



CY3271

PSoC[®] 1 FirstTouch[™] Starter Kit with CyFi[™] Low-Power RF Guide

Doc. # 001-48286 Rev.*D

Cypress Semiconductor
198 Champion Court
San Jose, CA 95134-1709
Phone (USA): 800.858.1810
Phone (Intl): 408.943.2600
<http://www.cypress.com>

Copyrights

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2009-2011. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems, where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use, and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress), and is protected by, and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws, and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and/or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application, or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems, where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use, and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.

PSoC Designer™, FirstTouch™, and Programmable System-on-Chip™ are trademarks and PSoC® is a registered trademark of Cypress Semiconductor Corp. All other trademarks or registered trademarks referenced herein are property of the respective corporations.

Flash Code Protection

Cypress products meet the specifications contained in their particular Cypress PSoC Data Sheets. Cypress believes that its family of PSoC products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, regardless of how they are used. There may be methods, unknown to Cypress, that can breach the code protection features. Any of these methods, to our knowledge, would be dishonest and possibly illegal. Neither Cypress nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Cypress is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code. Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Cypress are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products.

Contents



1. Introduction	5
1.1 Kit Contents	5
1.2 Sense and Control Dashboard	6
1.3 Additional Learning Resources	6
1.4 Document History	7
1.5 Documentation Conventions	7
2. Getting Started	9
2.1 Kit Installation	9
2.2 PSoC Designer	13
2.3 PSoC Programmer	14
2.4 Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard	15
3. Kit Operation	21
3.1 Introduction	21
3.1.1 RF Expansion Card	22
3.1.2 Multifunction Expansion Card	24
4. Hardware	25
4.1 System Block Diagram	25
4.2 Functional Description	25
4.2.1 FirstTouch PC Bridge (FTPC)	27
4.2.2 Programming PC Bridge Application Processor	31
4.3 RF Expansion Card Overview	31
4.3.1 RF Expansion Card	31
4.3.2 Hardware Design	33
4.3.3 LED Connections	33
4.4 FirstTouch Multifunction (FTMF) Expansion Card	34
4.4.1 CY8C21434 Chip	37
4.5 AAA Power Pack	39
4.6 CR2032 Power Pack	40
5. Code Examples	41
5.1 My First Code Example	41
5.1.1 Project Objective	41
5.1.2 Flowchart	42
5.1.3 Creating My First PSoC 1 Project	42
5.1.4 Verify Output	58
5.2 Multifunction Expansion Card Light Sensor	60
5.2.1 Device Configuration	60
5.2.2 Flowchart	61
5.2.3 Verify Output	61

5.3	Multifunction Expansion Card Proximity Sensor.....	63
5.3.1	Device Configuration.....	63
5.3.2	Flowchart	64
5.3.3	Verify Output	65
5.4	Multifunction Expansion Card Temperature Sensor.....	66
5.4.1	Device Configuration.....	66
5.4.2	Flowchart	67
5.4.3	Verify Output	68
5.5	Ultra Low Power Wireless Temperature Sensor (RF_ULP_TEMP)	69
5.5.1	Project Description.....	69
5.5.2	Hardware Connections	69
5.5.3	Device Configuration.....	70
5.5.4	Flowchart	71
5.5.5	Verify Output	73
5.6	PC Bridge Wireless HUB.....	74
5.6.1	Device Configuration for Slave CY8C24894.....	74
5.6.2	Device Configuration.....	75
5.6.3	Flowchart	76
5.6.4	Verify Output	77
5.7	Wireless I2C Bridge for RF Expansion Card	77
5.7.1	Device Configuration.....	78
5.7.2	Flowchart	79
5.7.3	Verify Output	82
A.	Appendix	83
A.1	Schematics	83
A.2	PC Bridge Layout	90
A.3	RF Expansion Layout	91
A.4	MF Expansion Layout.....	92
A.5	AAA Battery Layout	93
A.6	Coin Battery Layout	94
A.7	Bill of Materials (BOM).....	95

1. Introduction



Thank you for your interest in the CY3271-PSoC 1 FirstTouch™ Starter Kit with CyFi™ Low-Power RF. This kit can be used with the Sense and Control Dashboard (SCD) tool. This kit uses the Cypress 2.4 GHz (ISM band) CyFi Low-Power RF technology to exhibit the simple, power efficient wireless connectivity to embedded designs; see the [CyFi data sheet](#) for more information.

Chapter 2 of this document describes the installation and configuration of the kit software. Chapter 3 explains the programming of a PSoC 1 device with PSoC Programmer and how to use the kit with the help of a code example. Chapter 4 describes the hardware operation. Chapter 5 provides instructions to create a simple project. The Appendix section provides the schematics and bill of materials (BOM) for the kit. The CY3271-PSoC 1 FirstTouch RF (FTRF) Kit is configured with the Multifunction Expansion Card CapSense® Slider code example when shipped. See Chapter 5 for more details. Evaluate the sample projects provided with the kit and then experiment with the kit hardware and software to create your own designs.

1.1 Kit Contents

The CY3271-FTRF kit hardware consists of the following components:

- PC bridge (FTPC)
- RF expansion card (FTRF)
- Multifunction expansion card (FTMF)
- AAA power pack (AAA)
- CR2032 power pack (CR2032)
- CY8C20634-12FDXI sample silicon
- CY3271-FTRF kit CD/DVD
 - PSoC Designer installation file
 - PSoC Programmer installation file
 - Bridge Control Panel installation file (packaged along with PSoC Programmer)
 - Code examples
 - Hardware files
 - Kit guide
 - Quick start guide
 - Release notes

Inspect the contents of the kit. If any parts are missing, contact your nearest Cypress sales office for further assistance.

1.2 Sense and Control Dashboard

SCD enables to log data and monitor wired and wireless sensors created using PSoC 1. The features include data logging, calibration, alarms, and data aggregation from hundreds of sensors. In the CY3271, SCD is used to log data from wireless sensors connected to the PC, using the FTRF.

1.3 Additional Learning Resources

Visit www.cypress.com for additional learning resources in the form of data sheets, technical reference manual, and application notes.

- Application Note - Features and Performance of a Wide Array of PSoC Analog-to-Digital Converters: <http://www.cypress.com/?rID=2641>
- PSoC CY8C21434 - Chip Features and Functional Overview: <http://www.cypress.com/?rID=3345>
- PSoC CY8C27443 - Chip Features and Functional Overview: <http://www.cypress.com/?rID=3324>
- For more information regarding PSoC Designer functionality and releases: www.cypress.com/go/psocdesigner
- For more information regarding PSoC Programmer, supported hardware and COM layer: www.cypress.com/go/psocprogrammer
- For a list of PSoC Designer-related trainings: <http://www.cypress.com/?rID=40543>

1.4 Document History

Revision	PDF Creation Date	Origin of Change	Description of Change
**	10/17/2008	VED	Initial version of kit guide
*A	05/04/2010	SHEA	CDT based updates
*B	01/31/2011	RKPM	Extensive content updates
*C	07/08/2011	RKPM	Added My First Code Example section. Text and image updates throughout the document
*D	09//21/2011	RKPM	Updated section 2.4 Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard. Minor content updates.

1.5 Documentation Conventions

Table 1-1. Document Conventions for Guides

Convention	Usage
Courier New	Displays file locations, user entered text, and source code: C:\...\cd\icc\
<i>Italics</i>	Displays file names and reference documentation: Read about the <i>sourcefile.hex</i> file in the <i>PSoC Designer User Guide</i> .
[Bracketed, Bold]	Displays keyboard commands in procedures: [Enter] or [Ctrl] [C]
File > Open	Represents menu paths: File > Open > New Project
Bold	Displays commands, menu paths, and icon names in procedures: Click the File icon and then click Open .
Times New Roman	Displays an equation: $2 + 2 = 4$
Text in gray boxes	Describes cautions or unique functionality of the product.

2. Getting Started



This chapter describes how to install and configure the CY3271-PSoC 1 FirstTouch RF (FTRF) kit.

2.1 Kit Installation

To install the kit software, follow these steps:

1. Insert the kit CD/DVD into the CD/DVD drive of your PC. The CD/DVD is designed to auto-run and the kit installer startup screen appears.

Note You can also download the latest installer from <http://www.cypress.com/go/CY3271-FTRF>. Three different types of installers are available for download:

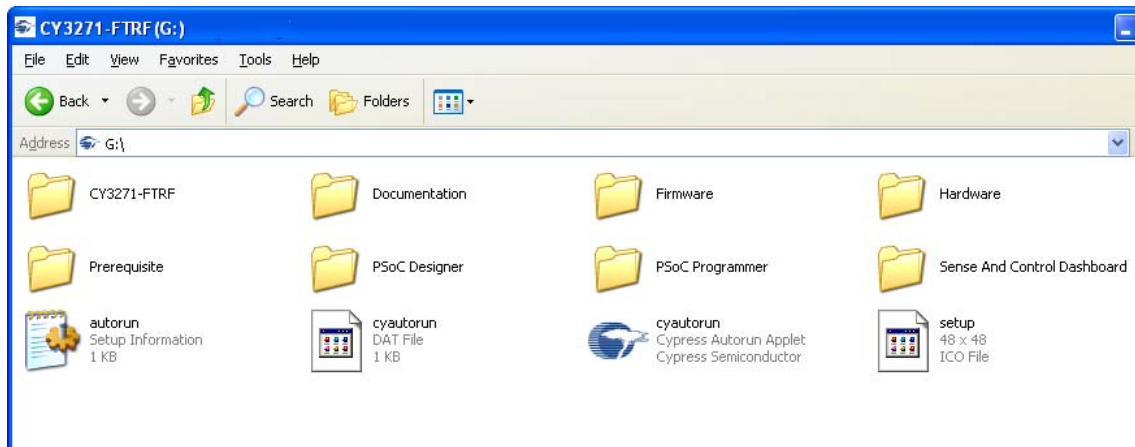
- a. CY3271-FTRF_ISO: This file (ISO image) is an archive file of the optical disc provided with the kit. You can use this to create an installer CD/DVD or extract information using WinRar or similar tools.
 - b. CY3271-FTRF_Single Package: This executable file installs the CD/DVD contents, which includes PSoC Programmer, PSoC Designer, code examples, kit hardware files, and user documents.
 - c. CY3271-FTRF_Single Package (without prerequisites): This executable file installs only the kit contents, which includes kit code examples, hardware files, and user documents.
2. Click **Install CY3271-FTRF Kit** to start the installation, as shown in [Figure 2-1](#).

Figure 2-1. Kit Installer Startup Screen



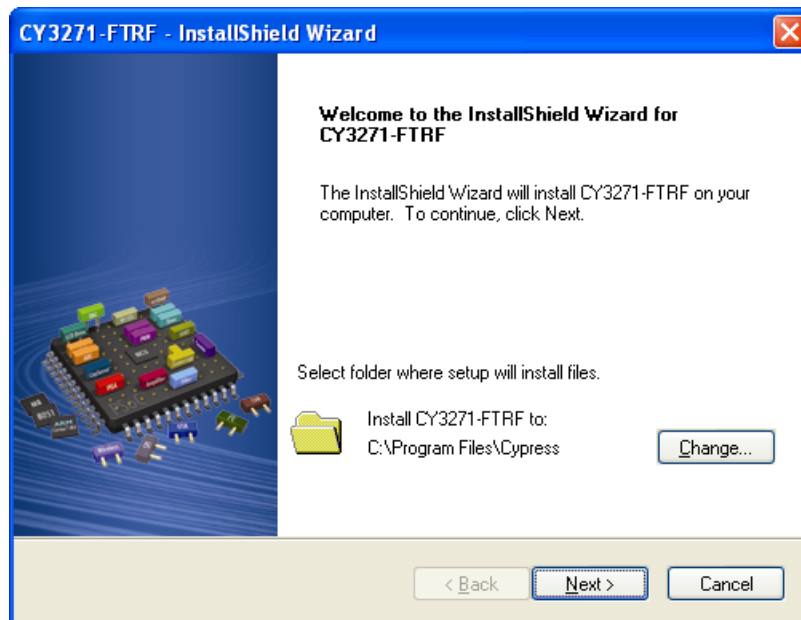
Note If auto-run does not execute, double-click *cyautorun.exe* file on the root directory of the CD/DVD, as shown in [Figure 2-2](#).

Figure 2-2. Root Directory of CD/DVD



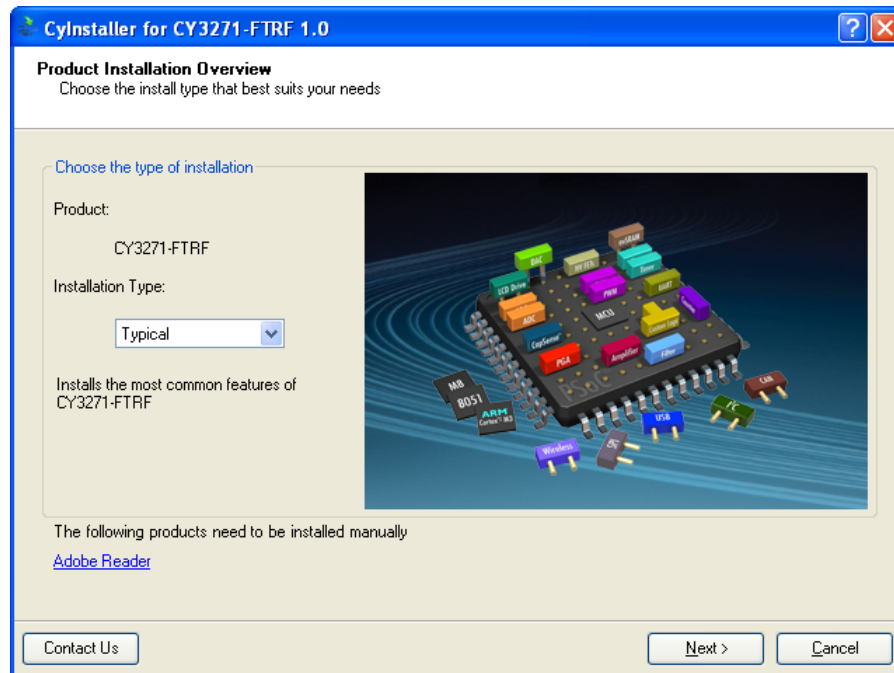
3. The **InstallShield Wizard** screen appears. On this screen, choose the folder location to install the setup files. You can change the location of the folder for the setup files using **Change**, as shown in [Figure 2-3](#).
4. Click **Next** to launch the kit installer.

Figure 2-3. InstallShield Wizard



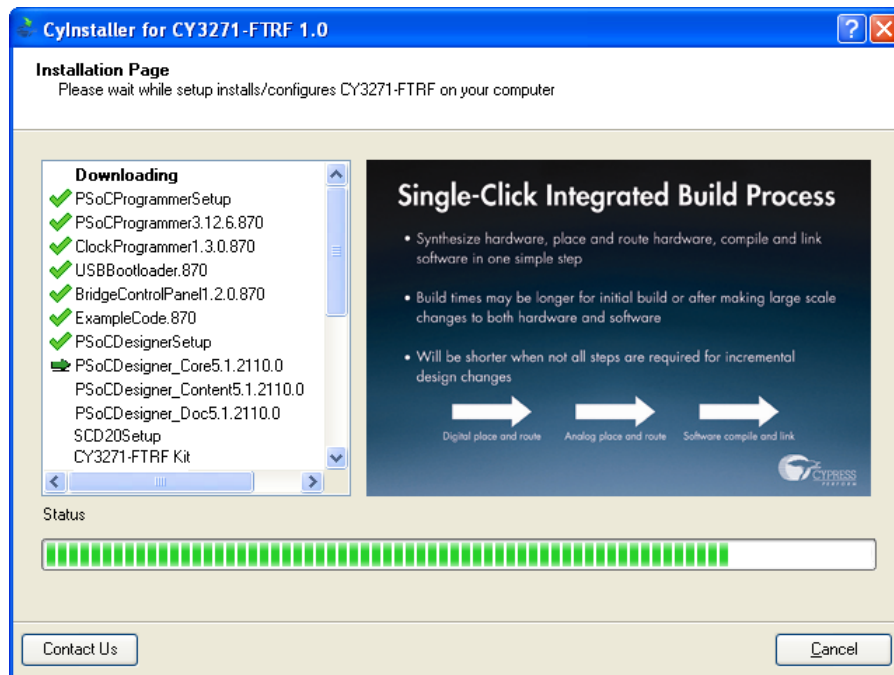
5. On the **Product Installation Overview** screen, select the installation type that best suits your requirement. The drop-down menu has three options - **Typical**, **Custom**, and **Complete**, as shown in [Figure 2-4](#).
6. Click **Next** to start the installation.

Figure 2-4. Installation Type Options



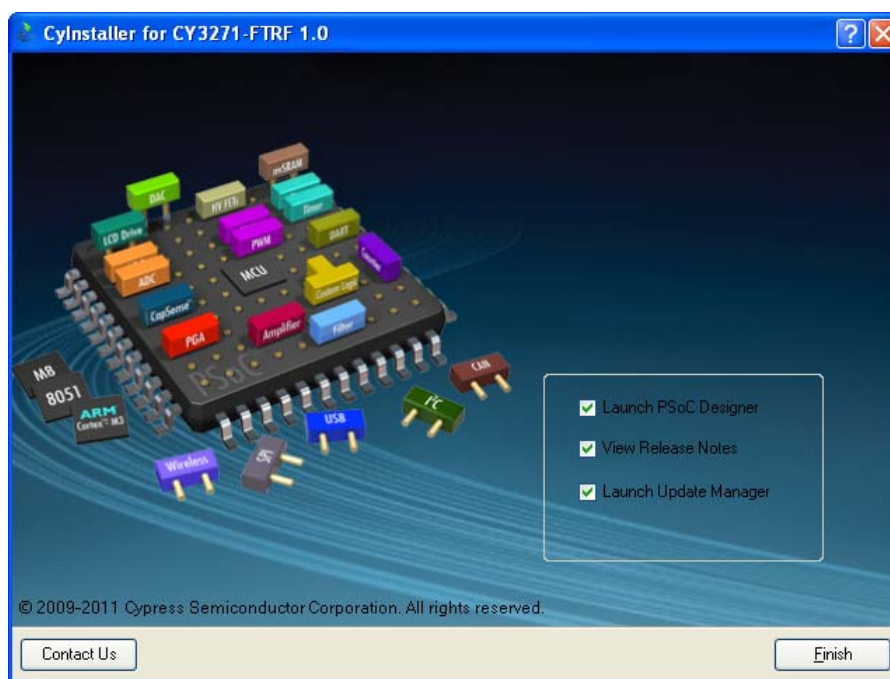
7. When the installation begins, a list of packages appears on the **Installation Page**. A green check mark appears adjacent to every package that is downloaded and installed; see Figure 2-5.
8. Wait until all the packages are downloaded and installed successfully.

Figure 2-5. Installation Page



9. Click **Finish** to complete the installation, as shown in Figure 2-6.

Figure 2-6. Installation Complete



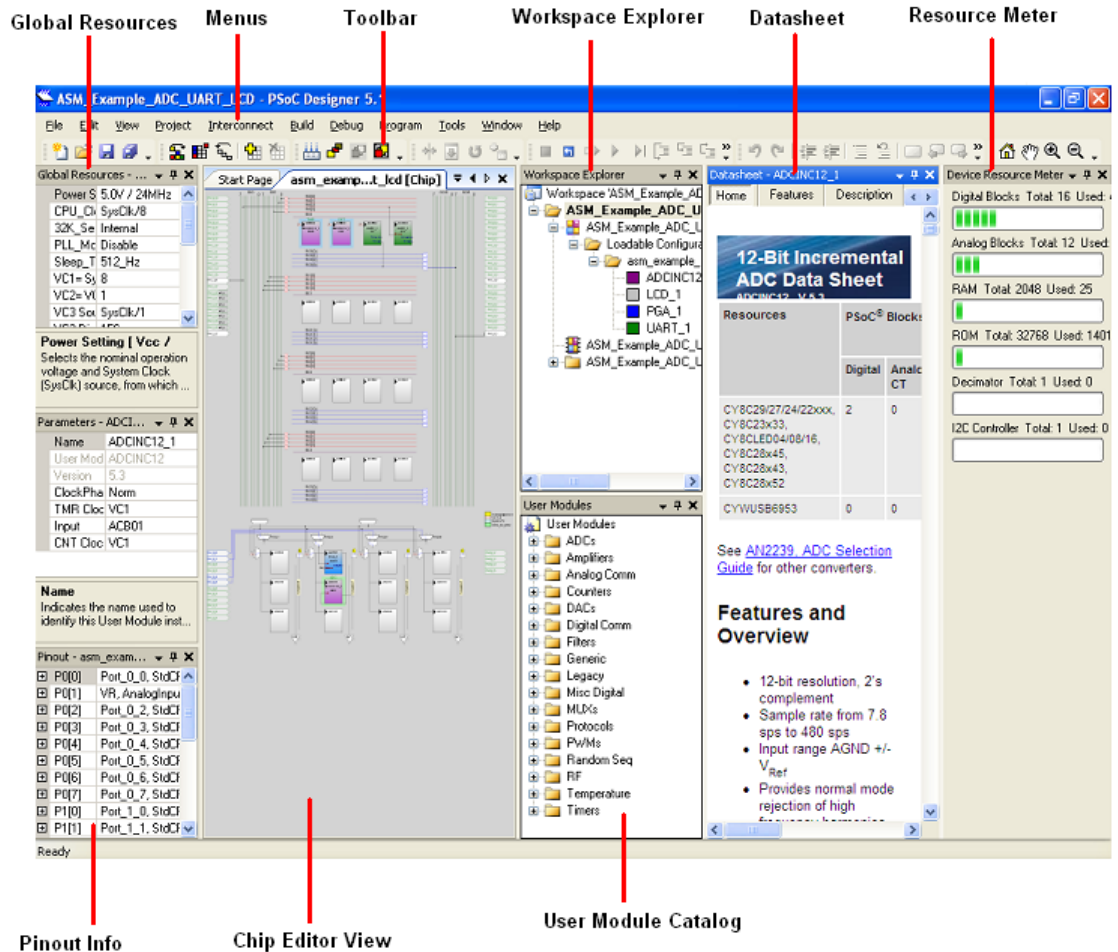
After software installation, verify that you have all hardware and drivers set up for the CY3271-FTRF kit by connecting the kit to your PC via its USB interface. Because this is the first time you have connected this board to the PC, initial drivers are installed. Follow the instructions for USB detection to complete the installation process. Now, verify your installation and setup by opening PSoC Programmer with the kit board attached.

Note Advanced users can go to [Code Examples on page 41](#).

2.2 PSoC Designer

1. Click **Start > All Programs > Cypress > PSoC Designer <version> > PSoC Designer <version>**.
2. Click **File > New Project**, to create a new project; click **File > Open Project** to work with an existing project.

Figure 2-7. PSoC Designer Interconnect View



3. To experiment with the code examples, go to [Code Examples on page 41](#).

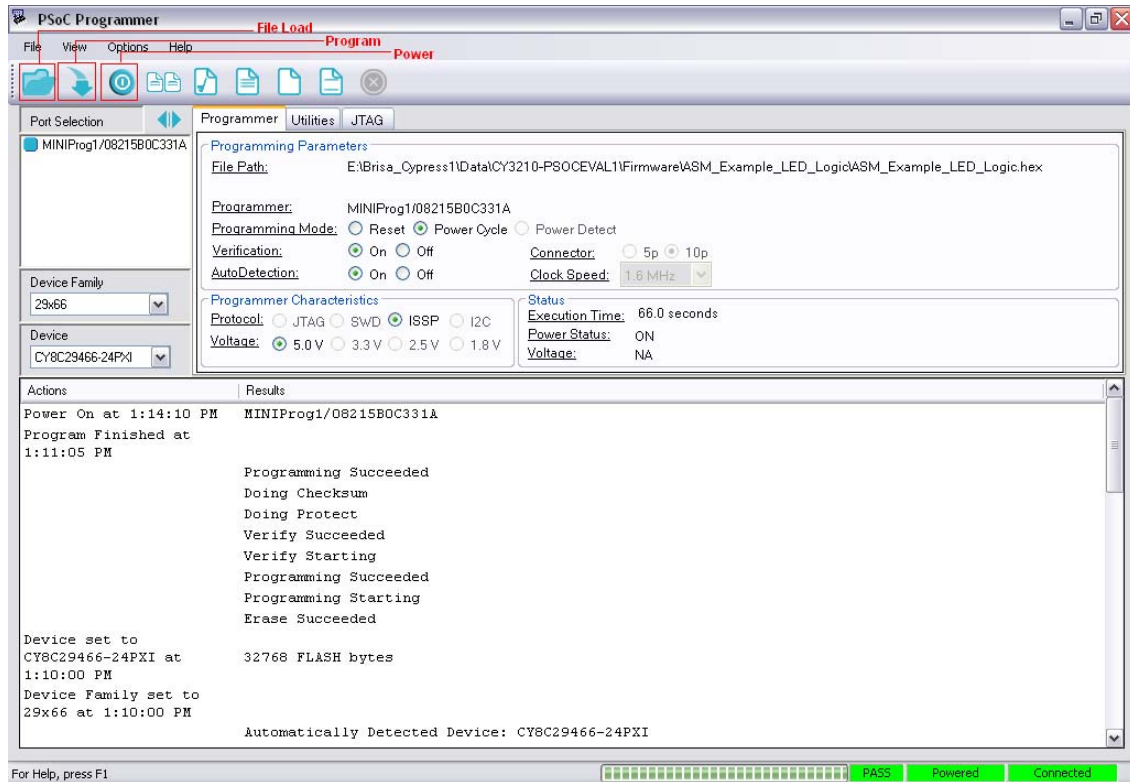
Note For more details on PSoC Designer, see the PSoC Designer IDE Guide located at: <Install_Directory>\Cypress\PSoC Designer\<version>\Documentation.

See [Additional Learning Resources on page 6](#) for links to PSoC Designer training. The PSoC Designer quick start guide is available at: <http://www.cypress.com/?rID=47954>.

2.3 PSoC Programmer

1. Click **Start > All Programs > Cypress > PSoC Programmer <version> > PSoC Programmer <version>**.
2. Select the MiniProg from Port Selection, as shown in [Figure 2-8](#).

Figure 2-8. PSoC Programmer Window



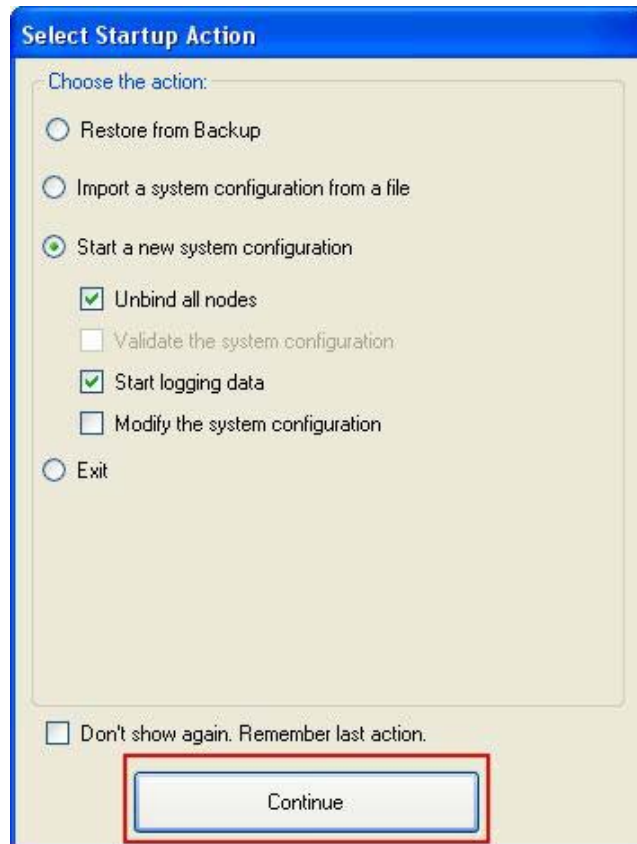
3. Click **File Load** to load the hex file.
4. Use the **Program** button to program the hex file on to the chip.
5. When programming is successful, **Programming Succeeded** appears in the Actions pane.
6. Close PSoC Programmer.

Note For more details on PSoC Programmer, see the user guide at the following location:
 <Install_Directory>\Program Files\Cypress\Programmer\<version>\Documents.

2.4 Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard

1. Click **Start > All Programs > Cypress > Sense and Control Dashboard <version> > Sense and Control Dashboard <version>** to open the SCD software.
2. Select **Startup Action** window; select the options **Start new system configuration**, **Unbind all nodes**, and **Start logging data**; click **Continue**.

Figure 2-9. Startup Action Window



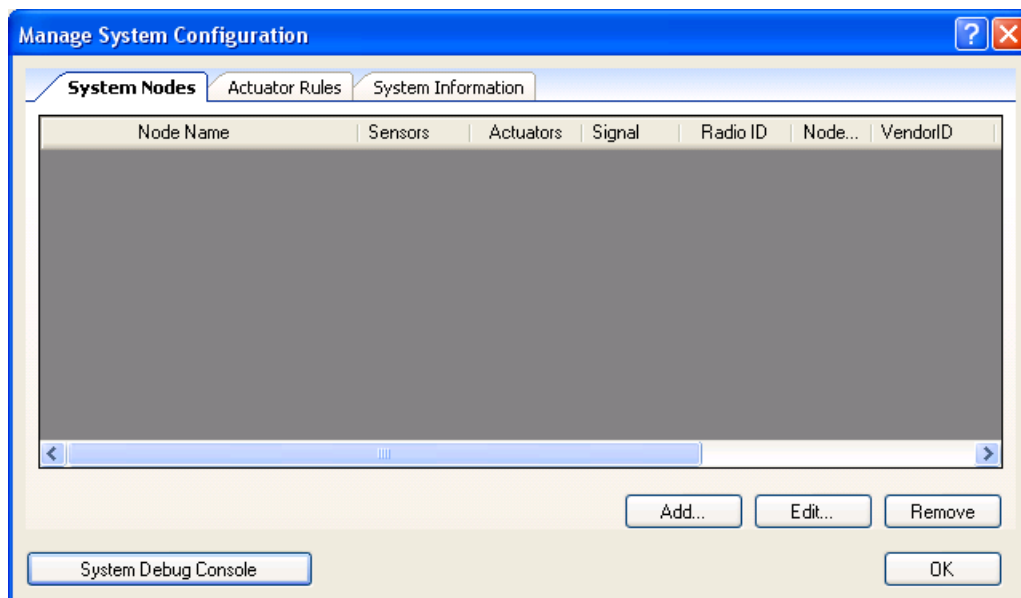
3. Select a location to save the configuration file (SDF).
4. Connect the PC Bridge (FTPC) USB dongle on to a free USB port in the PC.
5. Connect the Multifunction board to the RF Bridge board. Power up this assembly using the AAA power pack board provided with the kit.
6. Attach a node to the wireless hub and configure the SCD to view the node data; to do this, follow these instructions.
7. Click the **Manage** button to add a new node, as shown in [Figure 2-10](#).

