1 Megabit CMOS Flash Memory

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FEATURES

- **Fast read access time: 90/120 ns**
- **Low power CMOS dissipation:**
  - **–Active: 30 mA max (CMOS/TTL levels)**
  - **–Standby: 1 mA max (TTL levels)**
  - **–Standby: 100 μA max (CMOS levels)**
- **High speed programming:**
  - **–10 μs per byte**
  - **–2 Sec Typ Chip Program**
- **0.5 seconds typical chip-erase**
- **12.0V ± 5% programming and erase voltage**
- **Stop timer for program/erase**
- **Commercial, industrial and automotive temperature ranges**
- **On-chip address and data latches**
- **JEDEC standard pinouts:**
  - **–32-pin DIP**
  - **–32-pin PLCC**
  - **–32-pin TSOP (8 x 20)**
- **100,000 program/erase cycles**
- **10 year data retention**
- **Electronic signature**

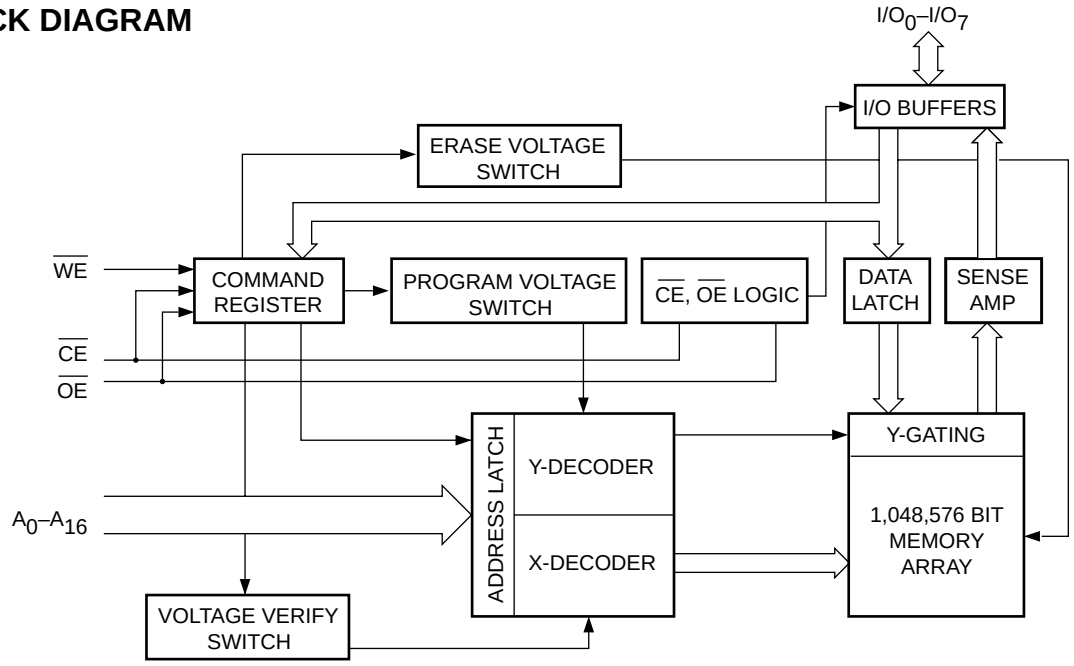
DESCRIPTION

The CAT28F010 is a high speed 128K x 8-bit electrically erasable and reprogrammable Flash memory ideally suited for applications requiring in-system or after-sale code updates. Electrical erasure of the full memory contents is achieved typically within 0.5 second.

It is pin and Read timing compatible with standard EPROM and EEPROM devices. Programming and Erase are performed through an operation and verify algorithm. The instructions are input via the I/O bus, using a two write cycle scheme. Address and Data are latched to free the I/O bus and address bus during the write operation.

The CAT28F010 is manufactured using Catalyst's advanced CMOS floating gate technology. It is designed to endure 100,000 program/erase cycles and has a data retention of 10 years. The device is available in JEDEC approved 32-pin plastic DIP, 32-pin PLCC or 32-pin TSOP packages.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



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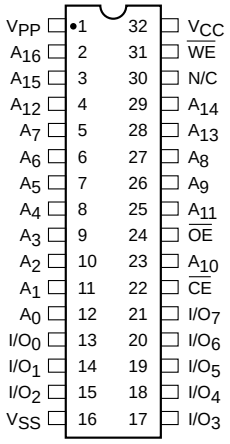
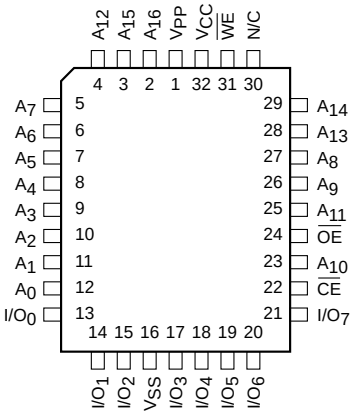
PIN CONFIGURATION

DIP Package (L)



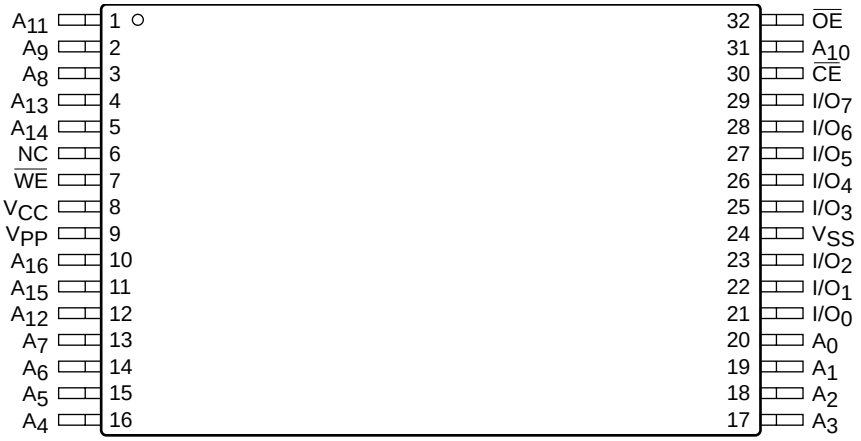
PLCC Package (N, G)



