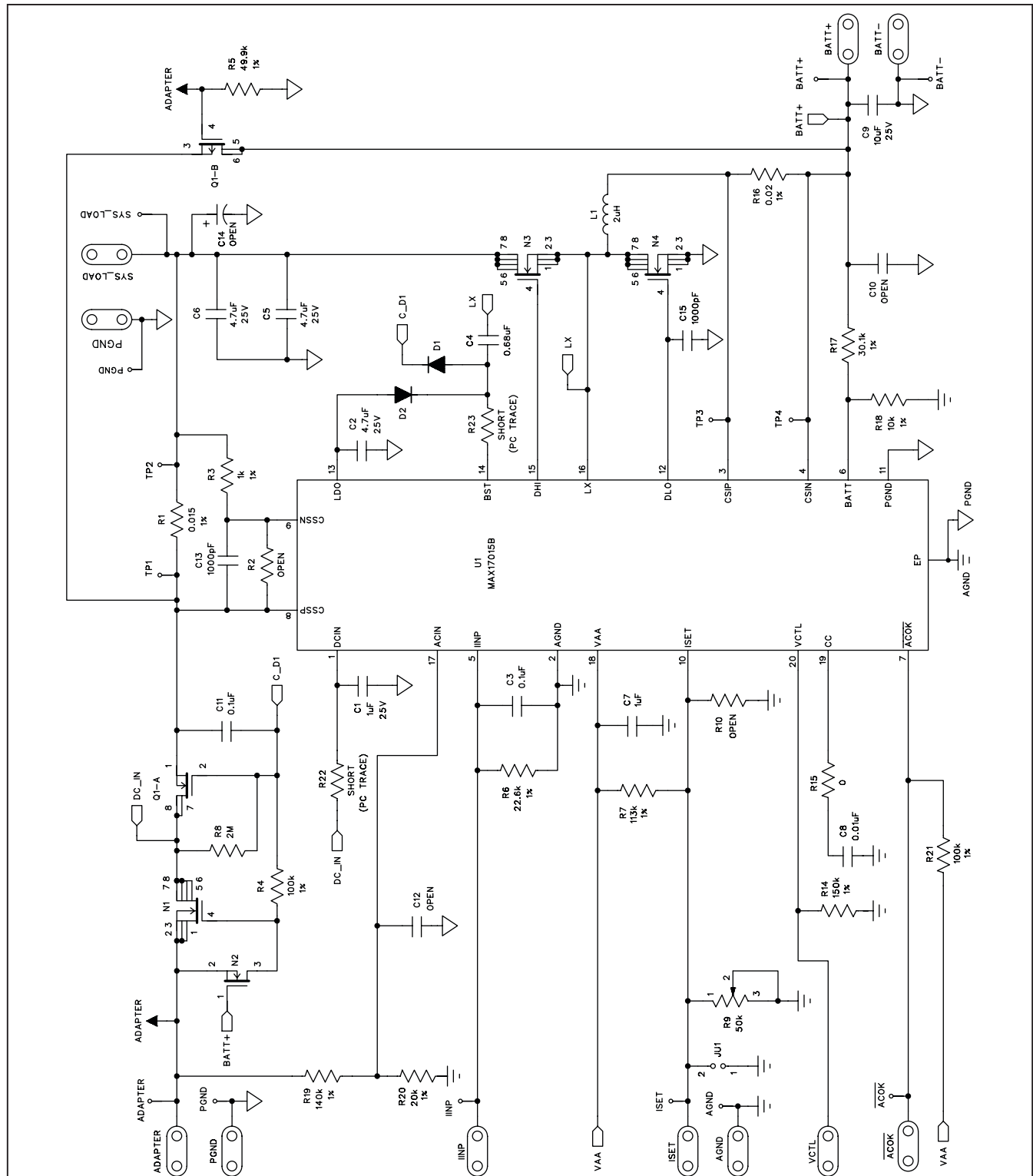


Figure 1. MAX17015 EV Kit Schematic

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Evaluates: MAX17015B

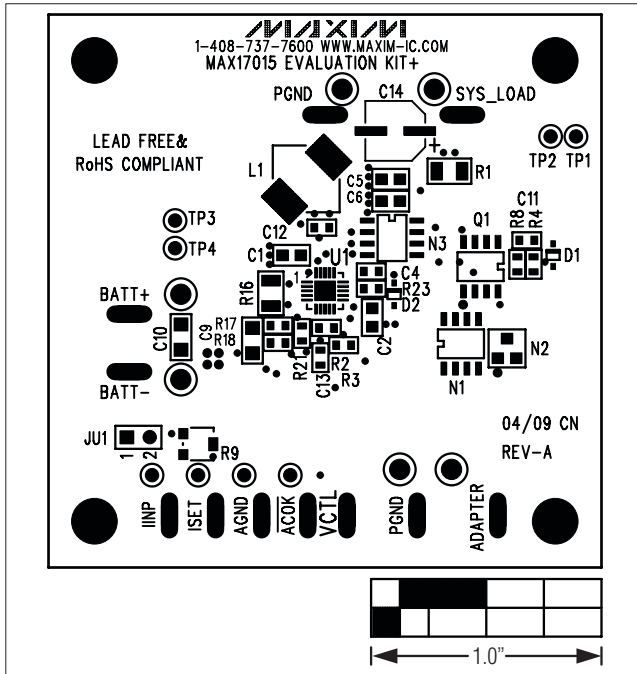


Figure 2. MAX17015 EV Kit Component Placement Guide—Component Side