Figure 2-10. Manage Button in SCD Dashboard



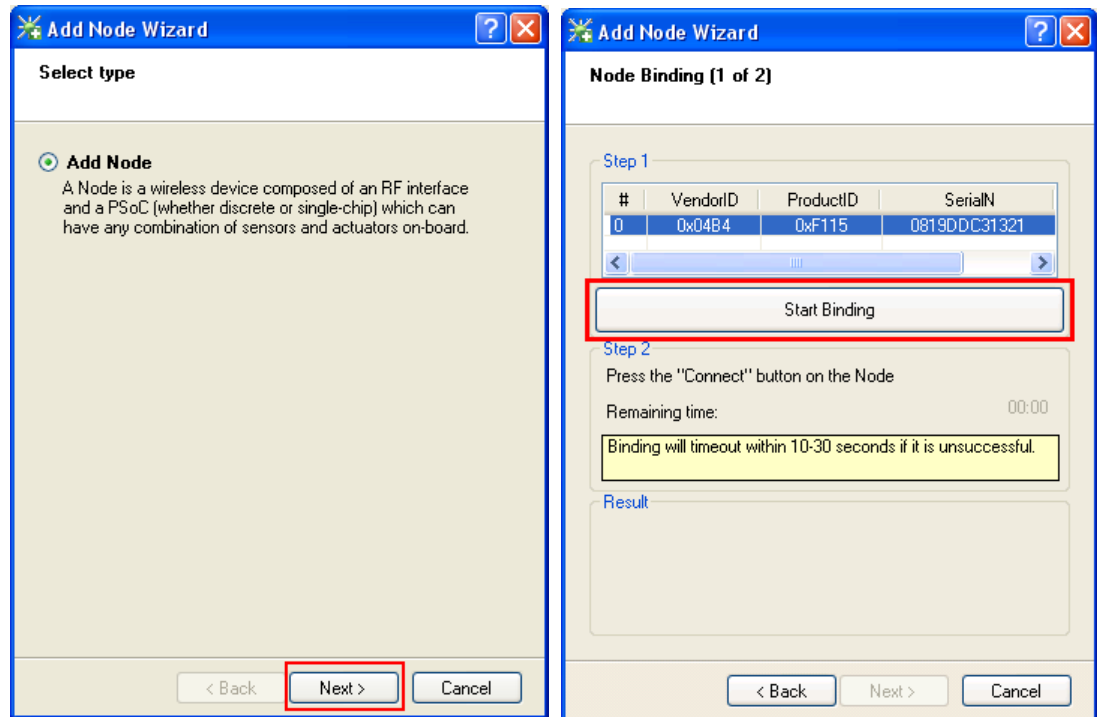
8. In the Manage System Configuration screen, click **Add**.

Figure 2-11. Manage System Configuration - Add



9. The Add Node Wizard opens up; Select the **Add Node** option and click **Next** in the Add Node Wizard; then, click on **Start Binding** in the subsequent window.

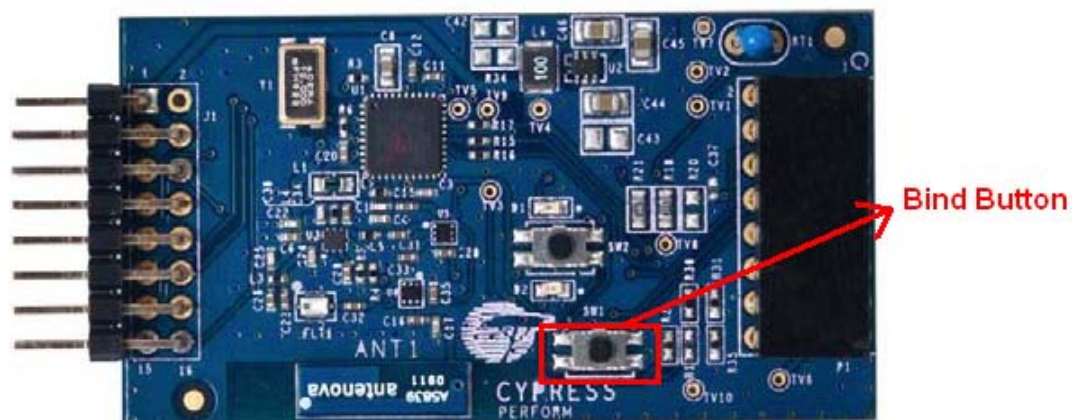
Figure 2-12. Add Node and Start Binding



- Press the **Bind** button on the RF Bridge board; this ensures that the node is in Bind mode and allows the hub to discover the node.

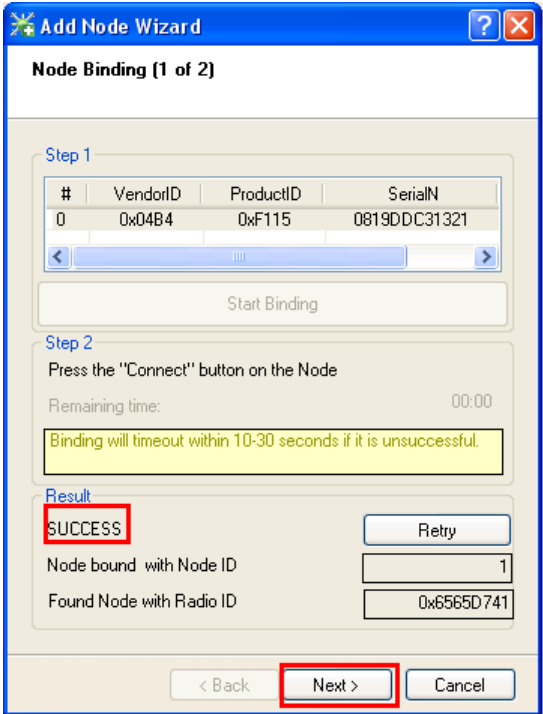
Note Press the Bind button within 30 secs of pressing the button on the GUI; otherwise, binding does not occur and the result is shown as 'Time out'.

Figure 2-13. Bind Button



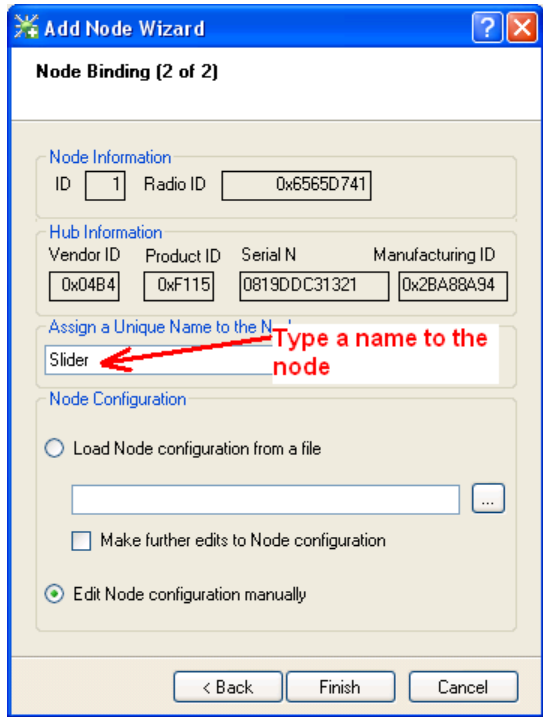
- Verify the success of the bind and click **Next**.

Figure 2-14. Successful Bind



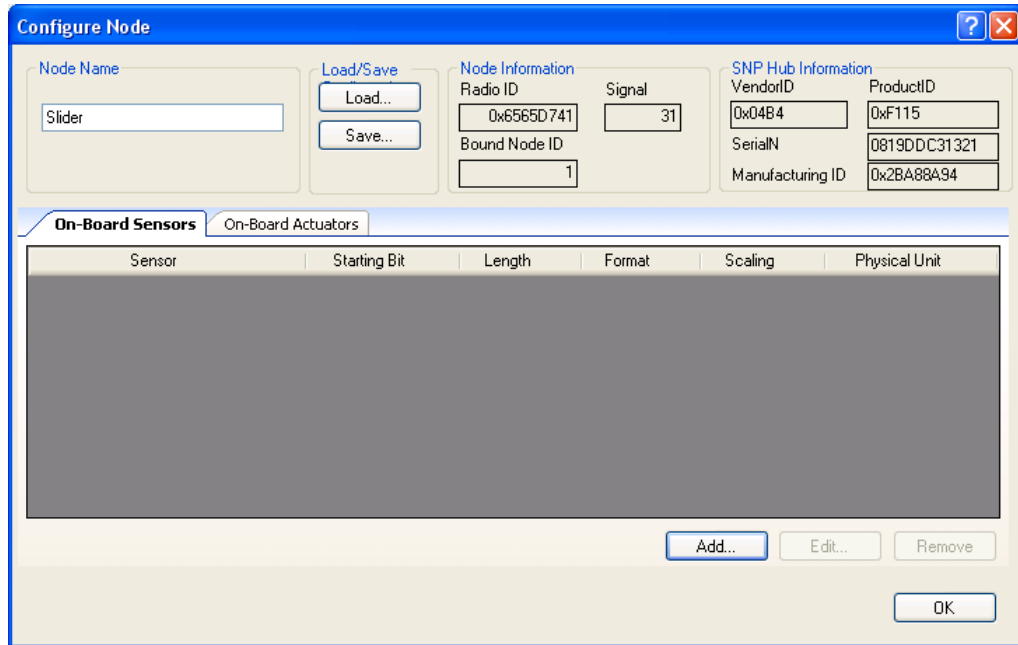
12. On the next screen, assign a name to the node.

Figure 2-15. Enter Node Name



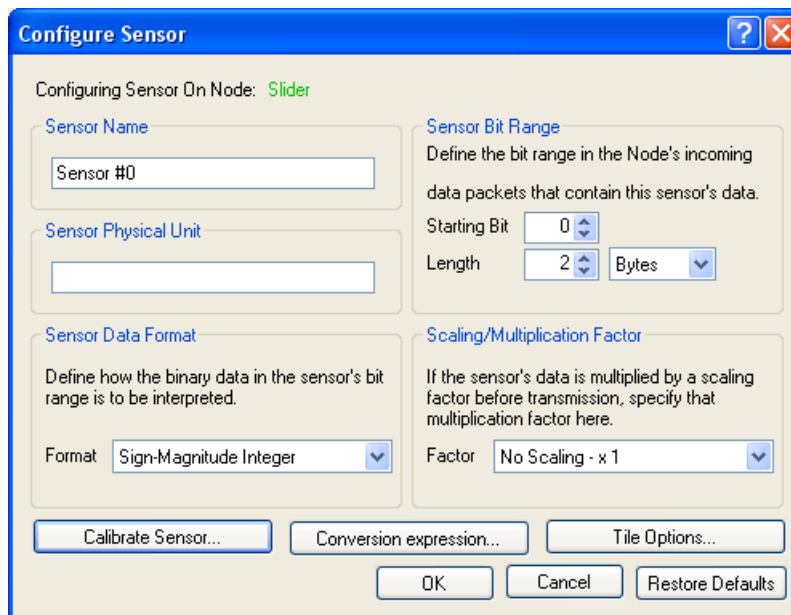
13. In the Node Configuration section, the option **Edit Node Configuration manually** is selected by default. For this kit, the node configuration is completed and stored as xml files. On successful binding of the node, choose **Load Node Configuration** from a file option and select the appropriate xml file from <Install_Directory>:\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Firmware\DeviceTemplates. Click **Finish**.
14. To edit the node manually, select **Edit Node Configuration manually** and click **Finish**.
15. Click **Add** on the **Configure Node** screen to configure the sensor parameters.

Figure 2-16. Configure Sensor Parameters



16. The Configure Sensor window opens up. The following parameters can be configured for the sensor:
 - a. Sensor Data Format - Unsigned Integer, Two's Complement Integer, and so on
 - b. Sensor Bit Range
 - c. Data Length - Bits or Bytes
 - d. Scaling/Multiplication Factor (if any)
 - e. Sensor Physical Unit - KPa, Lux, and so on. This is used in the graphical display of node data.
- Note** Figure 2-17 shows the default values.

Figure 2-17. Configure Sensor Parameters



17. The SCD GUI provides the options to calibrate the sensor, specify the conversion expression, and display options (Tile options). Click on the respective buttons to enter the context specific menus and options.
18. After configuring the node, click **OK** on all subsequent screens to return to the main screen where the data logging has started.
19. Configuring the sensor can even be done at a later time by clicking on the appropriate button in the main menu

Figure 2-18. Main Menu Buttons



3. Kit Operation



3.1 Introduction

The CY3271-FTRF kit examples help you develop applications using the PSoC 1 family of devices. The kit is designed to develop analog applications using PSoC 1. Being a development platform, the board also has test points to enable low power measurements for low power application development and evaluation.

The kit components are shown in the following figures.

Figure 3-1. PC Bridge (Dongle)



Figure 3-2. RF Expansion Card (FTRF)

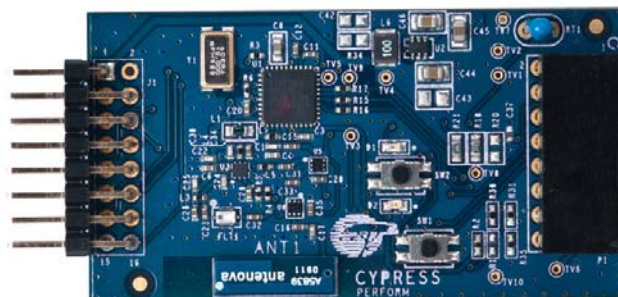


Figure 3-3. Multifunction Expansion Card (FTMF)



Figure 3-4. AAA Battery Pack

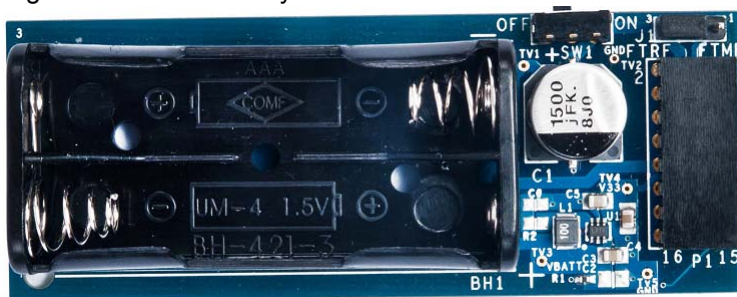
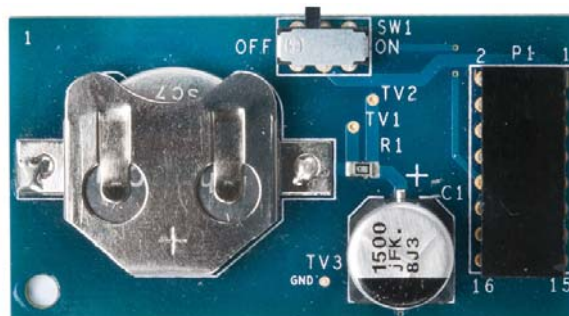


Figure 3-5. Coin Battery



3.1.1 RF Expansion Card

3.1.1.1 Connecting RF Expansion Card Using PC Bridge

The CY3271-FTRF Kit uses a PSoC CY8C27443 on the RF expansion board. Because the FTRF expansion card has its own PSoC 1, connect the RF expansion card to the PC bridge. The USB port of the bridge is then connected to the PC. The PSoC 1 on the RF expansion board can be programmed using the PC bridge.

3.1.1.2 Programming FTRF

The RF expansion card can be programmed using PSoC Programmer, by programming the hex file on to the chip using PC bridge.

When using on-board programming, it is not necessary to power the board from the 9-V DC supply or a battery. The USB power to the programming section can power the board.

3.1.1.3 Working with FTRF

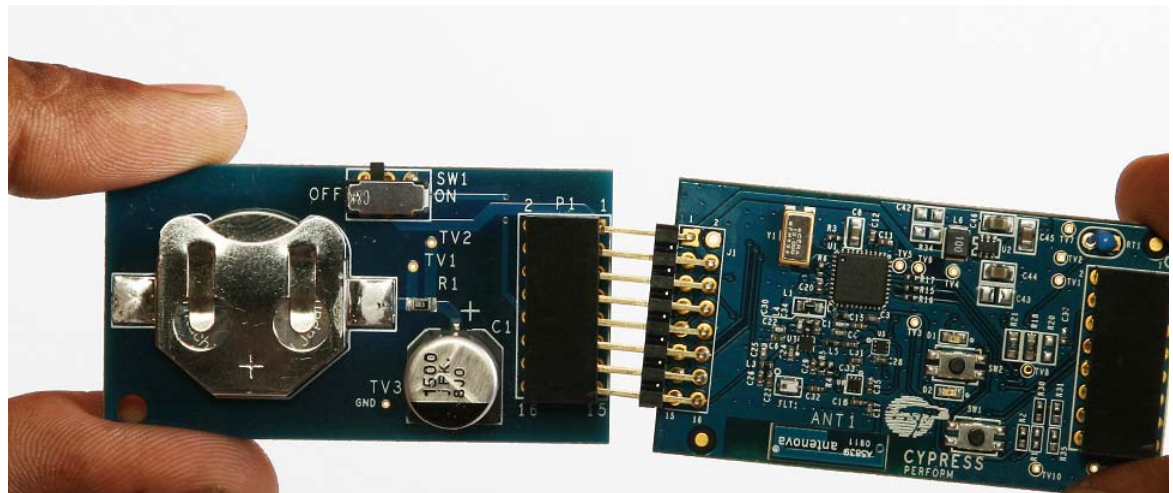
The project files are located in the firmware directory. After installation, firmware projects are available at <Install_Directory>:\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Firmware.

Figure 3-6. Connect FTRF to AAA Batteries



FTRF can be connected to AAA power pack for power, or with CR2032 power pack for ultra low-power applications, as shown in [Figure 3-6](#) and [Figure 3-7](#), respectively.

Figure 3-7. Connect FTRF to CR2032 Batteries



3.1.2 Multifunction Expansion Card

3.1.2.1 Connecting FTMF

3.1.2.2 FTMF card is connected to the PC bridge, as shown in [Figure 3-8](#).

Figure 3-8. Connect Multifunction Expansion Card to PC Bridge



3.1.2.3 Programming FTMF

FTMF is programmed using PC bridge; power supply to the card is via USB. PSoC Programmer is used to write the hex file on to the FTMF card.

3.1.2.4 Working with FTMF

The project files are located in the firmware directory. FTMF can be powered using the CR2032 power pack. After installation firmware projects are available at <Install_Directory>:\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Firmware.

Note When powering the board via an external power source, ensure that the battery board is plugged in with the power supply connected to the empty battery terminal leads.

4. Hardware



4.1 System Block Diagram

The PSoC 1 FirstTouch Starter Kit with CyFi low-power RF has the following contents:

- PC Bridge
- RF Expansion Card
- Multifunction Card
- AAA Power Pack
- CR2032 Power Pack

4.2 Functional Description

Figure 4-1. PC Bridge.

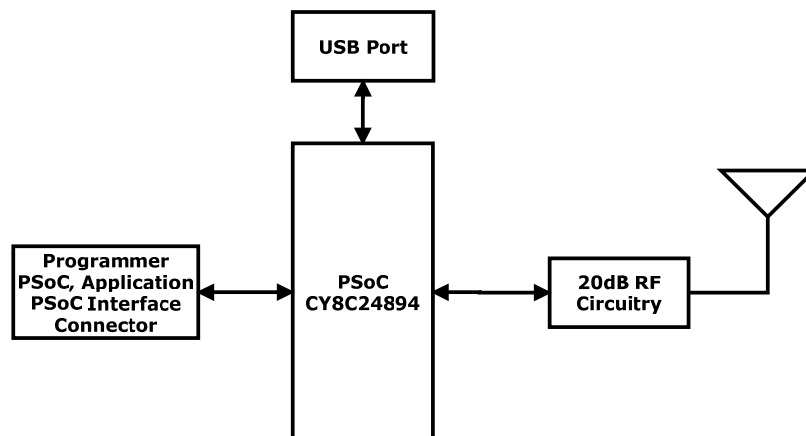


Figure 4-2. RF Expansion Board

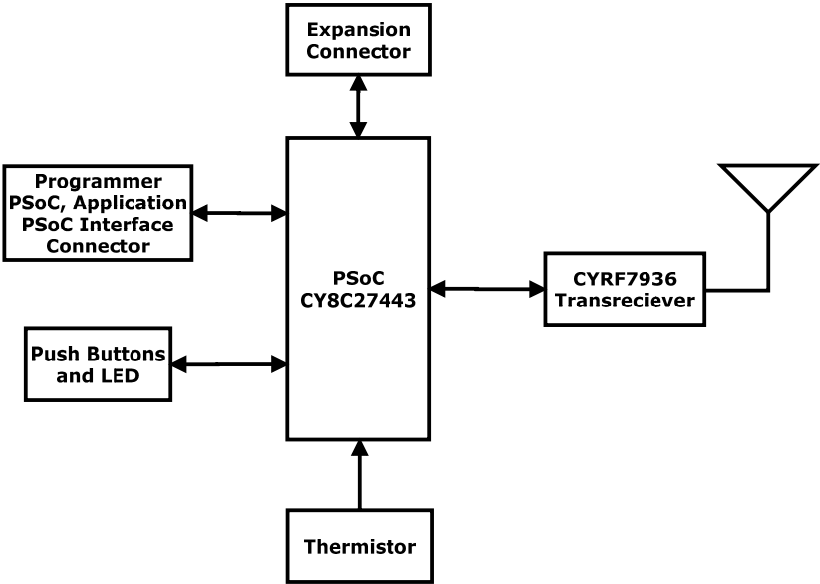


Figure 4-3. Multifunction Board

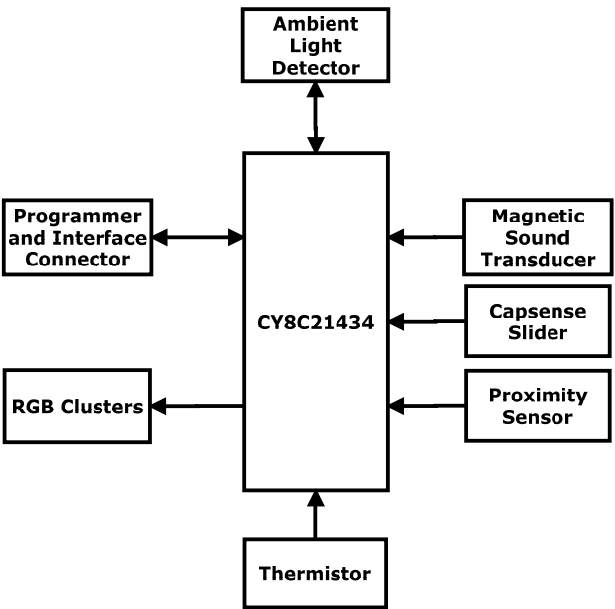


Figure 4-4. AAA Battery Block Diagram

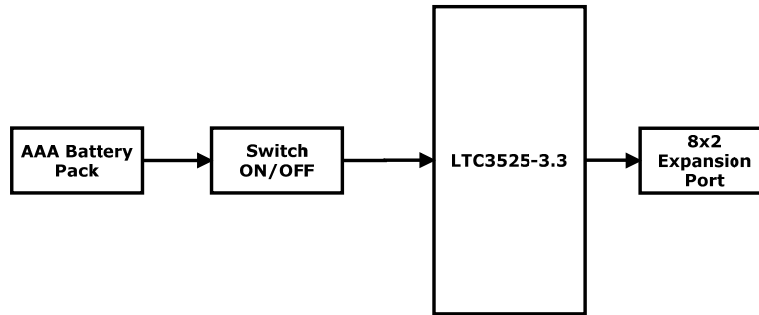


Figure 4-5. Coin Cell Battery Block Diagram



4.2.1 FirstTouch PC Bridge (FTPC)

The PC bridge consists of the hub CY8C24894, the master CY8C24894, and the CYRF7936 2.4 GHz CyFi transceiver. It contains a 16-pin connector to connect to the RF expansion board or the multifunction board, for application data exchange or ISSP programming. The FTPC bridge is the interface bridge between the expansion card, the PC, and the various applications.

Because the FTPC bridge enumerates as a special type of 'composite device' that contains a PSoC MiniProg interface, the standard PSoC Programmer utility can identify and communicate with the FTPC bridge. This ensures that your FTRF kit is automatically compatible with PSoC Designer.

Note When using the FTPC bridge to program a target board with the CY8C24894 device (for example, the Weather Station board in the CY3271-EXP1 Kit), ensure that the target board is connected to the FTPC while programming. Otherwise, the FTPC programs its own CY8C24894 device.

4.2.1.1 CYRF7936 Transceiver

The CYRF7936 CyFi transceiver is a radio IC designed for low power embedded wireless applications. It can be used only with Cypress's PSoC programmable system-on-chip. Combined with the PSoC 1 and a CyFi network protocol stack, CYRF7936 can be used to implement a complete CyFi wireless system.

The CYRF7936 IC is designed to implement wireless device links operating in the worldwide 2.4-GHz ISM frequency band.

In addition, the CYRF7936 IC has a power management unit (PMU), which allows direct connection of the device to any battery voltage in the range 1.8 V to 3.6 V.

The CYRF7936 contains a 2.4-GHz CyFi radio modem, which features a 1-Mbps GFSK radio front-end, packet data buffering, packet framer, DSSS baseband controller, and RSSI. CYRF7936 features a SPI interface for data transfer and device configuration, as shown in [Figure 4-6](#).

Figure 4-6. CYRF7936 Transceiver

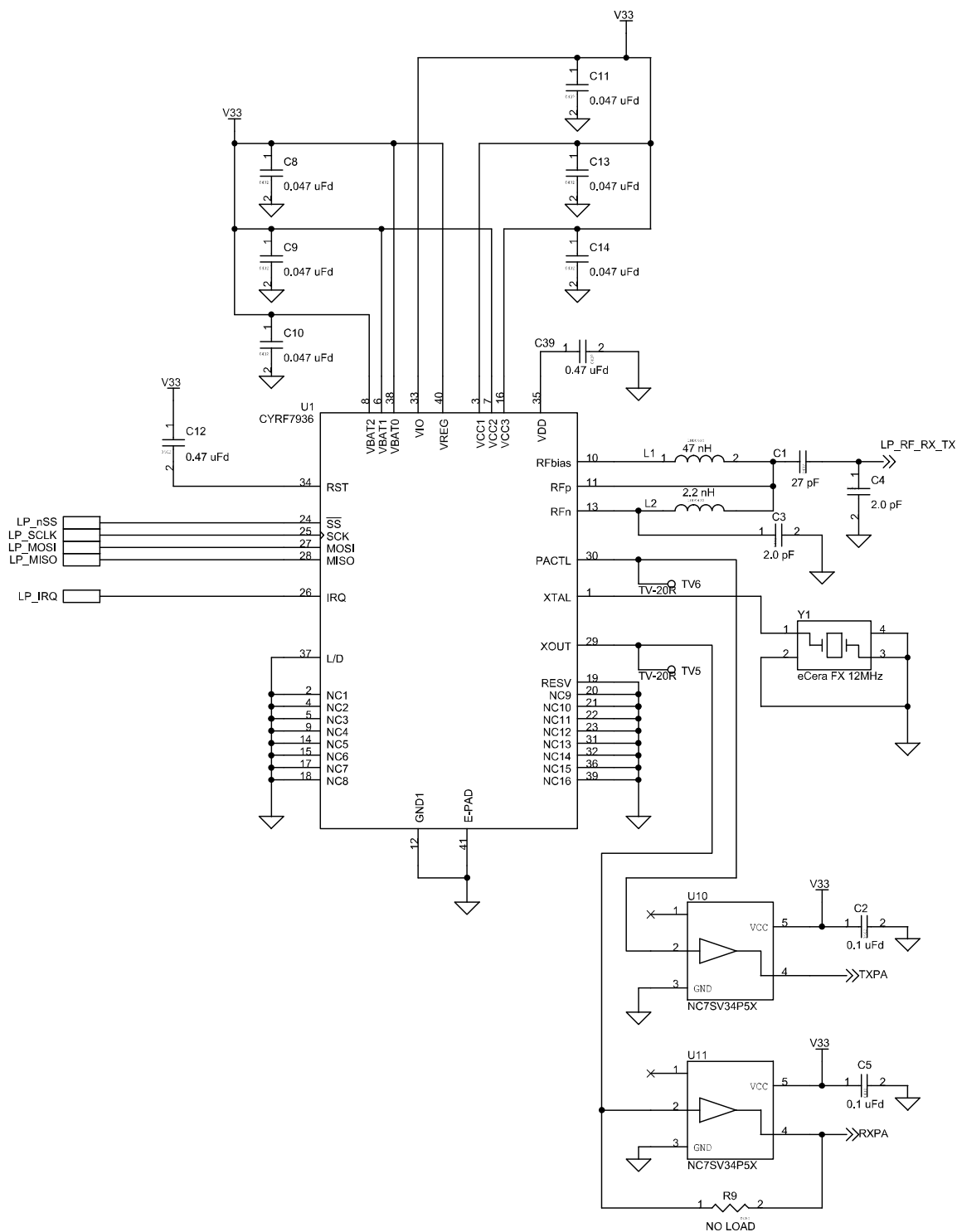


Figure 4-7. CY8C24894 Master Chip Schematic

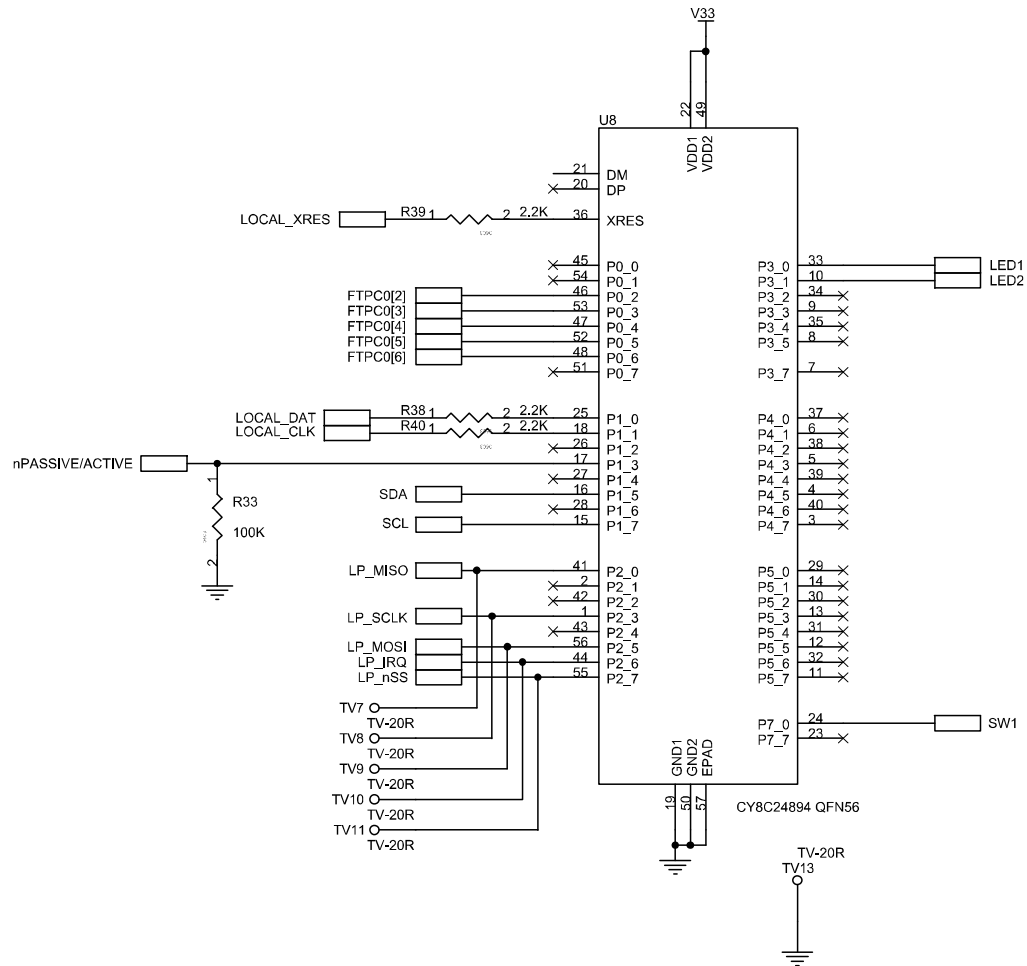


Table 4-1. CY8C24894 Port Connectivity

Pin No.	Port No.	Description	Connected To
1	P2[3]	Direct switched capacitor block input	LP_SCLK,TV8
2	P2[1]	Direct switched capacitor block input	
3	P4[7]		
4	P4[5]		
5	P4[3]		
6	P4[1]		
7	P3[7]		
8	P3[5]		
9	P3[3]		
10	P3[1]	LED2	LED2
11	P5[7]		
12	P5[5]		
13	P5[3]		
14	P5[1]		
15	p1[7]	I2C Serial Clock (SCL).	SCL

Table 4-1. CY8C24894 Port Connectivity (*continued*)

Pin No.	Port No.	Description	Connected To
16	P1[5]	I2C Serial Data (SDA).	SDA
17	P1[3]		nPASSIVE/ACTIVE
18	P1[1]	I2C Serial Clock (SCL), ISSP SCLK*.	LOCAL_CLK
19	Vss	Ground connection.	GND1
20	D+		DP
21	D-		DM
22	Vdd	Supply voltage.	Vdd1
23	P7[7]		
24	P7[0]		SW1
25	P1[0]	I2C Serial Data (SDA), ISSP SDATA*.	LOCAL_DAT
26	P1[2]		
27	P1[4]		
28	P1[6]		
29	P5[0]		TV1
30	P5[2]		TV2
31	P5[4]		TV3
32	P5[6]		TV4
33	P3[0]	LED1	LED1
34	P3[2]		
35	P3[4]		
36	XRES	Active high external reset with internal pull down.	LOCAL_XRES
37	P4[0]		
38	P4[2]		
39	P4[4]		
40	P4[6]		
41	P2[0]	Direct switched capacitor block input.	LP_MISO,TV7
42	P2[2]	Direct switched capacitor block input.	
43	P2[4]	External Analog Ground (AGND) input	
44	P2[6]	External Voltage Reference (VREF) input.	LP_IRQ,TV10
45	P0[0]	Analog column mux input.	
46	P0[2]	Analog column mux input.	FTPC0[2]
47	P0[4]	Analog column mux input VREF.	FTPC0[4]
48	P0[6]	Analog column mux input.	FTPC0[6]
49	Vdd	Supply voltage.	Vdd2
50	Vss	Ground connection.	GND2
51	P0[7]	Analog column mux input.	
52	P0[5]	Analog column mux input and column output.	FTPC0[5]
53	P0[3]	Analog column mux input and column output.	FTPC0[3]
54	P0[1]	Analog column mux input.	
55	P2[7]		LP_nSS,TV11
56	P2[5]		LP_MOSI,TV9
57	EPAD		EPAD

The master CY8C24894 ([Figure 4-4](#)) also acts as a programmer and downloads the firmware hex file on to the application CY8C24894.