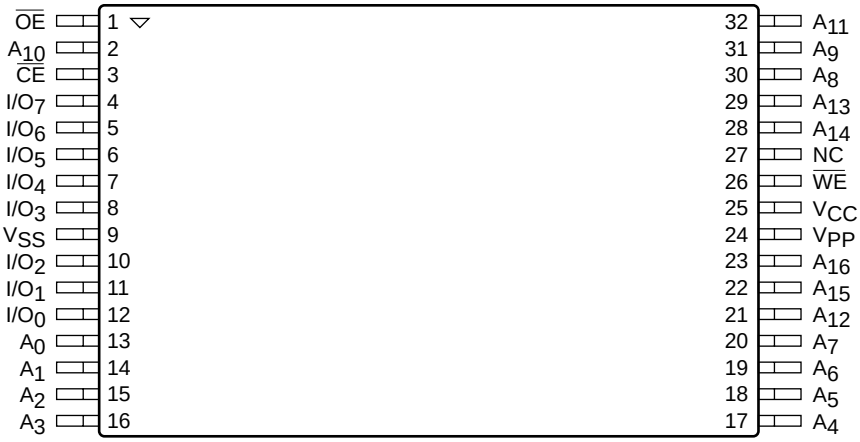
PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin Name	Type	Function
A_0–A_{16}	Input	Address Inputs for memory addressing
I/O_0–I/O_7	I/O	Data Input/Output
$\overline{CE}$	Input	Chip Enable
$\overline{OE}$	Input	Output Enable
$\overline{WE}$	Input	Write Enable
V_{CC}		Voltage Supply
V_{SS}		Ground
V_{PP}		Program/Erase Voltage Supply

TSOP Package (Standard Pinout 8mm x 20mm) (T, H)



TSOP Package (Reverse Pinout) (TR, HR)



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Temperature Under Bias ..... -45°C to +130°C

Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C

Voltage on Any Pin with
Respect to Ground(1) ..... -2.0V to +V_{CC} + 2.0V

Voltage on Pin A_9 with
Respect to Ground(1) ..... -2.0V to +13.5V

V_{PP} with Respect to Ground
during Program/Erase(1) ..... -2.0V to +14.0V

V_{CC} with Respect to Ground(1) ..... -2.0V to +7.0V

Package Power Dissipation
Capability (T_A = 25°C) ..... 1.0 W

Lead Soldering Temperature (10 secs) ..... 300°C

Output Short Circuit Current(2) ..... 100 mA

*COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating for extended periods may affect device performance and reliability.

RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Test Method
N_{END}(3)	Endurance	100K		Cycles/Byte	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1033
T_{DR}(3)	Data Retention	10		Years	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1008
V_{ZAP}(3)	ESD Susceptibility	2000		Volts	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 3015
I_{LTH}(3)(4)	Latch-Up	100		mA	JEDEC Standard 17

CAPACITANCE T_A = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz

Symbol	Test	Limits		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max.		
C_{IN}(3)	Input Pin Capacitance		6	pF	V_{IN} = 0V
C_{OUT}(3)	Output Pin Capacitance		10	pF	V_{OUT} = 0V
C_{VPP}(3)	V_{PP} Supply Capacitance		25	pF	V_{PP} = 0V

Note:
(1) The minimum DC input voltage is –0.5V. During transitions, inputs may undershoot to –2.0V for periods of less than 20 ns. Maximum DC voltage on output pins is V_{CC} +0.5V, which may overshoot to V_{CC} + 2.0V for periods of less than 20ns.
(2) Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.
(3) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.
(4) Latch-up protection is provided for stresses up to 100 mA on address and data pins from –1V to V_{CC} +1V.

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D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC} = +5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Unit	
I_{LI}	Input Leakage Current		±1	µA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or V_{SS} V_{CC} = 5.5V, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current		±1	µA	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or V_{SS}, V_{CC} = 5.5V, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$
I_{SB1}	V_{CC} Standby Current CMOS		100	µA	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC}$ ±0.5V, V_{CC} = 5.5V
I_{SB2}	V_{CC} Standby Current TTL		1	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, V_{CC} = 5.5V
I_{CC1}	V_{CC} Active Read Current		30	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, I_{OUT} = 0mA, f = 6 MHz
I_{CC2}(1)	V_{CC} Programming Current		15	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, Programming in Progress
I_{CC3}(1)	V_{CC} Erase Current		15	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, Erasure in Progress
I_{CC4}(1)	V_{CC} Prog./Erase Verify Current		15	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, Program or Erase Verify in Progress
I_{PPS}	V_{PP} Standby Current		±10	µA	$V_{PP} = V_{PPL}$
I_{PP1}	V_{PP} Read Current		200	µA	$V_{PP} = V_{PPH}$
I_{PP2}(1)	V_{PP} Programming Current		30	mA	$V_{PP} = V_{PPH}$, Programming in Progress
I_{PP3}(1)	V_{PP} Erase Current		30	mA	$V_{PP} = V_{PPH}$, Erasure in Progress
I_{PP4}(1)	V_{PP} Prog./Erase Verify Current		5	mA	$V_{PP} = V_{PPH}$, Program or Erase Verify in Progress
V_{IL}	Input Low Level TTL	–0.5	0.8	V	
V_{ILC}	Input Low Level CMOS	–0.5	0.8	V	
V_{OL}	Output Low Level		0.45	V	I_{OL} = 5.8mA, V_{CC} = 4.5V
V_{IH}	Input High Level TTL	2	V_{CC}+0.5	V	
V_{IHC}	Input High Level CMOS	V_{CC}*0.7	V_{CC}+0.5	V	
V_{OH1}	Output High Level TTL	2.4		V	I_{OH} = –2.5mA, V_{CC} = 4.5V
V_{OH2}	Output High Level CMOS	V_{CC}–0.4		V	I_{OH} = –400µA, V_{CC} = 4.5V
V_{ID}	A_9 Signature Voltage	11.4	13	V	$A_9 = V_{ID}$
I_{ID}(1)	A_9 Signature Current		200	µA	$A_9 = V_{ID}$
V_{LO}	V_{CC} Erase/Prog. Lockout Voltage	2.5		V	

Note:
(1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.

