

COMPLEMENTARY SILICON HIGH-VOLTAGE HIGH-POWER TRANSISTORS

... designed for use in high power audio amplifier applications and high voltage switching regulator circuits.

FEATURES:

* Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage -

V_{CEO(sus)}= 100V(Min)- MJE4340,MJE4350

120V(Min)- MJE4341, MJE4351

140V(Min)- MJE4342, MJE4352 160V(Min)-MJE4343,MJE4353

* DC Current Gain hFE=8.0 (Min)@I_C= 16A

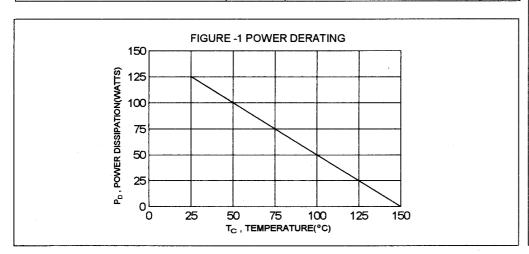
* Current Gain-Bandwidth Product f_T=1.0 MHz (Min)@ I_C=1.0A

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	1		MJE4342 MJE4352	ł .	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	100	120	140	160	٧
Collector-Base Voltage	V _{сво}	100	120	140	160	٧
Emitter-Base Voltage	V _{EBO}		٧			
Collector Current - Continuous - Peak	I _C	16 20				Α
Base Current	l _B	5.0				Α
Total Power Dissipation@T _C = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	125 1.0			W/°C	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T _J ,T _{STG}	-65 to +150			°C	

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	Rθjc	1.0	°C/W

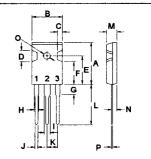


NPN	PNP
MJE4340	MJE4350
MJE4341	MJE4351
MJE4342	MJE4352
MJE4343	MJE4353

16 AMPERE **COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS** 100 -160 VOLTS 125 WATTS



TO-247(3P)



PIN 1.BASE 2.COLLECTOR 3.EMITTER

DIM	MILLIMETERS			
Dilvi	MIN	MAX		
Α	20.63	22.38		
В	15.38	16.20		
С	1.90	2.70		
D	5.10	6.10		
E	14.81	15.22		
F	11.72	12.84		
G	4.20	4.50		
H	1.82	2.46		
i	2.92	3.23		
J	0.89	1.53		
K	5.26	5.66		
L	18.50	21.50		
M	4.68	5.36		
N	2.40	2.80		
0	3.25	3.65		
Р	0.55	0.70		

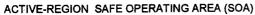
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_c = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

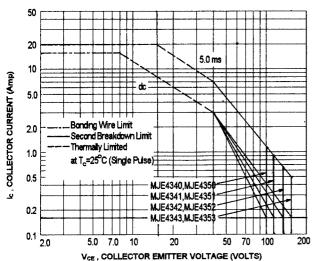
Characteris	tic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (i _C = 100 mA, I _B = 0)	(1) MJE4340,MJE4350 MJE4341,MJE4351 MJE4342,MJE4352 MJE4343,MJE4353	V _{CEO(sus)}	100 120 140 160		V
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = 50 V, I _B = 0) (V _{CE} = 60 V, I _B = 0) (V _{CE} = 70 V, I _B = 0) (V _{CE} = 80 V, I _B = 0)	MJE4340,MJE4350 MJE4341,MJE4351 MJE4342,MJE4352 MJE4343,MJE4353	I _{CEO}		0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75	mA
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CBO} ,V _{EB(off)} = 1.5 V) (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CBO} ,V _{EB(off)} = 1.5 V,T _c :	=150 °C)	I _{CEX}		1.0 5.0	mA
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CB} = Rated V _{CB} , I _E = 0)		Ісво		0.75	mA
Emitter Cutoff Current (V _{EB} = 7.0V,I _C = 0)		l _{EBO}		1.0	mA
ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)					
DC Current Gain (I _C = 8.0 A, V _{CE} = 2.0 V,) (I _C = 16 A, V _{CE} = 4.0 V,)		hFE	15 8.0		
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 8.0 A, I _B = 800 mA) (I _C = 16 A, I _B = 2.0 A)		V _{CE(sat)}		2.0 3.5	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 16 A, I _B = 2.0 A)		V _{BE(sat)}		3.9	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage (I _C =16 A, V _{CE} = 4.0V)		V _{BE(on)}		3.9	V

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Current Gain - Bandwidth Product (2) (l _C = 1.0A , V _{CE} = 20 V , f = 0.5 MHz)	f _T	1.0		MHz
Output Capacitance (V _{CB} = 10 V , I _E = 0 , f = 0.1 MHz)	C _{ob}		800	pF

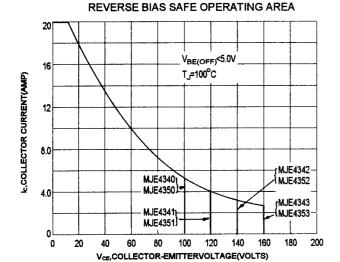
⁽¹⁾ Pulse Test: Pulse width \le 300 us , Duty Cycle \le 2.0 % (2) $f_{_{T}}$ =| $h_{_{10}}$ | $^{\circ}$ $f_{_{TEST}}$





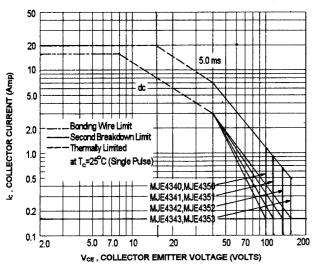
There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor:average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate $I_{\text{\tiny C}}\text{-}V_{\text{\tiny CE}}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

The data of SOA curve is base on $T_{J(PK)}$ =150 °C; T_C is variable depending on conditions second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(PK)}$ ≤150°C,At high case temperatures, thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.



For inductive loads. high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases. with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shapping, etc. the safe level for these devices is specificed as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Left -figure gives RBSOA characteristics.

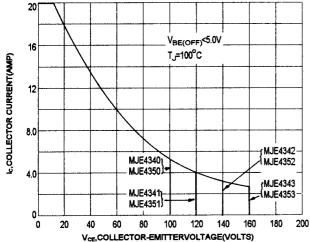
ACTIVE-REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)



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REVERSE BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



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