4.2.2 Programming PC Bridge Application Processor

Select **FirstTouch RF** from the list of programmer devices and then choose the hex file to program the application processor. Make sure that there are no expansion cards connected to the expansion connector.

4.3 RF Expansion Card Overview

4.3.1 RF Expansion Card

The RF expansion card acts as the node device. It contains the PSoC CY8C27443, which is the application MCU that controls the radio transceiver CYRF7936 and sensors. The RF expansion board also contains the onboard thermistor.

The RF expansion card is designed to plug and play with the FTFC bridge. All power for the included expansion cards is provided by either the AA or the coin cell battery packs. Connect the FTFC expansion port through the 8×2 pin header on the expansion card. The FirstTouch expansion cards have a dedicated host PSoC 1 device installed. The particular PSoC installed is chosen as an example to indicate which PSoC 1 is most suitable for the types of applications supported by a particular expansion card. This also makes it easier to transfer your design from the CY3271-FTRF kit to your hardware.

Note When powering the board via an external power source, ensure that the battery board is plugged in with the power supply connected to the empty battery terminal leads.

4.3.1.1 Application PSoC 1 (CY8C27443)

Port P1[0] and P1[1] are connected to ISSP DAT and ISSP CLK, respectively. Two LEDs are driven by P1[2] and P1[3]. P1[5] and P1[7] are used to drive I2C SDA and I2C SCL, respectively. Port P0[0] is used to sense temperature “VTEMP” (temperature sensor output voltage). P0[1] to P0[6] are general purpose I/O ports. It acts as a master to control other devices connected to P0[2] and P0[4]. P1[4] is used as External Clock Input. P1[6] is used as output connect. P2[6] is used as External Voltage Reference (VRef), and P2[4] is used as External Analog Ground.

The schematic diagram illustrates the internal connections of the CY8C27443 SSOP28 microcontroller. The chip is represented by a central block with pins numbered 1 through 28. The connections are as follows:

- VOUT_33** is connected to pin 28 (VCC) and pin 19 (XRES).
- A **0.1 uF** capacitor (C38) is connected between VOUT_33 and ground.
- Pin 15 (ISSP_DAT) is connected to pin 13 (ISSP_CLK) and pin 12 (LED1).
- Pin 17 (LED2) is connected to pin 11 (I2C_SDA) and pin 18 (SW1).
- Pin 10 (I2C_SCL) is connected to pin 20 (LP_MISO) and pin 8 (nPASSIVE/ACTIVE).
- Pin 21 (VTherm_DIV) is connected to pin 7 (LP_SCL).
- Pin 6 (LP_MOSI) is connected to pin 23 (LP_IRQ).
- Pin 5 (LP_nSS) is connected to pin 22 (LP_SCLK).
- Pin 2 (TV-20R) is connected to pin 1 (BATT_LVL).
- A **100K** resistor (R32) is connected between TV-20R and ground.
- A **0.1 uF** capacitor (C41) is connected between pin 14 (VSS) and ground.

The chip is labeled **CY8C27443 SSOP28**.

SW1

SW1_PUSHBUTTON_SMT

SW2

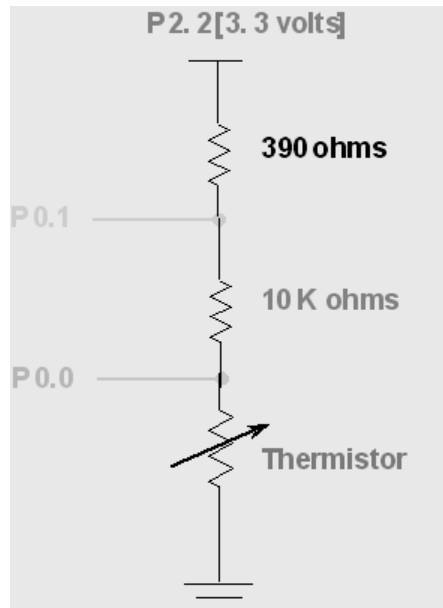
SW2_PUSHBUTTON_SMT

VOUT_33

4.3.2 Hardware Design

The following figure shows the hardware design for a temperature sensor design using a thermistor.

Figure 4-11. Hardware Design



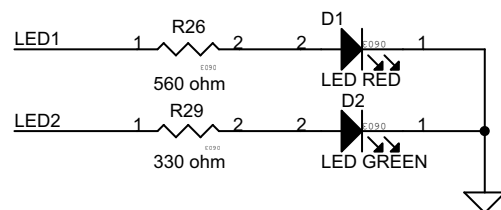
In this operation, P2.2 is supplied with 3.3 V, by driving a high (logic '1') to the port pin. This drives the 390-Ω resistor, the reference 10-k resistor, and the thermistor. P0.1 and P0.0 are the analog inputs to the ADC. The resistance of the thermistor changes according to temperature and it is about 10 k at 25 °C.

The 390-Ω resistor helps to prevent the input signal to the ADC from exceeding the supply voltage rails. The ratio of the voltages at P0.0 and P0.1 is proportional to the absolute temperature. This ratiometric reading eliminates inaccuracies because of supply voltage.

4.3.3 LED Connections

Two LEDs are available on the FTRF expansion board. The green LED is connected to P1.3 and the red LED is connected to P1.2 on the CY8C27443 on the RF expansion board. P1.2 and P1.3 are configured as active LOW outputs.

Figure 4-12. LED Connections



Green LED: The green LED is turned on when the node enters Bind mode. The green LED is turned off if the bind is successful or when the Bind mode times out. The node firmware causes the green LED to blink on successful transmission of a data packet. Success of a transmission is determined by reception of the 'ACK' packet from the hub when a data packet is sent.

Red LED: The red LED blinks at a five second interval when bound. When SW2 is pressed for more than two seconds, the red LED illuminates solid indicating that the report interval was advanced to the next interval. When SW2 is released the red LED flashes according to the selected interval:

- 1 = 1 second
- 2 = 5 seconds
- 3 = 30 seconds
- 4 = 1 minute
- 5 = 5 minutes

The power on default is five seconds.

4.4 FirstTouch Multifunction (FTMF) Expansion Card

The FTMF expansion card contains a PSoC CY8C21434 that acts as the 'host' for various demonstrations. The FTMF expansion card has hardware to support the following PSoC powered peripheral applications:

- CapSense 7-Element Touch Slider
- CapSense NonTouch/Proximity Detection
- Ambient Light-Level Detection
- Thermistor-based Temperature Measurement

In addition to the above input sensors, the FTMF card also provides the following output devices:

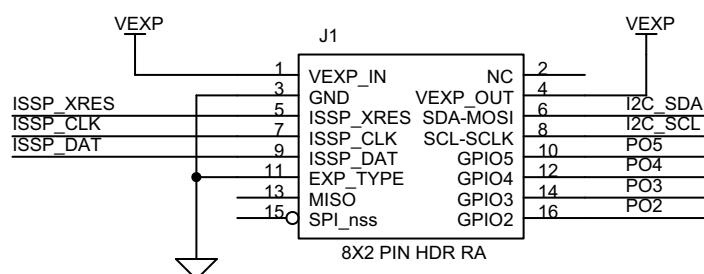
- Red-Green-Blue Triple LED Cluster
- Buzzer
- I2C Digital Communications
- Four Unused A/D GPIO Lines for User Functions

The dedicated sensors and output devices on the FTMF expansion card help you quickly evaluate and experiment with a variety of PSoC applications, without having to build any hardware. Your PSoC Designer project completely determines the remaining FTMF expansion card functions. The kit installation contains demonstration projects that use the following input sensors:

- CapSense slider
- Temperature sensor
- Ambient light sensor
- CapSense proximity sensor

The FTMF expansion card uses a standard FirstTouch expansion header to connect to the FirstTouch RF expansion board or other target hardware.

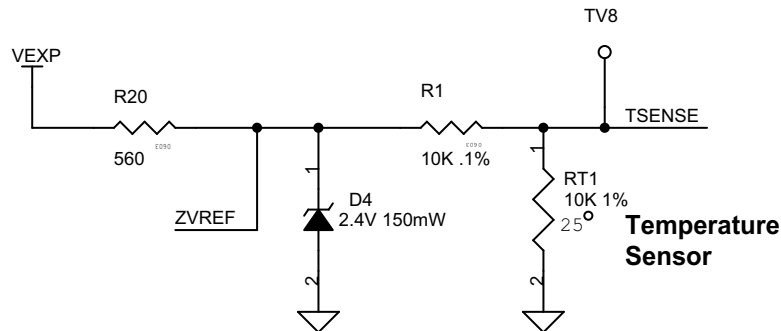
Figure 4-13. FTMF Expansion Card



Note that the 8×2 pin expansion header also includes four GPIO connections labeled P02 to P05. These are hard wired to four unused Port 0 I/O pins on the CY8C21434 host and allow you to easily connect the FTMF expansion card to specific hardware or sensors. These I/O pins are specifically chosen because they can operate as analog outputs, analog inputs, digital inputs, digital outputs, or any combination of the four types. This pin selection makes them true analog or digital GPIO.

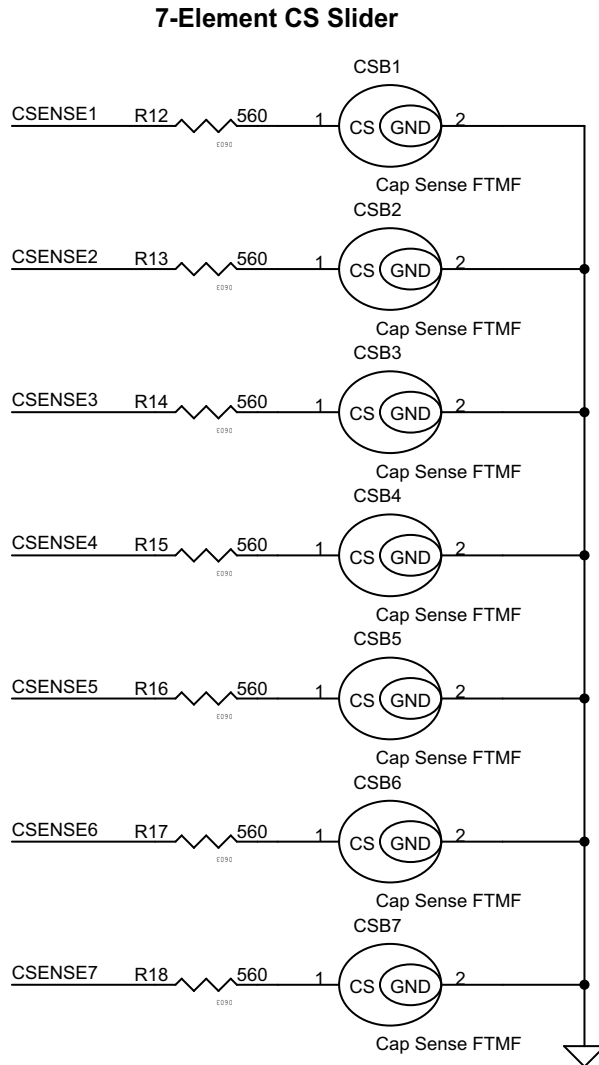
You can use the sensors and output devices in any way you want within your project, but always assign the correct pins within your project. Failure to do so may cause unpredictable or unplanned project results.

Figure 4-14. On-Board Thermistor Schematic



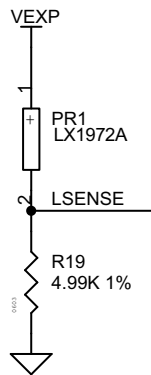
P0[0] is used to sense temperature incident on MF card. A thermistor is used to measure the temperature and is given as the input to PSoC. LEDs are used to represent the different values acquired from the device. The buzzer can be used as a sound alert when the data goes above or below a certain level.

Figure 4-15. CapSense Slider Schematic



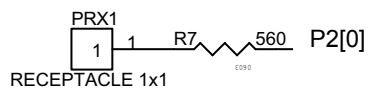
P2[1] to P2[7] to sense the touch on the 7-Element CapSense region of the card. The PSoC CY8C21434 that resides on the FTMF expansion card detects finger position on the CapSense touch sensing slider and controls the LED output. Adopting capacitive sensing as an interface technology in high-volume, high-visibility applications such as portable media players and mobile handsets has created demand for the same technology in more conventional consumer electronics. [Figure 4-13](#) shows the hardware details.

Figure 4-16. Light Sensor Schematic



Port P0[6] “LSENSE” is connected to the light sensor to receive signals for light sensitivity. Ambient light sensors consist of a filter to sample visible light, a photo diode for detection of brightness, a digital filter, and a digital/analog converter.

Figure 4-17. Proximity Sensor Schematic



The proximity detector requires the use of a proximity antenna and can sense an object in an approximate range of 2 to 3 inches. In the CY3271-FTRF kit, this sense antenna is formed by attaching the provided wire into the pin socket labeled PRX1.

Note On power up, the FTMF establishes a baseline reading of the proximity antenna. It is therefore necessary to connect the proximity antenna before plugging in the CY3271-FTRF kit. The project is set up to recalculate this baseline approximately every 30 seconds. Also, notice how the shape and position of the wire affects the demonstration operation and the proximity sensing distance.

4.4.1 CY8C21434 Chip

Port P0[6] “LSENSE” is connected to light sensor to receive signals for light sensitivity, P0[0] to sense temperature incident on MF card. P1[6] drives a buzzer. P1[2], P1[3], and P1[4] drive the blue, red, and green LEDs, respectively. P2[1] to P2[7] senses the touch on the 7-Element CapSense region of the card.

Figure 4-18. CY8C21434 Master Schematic

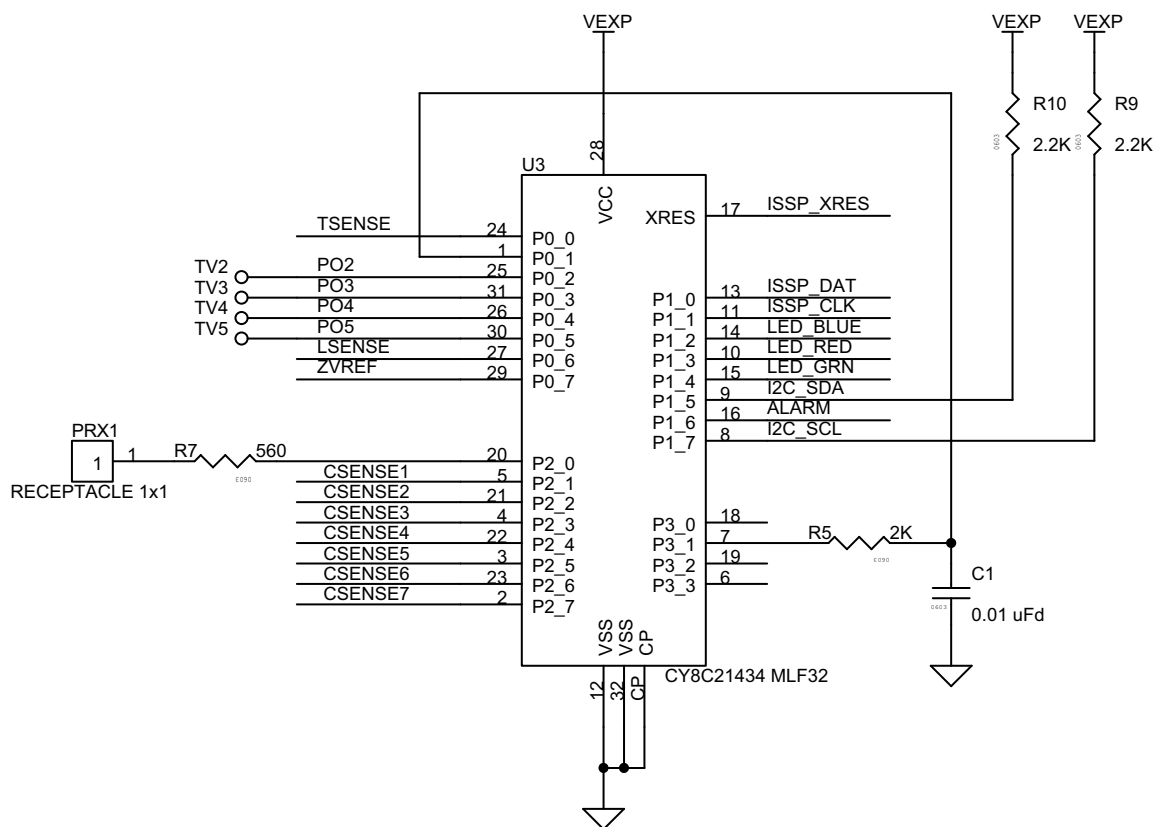


Table 4-2. CY8C21434 Hardware Connectivity

Pin Number	Port Number	Design Function
1	P0[1]	CapSense modulator capacitor
2	P2[7]	CapSense slider element 7
3	P2[5]	CapSense slider element 5
4	P2[3]	CapSense slider element 3
5	P2[1]	CapSense slider element 1
6	P3[3]	Unused/no-connect
7	P3[1]	CapSense feedback resistor
8	P1[7]	I2C clock line (SCL)
9	P1[5]	I2C data line (SDA)
10	P1[3]	Red LED drive
11	P1[1]	In system programming clock (ISSP_SCLK)
12	GND	
13	P1[0]	In system programming data (ISSP_DAT)
14	P1[2]	Blue LED drive
15	P1[4]	Green LED drive
16	P1[6]	Alarm/buzzer FET drive
17	XRES	In system programming reset pin (ISSP_XRES)
18	P3[0]	Unused / no-connect
19	P3[2]	Unused / no-connect

Table 4-2. CY8C21434 Hardware Connectivity (continued)

Pin Number	Port Number	Design Function
20	P2[0]	CapSense proximity antenna pad (PRX1)
21	P2[2]	CapSense slider element 2
22	P2[4]	CapSense slider element 4
23	P2[6]	CapSense slider element 6
24	P0[0]	Thermistor temperature sensor analog input
25	P0[2]	User A/D-GPIO
26	P0[4]	User A/D-GPIO
27	P0[6]	Ambient light detector analog input
28	+Vdd	
29	P0[7]	Thermistor drive-voltage reference analog input
30	P0[5]	User A/D-GPIO
31	P0[3]	User A/D-GPIO
32	GND	

4.5 AAA Power Pack

The AAA power pack can hold two AAA batteries and is used to power the RF expansion cards. It also contains a 16-pin connection header to connect with the RF board.

Figure 4-19. AAA Power Pack Schematic

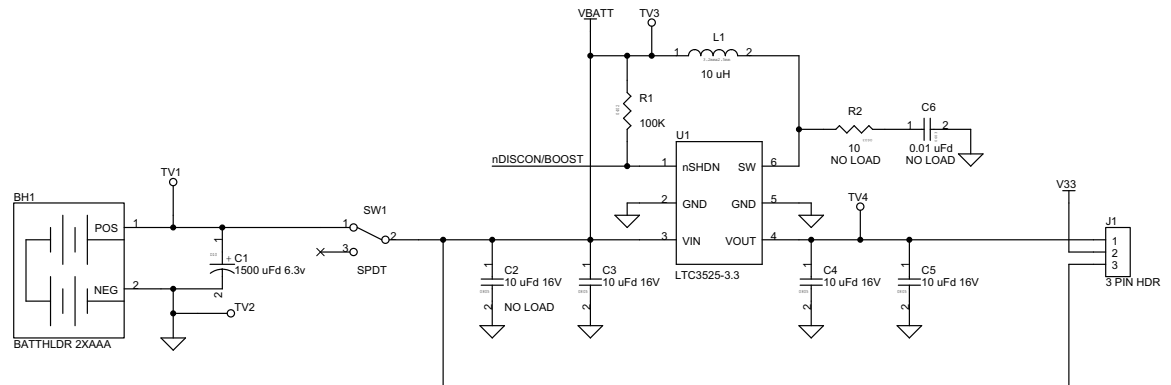
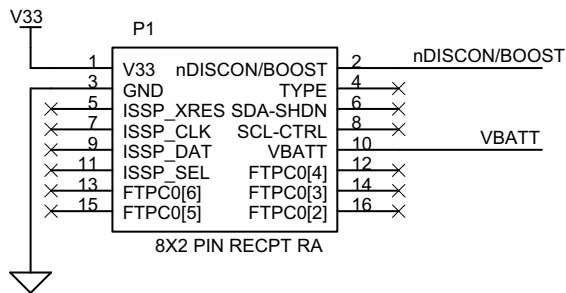


Figure 4-20. 8x2 Pin Connector Schematic



Board Regulator U1(LTC3525-3.3) in Figure 4-19 is a high efficiency synchronous step-up DC/DC converter with output disconnect that can start up with an input as low as 1 V. It offers a compact, high efficiency alternative to charge pumps in single cell or dual cell alkaline or Li-ion applications. The switch SW1 is used to supply power to FirstTouch RF expansion card. J1 is the 3-pin header, which acts as the jumper to the target board. The 8×2 connector is used to connect FirstTouch RF to the battery pack.

4.6 CR2032 Power Pack

The CR2032 power pack can hold one CR2032 coin cell battery and is used to power the RF expansion cards. This enables coin cell ultra low-power operation. It also contains a 16-pin connection header to connect with the RF board.

Figure 4-21. CR2032 Power Pack Schematic

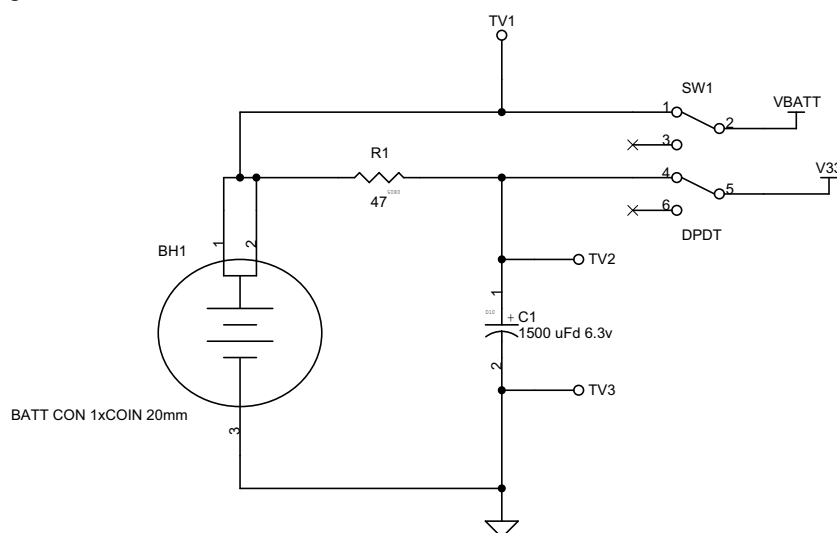
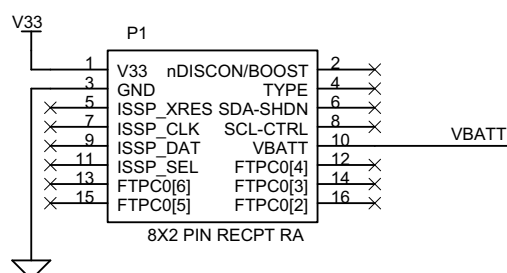


Figure 4-22. 8x2 Pin Connector



SW1 is used as the switch to the coin cell CR2032. VBATT and V33 is used to supply power for RF expansion board and FTMF board. A resistor is connected between TV1 and TV2 and a capacitor is connected between TV2 and TV3. TV1, TV2, and TV3 can be used as the test points. A 8×2 connector is used to connect FTRF expansion board and multifunction expansion board to battery pack.

5. Code Examples



All code examples are available on the CY3271-FTRF kit CD/DVD at the following location:
<Install_Directory>\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Firmware.

Note To view the output on the SCD, make sure that the FTRF board is programmed with the RF_I2C_BRIDGE.hex file, located at <Install_Directory>\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Firmware\RF_I2C_BRIDGE\RF_I2C_BRIDGE\output\ in the kit CD/DVD.

5.1 My First Code Example

5.1.1 Project Objective

This code example demonstrates the CapSense feature of the FTRF board. The LED color changes with the finger position on the board.

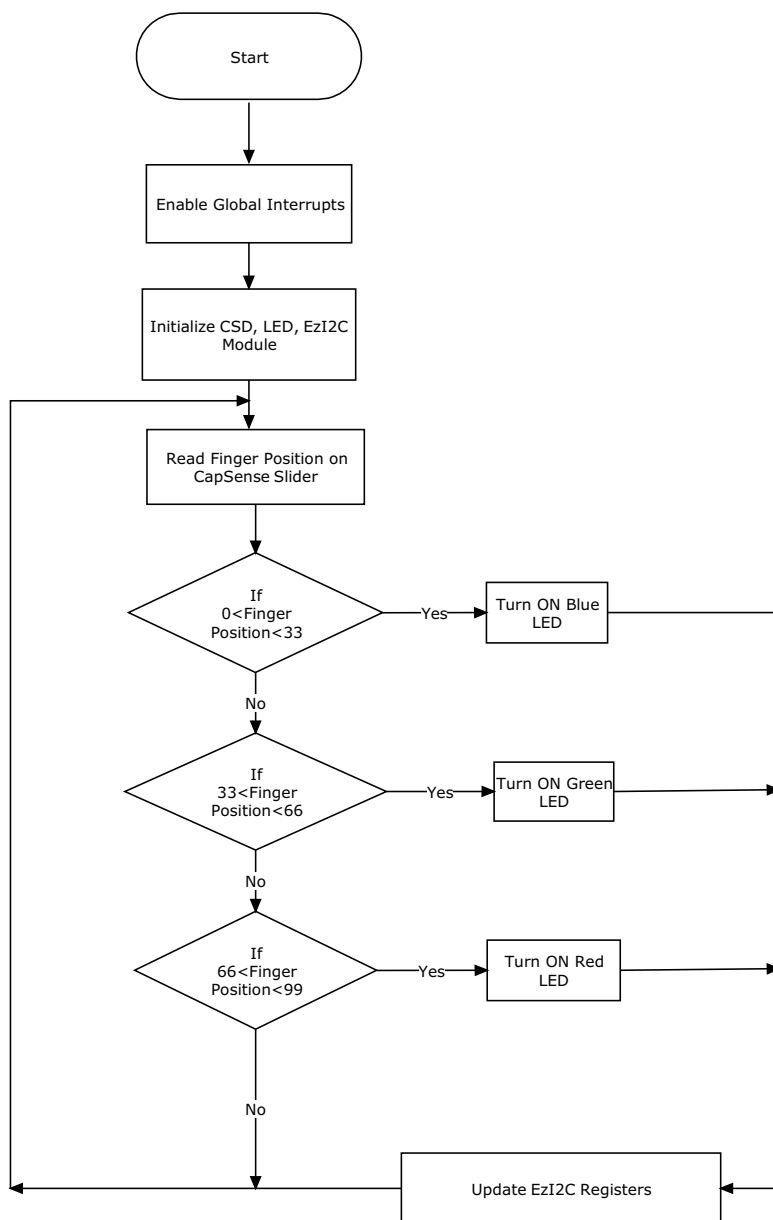
The project contains the following user modules:

CSD: The CSD module is used to scan the CapSense sensors and determine the finger position on the slider when touched.

LED: The LED module is used to display the output based on the data from CapSense.

EzI2Cs: The EzI2Cs module configures the PSoC on a multifunction board as I2C slave. The slave data is available for acquisition using a bridge board that is configured as I2C master.

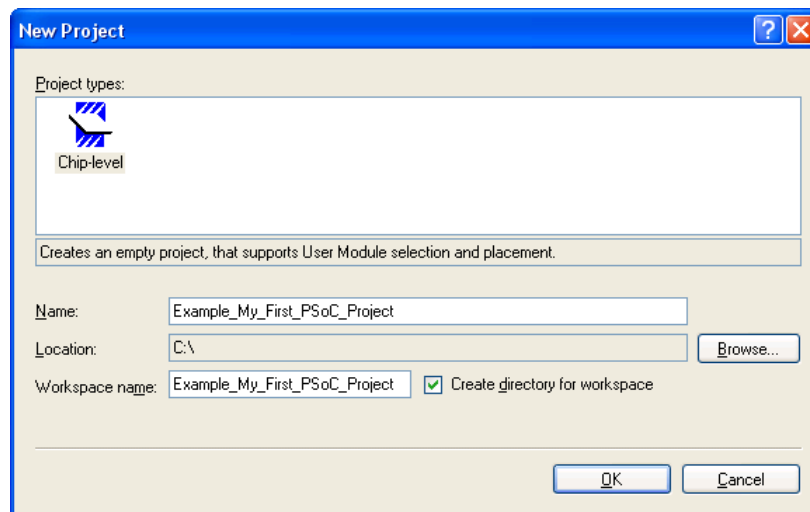
5.1.2 Flowchart



5.1.3 Creating My First PSoC 1 Project

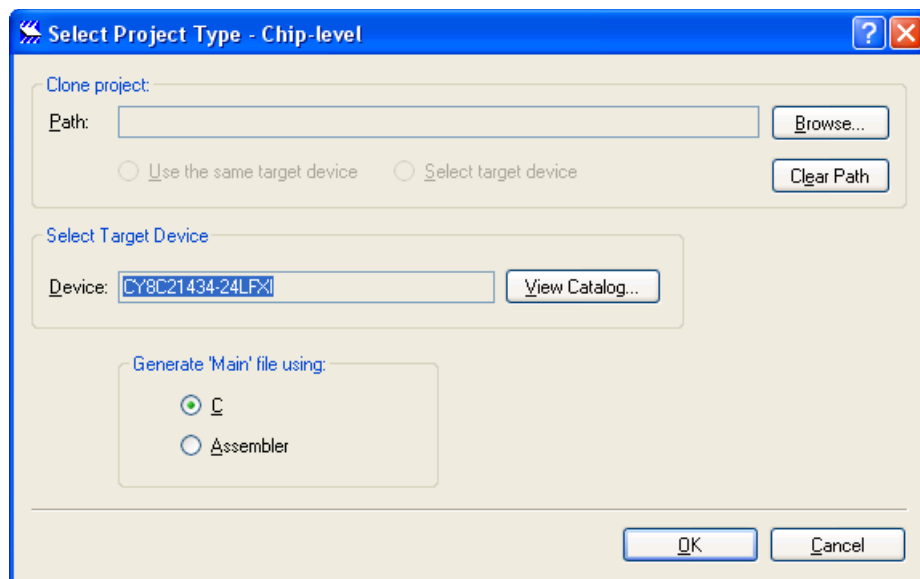
1. Open PSoC Designer.
2. To create a new project, click **File > New Project**. The New Project window opens.
3. In this window, select the **Chip-level** icon. Name the project **Example_My_First_PSoC_Project**, as shown in [Figure 5-1](#).
4. Click **Browse** and navigate to the directory in which the project must be created.