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SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

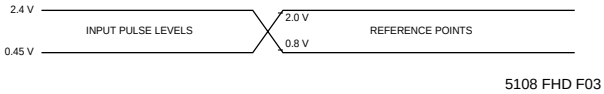
Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min	Max.	
V_{CC}	V_{CC} Supply Voltage	4.5	5.5	V
V_{PPL}	V_{PP} During Read Operations	0	6.5	V
V_{PPH}	V_{PP} During Read/Erase/Program	11.4	12.6	V

A.C. CHARACTERISTICS, Read Operation

V_{CC} = +5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

JEDEC Symbol	Standard Symbol	Parameter	28F010-90(7)		28F010-12(7)		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{AVAV}	t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	90		120		ns
t_{ELQV}	t_{CE}	$\overline{CE}$ Access Time		90		120	ns
t_{AVQV}	t_{ACC}	Address Access Time		90		120	ns
t_{GLQV}	t_{OE}	$\overline{OE}$ Access Time		35		50	ns
t_{AXQX}	t_{OH}	Output Hold from Address $\overline{OE}/\overline{CE}$ Change	0		0		ns
t_{GLQX}	t_{OLZ}(1)(6)	$\overline{OE}$ to Output in Low-Z	0		0		ns
t_{ELZX}	t_{LZ}(1)(6)	$\overline{CE}$ to Output in Low-Z	0		0		ns
t_{GHQZ}	t_{DF}(1)(2)	$\overline{OE}$ High to Output High-Z		20		30	ns
t_{EHQZ}	t_{DF}(1)(2)	$\overline{CE}$ High to Output High-Z		30		40	ns
t_{WHGL}(1)	-	Write Recovery Time Before Read	6		6		µs

Figure 1. A.C. Testing Input/Output Waveform(3)(4)(5)



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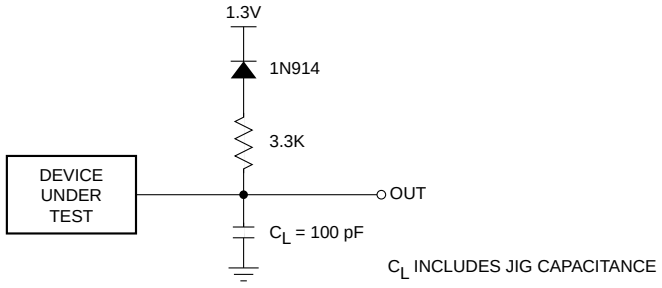
Testing Load Circuit (example)



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Note:
(1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.
(2) Output floating (High-Z) is defined as the state where the external data line is no longer driven by the output buffer.
(3) Input Rise and Fall Times (10% to 90%) < 10 ns.
(4) Input Pulse Levels = 0.45V and 2.4V. For High Speed Input Pulse Levels 0.0V and 3.0V.
(5) Input and Output Timing Reference = 0.8V and 2.0V. For High Speed Input and Output Timing Reference = 1.5V.
(6) Low-Z is defined as the state where the external data may be driven by the output buffer but may not be valid.
(7) For load and reference points, see Fig. 1

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A.C. CHARACTERISTICS, Program/Erase Operation

V_{CC} = +5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

\JEDEC Symbol	Standard Symbol	Parameter	28F010-90			28F010-12			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{AVAV}	t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	90			120			ns
t_{AVWL}	t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	0			0			ns
t_{WLAX}	t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	40			40			ns
t_{DVWH}	t_{DS}	Data Setup Time	40			40			ns
t_{WHDX}	t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	10			10			ns
t_{ELWL}	t_{CS}	$\overline{CE}$ Setup Time	0			0			ns
t_{WHEH}	t_{CH}	$\overline{CE}$ Hold Time	0			0			ns
t_{WLWH}	t_{WP}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	40			40			ns
t_{WHWL}	t_{WPH}	$\overline{WE}$ High Pulse Width	20			20			ns
t_{WHWH1} (2)	-	Program Pulse Width	10			10			µs
t_{WHWH2} (2)	-	Erase Pulse Width	9.5			9.5			ms
t_{WHGL}	-	Write Recovery Time Before Read	6			6			µs
t_{GHWL}	-	Read Recovery Time Before Write	0			0			µs
t_{VPEL}	-	V_{PP} Setup Time to $\overline{CE}$	100			100			ns

ERASE AND PROGRAMMING PERFORMANCE (1)

Parameter	28F010-90			28F010-12			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Chip Erase Time (3)(5)		0.5	10		0.5	10	Sec
Chip Program Time (3)(4)		2	12.5		2	12.5	Sec

Note:
(1) Please refer to Supply characteristics for the value of V_{PPH} and V_{PPL}. The V_{PP} supply can be either hardwired or switched. If V_{PP} is switched, V_{PPL} can be ground, less than V_{CC} + 2.0V or a no connect with a resistor tied to ground.
(2) Program and Erase operations are controlled by internal stop timers.
(3) 'Typicals' are not guaranteed, but based on characterization data. Data taken at 25°C, 12.0V V_{PP}.
(4) Minimum byte programming time (excluding system overhead) is 16 µs (10 µs program + 6 µs write recovery), while maximum is 400 µs/byte (16 µs x 25 loops). Max chip programming time is specified lower than the worst case allowed by the programming algorithm since most bytes program significantly faster than the worst case byte.
(5) Excludes 00H Programming prior to Erasure.

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FUNCTION TABLE(1)

Mode	Pins					Notes
	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	V_{PP}	I/O	
Read	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{PPL}	D_{OUT}	
Output Disable	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	X	High-Z	
Standby	V_{IH}	X	X	V_{PPL}	High-Z	
Signature (MFG)	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	X	31H	$A_0 = V_{IL}$, A_9 = 12V
Signature (Device)	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	X	B4H	$A_0 = V_{IH}$, A_9 = 12V
Program/Erase	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{PPH}	D_{IN}	See Command Table
Write Cycle	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{PPH}	D_{IN}	During Write Cycle
Read Cycle	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{PPH}	D_{OUT}	During Write Cycle

WRITE COMMAND TABLE

Commands are written into the command register in one or two write cycles. The command register can be altered only when V_{PP} is high and the instruction byte is latched on the rising edge of $\overline{WE}$. Write cycles also internally latch addresses and data required for programming and erase operations.

Mode	Pins						
	First Bus Cycle			Second Bus Cycle			
	Operation	Address	D_{IN}	Operation	Address	D_{IN}	D_{OUT}
Set Read	Write	X	00H	Read	A_{IN}		D_{OUT}
Read Sig. (MFG)	Write	X	90H	Read	00		31H
Read Sig. (Device)	Write	X	90H	Read	01		B4H
Erase	Write	X	20H	Write	X	20H	
Erase Verify	Write	A_{IN}	A0H	Read	X		D_{OUT}
Program	Write	X	40H	Write	A_{IN}	D_{IN}	
Program Verify	Write	X	C0H	Read	X		D_{OUT}
Reset	Write	X	FFH	Write	X	FFH	

Note:
(1) Logic Levels: X = Logic 'Do not care' (V_{IH}, V_{IL}, V_{PPL}, V_{PPH})

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READ OPERATIONS

Read Mode

A Read operation is performed with both $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ low and with $\overline{WE}$ high. V_{PP} can be either high or low, however, if V_{PP} is high, the Set READ command has to be sent before reading data (see Write Operations). The data retrieved from the I/O pins reflects the contents of the memory location corresponding to the state of the 17 address pins. The respective timing waveforms for the read operation are shown in Figure 3. Refer to the AC Read characteristics for specific timing parameters.