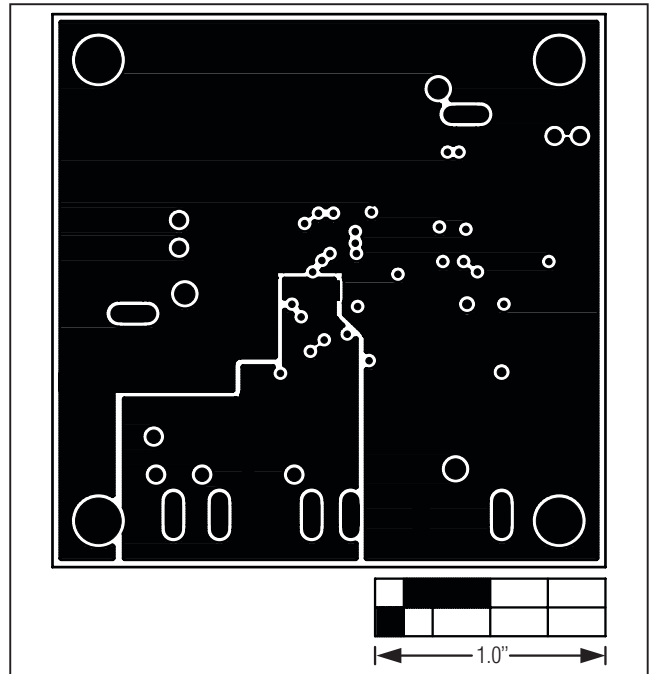


Figure 4. MAX17015 EV Kit PCB Layout—Ground Layer

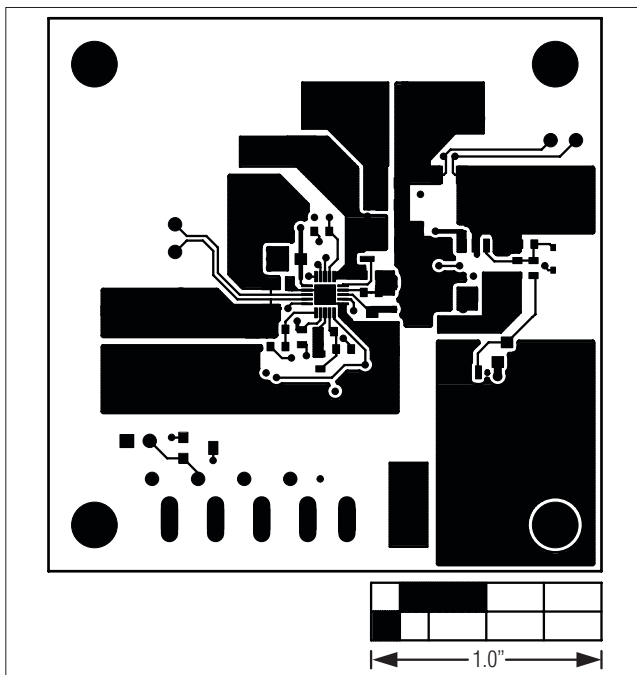


Figure 3. MAX17015 EV Kit PCB Layout—Component Side

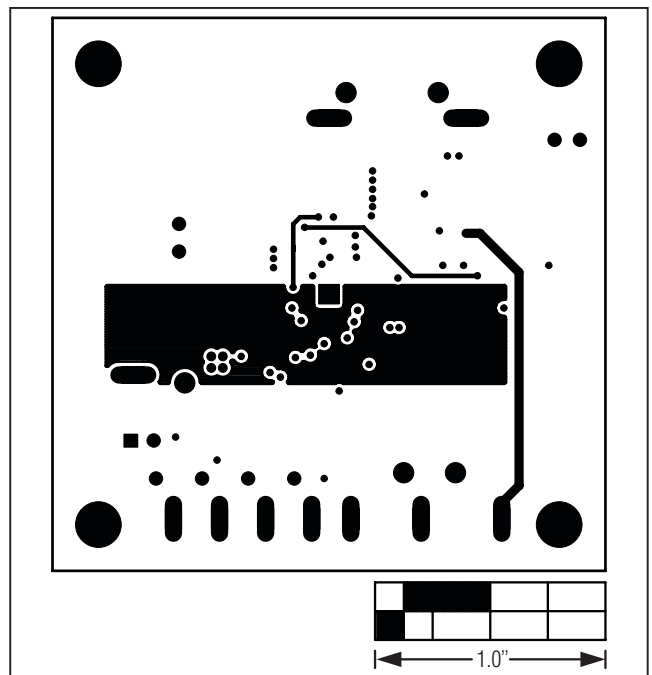


Figure 5. MAX17015 EV Kit PCB Layout—Power Layer