Figure 5-1. New Project Window



5. Click **OK**. The Select Project Type window opens.
6. In this window, under Select Target Device, click **View Catalog**; see [Figure 5-2](#).

Figure 5-2. Select Project Type Window



7. The Device Catalog window opens. Click on the **All Devices** tab.
8. Click **CY8C21434-24LFXI** and then click **Select**. See [Figure 5-3](#).

Figure 5-3. Device Catalog Window

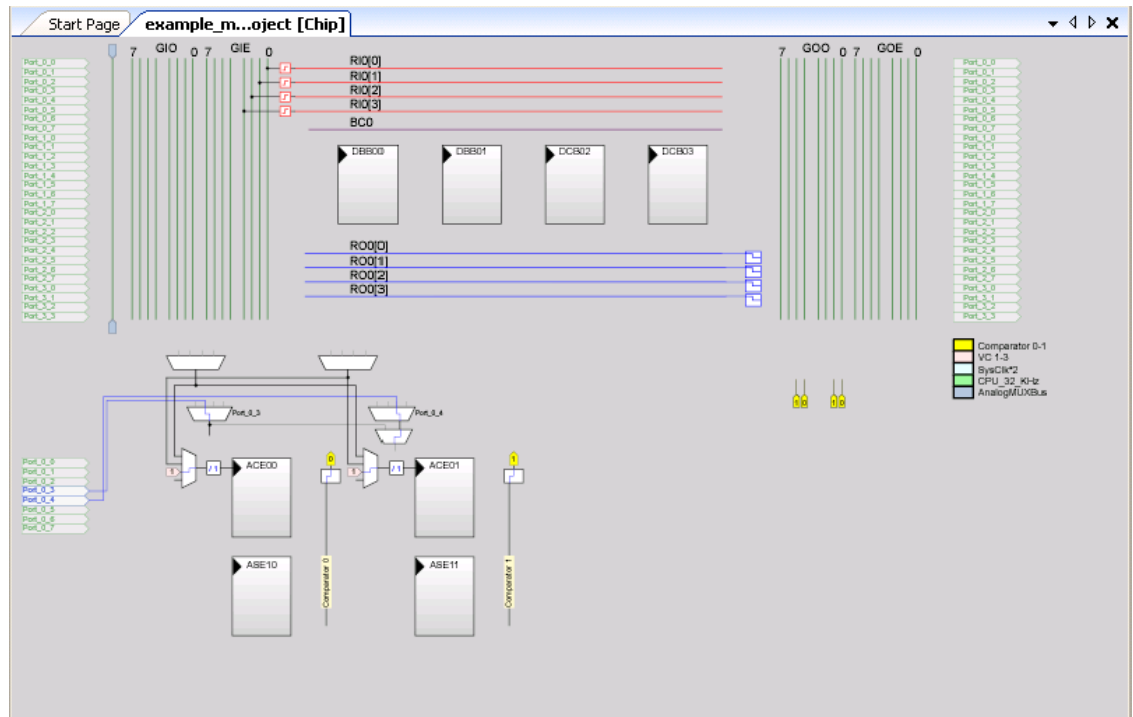
Device Catalog - Chip-level

Part Number	Analog Blocks	Digital Blocks	Flash	RAM	IO Count	Supply Voltage	SMP	USB Inter
Click here to Remove All Filters	all	all	all	all	all	all	all	all
CY8C20666A-24LTXI	1	0	32K	2K	36	1.71 to 5.5	N/A	Full-
CY8C20666AS-24LTXI	1	0	32K	2K	36	1.71 to 5.5	N/A	Full-
CY8C20746A-24FDXC	1	0	16K	2K	27	1.71 to 5.5	N/A	Full-
CY8C20766A-24FDXC	1	0	32K	2K	27	1.71 to 5.5	N/A	Full-
CY8C21123-24SXI	0 + *4	4	4K	256	6	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21223-24LGXI	0 + *4	4	4K	256	12	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21223-24SXI	0 + *4	4	4K	256	12	2.4 to 5.25	Yes	Full-
CY8C21234-24SXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	12	2.4 to 5.25	Yes	Full-
CY8C21234B-24SXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	12	2.4 to 5.25	Yes	Full-
CY8C21312-24PVXA	1	1	8K	512	16	3.0 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21323-24LFXI	0 + *4	4	4K	256	16	2.4 to 5.25	Yes	Full-
CY8C21323-24PVXI	0 + *4	4	4K	256	16	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21334-12PVXE	0 + *4	4	8K	512	16	4.75 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21334-24PVXA	0 + *4	4	8K	512	16	3.0 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21334-24PVXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	16	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21334B-24PVXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	16	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21345-12PVXE	6	4	8K	512	24	4.75 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21345-24PVXA	6	4	8K	512	24	3.0 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21345-24SXI	6	4	8K	512	24	3.0 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21434-24LFXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	28	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21434B-24LQXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	28	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21434B-24LTXI	0 + *4	4	8K	512	28	2.4 to 5.25	N/A	Full-
CY8C21512-24PVXA	1	1	8K	512	24	3.0 to 5.25	N/A	Full-

Show Part Image Select Close

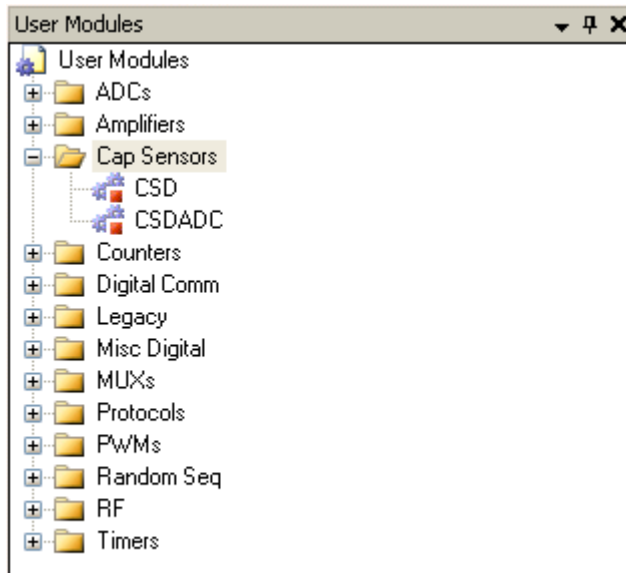
9. Under Generate 'Main' File Using, select **C** and then click **OK**.
10. By default, the project opens in chip view, as shown in Figure 5-4.

Figure 5-4. Default View



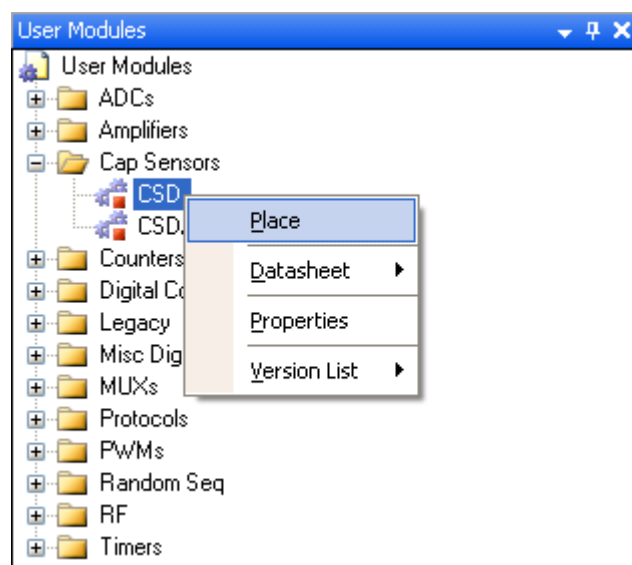
11. In the User Modules window, select the **Cap Sensors** folder and expand it.

Figure 5-5. User Modules Window



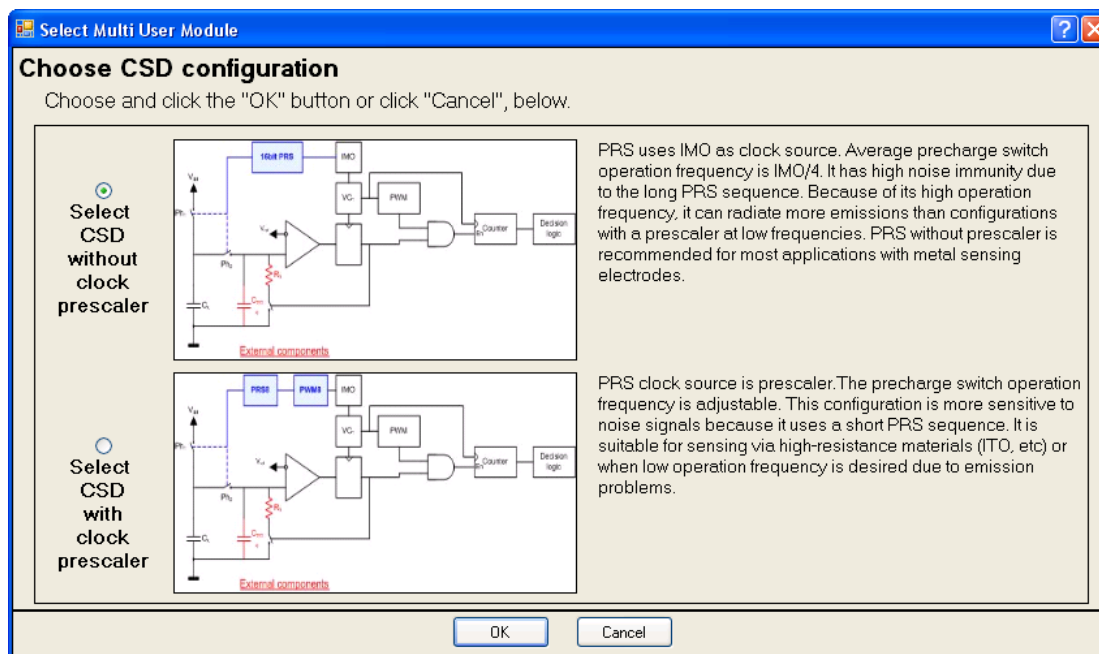
12. In this folder, right-click on **CSD** and select **Place**.

Figure 5-6. User Modules Window-CSD Select



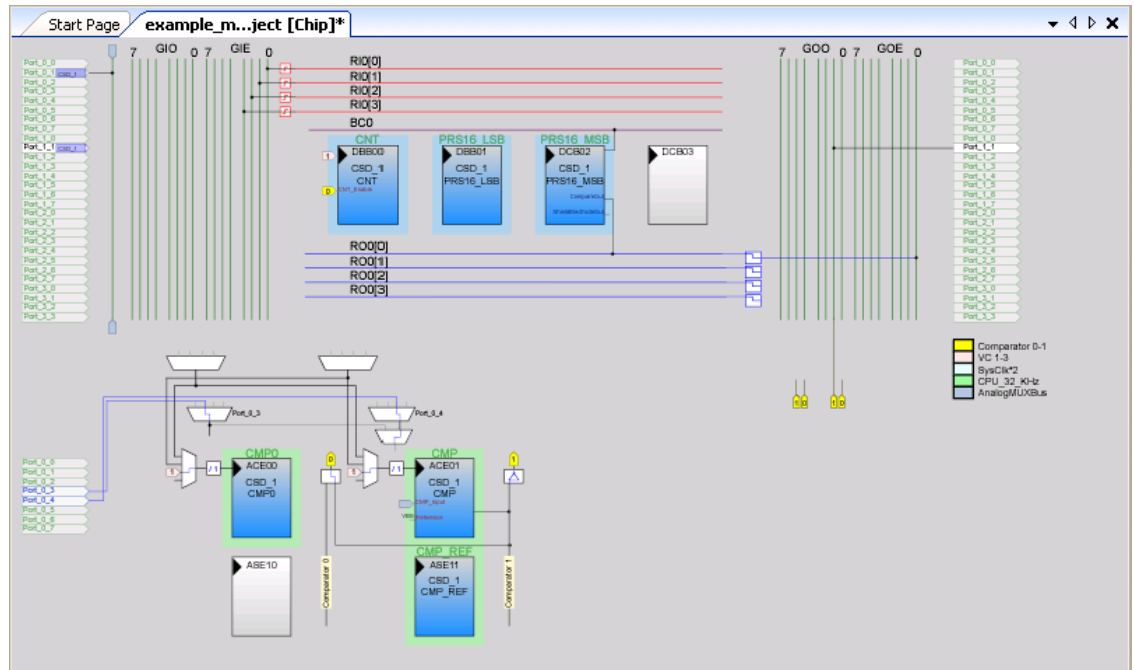
13. A pop-up window opens with the options for configuration of the CSD module. Click **Select CSD without clock prescaler**, as shown in Figure 5-7. Click **OK**.

Figure 5-7. CSD Configuration Window Select



14. The CSD user module is placed in the analog and digital blocks, as shown in Figure 5-8.

Figure 5-8. CSD User Module Placement



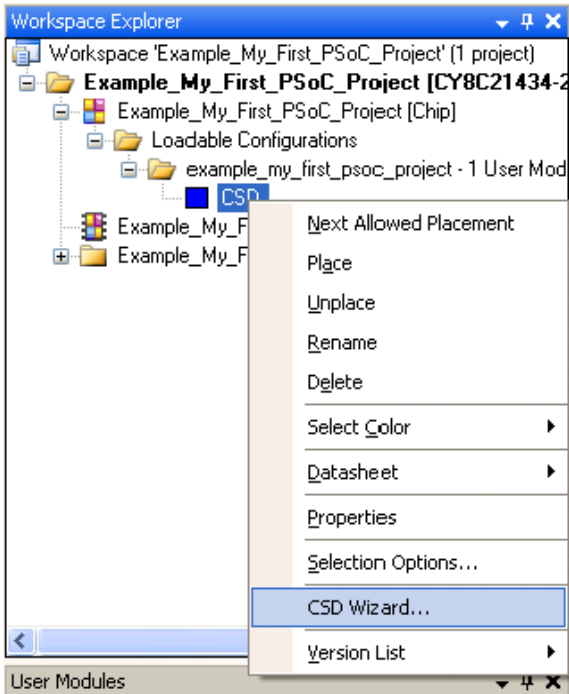
15. Rename CSD_1 as **CSD** and configure the CSD properties.

Figure 5-9. Configured CSD Parameters Window

Parameters - CSD_1	
Name	CSD
User Module	CSD
Version	1.50
FingerThreshold	40
NoiseThreshold	20
BaselineUpdateThreshold	200
Sensors Autoreset	Enabled
Hysteresis	10
Debounce	3
NegativeNoiseThreshold	20
LowBaselineReset	50
Scanning Speed	Normal
Resolution	12
Reference	VBG
Ref Value	2
ShieldElectrodeOut	None
Name Indicates the name used to identify this User Module instance	

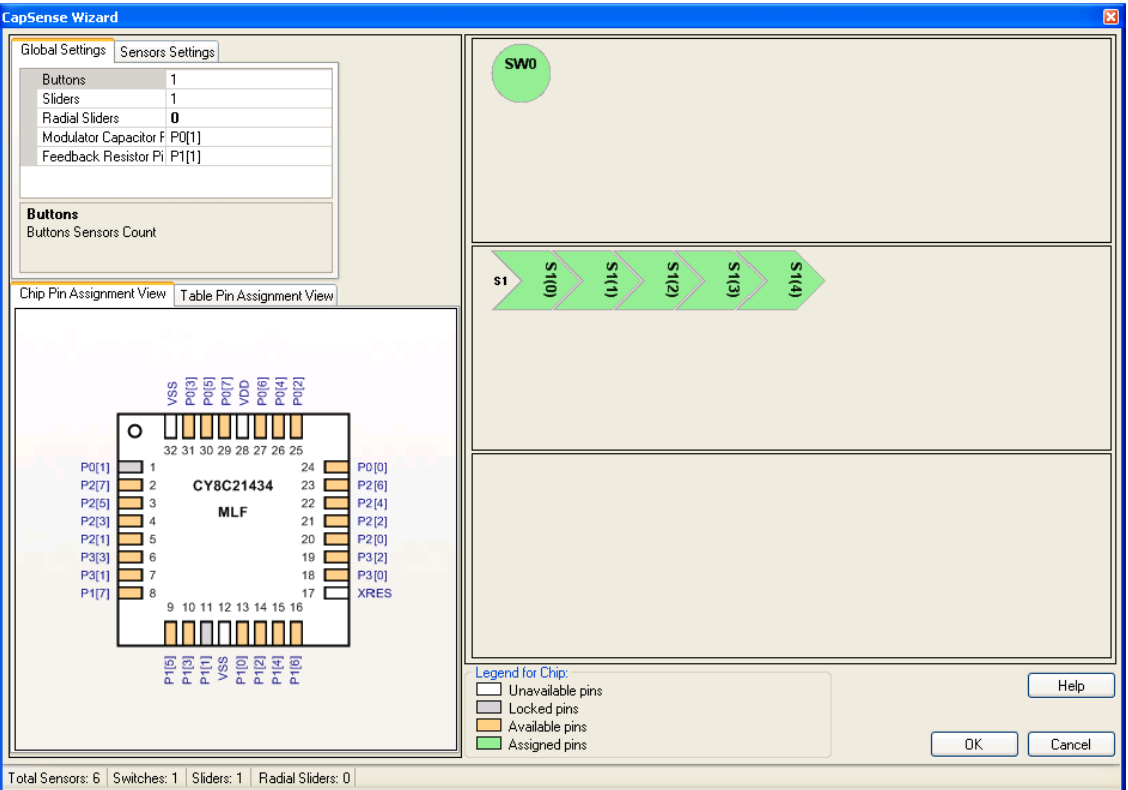
16. Right-click on the **CSD** folder and select **CSD Wizard**.

Figure 5-10. Select CSD Wizard



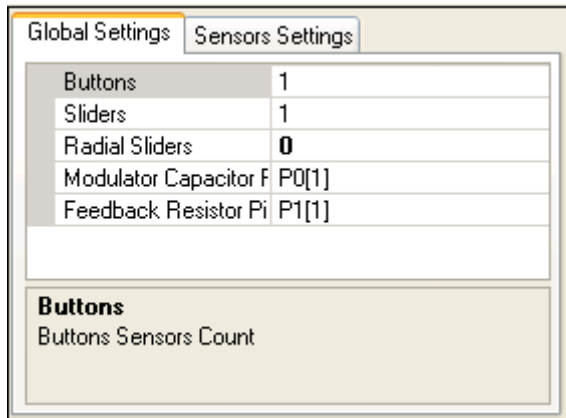
17. Open the CSD Wizard window.

Figure 5-11. Default CSD Wizard Window



18. Figure 5-12 shows the default settings in the Global Settings window. Configure the parameters in the window, as shown in Figure 5-13.

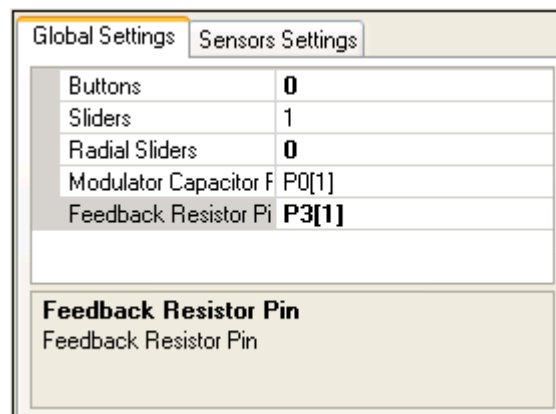
Figure 5-12. Default Global Settings Window



Global Settings	
Buttons	1
Sliders	1
Radial Sliders	0
Modulator Capacitor F	P0[1]
Feedback Resistor Pi	P1[1]

Buttons
Buttons Sensors Count

Figure 5-13. Configured Global Settings Window

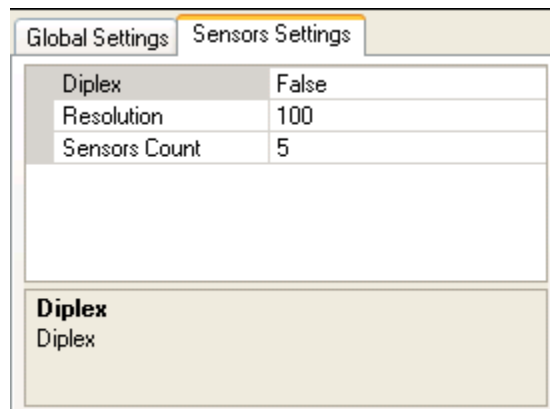


Global Settings	
Buttons	0
Sliders	1
Radial Sliders	0
Modulator Capacitor F	P0[1]
Feedback Resistor Pi	P3[1]

Feedback Resistor Pin
Feedback Resistor Pin

19. Click on the **Slider** in the CSD Wizard. The default settings in the Sensors Settings window are shown in the following figure.

Figure 5-14. Default Sensors Settings

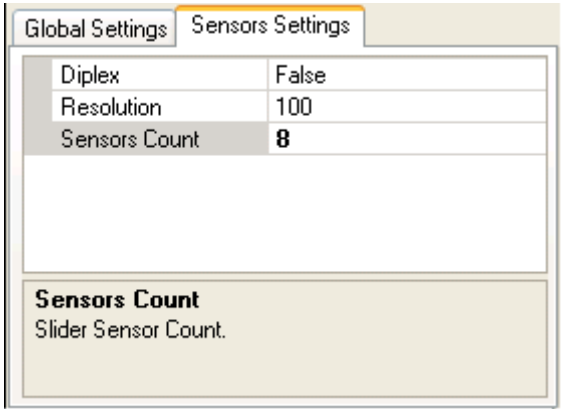


Sensors Settings	
Diplex	False
Resolution	100
Sensors Count	5

Diplex
Diplex

20. Configure the parameters in the Sensors Settings, as shown in [Figure 5-15](#).

Figure 5-15. Configured Sensor Settings

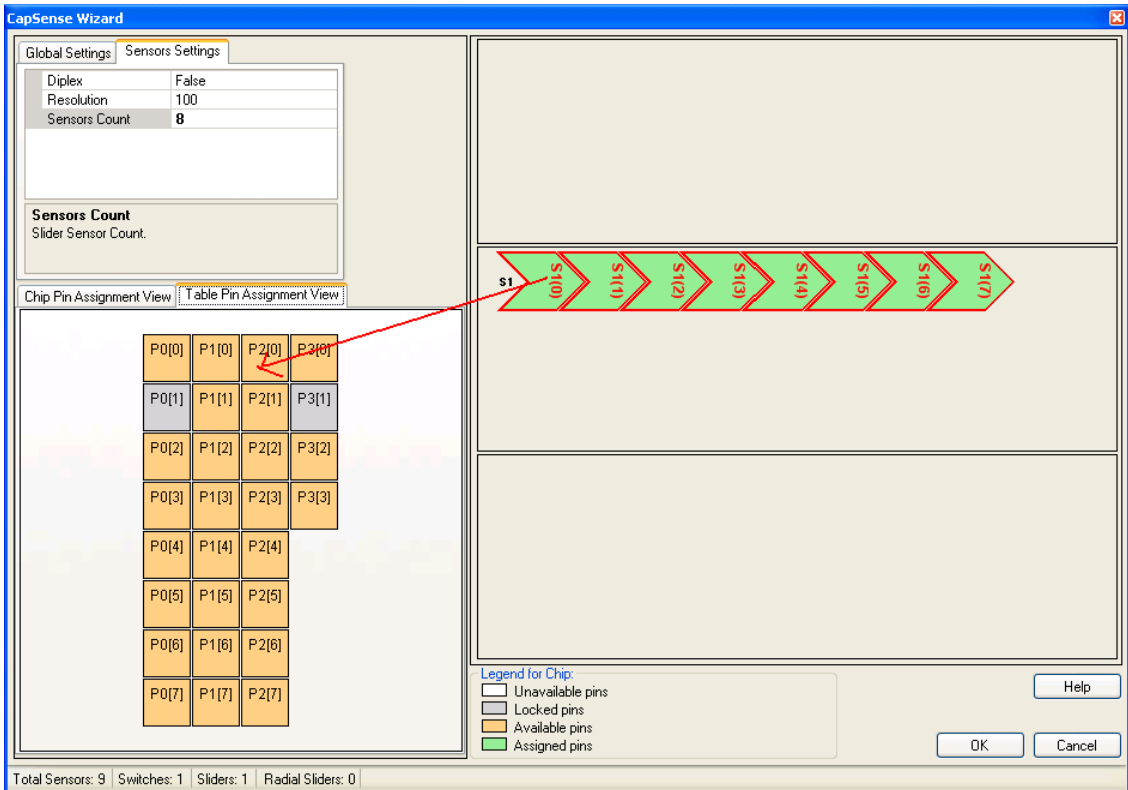


Diplex	False
Resolution	100
Sensors Count	8

Sensors Count
Slider Sensor Count.

21. To assign the sensor on the particular pin, click and drag from the sensor block to the required pin in either the Chip Pin Assignment View or Table Pin Assignment View in the CapSense wizard. Drag and drop S1 (0) of the slider to pin P2 [0]. The sensor pin assignment can be done in either Table Pin Assignment View ([Figure 5-16](#)) or Chip Pin Assignment View ([Figure 5-17](#)).

Figure 5-16. S1 (0) Placed on P2 [0] Pin Block



CapSense Wizard

Global Settings | **Sensors Settings**

Diplex	False
Resolution	100
Sensors Count	8

Sensors Count
Slider Sensor Count.

Chip Pin Assignment View | **Table Pin Assignment View**

P0[0]	P1[0]	P2[0]	P3[0]
P0[1]	P1[1]	P2[1]	P3[1]
P0[2]	P1[2]	P2[2]	P3[2]
P0[3]	P1[3]	P2[3]	P3[3]
P0[4]	P1[4]	P2[4]	
P0[5]	P1[5]	P2[5]	
P0[6]	P1[6]	P2[6]	
P0[7]	P1[7]	P2[7]	

Sensors

S1 (0) S1(1) S1(2) S1(3) S1(4) S1(5) S1(6) S1(7)

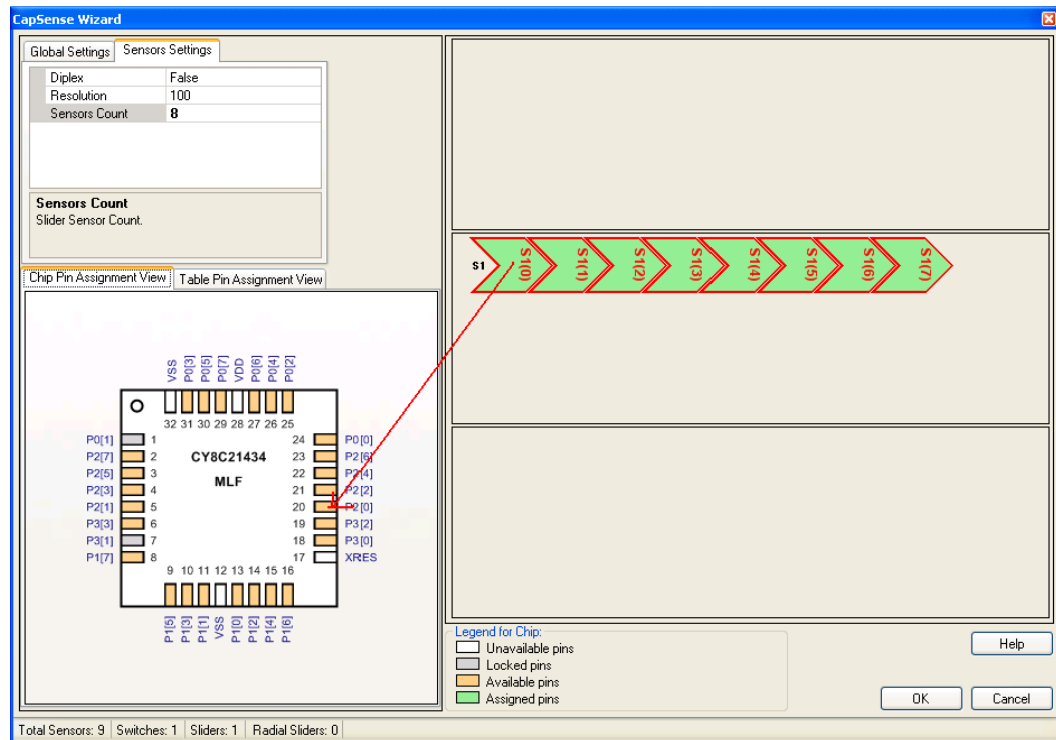
Legend for Chip:

- Unavailable pins
- Locked pins
- Available pins
- Assigned pins

Help OK Cancel

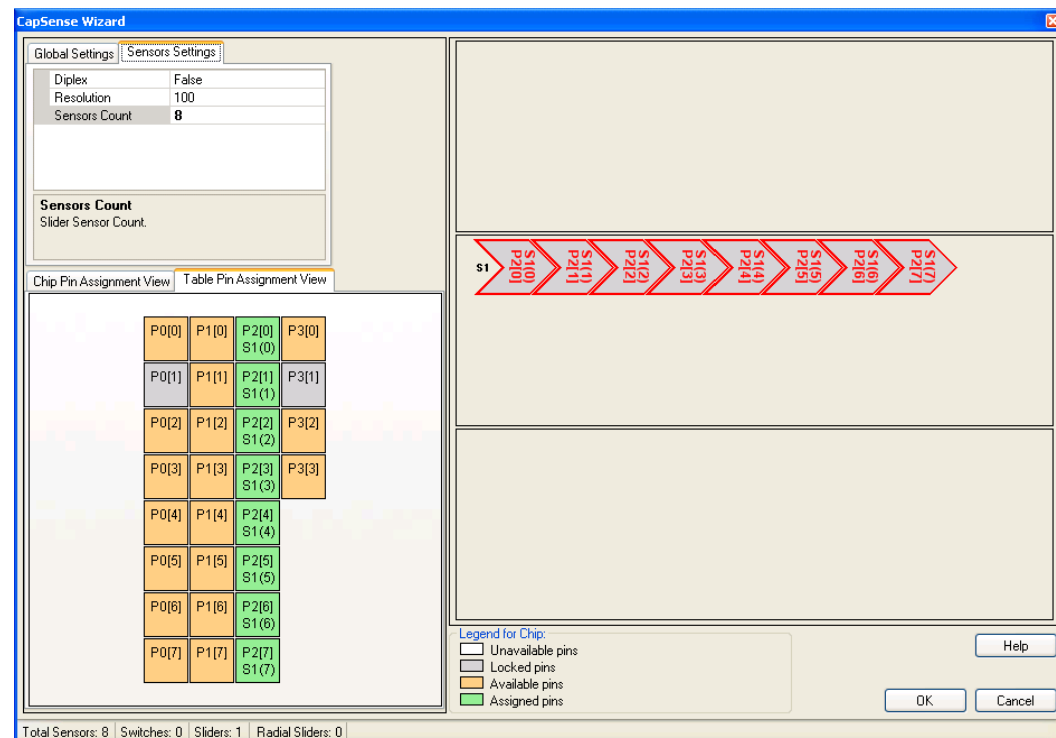
Total Sensors: 9 | Switches: 1 | Sliders: 1 | Radial Sliders: 0

Figure 5-17. S1 (0) Assigned to Pin P2 [0]



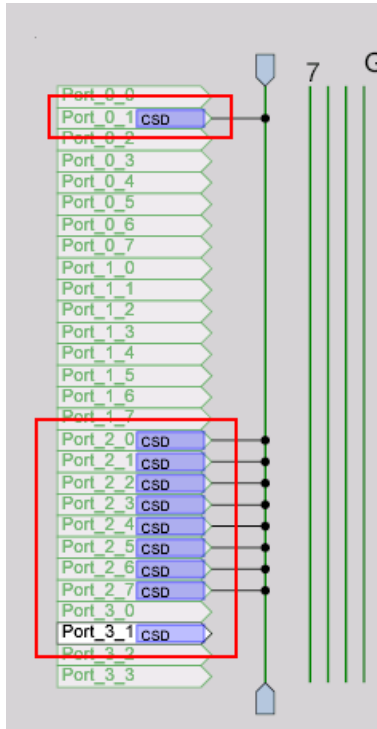
22. Similarly, assign all the sensors from S1(1) through S1(7) to pins P2[1] through P2[7], as shown in Figure 5-18 and click **OK**.