Signature Mode

The signature mode allows the user to identify the IC manufacturer and the type of device while the device resides in the target system. This mode can be activated in either of two ways; through the conventional method of applying a high voltage (12V) to address pin A_9 or by sending an instruction to the command register (see Write Operations).

The conventional mode is entered as a regular READ mode by driving the $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ pins low (with $\overline{WE}$ high), and applying the required high voltage on address pin A_9 while all other address lines are held at V_{IL}.

A Read cycle from address 0000H retrieves the binary code for the IC manufacturer on outputs I/O_0 to I/O_7:

CATALYST Code = 00110001 (31H)

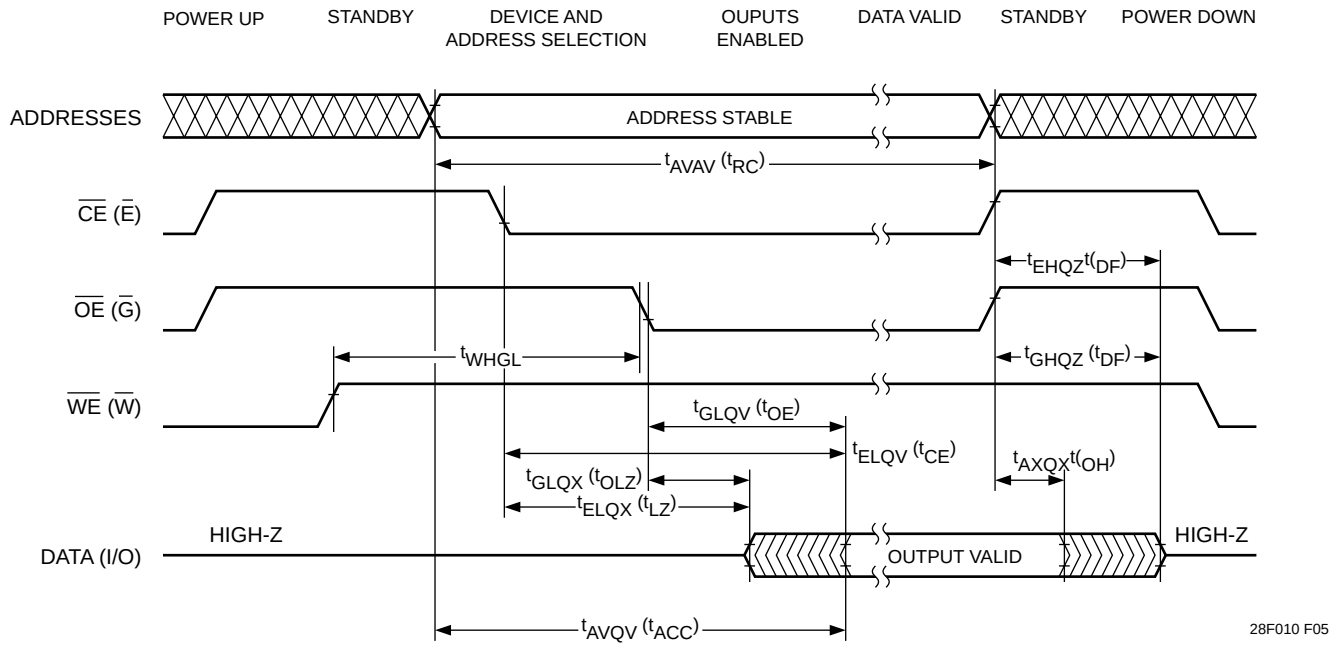
A Read cycle from address 0001H retrieves the binary code for the device on outputs I/O_0 to I/O_7.

28F010 Code = 1011 0100 (B4H)

Standby Mode

With $\overline{CE}$ at a logic-high level, the CAT28F010 is placed in a standby mode where most of the device circuitry is disabled, thereby substantially reducing power consumption. The outputs are placed in a high-impedance state.

Figure 3. A.C. Timing for Read Operation



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WRITE OPERATIONS

The following operations are initiated by observing the sequence specified in the Write Command Table.

Read Mode

The device can be put into a standard READ mode by initiating a write cycle with 00H on the data bus. The subsequent read cycles will be performed similar to a standard EPROM or E^2PROM Read.

Signature Mode

An alternative method for reading device signature (see Read Operations Signature Mode), is initiated by writing the code 90H into the command register while keeping $\overline{V_{PP}}$ high. A read cycle from address 0000H with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ low (and $\overline{WE}$ high) will output the device signature.

CATALYST Code = 00110001 (31H)

A Read cycle from address 0001H retrieves the binary code for the device on outputs I/O_0 to I/O_7.

28F010 Code = 1011 0100 (B4H)

