

Film Capacitors

Metallized Polyester Film Capacitors (MKT)

Series/Type: B32932 ... B32936

Date: August 2015

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AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Typical applications

- For connection in series with the mains
- For severe ambient conditions
- Capacitive power supply applications
- Energy meters

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 105 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/105/56

Features

- High stability of capacitance value
- X2 safety approval (up to 2.2 µF)
- RoHS-compatible

Construction

- Dielectric: metallized polvester
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Standard lead lengths: 6 -1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking

Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage (IEC), series number, sub-class (X2), dielectric code (MKT), climatic category

Delivery mode

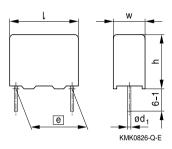
Bulk (untaped, lead length 6 - 1 mm) Taped (Ammo pack or reel)

Approvals

Approval mark	Standards	Certificate
3 10	EN 60384-14	40028058
	IEC 60384-14	
91	UL 60384-14	E97863
LP 2	CSA E60384-14:09	E97863

Note: X2 safety approval for $C \le 2.2 \mu F$

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing ±0.4	Lead diameter d ₁ ±0.05	Туре
15	0.8	B32932
22.5	0.8	B32933
27.5	0.8	B32934
37.5	1.0	B32936

Marking examples







AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
Туре	B32932	B32933	B32934	B32936
C _R (μF)				
0.047				
0.068				
0.10				
0.15				
0.22				
0.33				
0.47				
0.56				
0.68				
0.82				
1.0				
1.5				
2.2				





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units

Lead spacing	C _R	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max. dimensions}\\ &w\times h\times I\end{aligned}$	Ordering code (composition see	Ammo pack	Straight terminals,	Straight terminals,	X2 safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	Reel	Untaped	appr.
					pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
15	0.047	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$		4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.068	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3683+***	4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.10	$6.0 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32932A3104+***	3840	4400	4000	Х
	0.15	$7.0\times12.5\times18.0$	B32932A3154+***	3320	3600	4000	Х
	0.22	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3224+***	2720	2800	2000	Х
	0.33	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3334+***	2560	2800	2000	Х
	0.47	$11.0 \times 18.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3474M***	_	2200	1200	Х
22.5	0.10	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32933A3104+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.15	$6.0\times15.0\times26.5$	B32933A3154+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.22	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3224+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.33	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3334+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.47	$8.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3474M***	1920	2000	2040	Х
	0.47	$10.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$	B32933B3474+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.56	$10.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3564+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.68	$10.5 \times 18.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3684+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.82	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 26.5$	B32933A3824+***	_	_	1800	Х
	1.0	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 26.5$	B32933A3105M***	_	_	1800	Х
	1.0	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32933B3105+***	_	_	1040	Х
	1.5	$14.5\times29.5\times26.5$	B32933A3155+***	_	-	1040	X

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

K = +10%

*** = Packaging code:

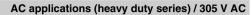
289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

000 = Straight terminals, Untaped (standard lead

length 6 -1 mm)







Ordering codes and packing units

Lead spacing	C _R	Max. dimensions $w \times h \times l$	Ordering code (composition see	Ammo pack	Straight terminals,	Straight terminals,	X2 safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	Reel	Untaped	appr.
	·		•		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
27.5	0.47	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32934A3474+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	0.56	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32934A3564+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	0.68	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32934A3684+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	0.82	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32934A3824+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32934A3105M***	_	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0 \times 21.0 \times 31.5$	B32934B3105+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	1.5	$13.5 \times 23.0 \times 31.5$	B32934B3155M***	_	1200	1120	Х
	1.5	$14.0 \times 24.5 \times 31.5$	B32934D3155+***	_	_	1040	Х
	2.2	$18.0 \times 27.5 \times 31.5$	B32934B3225+***	_	_	800	Х
37.5	1.0	12.0 × 22.0 × 41.5	B32936A3105+***	_	_	1620	Х
	1.5	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 41.5$	B32936A3155+***	_	_	1620	Х
	2.2	$14.0 \times 25.0 \times 41.5$	B32936A3225+***	_	-	1380	Х