Figure 5-18. Sensors Assigned - Table Pin Assignment View



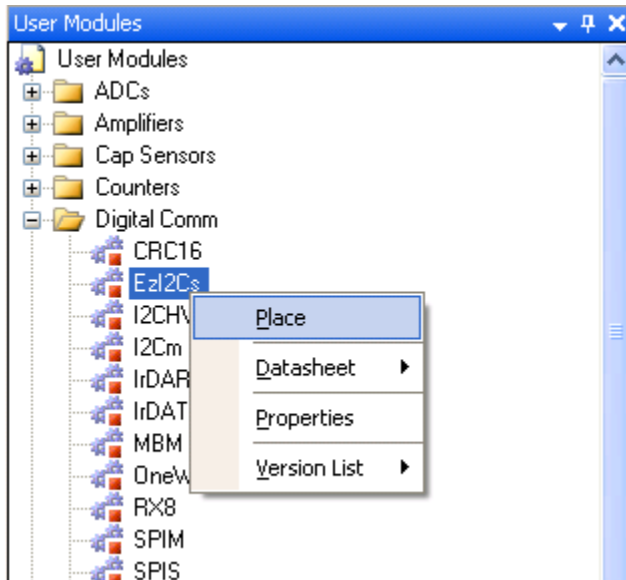
23. After configuration, the pins to which sensors are assigned are seen in the Chip Level diagram.

Figure 5-19. CSD Component



24. In the User Modules window, expand the **Digital Comm** folder, select **EzI2Cs**, right-click and select **Place**.

Figure 5-20. EzI2Cs User Module Selection



25. The EzI2Cs module does not require any digital or analog blocks for placement. It requires either (configurable) P1[0] and P1[1] or P1[5] and P1[7] port pins to operate as SCL and SDA.

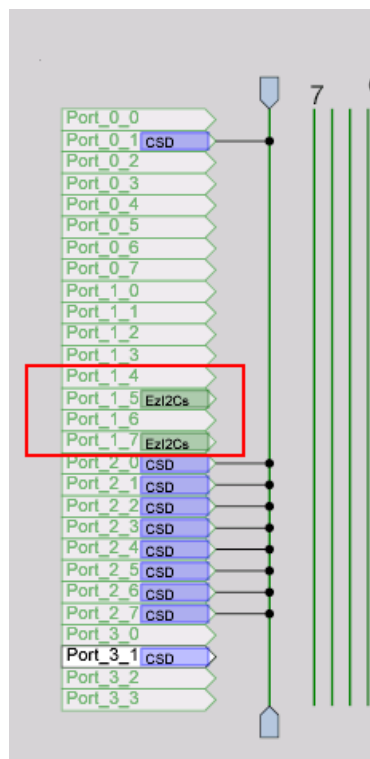
26. Configure the EzI2Cs properties, as shown in [Figure 5-21](#).

Figure 5-21. EzI2Cs Properties

Parameters - EzI2Cs	
Name	EzI2Cs
User Module	EzI2Cs
Version	1.30
Slave_Addr	5
Address_Type	Static
ROM_Registers	Disable
I2C Clock	50K Standard
I2C Pin	P[1]5-P[1]7

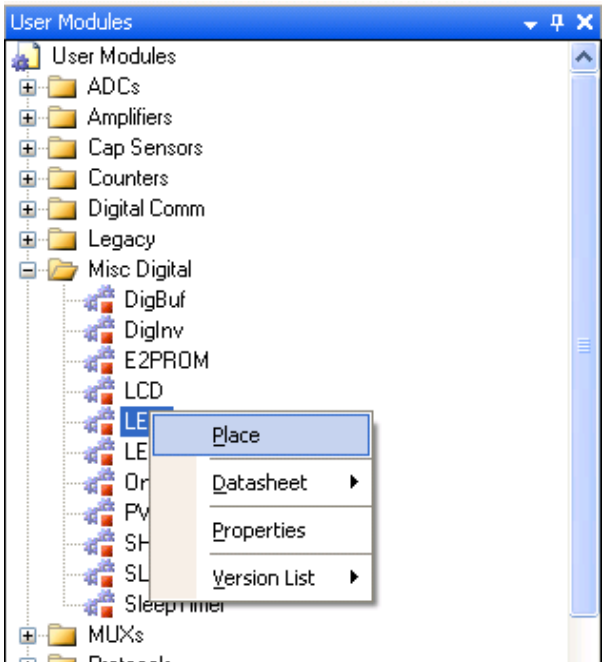
27. The EzI2Cs module can be seen in the Chip window, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 5-22. EzI2Cs Component



28. In the User Modules window, expand the **Misc Digital** folder, right-click on **LED**, and select **Place** to place the LED.

Figure 5-23. User Modules Window - LED Select



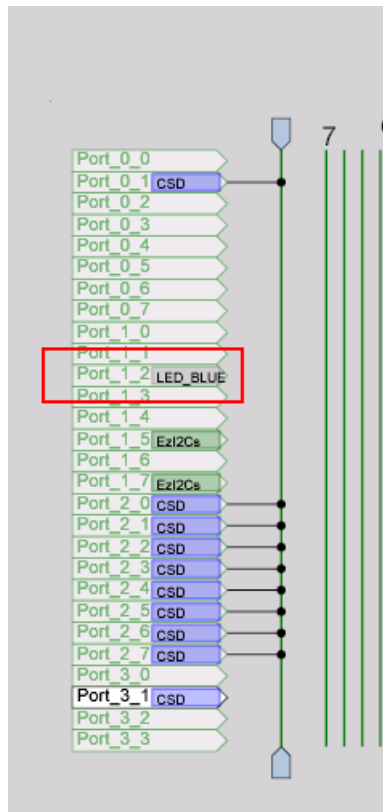
29. Configure the LED properties and rename as **LED_BLUE**, as shown in [Figure 5-24](#).

Figure 5-24. LED Properties

Parameters - LED_BLUE	
Name	LED_BLUE
User Module	LED
Version	1.40
Port	Port_1
Pin	Port_1_2
Drive	Active High

30. After configuration, the LED_BLUE is assigned and is visible in the Chip Level diagram.

Figure 5-25. LED User Module Placement



31. Similarly, place two more LED modules and configure, as shown in [Figure 5-26](#) and [Figure 5-27](#).

Figure 5-26. LED Properties

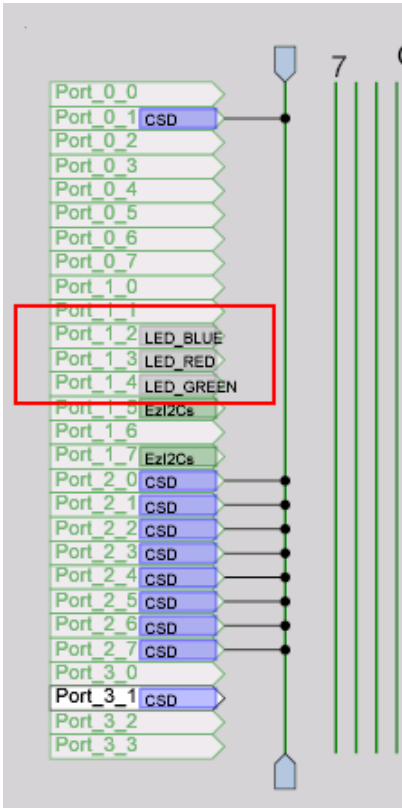
Parameters - LED_RED	
Name	LED_RED
User Module	LED
Version	1.40
Port	Port_1
Pin	Port_1_3
Drive	Active High

Figure 5-27. LED Properties

Parameters - LED_GREEN	
Name	LED_GREEN
User Module	LED
Version	1.40
Port	Port_1
Pin	Port_1_4
Drive	Active High

32. LED_GREEN, LED_RED, and LED_BLUE are placed in their respective ports.

Figure 5-28. All LEDs Placed



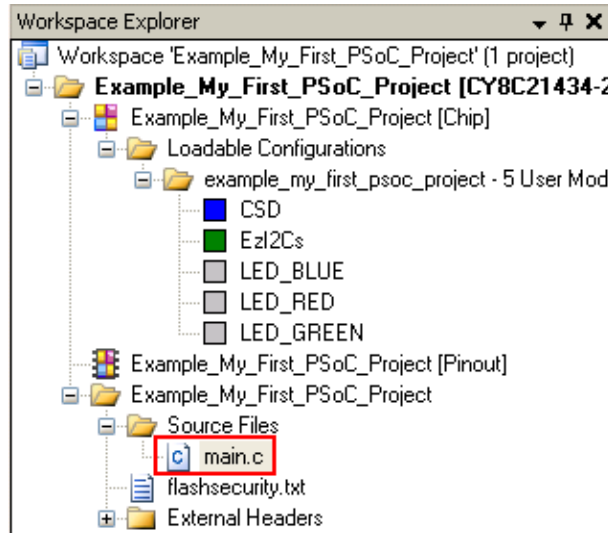
33.Keep the default values for Global Resources window.

Figure 5-29. Global Resources Window

Global Resources - example_my_first_psoc_project	
Power Setting [Vcc / 5.0V / 24MHz	
CPU_Clock	SysClk/8
Sleep_Timer	512_Hz
VC1= SysClk/N	16
VC2= VC1/N	16
VC3 Source	VC2
VC3 Divider	256
SysClk Source	Internal 24_MHz
SysClk*2 Disable	No
Trip Voltage [LVD (SMI	4.81V (5.00V)
LVD ThrottleBack	Disable
Watchdog Enable	Disable
Power Setting [Vcc / SysClk freq] Selects the nominal operation voltage and System Clock (SysClk) source, from which many internal clocks (V1, V2, V3, and CPU clocks) are derived. Registers Affected: CPU_SCR1...	

34. Open the existing *main.c* file within Workspace Explorer. Replace the existing *main.c* content with the content of *Example_My_First_PSoC_Project_Main.c* file, which is attached to this document.

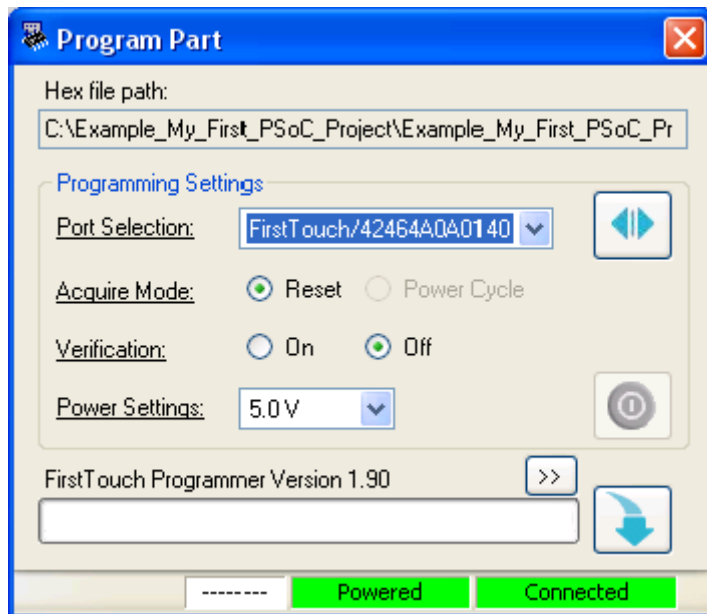
Figure 5-30. Workspace Explorer Window



35. Save the project.
36. Click on **Build > Generate/Build 'Example_My_First_PSoC_Project'**.
37. Connect the PC bridge to a free USB port on the PC.
38. Connect the FTMF card to the PC bridge
39. Click on **Program > Program Part**.

Note While programming the board through PSoC Designer, close any open instance of PSoC Programmer.

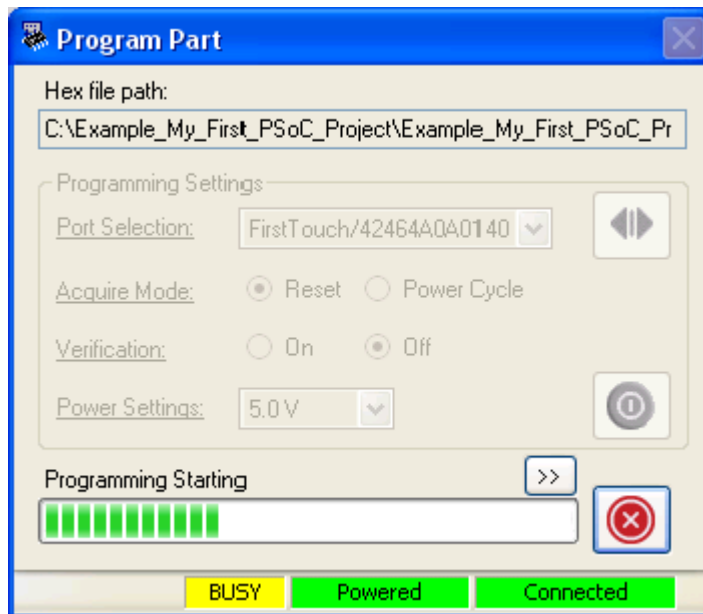
Figure 5-31. Program Part Window



40. In the Program Part window, set the following:

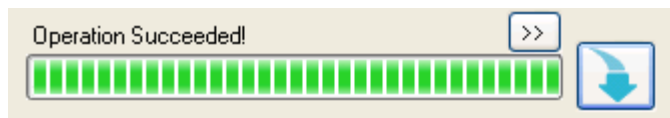
- a. In Port Selection drop down box, select **FirstTouch/<MiniProg Number>** and **Connected**
 - b. Acquire Mode: **Power Cycle**
 - c. Verification: **Off**
 - d. Power Settings: **5.0 V**
41. Click on the **Program** button to start programming the board.
42. The board starts programming; you can observe the status on the progress bar (Figure 5-32).

Figure 5-32. Programming Status



43. When the programming is done successfully, the 'Operation Succeeded!' message is shown.

Figure 5-33. 'Operation Succeeded!' Message

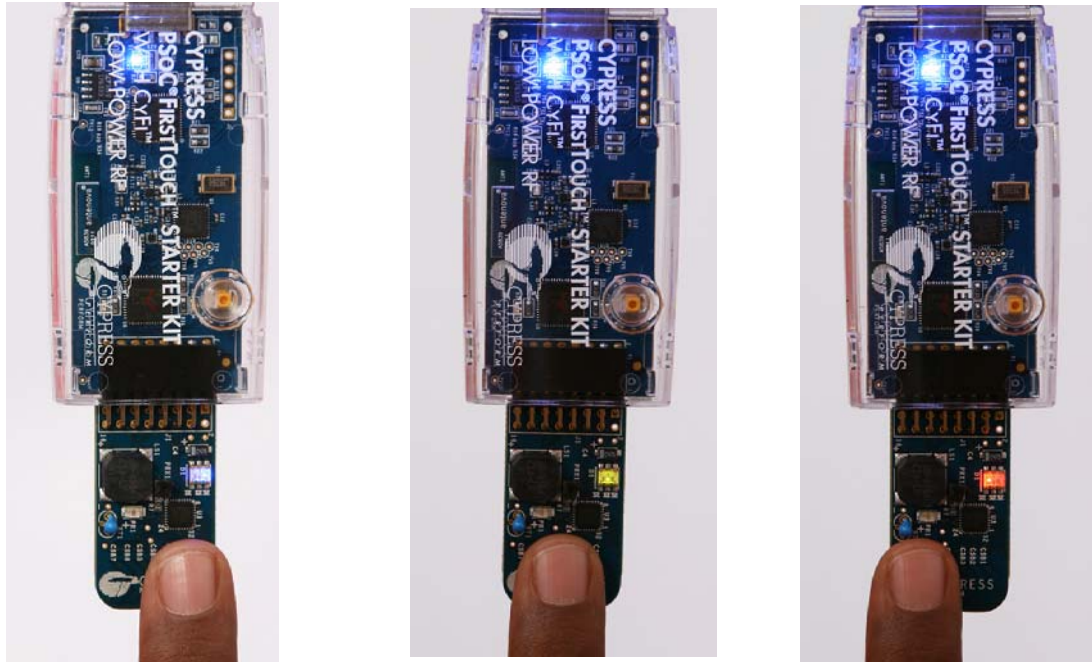


44. Disconnect the PC bridge from the USB port of the PC.

5.1.4 Verify Output

1. Move your finger across the CapSense slider to detect LED color change.
 - a. When the finger is on slider position CSB1-CSB3, the LED emits the color blue.
 - b. When the finger is on slider position CSB4 or CSB5, the LED emits the color green.
 - c. When the finger is on slider position CSB6 or CSB7, the LED emits the color red.
2. For all other slider positions, the LED is off. This includes the absence of a finger on the slider.

Figure 5-34. Finger Centroid and LED Update for CapSense Slider



Slider Position: CSB1-CSB3

Slider Position: CSB4-CSB5

Slider Position: CSB6-CSB7

To configure and connect FTMF board to the SCD and verify the output, see [Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard on page 15](#). Load *Template CapSense Slider.node.xml* and view the output on the GUI.

Figure 5-35. Connect RF Expansion Board to 2x AAA Alkaline Cell Battery and Multifunction Board

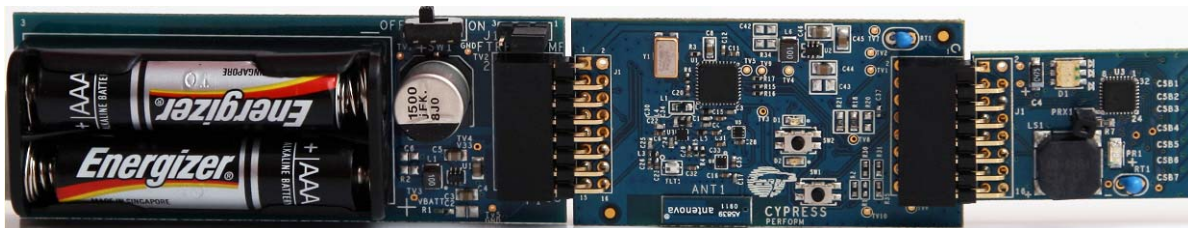
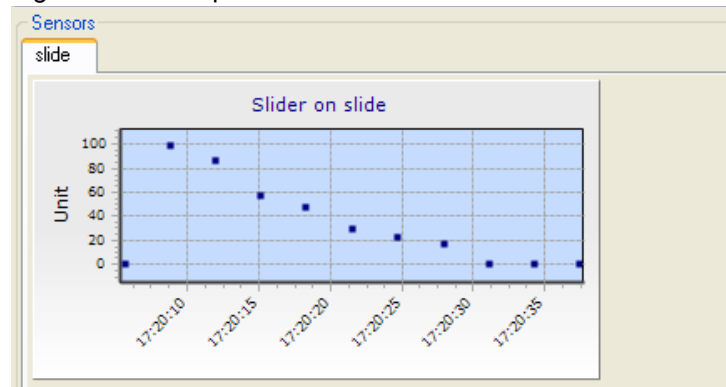


Figure 5-36. Output in Sense and Control Dashboard



5.2 Multifunction Expansion Card Light Sensor

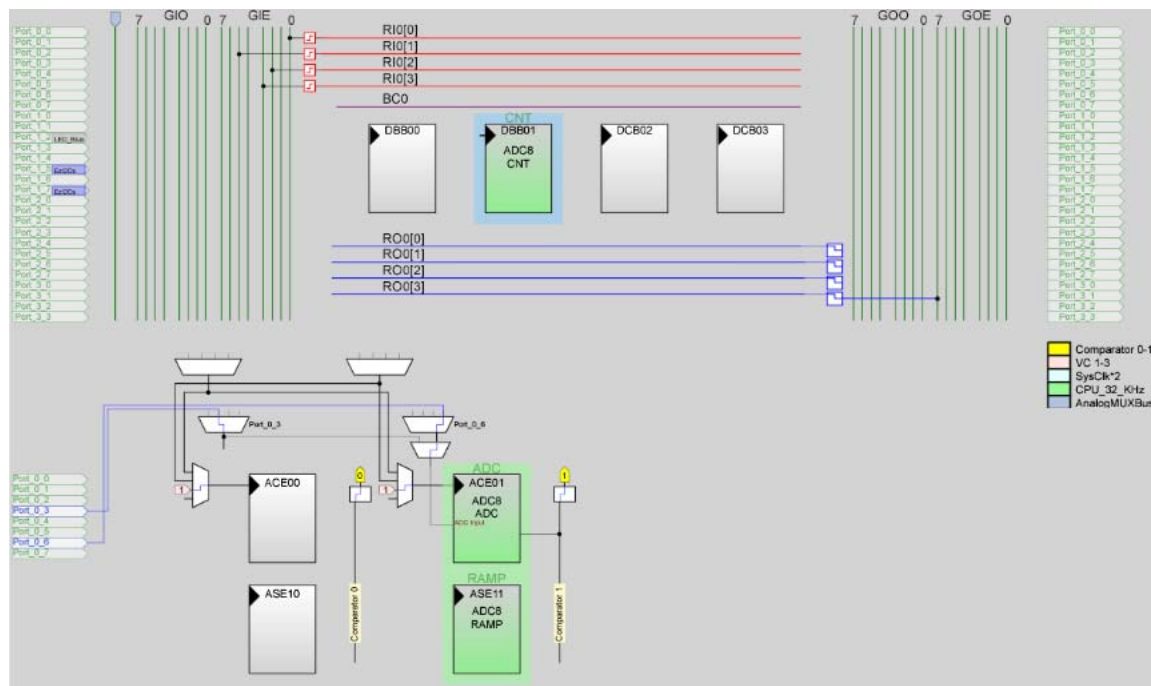
This project demonstrates how to use a light sensor to control the brightness of the LED array. The project includes the following user modules:

- **ADC:** This module converts the analog input to the digital form. The ADC module is used to obtain the digital values for light intensity.
- **LED:** This module is used to display the output based on data from CapSense.
- **EzI2Cs:** This module configures PSoC on the multifunction board as I2C slave. The slave data is available for acquisition using a bridge board that is configured as I2C master.

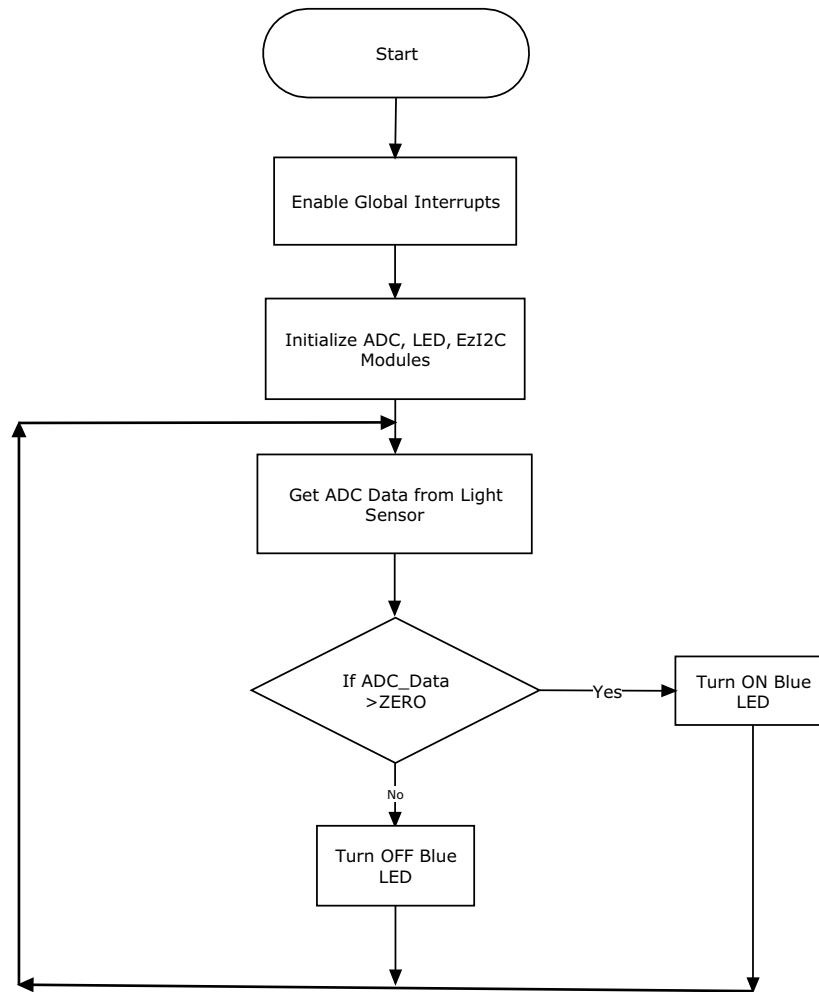
5.2.1 Device Configuration

The Chip Level View of the project after placing all the required user modules is shown in [Figure 5-37](#).

Figure 5-37. Device Configuration for Light Sensor



5.2.2 Flowchart



5.2.3 Verify Output

When there is light, the LED is switched on; when there is no light, the LED is switched off.

Figure 5-38. Light Sense Output - LED Off

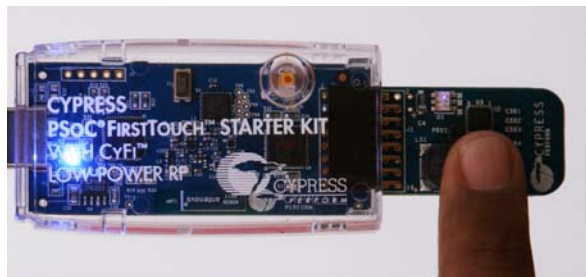


Figure 5-39. Light Sense Output - LED On



To configure and connect FTMF board to the SCD and verify the output, see [Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard on page 15](#). Load the *Template Light.node.xml* and view the output on the GUI.

Figure 5-40. Connect RF Expansion Board to 2x AAA Alkaline Battery and Multifunction Board

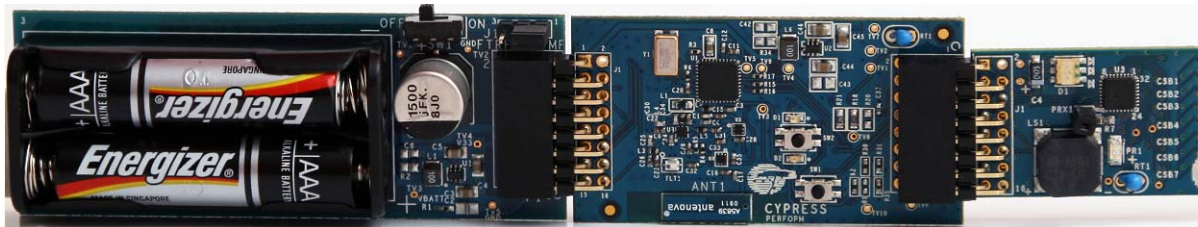
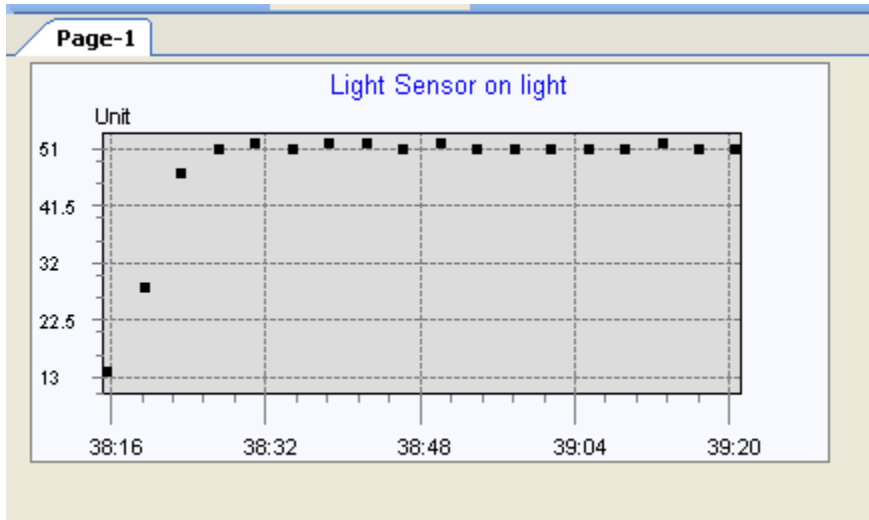


Figure 5-41. SCD Output



5.3 Multifunction Expansion Card Proximity Sensor

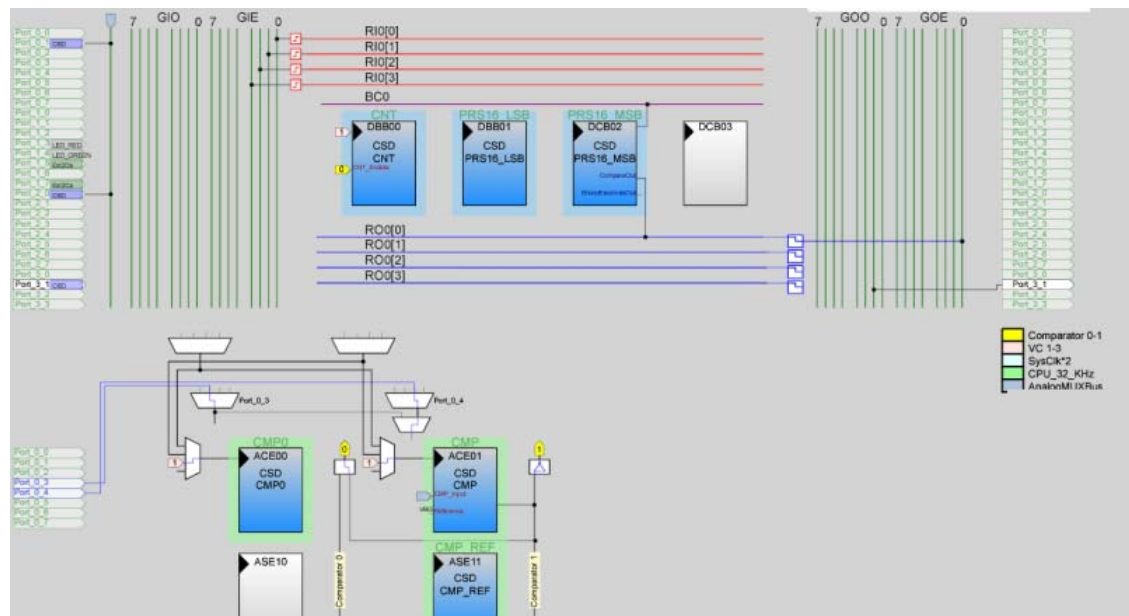
This project demonstrates the capacitive sensing and proximity detection capability of the PSoC technology. Proximity detection requires that you use the supplied blue proximity antenna. Insert the bare end of the wire in the PRX1 connector located in the middle of the board. As you move your finger near and far from the proximity detection antenna, the red and green LED turn on and off. The project includes the following user modules:

- **CSD:** This module is used to scan CapSense-based proximity sensor and determine the proximity of an object to the antenna.
- **LED:** LED is used to display the output based on the data from CapSense.
- **EzI2Cs:** The EzI2Cs module configures the PSoC on multifunction board as I2C slave. The slave data is available for acquisition using a bridge board that is configured as I2C master.