Figure 4. A.C. Timing for Erase Operation

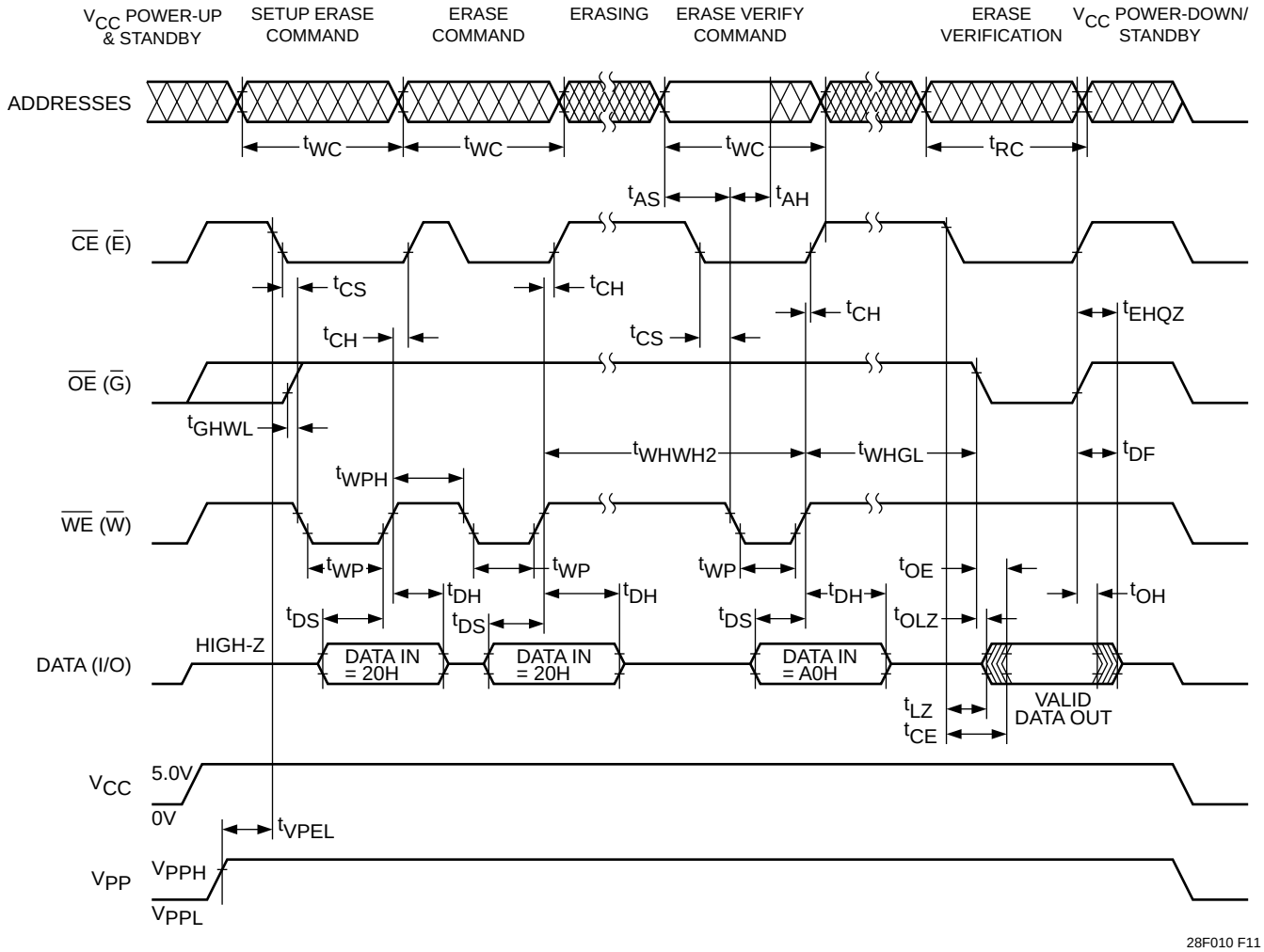

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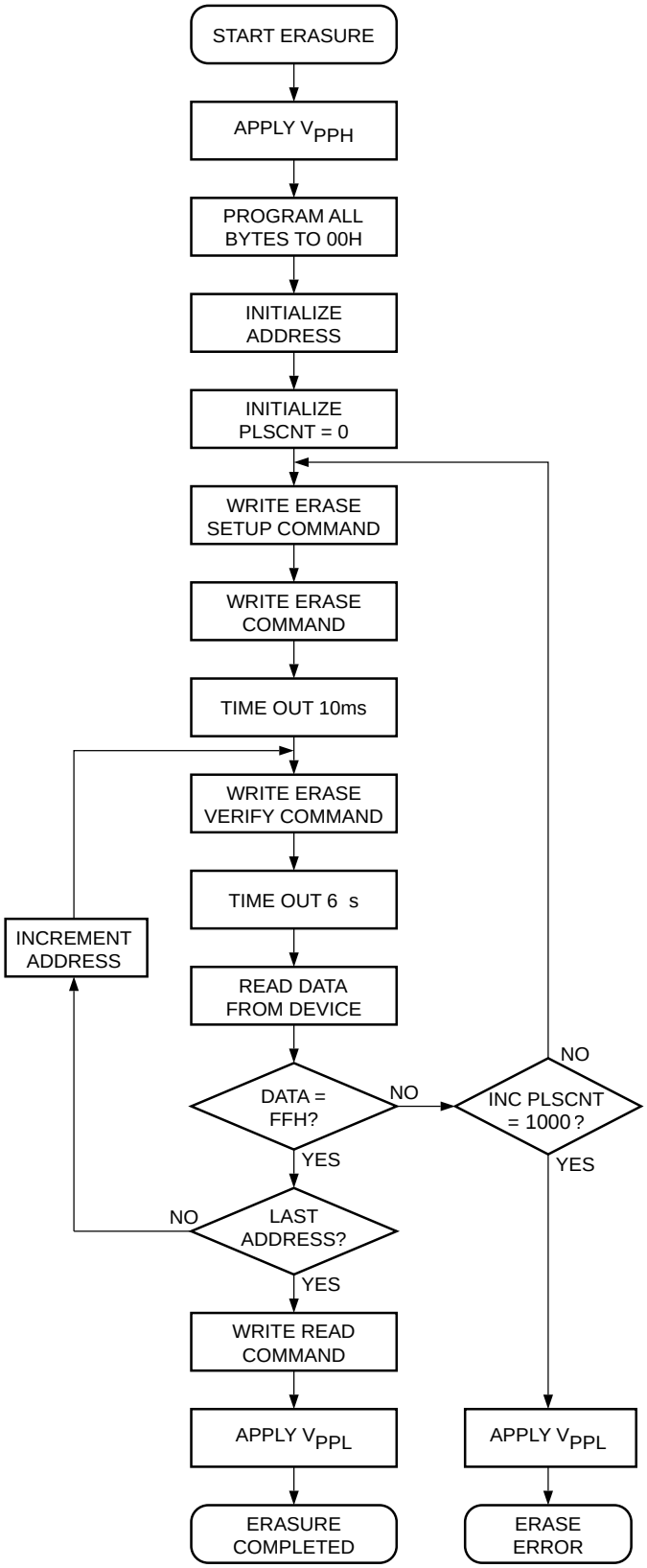
Figure 5. Chip Erase Algorithm(1)



BUS OPERATION	COMMAND	COMMENTS
		V_{PP} RAMPS TO V_{PPH} (OR V_{PP} HARDWIRED)
STANDBY		ALL BYTES SHALL BE PROGRAMMED TO 00 BEFORE AN ERASE OPERATION
		INITIALIZE ADDRESS
		PLSCNT = PULSE COUNT
WRITE	ERASE	DATA = 20H
WRITE	ERASE	DATA = 20H
		WAIT
WRITE	ERASE VERIFY	ADDRESS = BYTE TO VERIFY DATA = A0H STOPS ERASE OPERATION
		WAIT
READ		READ BYTE TO VERIFY ERASURE
STANDBY		COMPARE OUTPUT TO FF INCREMENT PULSE COUNT
WRITE	READ	DATA = 00H RESETS THE REGISTER FOR READ OPERATION
STANDBY		V_{PP} RAMPS TO V_{PPL} (OR V_{PP} HARDWIRED)

Note:
(1) The algorithm MUST BE FOLLOWED to ensure proper and reliable operation of the device.