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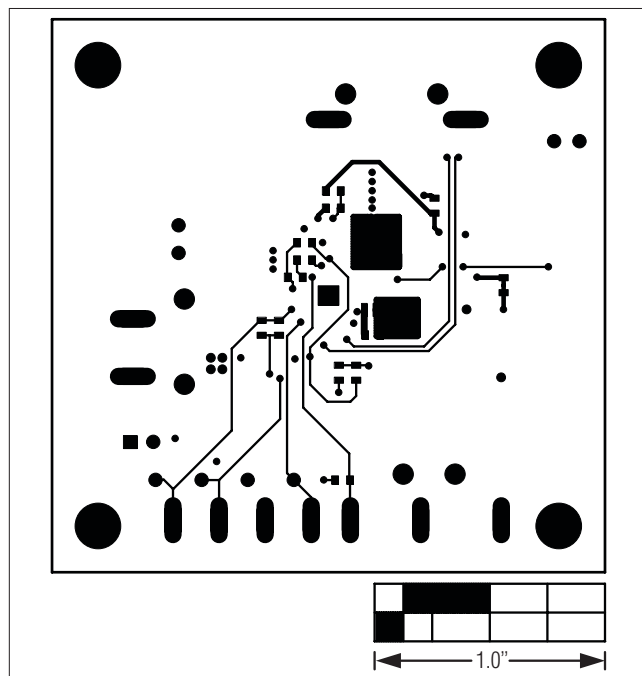


Figure 6. MAX17015 EV Kit PCB Layout—Solder Side

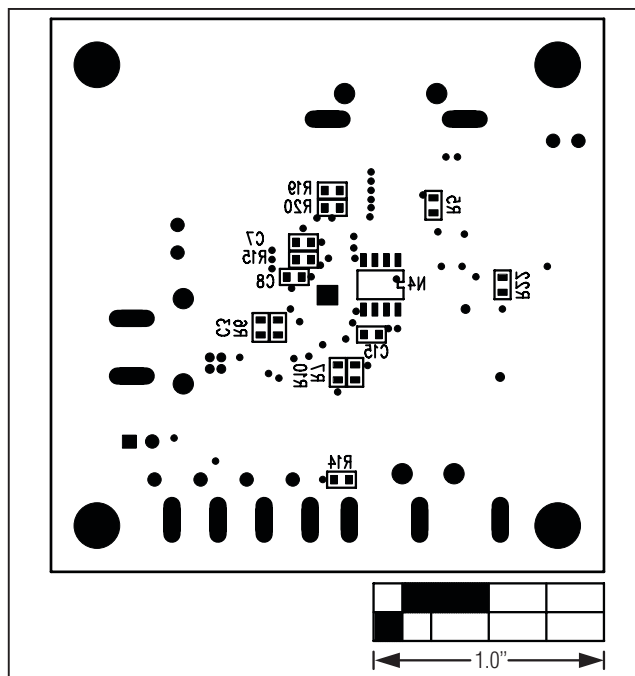


Figure 7. MAX17015 EV Kit Component Placement Guide—Solder Side

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