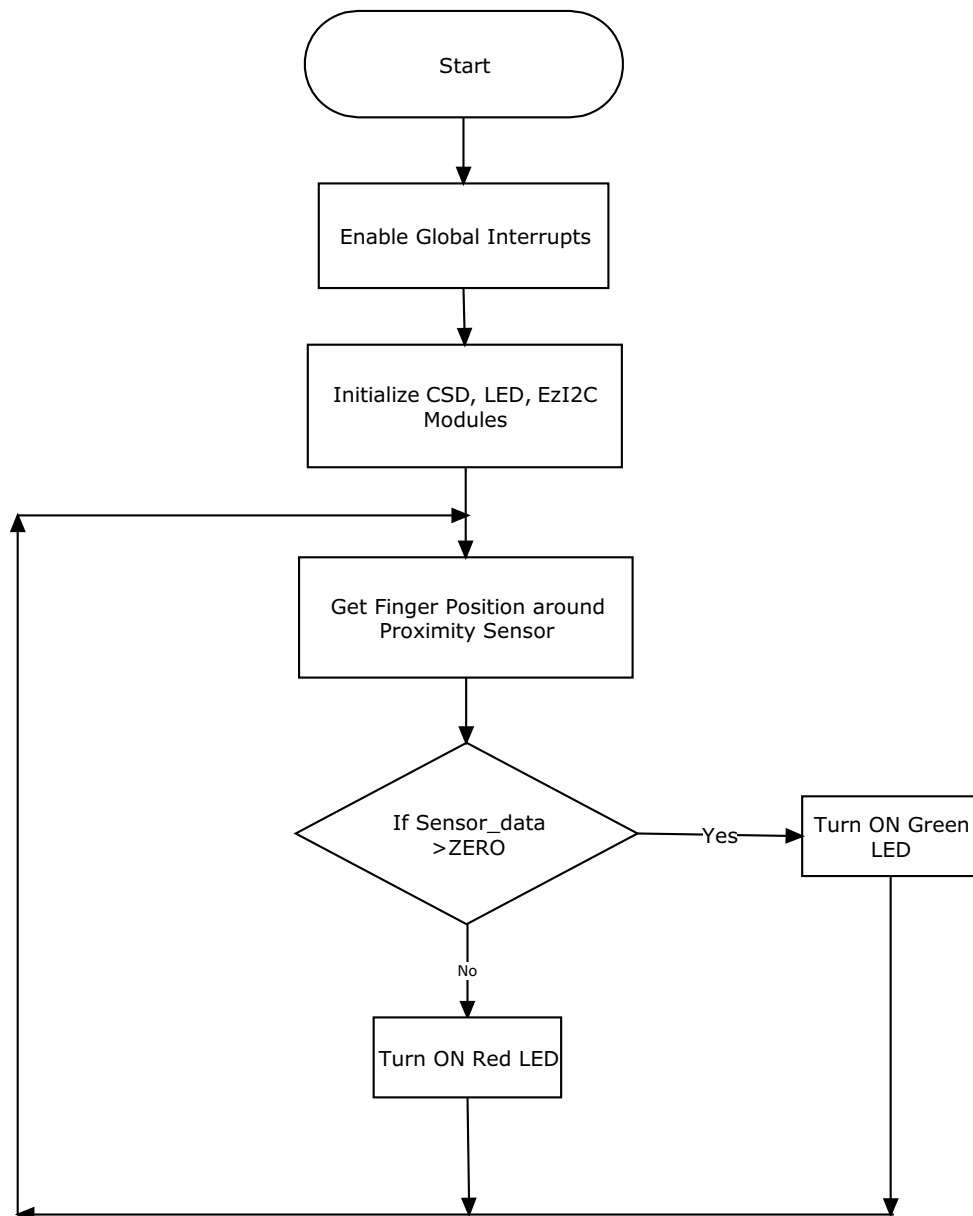
5.3.1 Device Configuration

The Chip Level View of the project after placing all the required user modules is shown in Figure 5-42.

Figure 5-42. Device Configuration of Proximity Sensor



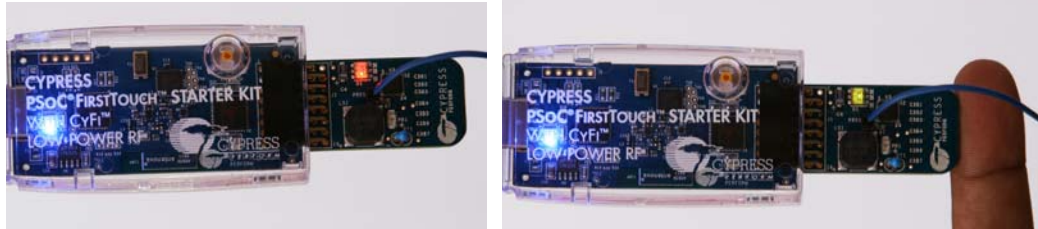
5.3.2 Flowchart



5.3.3 Verify Output

LED color changes to green when the finger is brought near the proximity antenna. LED color remains red when the finger is not present near antenna.

Figure 5-43. Proximity Antenna Output



To configure and connect FTMF board to the SCD and verify the output see [Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard on page 15](#). Load *Template Proximity.node.xml* and view the output on the GUI.

Figure 5-44. Connect RF Expansion Board to 2x AAA Alkaline Battery and Multifunction Board

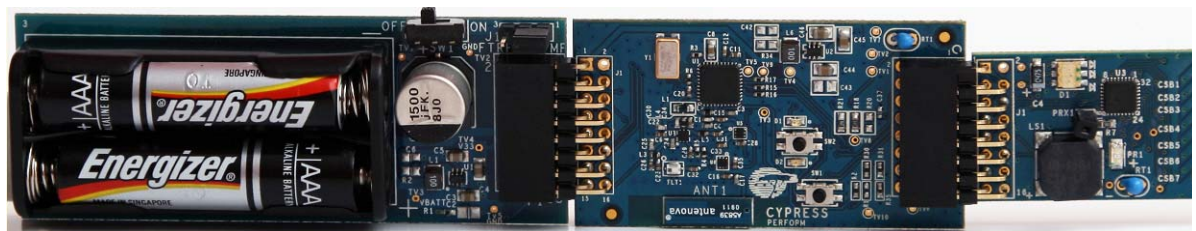
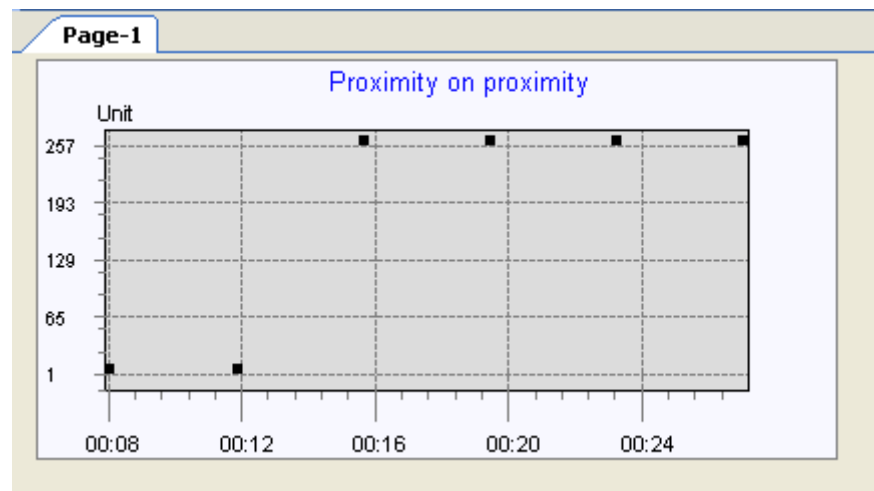
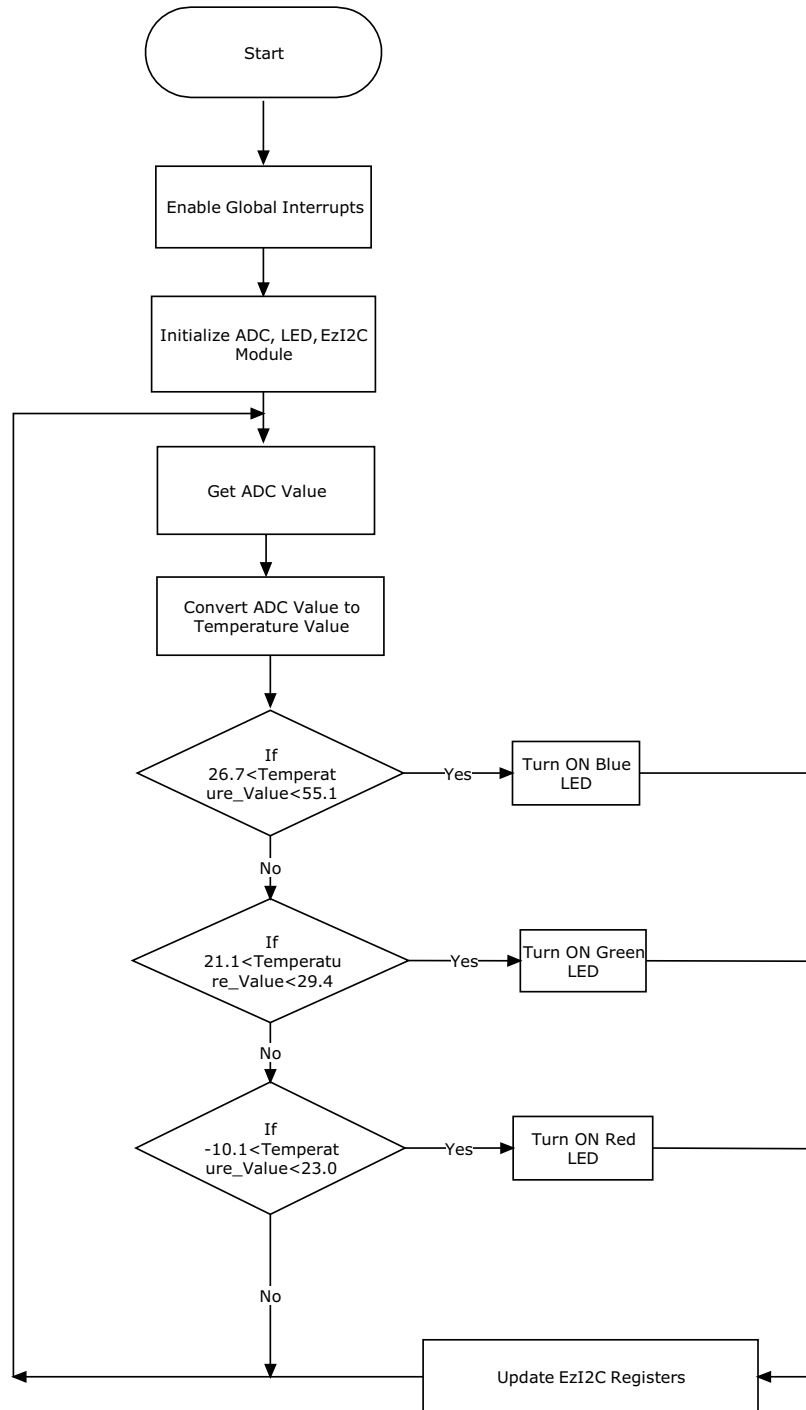


Figure 5-45. SCD Output



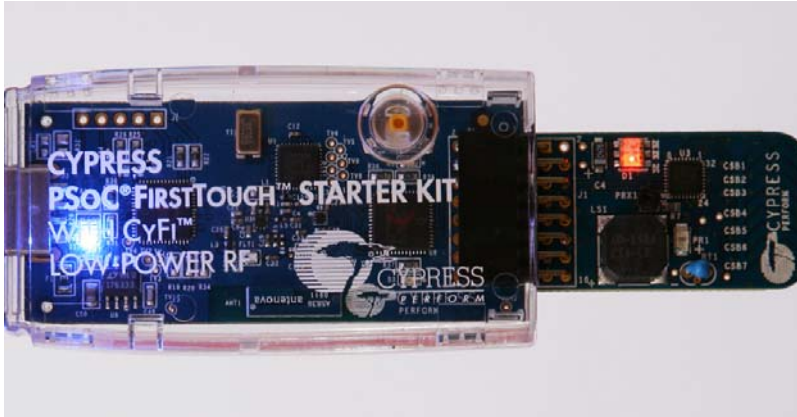
5.4.2 Flowchart



5.4.3 Verify Output

- The red LED is 'On' only if the temperature is between 28 °C and 55 °C.
- The green LED is 'On' only when the temperature is between 16 °C and 28 °C.
- The blue LED is 'On' only when the temperature is between 16 °C and –10.1 °C.

Figure 5-47. Temperature Reading and Updated LED Status



To configure and connect FTMF board to the SCD verify the output, see [Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard on page 15](#). Load *Template Temperature.node.xml* and view the output on the GUI.

Figure 5-48. Connect RF Expansion Board into 2x AAA Alkaline Battery and Multifunction Board

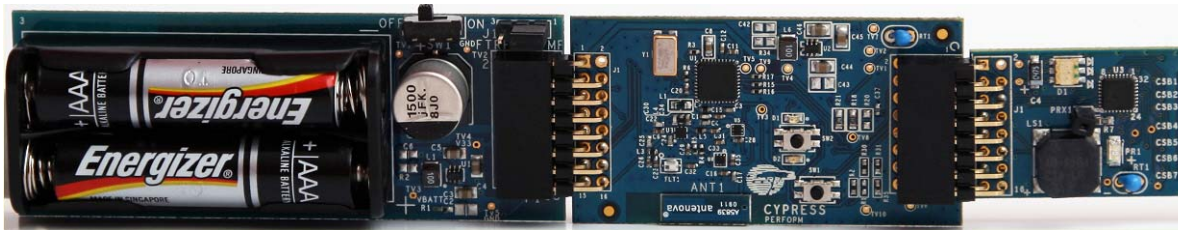
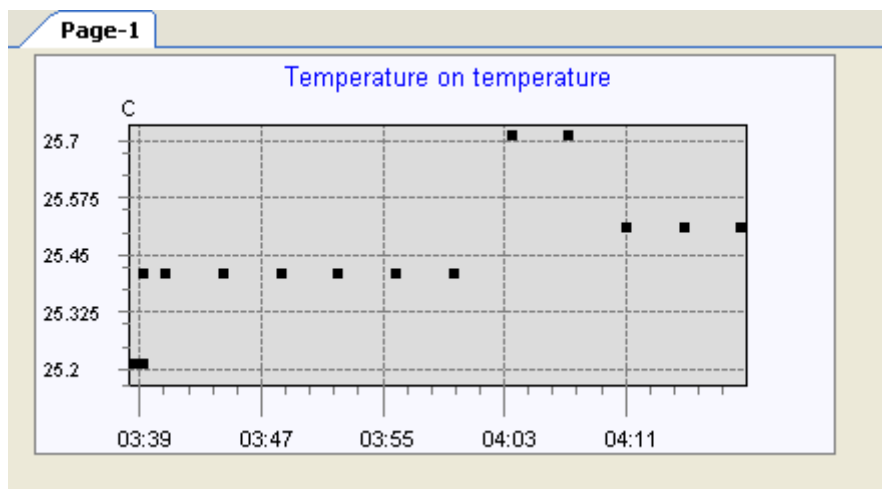


Figure 5-49. SCD Output



5.5 Ultra Low Power Wireless Temperature Sensor (RF_ULP_TEMP)

5.5.1 Project Description

This project demonstrates how the hub board connects to an RF expansion board driven by AAA/CR-2032 coin cell. The RF expansion board transmits temperature data acquired from an onboard thermistor. The hub receives this data and sends it to the host PC, which displays the temperature data in text or graph form on the SCD. The project includes the following user modules:

- **CYFISNP:** This module implements the entire star network wireless protocol and all protocol modes, in addition to low level radio communication and radio control by the MCU.
- **ADCINC:** The incremental ADC is used to calculate counts proportional to the voltages at P0.0 and P0.1. These values are used to measure the ambient temperature.
- **DigBuf:** This module generates an interrupt on the rising edge of Output1.
- **PGA:** This module facilitates the route ability of the analog inputs to the ADC analog block.
- **TX8:** This module is used for serial communication with host and for debugging.
- **Timer8:** This module implements an 8-bit timer that is clocked by a divider of SysClk. It is used to calibrate the sleep timer that is clocked by the 32 kHz system oscillator.

5.5.2 Hardware Connections

This demonstration showcases a low power RF solution that runs on a coin cell. It operates at 0 dBm RF power output.

Figure 5-50. Connect RF Expansion Board to CR-2032 Coin Cell

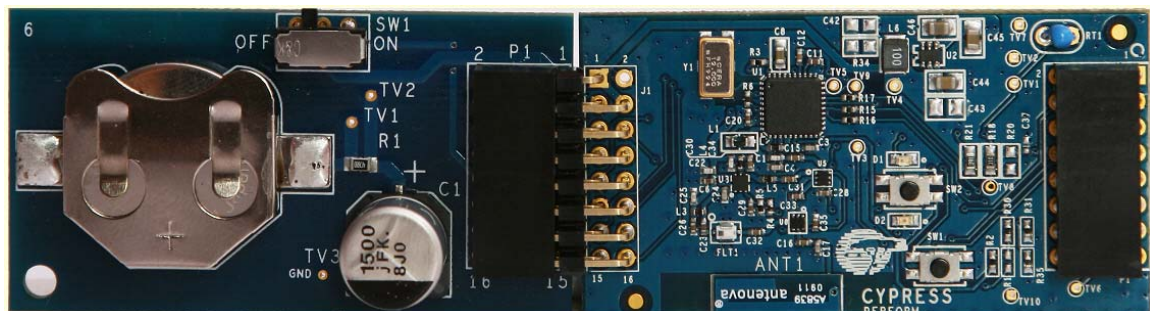
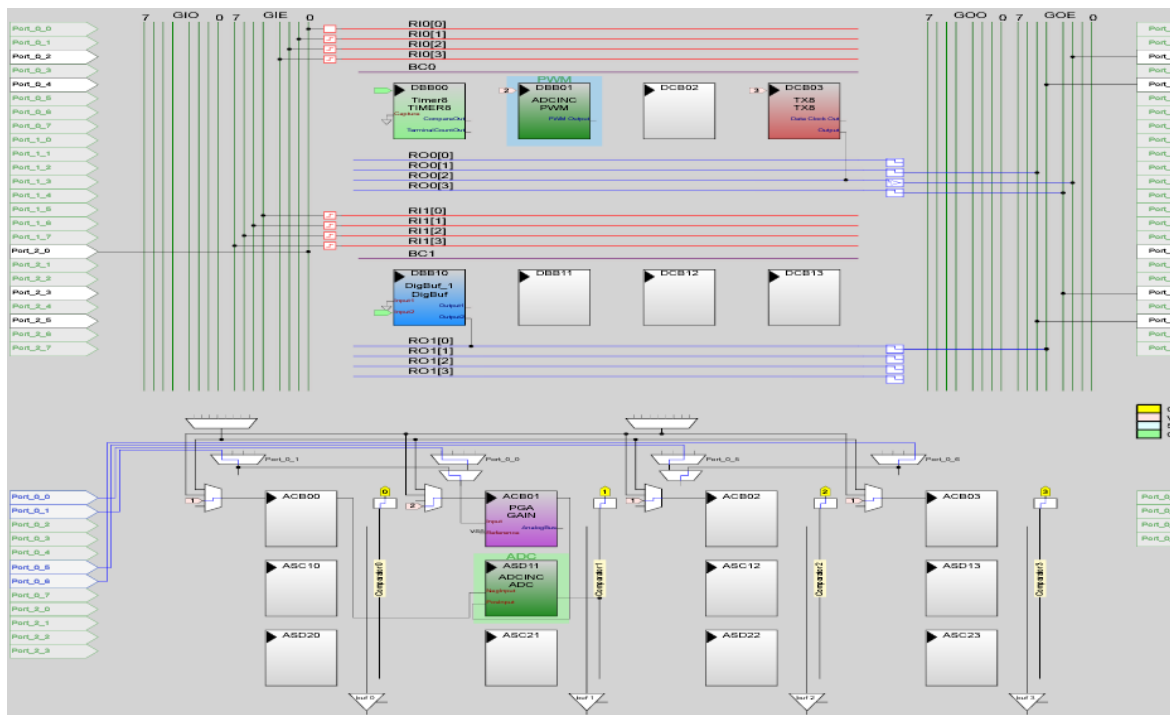
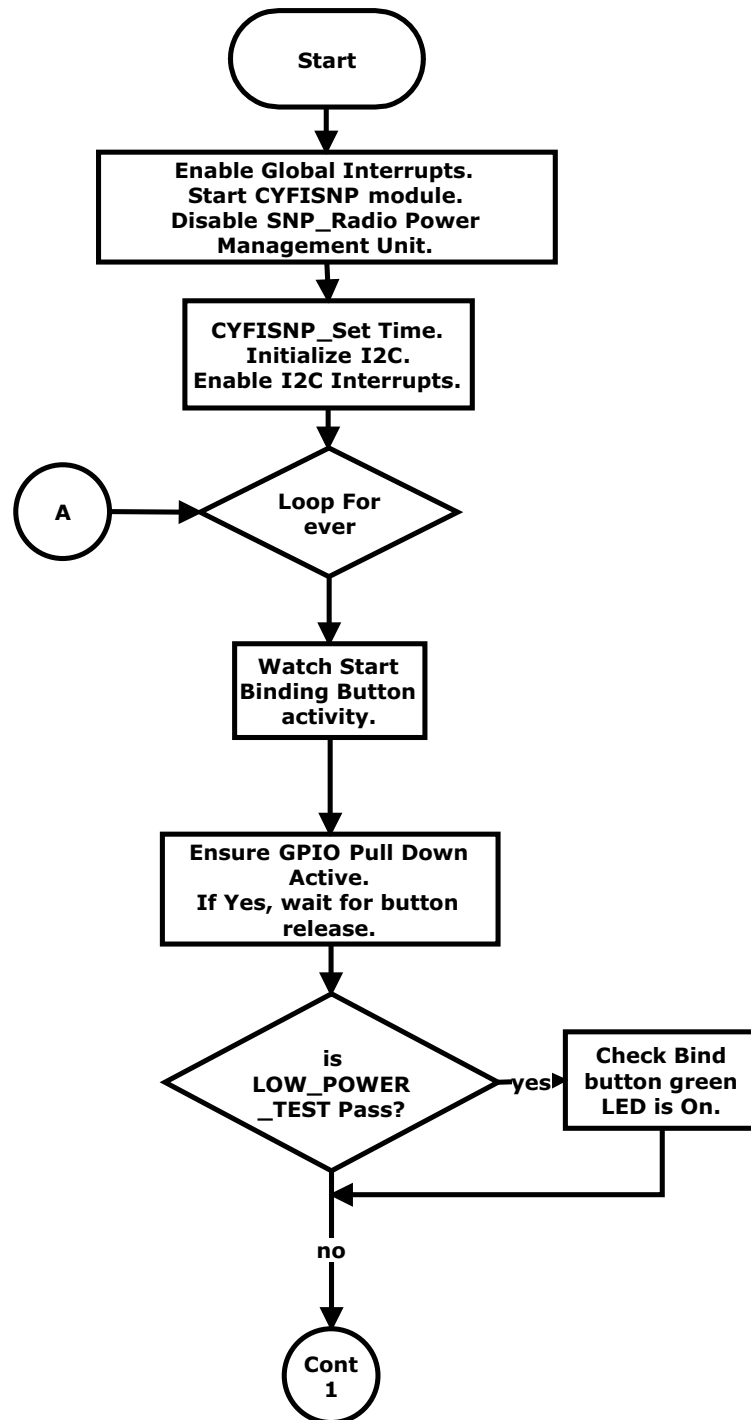
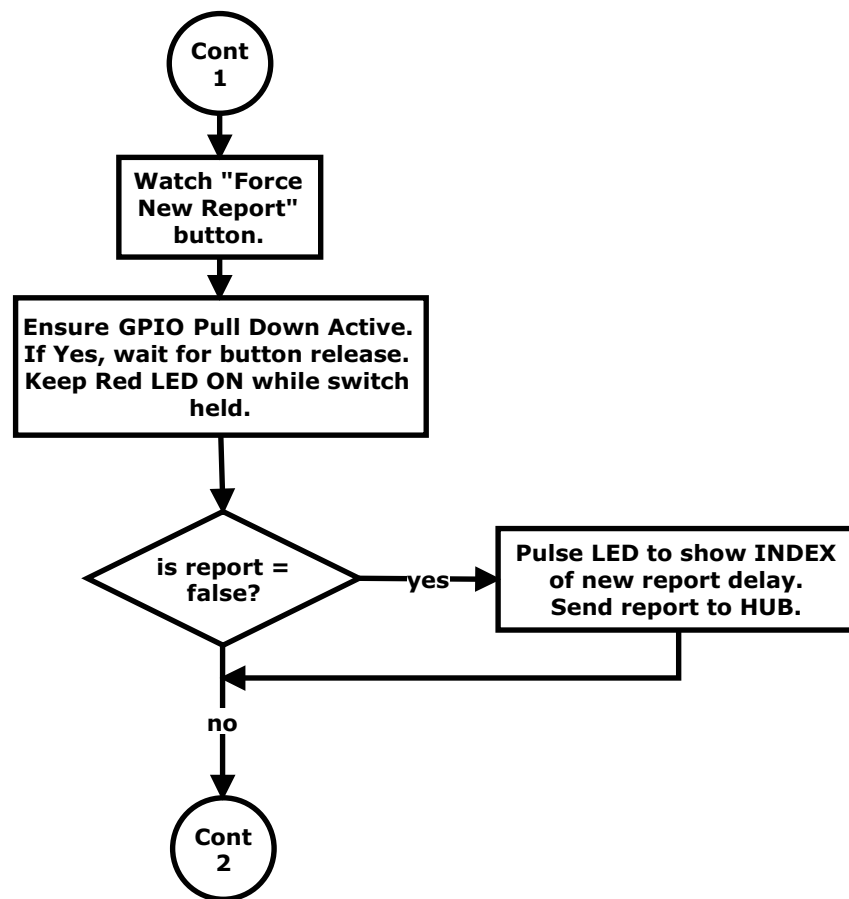


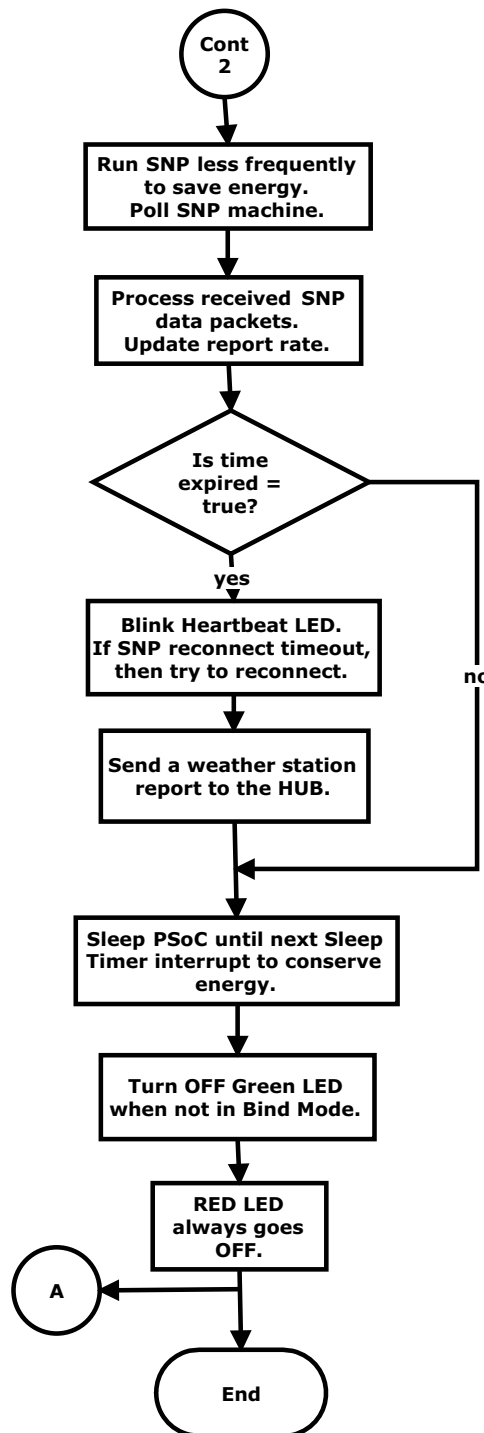
Figure 5-51. Device Configuration



5.5.4 Flowchart





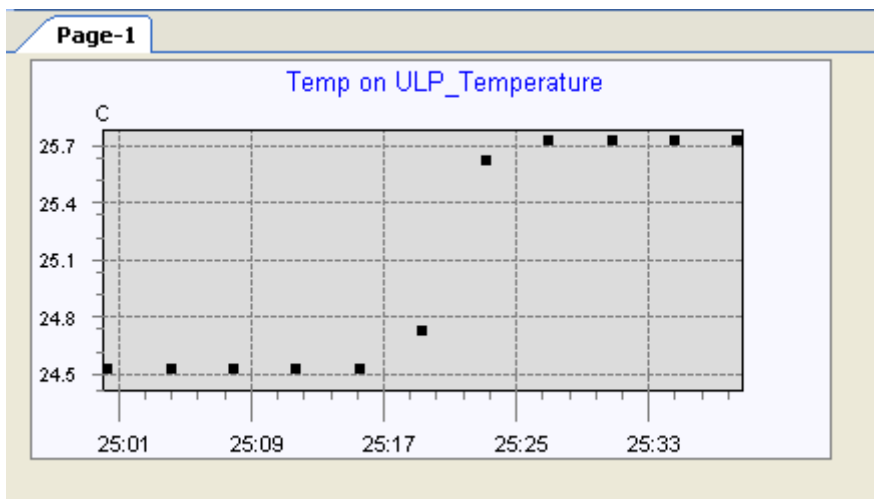


5.5.5 Verify Output

1. Connect the PC dongle to a free USB port of the PC.
2. Connect the FTRF board to the PC dongle.
3. Program the FTRF board with RF_ULP_TEMP.hex.

4. On programming the board successfully, disconnect it from the PC dongle and connect to CR2032 power pack board.
5. Insert the coin cell into the CR2032 power pack board with '+' upwards.
6. Slide the switch SW1 on the board to 'ON' position.
7. To configure and connect FTRF board to the SCD and verify the output, see [Configuring Sense and Control Dashboard on page 15](#). Load *Template ULP Temp Sensor.node.xml* and view the output on the GUI.

Figure 5-52. SCD Output



5.6 PC Bridge Wireless HUB

The PC bridge consists of two CY8C24894 processors. One device is used for the master microprocessor that provides USB to I2C bridge functionality in addition to programming support for all kit elements. The second CY8C24894 processor acts as the wireless hub and communicates with the SCD application via an I2C interface to the master processor USB/I2C bridge. This section discusses the architecture, firmware source code modules, and configuration options for the slave processor or the wireless hub application processor.

The slave CY8C24894 is configured using the Device Editor in PSoC Designer. The bridge uses the CYFISNP, EzI2Cs, LEDs (red and green), and TX8 user modules. The Wireless Hub application uses the CyFISNP user module configured as a hub to communicate with the wireless nodes. All configuration and node data is communicated over a I2C interface.

5.6.1 Device Configuration for Slave CY8C24894

The Chip Level View of the project after placing the required user modules is shown in [Figure 5-53](#).