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Erase Mode

During the first Write cycle, the command 20H is written into the command register. In order to commence the erase operation, the identical command of 20H has to be written again into the register. This two-step process ensures against accidental erasure of the memory contents. The final erase cycle will be stopped at the rising edge of $\overline{WE}$, at which time the Erase Verify command (A0H) is sent to the command register. During this cycle, the address to be verified is sent to the address bus and latched when $\overline{WE}$ goes low. An integrated stop timer allows for automatic timing control over this operation, eliminating the need for a maximum erase timing specification. Refer to AC Characteristics (Program/Erase) for specific timing parameters.

Erase-Verify Mode

The Erase-verify operation is performed on every byte after each erase pulse to verify that the bits have been erased.

Programming Mode

The programming operation is initiated using the programming algorithm of Figure 7. During the first write cycle, the command 40H is written into the command register. During the second write cycle, the address of the memory location to be programmed is latched on the falling edge of $\overline{WE}$, while the data is latched on the rising edge of $\overline{WE}$. The program operation terminates with the next rising edge of $\overline{WE}$. An integrated stop timer allows for automatic timing control over this operation, eliminating the need for a maximum program timing specification. Refer to AC Characteristics (Program/Erase) for specific timing parameters.

Figure 6. A.C. Timing for Programming Operation