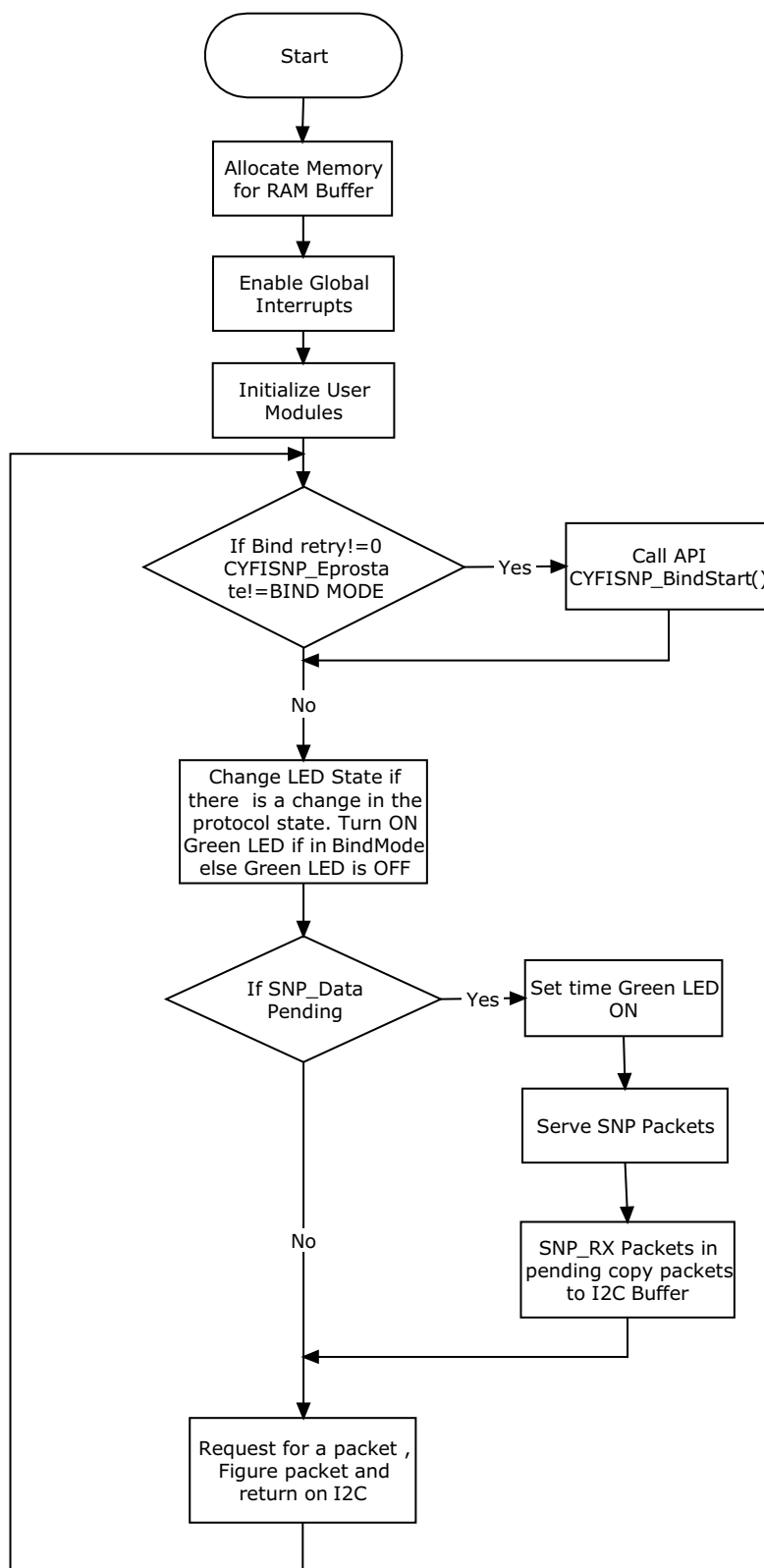
- **CYFISNP:** This user module implements the entire Star network wireless protocol and all protocol modes, in addition to low level radio communication and radio control by the MCU.
- **EzI2Cs:** This user module implements the I2C slave functionality and takes care of data communication through the I2C interface with the master CY8C24894.
- **LED:** There are two instances of this user module - one is configured as RED and the other as GREEN. These implement the API to turn on and off the LEDs according to the needs of the application. The application firmware can call simple APIs to manipulate the LEDs.
- **TX8:** This module is used for serial communication with host and for debugging.

5.6.2 Device Configuration

Figure 5-53. Device Configuration for PC Bridge Wireless HUB



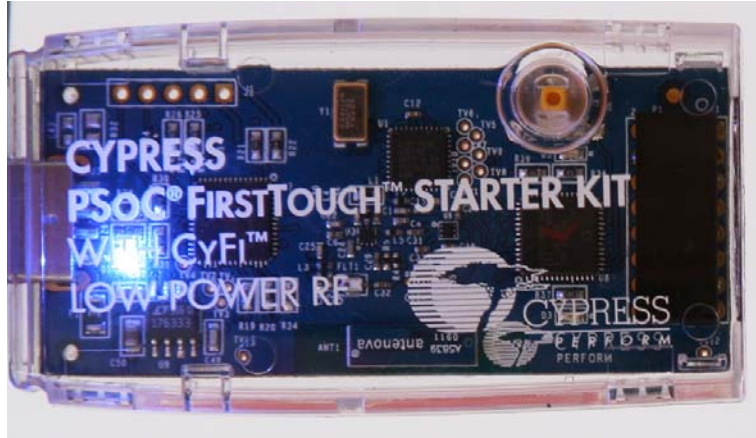
5.6.3 Flowchart



5.6.4 Verify Output

Connect the PC dongle to a free USB port in the PC. On successful programming of the board, the blue LED starts blinking

Figure 5-54. Verify Output



5.7 Wireless I2C Bridge for RF Expansion Card

This project demonstrates the firmware implementation when using the RF expansion board as an I2C bridge to retrieve data packets from an external board and transmit data back to the central hub. The CY3271-FTRF kit uses a PSoC CY8C27443 on the RF expansion board. This application processor controls the CyFi Radio and the other components on the board. The project includes the following user modules.

Timer8: This user module implements an 8-bit timer that is clocked by a divider of SysClk. This is used to calibrate the sleep timer that is clocked by the 32 kHz system oscillator.

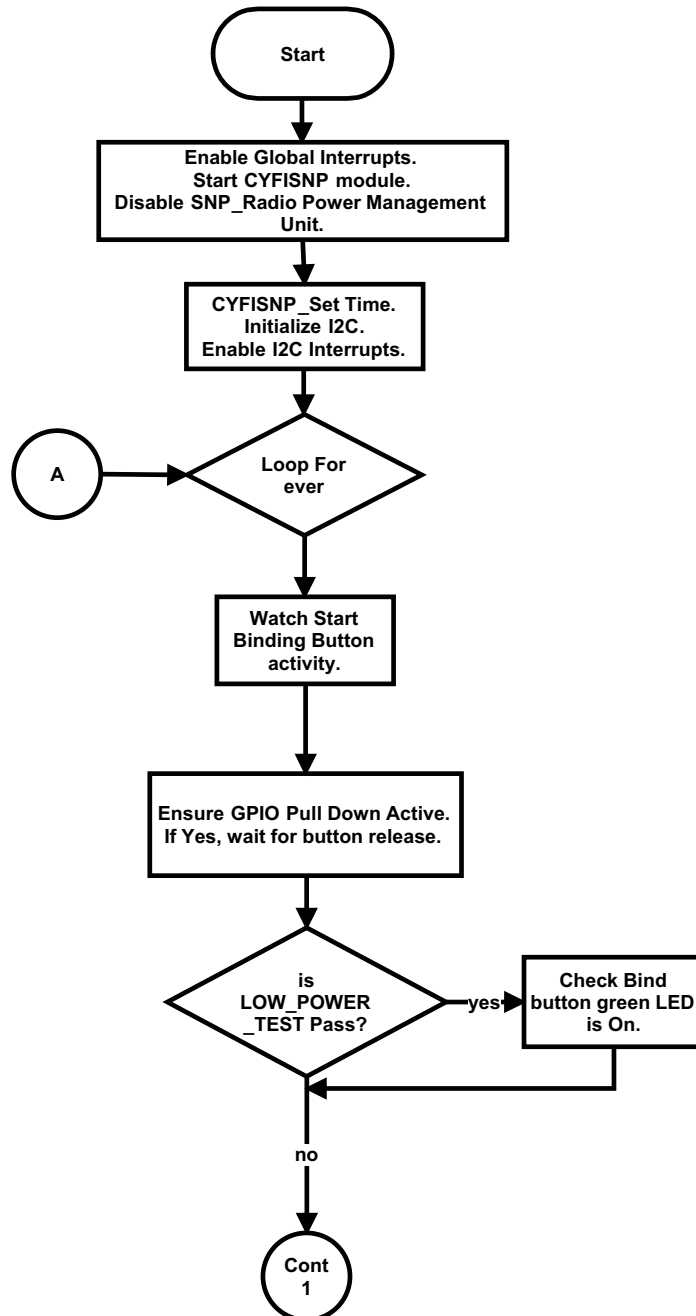
I2C: This module transfers data between the RF expansion board and the add-on board connected externally.

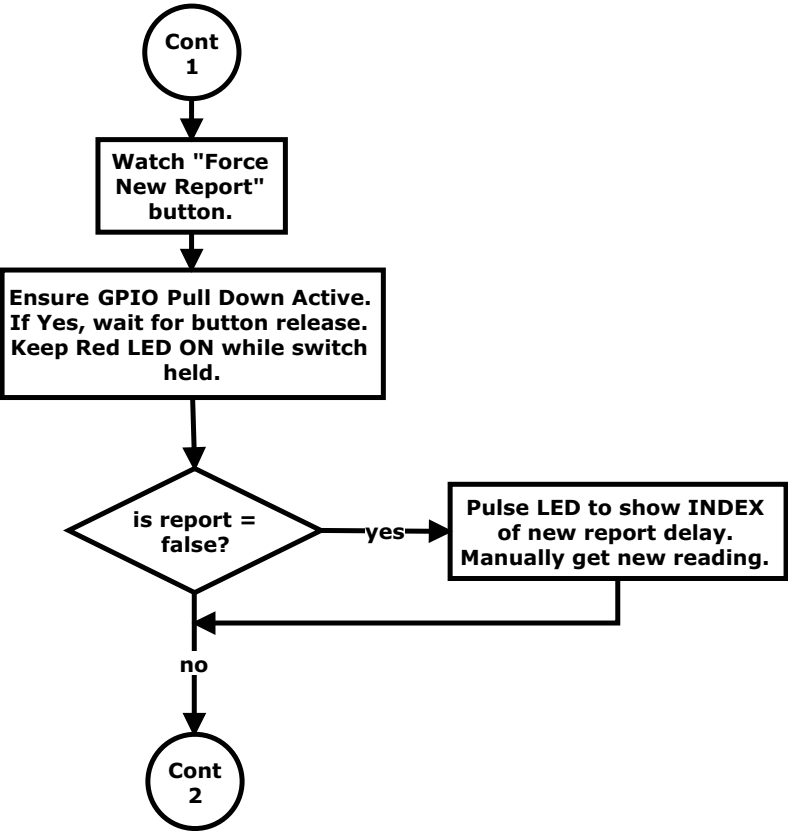
5.7.1 Device Configuration

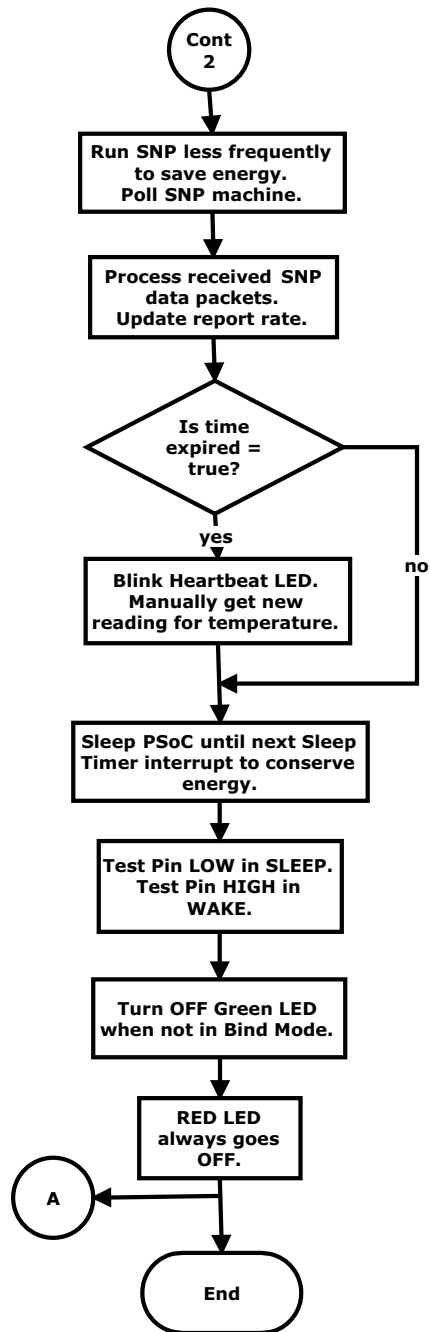
Figure 5-55. Device Configuration showing Project Placement



5.7.2 Flowchart



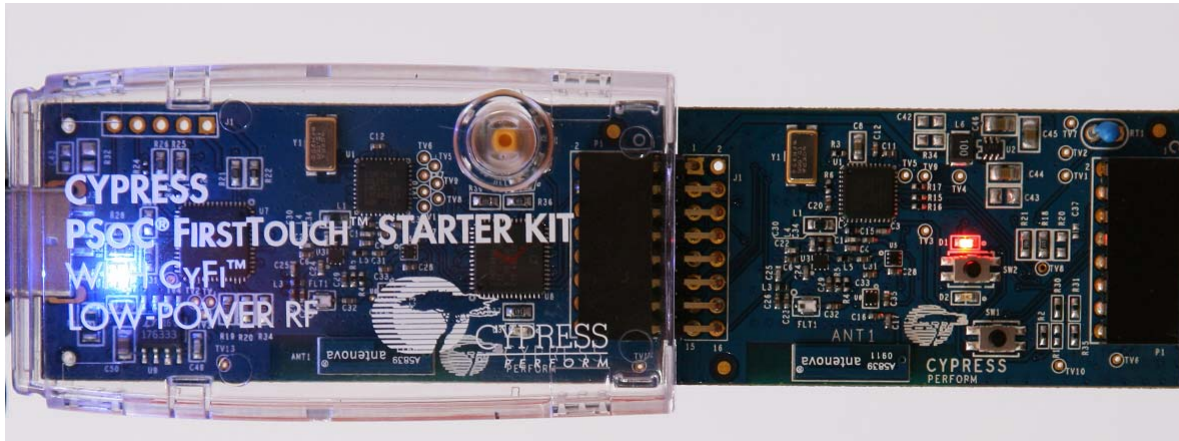




5.7.3 Verify Output

When the RF board is connected to the PC dongle, the red LED on the board starts blinking.

Figure 5-56. Verify Output



A. Appendix



The schematic and board layouts are available on the CY3271-FTRF kit CD are at the following location:
<Install_Directory>\Cypress\CY3271-FTRF\<version>\Hardware.

A.1 Schematics

Figure A-1. PC Bridge Schematic

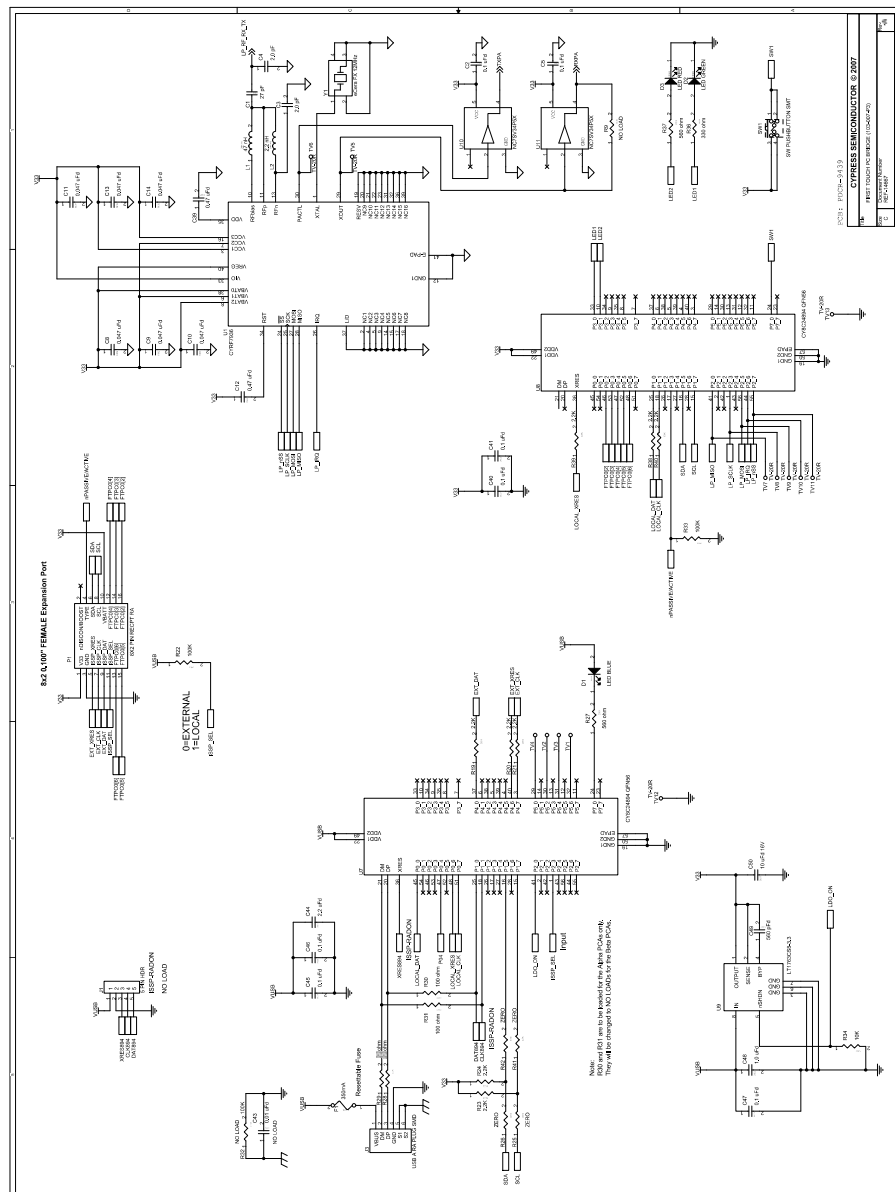


Figure A-2. PC Bridge Schematic

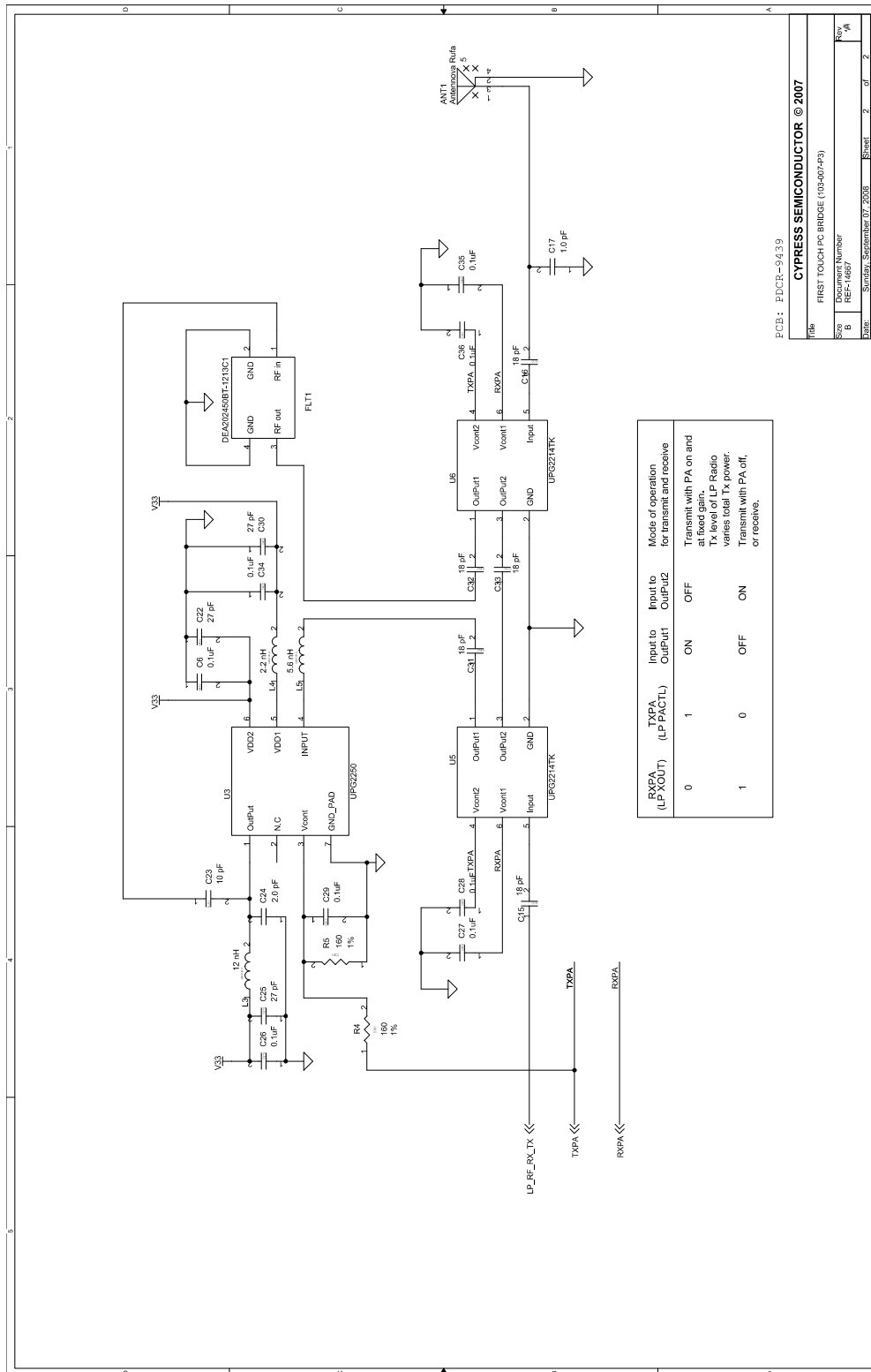


Figure A-3. RF Expansion Card Schematic

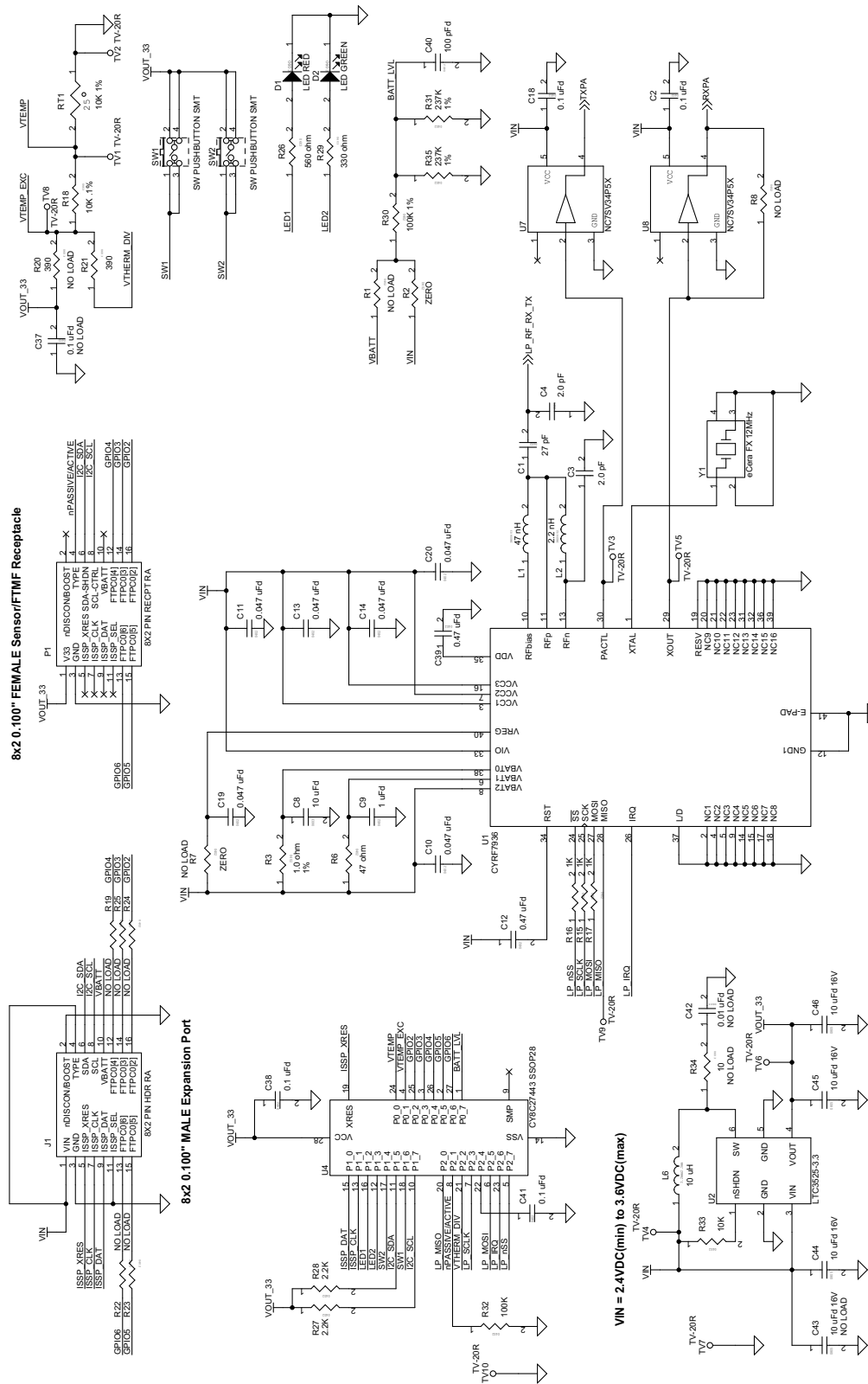


Figure A-4. RF Expansion Schematic

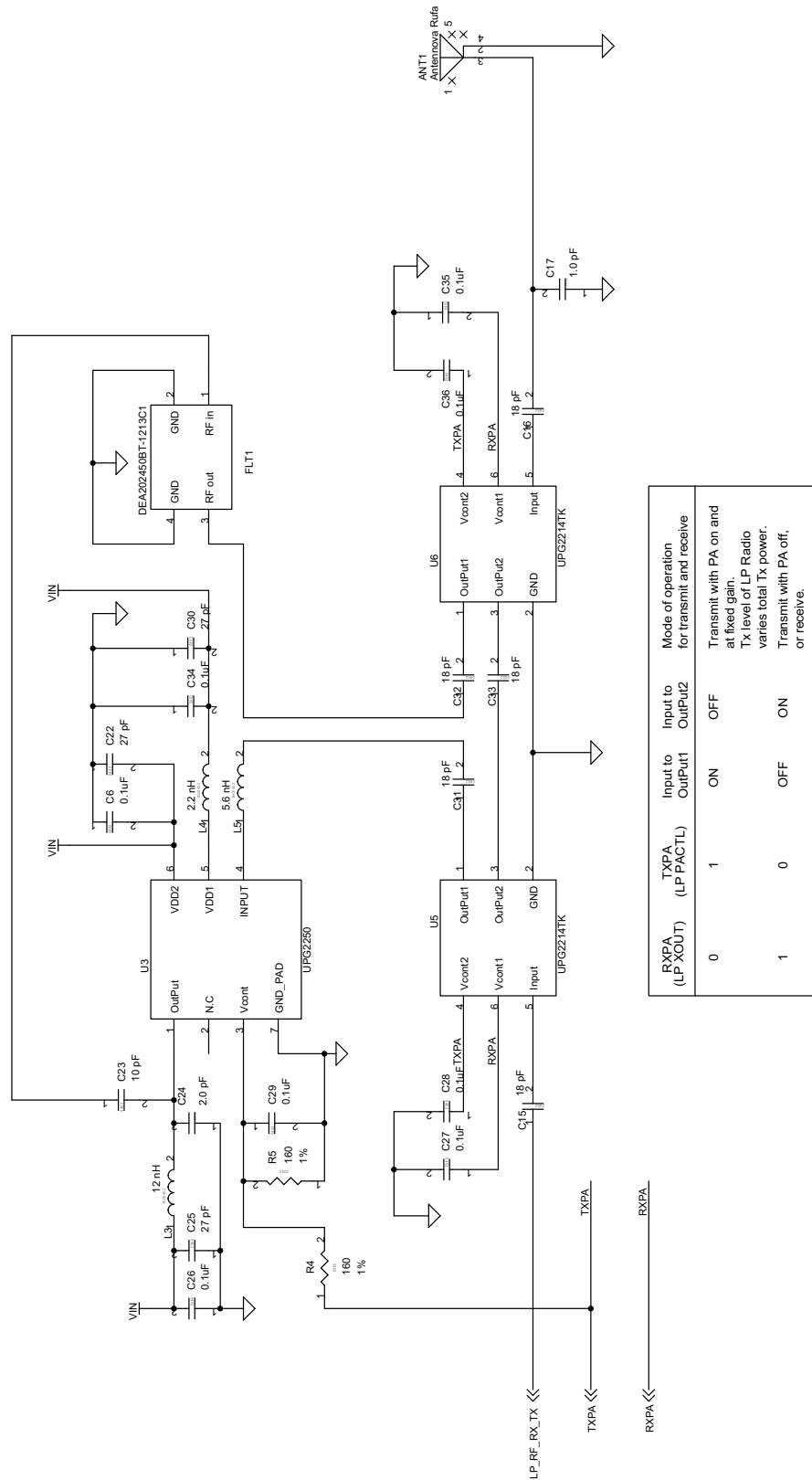


Figure A-5. FTMF Expansion Card Schematic

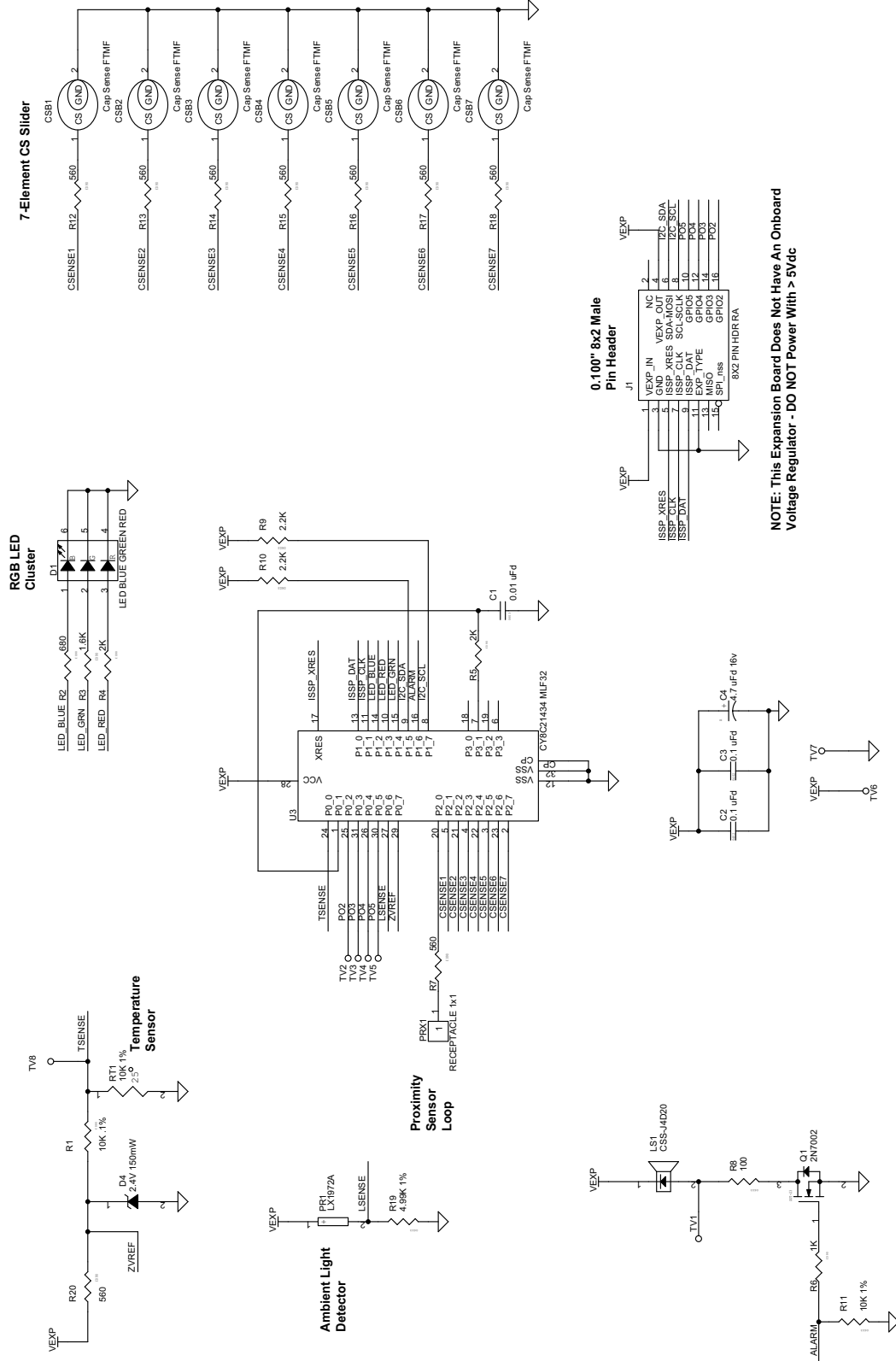
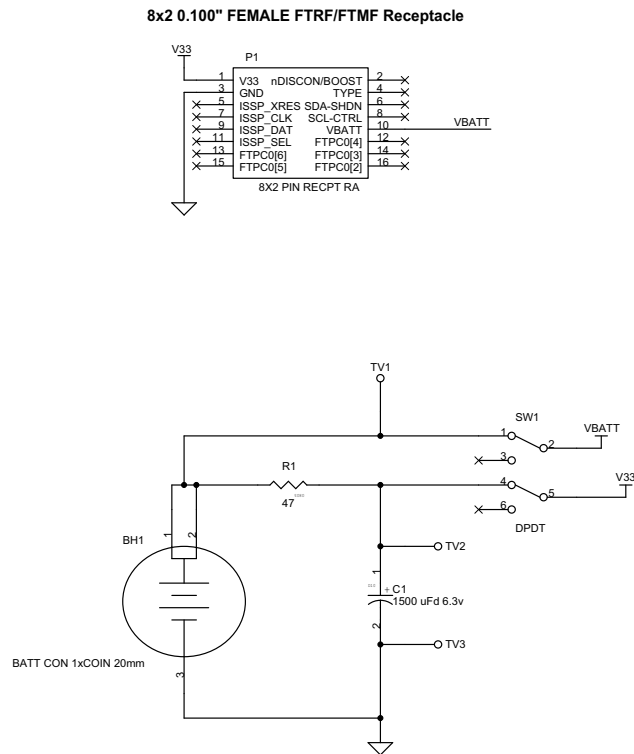


Figure A-7. CR2032 Power Pack Schematic



A.2 PC Bridge Layout

Figure A-8. PC Bridge Top View

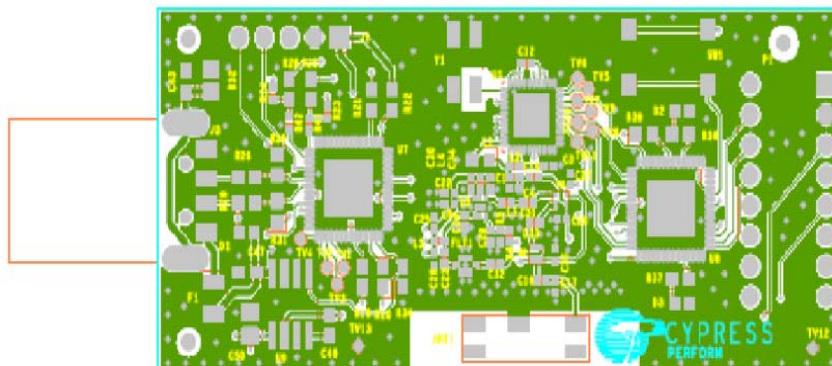
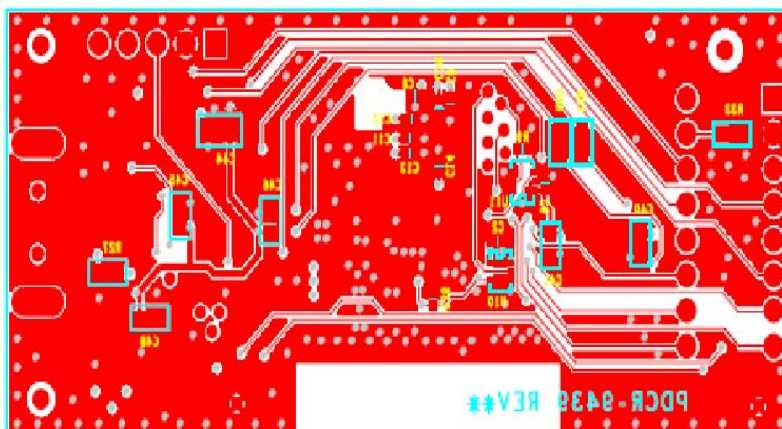


Figure A-9. PC Bridge Bottom View



A.3 RF Expansion Layout

Figure A-10. RF Expansion Top View

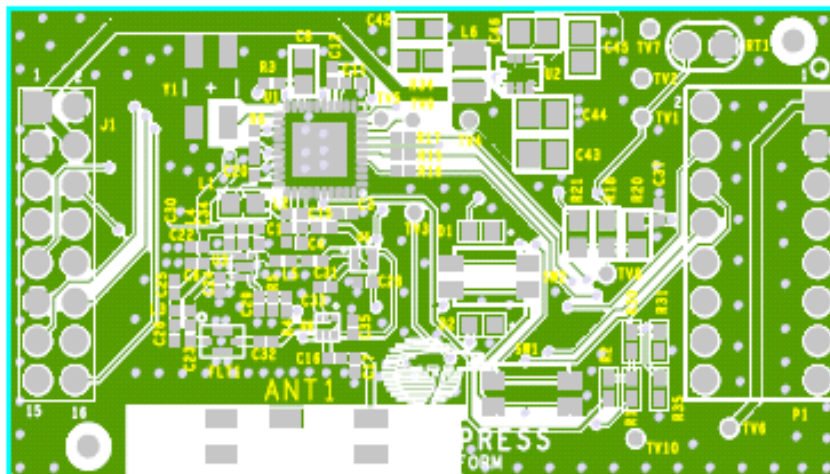
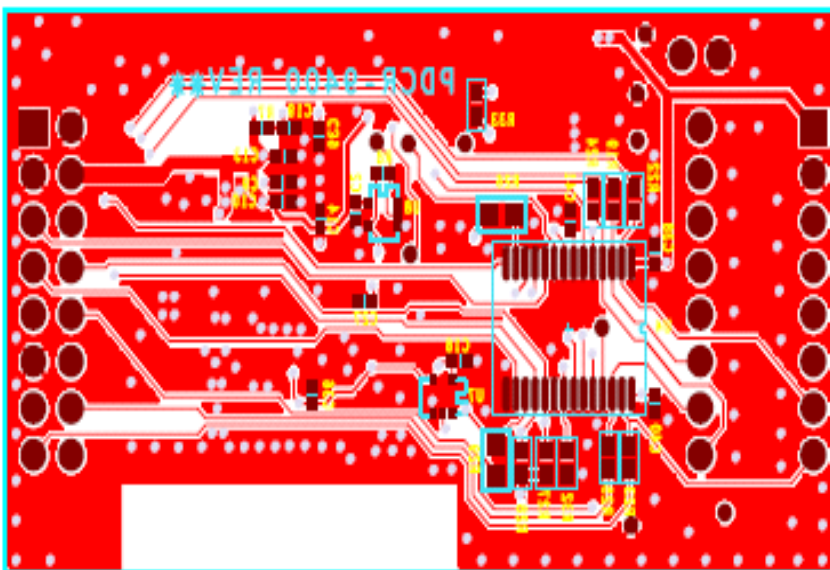


Figure A-11. RF Expansion Bottom View



A.4 MF Expansion Layout

Figure A-12. Multifunction Expansion Top View

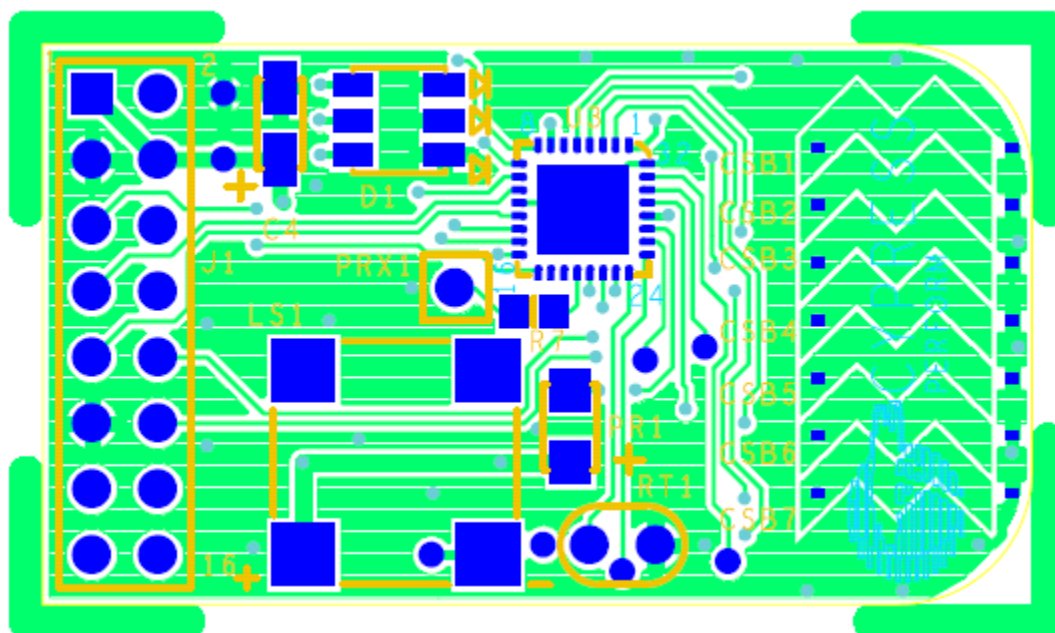
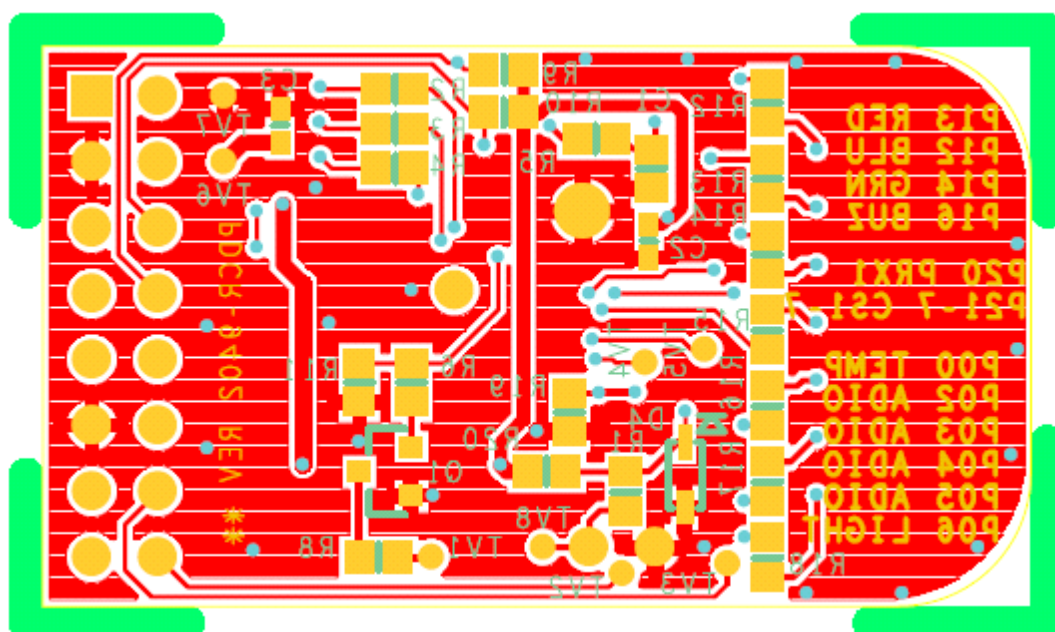


Figure A-13. Multifunction Expansion Bottom View



A.5 AAA Battery Layout

Figure A-14. AAA Battery Top View

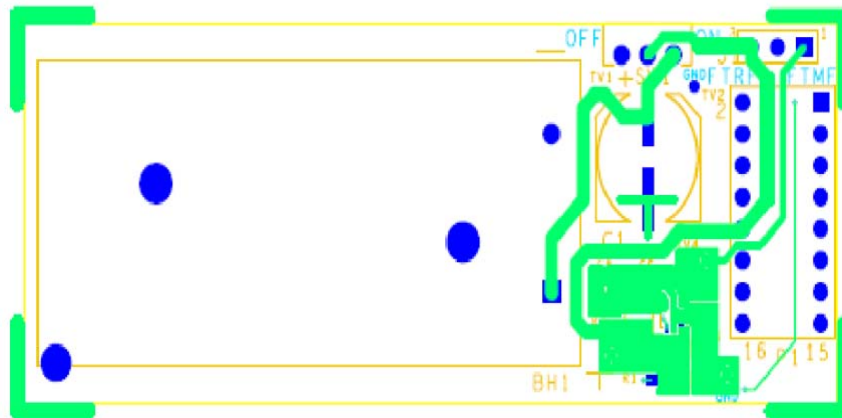
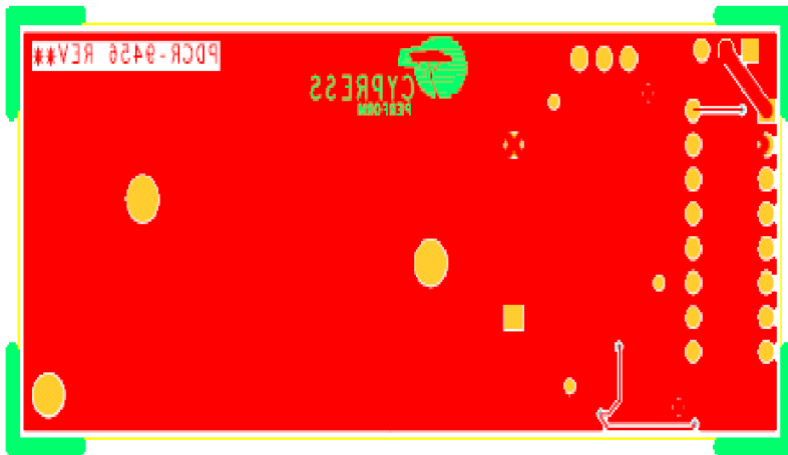


Figure A-15. AAA Battery Bottom View



A.6 Coin Battery Layout

Figure A-16. Coin Battery Top View

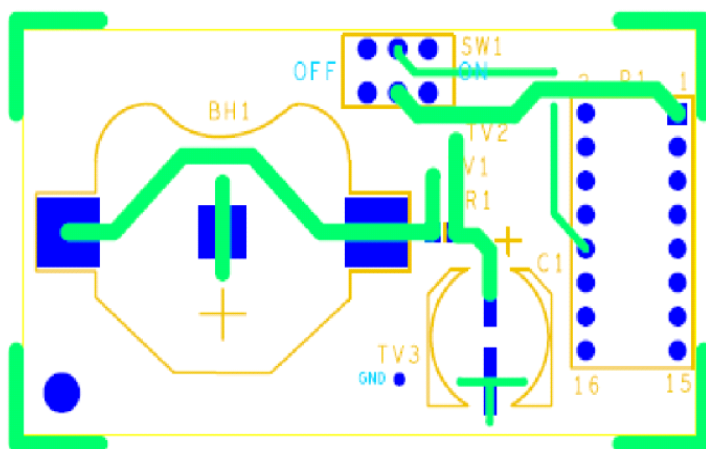
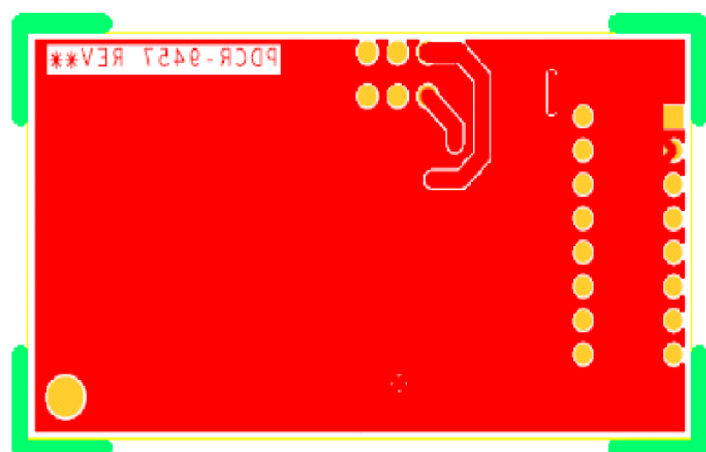


Figure A-17. Coin Battery Bottom View



A.7 Bill of Materials (BOM)

Table A-1. PC Bridge BOM

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
			PCB	Cypress	PDCR-9439
1	1	ANT1	ANTENNA CHIP 2.4GHZ SMD LEFT FD	Antenova	3030A5839-01
2	4	C1,C22,C25,C30	CAP 27PF 50V CERAMIC NPO 0402	Kemet	C0402C270J5GACTU
3	2	C2,C5	CAP .10UF 10V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Kemet	C0402C104K8PACTU
4	3	C3,C4,C24	CAP CER 2PF 50V S 0402 UHI Q	Johanson	500R07S2R0BV4T
5	8	C6,C26,C27,C28,C29,C34,C35,C36	CAP 0.1 uF 10% 10V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EB1A104K
6	6	C8,C9,C10,C11,C13,C14	CAP CERM .047UF 10% 16V X5R 0402	AVX	0402YD473KAT2A
7	2	C12,C39	CAP CER .47UF 6.3V X5R 0402	Murata	GRM155R60J474KE19D
8	5	C15,C16,C31,C32,C33	CAP 18PF 50V CERAMIC 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EC1H180J
9	1	C17	CAP CER 1PF 50V S 0402 UHI Q	Johanson	500R07S1R0BV4T
10	1	C23	CAP CER 10PF 5% 50V S 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EC1H100D
11	5	C40,C41,C45,C46,C47	CAP .10UF 16V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Kemet	C0603C104J4RACTU
12	1	C44	CAP CER 2.2UF 10V 10% X7R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR71A225KA01L
13	1	C48	CAP CERAMIC 1.0UF 10V X5R 0603	Kemet	C0603C105K8PACTU
14	1	C49	CAP 560PF 50V CERAMIC NPO 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-1VC1H561J
15	1	C50	CAP CER 10UF 16V X5R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR61C106KE15L
16	1	D1	LED BLUE CLEAR 0603 SMT	ROHM	SML512BC4T
17	1	D2	LED GREEN CLEAR 0603 SMD	Lite-On Trading USA, Inc.	LTST-C190GKT
18	1	D3	LED RED CLEAR 0603 SMD	Lite-On Trading USA, Inc.	LTST-C190CKT
19	1	FLT1	MULTILAYER BANDPASS FILTER	TDK	DEA202450BT-1213C1
20	1	F1	THERMISTOR PTC 6V .35A RESETTABL	Littelfuse Inc	1206L035YR
21	1	J3	CONN PLUG USB 4POS RT ANG SMD	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	48037-1000
22	1	L1	INDUCTOR 47NH +-5% FIXED 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RE47NJFA
23	2	L4,L2	INDUCTOR 2.2NH +- .3NH FIXED 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF2N2DFB
24	1	L3	INDUCTOR 12NH 5% FIXED 402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF12NJF
25	1	L5	INDUCTOR 5.6NH +- .3NH 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF5N6DFB
26	1	P1	PC Board Connector, Dual Row, Right Angle 16 Circuits	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90152-2116
27	2	R4,R5	RES 160 OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Yageo	RC0402FR-07160RL
28	6	R19,R20,R21,R38,R39,R40	RES 2.2K OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ222V
29	2	R22,R33	RES CHIP 100K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD	Yageo	RC0603FR-07100KL
30	2	R23,R24	RES 2.2K OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GEJ222X
31	2	R26,R25	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEY0R00V
32	2	R30,R31	RES 100 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ101V
33	2	R37,R27	RES 560 OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ561V
34	1	R36	RES 330 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ331V
35	2	R29,R28	RES 22 OHM 1/16W 1500PPM 5% 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ERA-V15J220V
36	1	R34	RES 10K OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ103V
37	2	R42,R41	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GE0R00X
38	1	SW1	SWITCH TACT 6MM 150GF SPST SMD	Omron Electronic Components	B3FS-1052
39	1	U1	IC, 2.4 GHz CyFi Transceiver SoC QFN-40	Cypress Semiconductor	CYRF7936-40LFXC
40	1	U3	GaAs POWER AMPLIFIER	NEC Electronics Corporation	μPG2250T5N-E2-A
41	2	U5,U6	GaAs IC SWITCH SPDT 6-MINIMOLD	NEC Electronics Corporation	UPG2214TK-E2-A

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
42	2	U8,U7	PSoC Mixed-Signal Array	Cypress Semiconductor	CY8C24894-24LFXI
43	1	U9	IC REGULATOR LDO 3.3V 500MA SO8	Linear Technology	LT1763CS8-3.3#PBF
44	2	U10,U11	IC BUFFER ULP-A SGL SC70-5	Fairchild	NC7SV34P5X
45	1	Y1	Crystal 12 Mhz 10pf 6035 SMD	eCERA	FX1200065
46	1	LABEL1	Serial Number		
47	1	LABEL2	PCA LABEL		121R-43900 Rev**
NO LOAD Components					
48	1	R9	RES NO LOAD 0402 SMD	NA	NA
49	1	R32	RES CHIP 100K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD	Yageo	RC0603FR-07100KL
50	1	C43	CAP 0.01UF 50V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1H103K
51	1	J1	CONN HEADER VERT 5POS .100 TIN	Molex/Waldom Electronics	22-28-4050
52	13	TV1,TV2,TV3,TV4,TV5,TV6,TV7,TV8,TV9,TV10,TV11,TV12,TV13	TEST VIA 40 HOLE 20 PLATED	NONE	

Table A-2. RF Expansion Card BOM

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
			PCB	Cypress	PDCR-9400
1	1	ANT1	ANTENNA CHIP 2.4GHZ SMD LEFT FD	Antenova	3030A5839-01
2	4	C1,C22,C25,C30	CAP 27PF 50V CERAMIC NPO 0402	Kemet	C0402C270J5GACTU
3	4	C2,C18,C38,C41	CAP .10UF 10V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Kemet	C0402C104K8PACTU
4	1	C4	CAP CER 1.2PF 50V S 0402 UHI Q	Johanson	500R07S1R2BV
5	8	C6,C26,C27,C28,C29,C34,C35,C36	CAP 0.1 uF 10% 10V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EB1A104K
6	1	C8	CAP CER 10UF 6.3V X5R 0603	Murata	GRM188R60J106ME47D
7	1	C9	CAP 1 uF 6.3V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Panasonic	ECJ-0EB0J105M
8	6	C10,C11,C13,C14,C19,C20	CAP CERM .047UF 10% 16V X5R 0402	AVX	0402YD473KAT2A
9	2	C12,C39	CAP CER .47UF 6.3V X5R 0402	Murata	GRM155R60J474KE19D
10	5	C15,C16,C31,C32,C33	CAP 18PF 50V CERAMIC 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EC1H180J
11	1	C23	CAP CER 10PF 5% 50V S 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EC1H100D
12	1	C40	CAP 100PF 50V CERAMIC 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-0EC1H101J
13	3	C44,C45,C46	CAP CER 10UF 16V X5R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR61C106KE15L
14	1	D1	LED RED CLEAR 0603 SMD	Lite-On Trading USA, Inc.	LTST-C190CKT
15	1	D2	LED GREEN CLEAR 0603 SMD	Lite-On Trading USA, Inc.	LTST-C190GKT
16	1	FLT1	MULTILAYER BANDPASS FILTER	TDK	DEA202450BT-1213C1
17	1	J1	CONN HEADER 16POS .100" R/A TIN	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90122-0128
18	1	L1	INDUCTOR 47NH +-5% FIXED 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RE47NJFA
19	2	L4,L2	INDUCTOR 2.2NH +-.3NH FIXED 0402	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF2N2DFB
20	1	L3	INDUCTOR 12NH 5% FIXED 402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF12NJF
21	1	L5	INDUCTOR 5.6NH +-.3NH 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ELJ-RF5N6DFB
22	1	L6	COIL PWR CHOKE 10UH 700MA SMD	Murata	LQH32PN100MN0
23	1	P1	PC Board Connector, Dual Row, Right Angle 16 Circuits	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90152-2116
24	1	RT1	THERMISTOR NTC 10K OHM LEADED	BC Components	2381 640 55103
25	1	R2	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GE0R00X
26	1	R3	RES 1.00 OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Vishay/Dale	CRCW04021R00FNED
27	1	R4	RES 140 OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Yageo	RC0402FR-07140RL

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
28	1	R5	RES 160 OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Yageo	RC0402FR-07160RL
29	1	R6	RES 47 OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GEJ470X
30	3	R15,R16,R17	RES CHIP 1.0K OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Yageo	RC0402JR-071KL
31	1	R18	RES CHIP 10.0K OHM 1/16W .1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERA-3AEB103V
32	1	R21	RES 390 OHM 1/16W 1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3EKF3900V
33	1	R26	RES 560 OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ561V
34	2	R27,R28	RES 2.2K OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GEJ222X
35	1	R29	RES 330 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ331V
36	2	R32,R30	RES CHIP 100K OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Vishay	CRCW0402100KFKED
37	2	R31,R35	RES 237K OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Vishay	CRCW0402237KFKED
38	1	R33	RES CHIP 10K OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Yageo	RC0402JR-0710KL
39	2	SW1,SW2	SWITCH LT 4.7MMX3.5MM 250GF SMD	Panasonic - ECG	EVQ-P2H02B
40	1	U1	IC, LP 2.4 GHz RADIO SoC QFN-40	Cypress Semiconductor	CYRF6936-40LFXC
41	1	U2	IC STEP-UP DC/DC CONVERTER SC70-6	Linear Technology	LTC3525ESC6-3.3#TRPBF
42	1	U3	GaAs POWER AMPLIFIER	NEC Electronics Corporation	μPG2250T5N-E2-A
43	1	U4	IC PROGRAMMABLE SOC SSOP28	Cypress Semiconductor	CY8C27443-24PVXI
44	2	U5,U6	GaAs IC SWITCH SPDT 6-MINIMOLD	NEC Electronics Corporation	UPG2214TK-E2-A
45	2	U7,U8	IC BUFFER ULP-A SGL SC70-5	Fairchild	NC7SV34P5X
46	1	Y1	Crystal 12 Mhz 10pf 6035 SMD	eCERA	FX1200065
47	1	LABEL1	Serial Number		
48	1	LABEL2	PCA LABEL		121R-40000 Rev 4
NO LOAD Components					
49	7	R1,R8,R19,R22,R23,R24,R25	RES NO LOAD 0402 SMD	NA	NA
50	1	R7	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GE0R00X
51	1	R20	RES 390 OHM 1/16W 1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3EKF3900V
52	1	R34	RES 10 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ100V
53	3	C3,C17,C24	CAP 2.0 PF 50V CERAMIC NPO 0402	Kemet	C0402C209C5GACTU
54	1	C37	CAP .10UF 10V CERAMIC X5R 0402	Kemet	C0402C104K8PACTU
55	1	C42	CAP 0.01UF 50V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1H103K
56	1	C43	CAP CER 10UF 16V X5R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR61C106KE15L
57	10	TV1,TV2,TV3,TV4,TV5,TV6,TV7,TV8,TV9,TV10	TEST VIA 40 HOLE 20 PLATED	NONE	

Table A-3. Multifunction Expansion BOM

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
1	1	C1	CAP 10000PF 16V CERM X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1C103K
2	2	C2,C3	CAP .10UF 10V CERAMIC X5R 040	Kemet	C0402C104K8PACTU
3	1	C4	CAP 4.7UF 16V Tantalum 3216	Nichicon	F931C475MAA
4	1	D1	LED 3.2X3.6MM R/G/B WTR CLR SMD	Kingbright Corp	APF3236SURKVGAPBA
5	1	D4	DIODE ZENER 2.4V 150MW S-MINI 2P	Panasonic - SSG	MAZ802400L
6	1	J1	CONN HEADER 16POS .100" R/A TIN	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90122-0128
7	1	LS1	BUZZER MAGNETIC 8.5MM 3-5V SMD	CUI Inc	CSS-J4D20
8	1	PRX1	Low Profile Single Pin Socket Thru Hole	Samtec	CES-101-01-T-S
9	1	PR1	IC AMBIENT LIGHT DETECTOR 1206	Microsemi-IPG	LX1972IBC-TR
10	1	Q1	MOSFET N-CH 60V 115MA SOT-23	Diodes Inc	2N7002-7-F
11	1	RT1	THERMISTOR NTC 10K OHM 1% LEADED	BC Components	2381 640 55103
12	1	R1	RES CHIP 10.0K OHM 1/16W .1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERA-3AEB103V
13	1	R11	RES CHIP 10.0K OHM 1/16W 1% 0603 SMD	Phycomp USA Inc	9C06031A1002FKHFT
14	1	R2	RES 680 OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ681V
15	1	R3	RES 1.6K OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ162V
16	2	R4,R5	RES 2.0K OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ202V
17	1	R6	RES 1.0K OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ102V
18	1	R8	RES 100 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ101V
19	2	R10,R9	RES 2.2K OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ222V
20	1	R19	RES 4.99K OHM 1/16W 1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3EKF4991V
21	9	R7,R12,R13,R14,R15, R16,R17,R18,R20	RES 560 OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ561V
22	1	U3	IC PROGRAMMABLE SOC MLF32	Cypress Semiconductor	CY8C21434-24LFXI
23	1	PCB	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	Cypress Semiconductor	PDCR-9402 Rev **
24	1	LABEL1	Serial Number		
25	1	LABEL2	PCA LABEL		121R-40201 Rev**
DO NOT INSTALL					
26	7	CSB1-CSB7	CapSense Touch Element FTMF	NA	NA
27	8	TV1,TV2,TV3,TV4,TV5,TV6, TV7,TV8	TEST VIA 40 HOLE 20 PLATED	NONE	

Table A-4. AAA Power Pack BOM

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
			PCB	Cypress	PDCR-9456
1	1	BH1	BATTERY HOLDER 2AAA CELL PC MT	Keystone Electronics	2468
2	1	C1	CAP ELECT 1500UF 6.3V FK SMD	Panasonic	EEE-FK0J152P
3	3	C3,C4,C5	CAP CER 10UF 16V X5R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR61C106KE15L
4	1	J1	CONN HEADR BRKWAY .100 03POS STR	Tyco Electronics/Amp	5-146280-3
5	1	L1	COIL PWR CHOKE 10UH 700MA SMD	Murata	LQH32PN100MN0
6	1	P1	PC Board Connector, Dual Row, Right Angle 16 Circuits	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90152-2116
7	1	R1	RES 100K OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-2GEJ104X
8	1	SW1	SWITCH SLIDE SPDT .3A RT ANGLE	E-Switch	EG1270
9	1	U1	IC STEP-UP DC/DC CONVERTER SC70-6	Linear Technology	LTC3525ESC6-3.3#TRPBF
10	1	N/A	SHUNT/JUMPER 2POS .100 BLACK	Superior Tech Co	MJPB-D02BG1CA-A
11	1	LABEL1	Serial Number		
12	1	LABEL2	PCA LABEL		121R-45600 Rev**
NO LOAD Components					
13	1	C2	CAP CER 10UF 16V X5R 0805	Murata Electronics North America	GRM21BR61C106KE15L
14	1	C6	CAP 0.01UF 50V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1H103K
15	1	R2	RES 10 OHM 1/16W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ100V
16	5	TV1,TV2,TV3,TV4,TV5	TEST VIA 40 HOLE 20 PLATED	NONE	

Table A-5. CR2302 Power Pack BOM

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number
			PCB	Cypress	PDCR-9457
1	1	BH1	BATTERY CLIP COIN CELL 20mm	KEYSTONE	3002
2	1	C1	CAP ELECT 1500UF 6.3V FK SMD	Panasonic	EEE-FK0J152P
3	1	P1	PC Board Connector, Dual Row, Right Angle 16 Circuits	Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	90152-2116
4	1	R1	RES 47 OHM 1/10W 1% 0805 SMD	Yageo America	RC0805FR-0747RL
5	1	SW1	SW SLIDE DPDT 6VDC 0.3A PCMNT	C&K Components	JS202011AQN
6	1	LABEL1	Serial Number		
7	1	LABEL2	PCA LABEL		121R-45700 Rev*A
NO LOAD Components					
8	3	TV1,TV2,TV3	TEST VIA 40 HOLE 20 PLATED	NONE	

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Cypress Semiconductor:](#)

[CY3271](#)