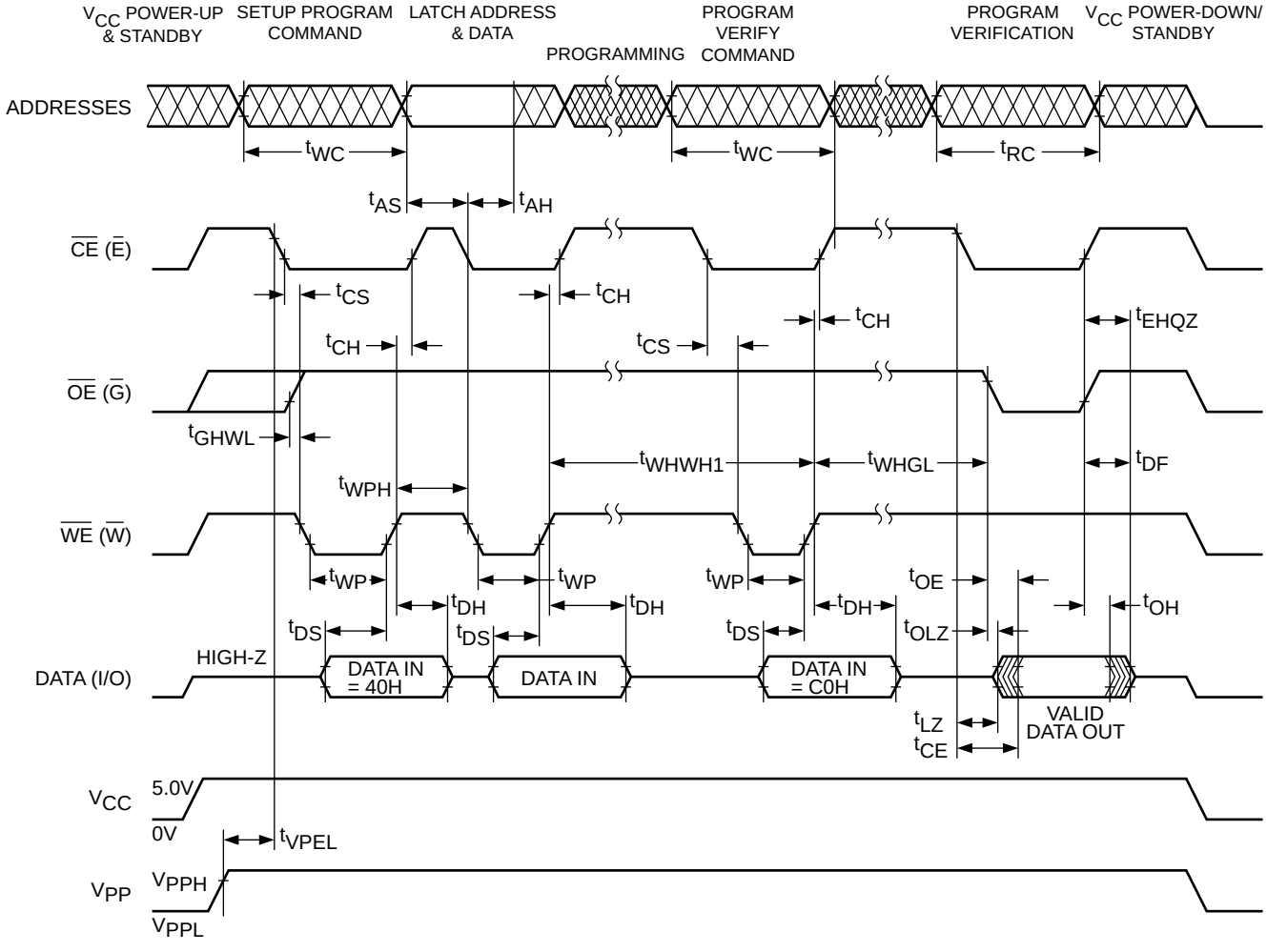

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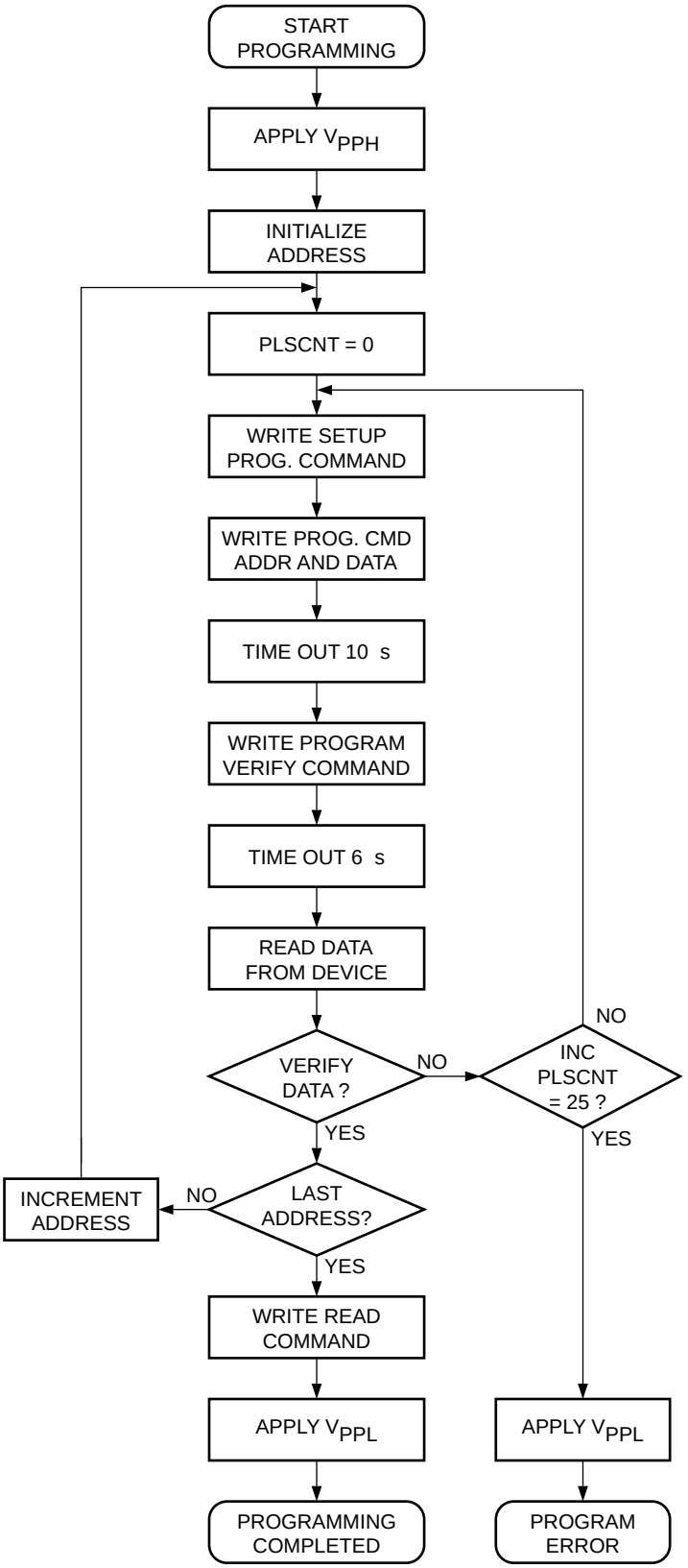
Figure 7. Programming Algorithm(1)



BUS OPERATION	COMMAND	COMMENTS
STANDBY		V_{PP} RAMPS TO V_{PPH} (OR V_{PP} HARDWIRED)
		INITIALIZE ADDRESS
		INITIALIZE PULSE COUNT PLSCNT = PULSE COUNT
1ST WRITE CYCLE	WRITE SETUP	DATA = 40H
2ND WRITE CYCLE	PROGRAM	VALID ADDRESS AND DATA
		WAIT
1ST WRITE CYCLE	PROGRAM VERIFY	DATA = C0H
		WAIT
READ		READ BYTE TO VERIFY PROGRAMMING
STANDBY		COMPARE DATA OUTPUT TO DATA EXPECTED
1ST WRITE CYCLE	READ	DATA = 00H SETS THE REGISTER FOR READ OPERATION
STANDBY		V_{PP} RAMPS TO V_{PPL} (OR V_{PP} HARDWIRED)

Note:
(1) The algorithm MUST BE FOLLOWED to ensure proper and reliable operation of the device.

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Program-Verify Mode

A Program-verify cycle is performed to ensure that all bits have been correctly programmed following each byte programming operation. The specific address is already latched from the write cycle just completed, and stays latched until the verify is completed. The Program-verify operation is initiated by writing C0H into the command register. An internal reference generates the necessary high voltages so that the user does not need to modify V_{CC}. Refer to AC Characteristics (Program/Erase) for specific timing parameters.

Abort/Reset

An Abort/Reset command is available to allow the user to safely abort an erase or program sequence. Two consecutive program cycles with FFH on the data bus will abort an erase or a program operation. The abort/reset operation can interrupt at any time in a program or erase operation and the device is reset to the Read Mode.

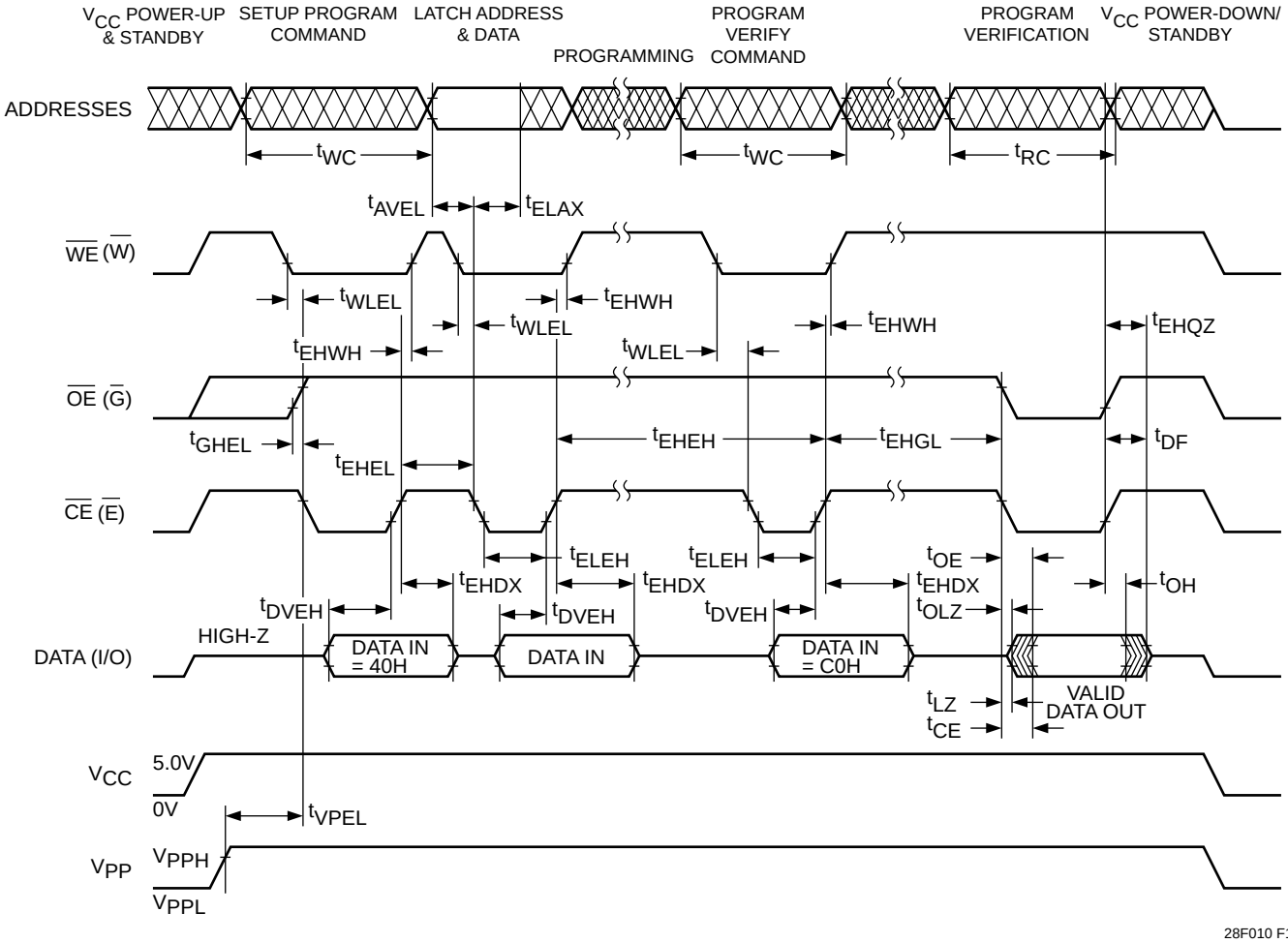
POWER UP/DOWN PROTECTION

The CAT28F010 offers protection against inadvertent programming during V_{PP} and V_{CC} power transitions. When powering up the device there is no power-on sequencing necessary. In other words, V_{PP} and V_{CC} may power up in any order. Additionally V_{PP} may be hardwired to V_{PPH} independent of the state of V_{CC} and any power up/down cycling. The internal command register of the CAT28F010 is reset to the Read Mode on power up.

POWER SUPPLY DECOUPLING

To reduce the effect of transient power supply voltage spikes, it is good practice to use a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor between V_{CC} and V_{SS} and V_{PP} and V_{SS}. These high-frequency capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the device for optimum decoupling.

Figure 8. Alternate A.C. Timing for Program Operation



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A.C. CHARACTERISTICS, Read Operation

V_{CC} = +5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

JEDEC	Standard		28F010-90			28F010-12			
Symbol	**Symbol**	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min.**	**Typ**	**Max.**	**Unit**
t_{AVAV}	t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	90			120			ns
t_{AVEL}	t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	0			0			ns
t_{ELAX}	t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	40			40			ns
t_{DVEH}	t_{DS}	Data Setup Time	40			40			ns
t_{EHDX}	t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	10			10			ns
t_{EHGL}		Write Recovery Time							
	-	Before Read	0			0			µs
t_{GHEL}		Read Recovery Time							
	-	Before Write	0			0			µs
t_{WLEL}	t_{WS}	$\overline{WE}$ Setup time Before $\overline{CE}$	0			0			ns
t_{EHWH}	-	$\overline{WE}$ Hold Time After $\overline{CE}$	0			0			ns
t_{ELEH}	t_{CP}	Write Pulse Width	40			40			ns
t_{EHEL}	t_{CPH}	Write Pulse Width High	20			20			ns
t_{VPEL}	-	V_{PP} Setup Time to $\overline{CE}$ Low	100			100			ns

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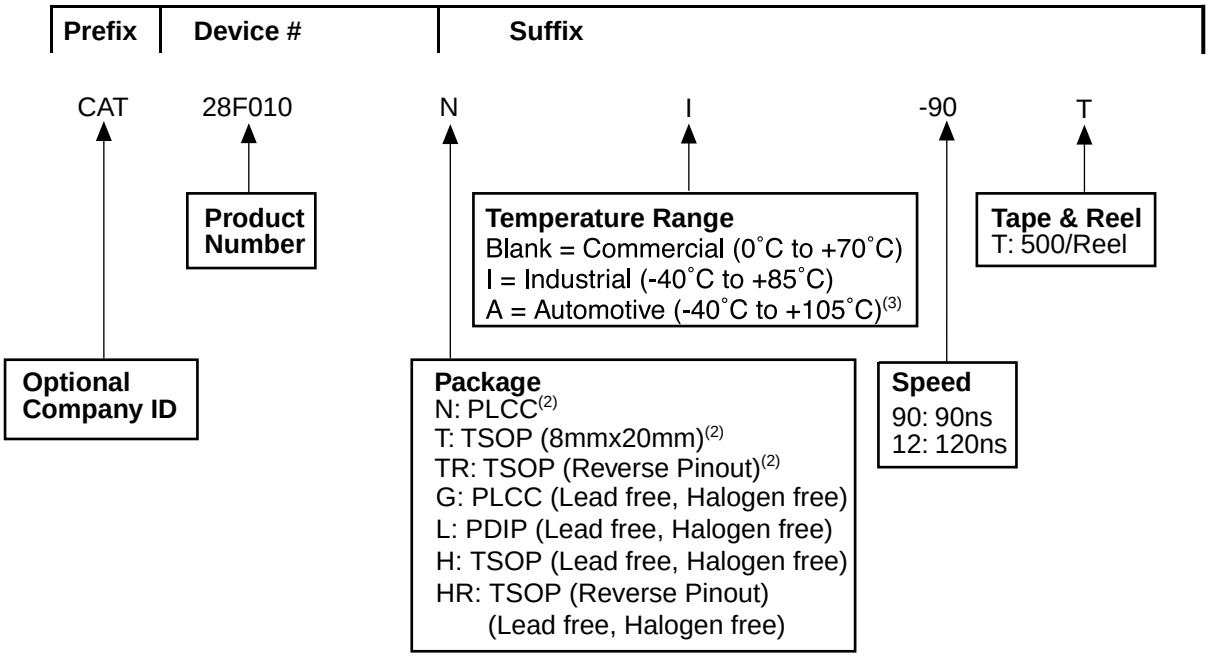
EXAMPLE OF ORDERING INFORMATION(1)



ORDERING INFORMATION

Orderable Part Numbers (for Pb-Free Devices)	
CAT28F010GA-12T	CAT28F010HRA-12T
CAT28F010GA-90T	CAT28F010HRA-90T
CAT28F010GI-12T	CAT28F010HRI-12T
CAT28F010GI-90T	CAT28F010HRI-90T
CAT28F010HA-12T	CAT28F010LA12
CAT28F010HA-90T	CAT28F010LA90
CAT28F010HI-12T	CAT28F010LI12
CAT28F010HI-90T	CAT28F010LI90

Notes:
(1) The device used in the above example is a CAT28F010NI-90T(PLCC, Industrial Temperature, 90 ns access time, Tape & Reel).
(2) Solder-plate (tin-lead) packages, contact Factory for availability.
(3) -40°C to +125°C is available upon request.

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REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Description
01-Jul-04	D	Added Green Packages in all areas.
15-Oct-08	E	Eliminate PDIP SnPb package.
17-Nov-08	F	Change logo and fine print to ON Semiconductor
31-Jul-09	G	Update Absolute Maximum Ratings Update Example of Ordering Information Update Ordering Information table

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