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

M = ±20%

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

000 = Straight terminals, Untaped (standard lead

length 6 -1 mm)





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Technical data

Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$ ($T_{op} = T_{amb} + self-heating$)	+105 °C			
Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10 ⁻³)	tan δ	1 kHz	10 kHz	
at 20 °C (upper limit values)	C ≤ 1 μF	8	15	
	C > 1 μF	8	_	
Insulation resistance R _{ins}	C _R ≤ 0.33 μI	=	$C_R > 0.33$	βμF
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$	30000 MΩ		10000 s	
at 20 °C,				
rel. humidity ≤ 65% (minimum				
as-delivered values)	10101/100	0 (4.0)/		IEO 00004 44)
DC test voltage	†	2 s (4.3 · V _R 8	according to	o IEC 60384-14)
Passive flammability category to IEC 40 (CO) 752	В			
Capacitance tolerances	±10% (K), ±	20% (M)		
(measured at 1 kHz)				
Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14)	305 V (50/6	0 Hz)		
Operating voltage V _{op} at high	$T_A \le 105 ^{\circ}C$		$V_{op} = 1.25$	5 · V _{AC} (1000 h)
temperature				
Damp heat test	Test condition			
	1. Tempera		+85 °C ±2	
		humidity (RH)		
	Test dura		1000 hou	
	Voltage v	raiue:	240 V AC	, 50 HZ
	2. Tempera		+40 °C ±2	- -
		humidity (RH)		
	Test dura		2000 hou	
	Voltage v	alue:	305 V AC	C, 50 Hz
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance	e change (∆C/	C): :	≤ 10%
	Dissipation	factor change	(Δtan δ): :	≤ 5 · 10 ⁻³ (at 1 kHz)
	∆tan δ/tan δ	:	:	≤ 100% (at 10 kHz)
		sistance R _{ins}		
		stant $\tau = C_R \cdot I$	R _{ins} :	> 10 MΩ
Reference standard	AEC-Q200			



AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC



Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in $V/\mu s$.

" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in $V^2/\mu s$.

Note:

The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and ko values

Lead spacing (mm)	15	22.5	27.5	37.5
dV/dt (V/μs)	90	50	35	25
k_0 (V ² / μ s)	108000	60000	42000	30000





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

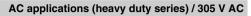
Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

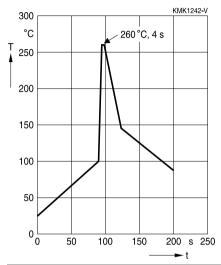
Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

Series	s	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
	uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)		
MFP	uncoured (road opacing > 10 mm)		
MKP	(lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5 ±1 s
MKP	(lead spacing ≤ 7.5 mm)		< 4 s
MKT	uncoated (lead spacing ≤ 10 mm)		recommended soldering
	insulated (B32559)		profile for MKT uncoated
			(lead spacing ≤ 10 mm) and
			insulated (B32559)









Immersion depth	2.0 + 0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane	
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 \pm 0.5) mm thick, between capacitor body and liquid solder	
Evaluation criteria:		
Visual inspection	No visible damage	
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP 5% for EMI suppression capacitors	
tan δ	As specified in sectional specification	





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

1.3 General notes on soldering

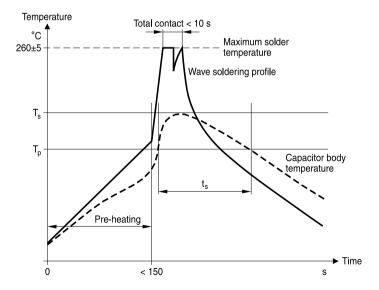
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics: diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:

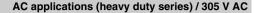


T_s: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering

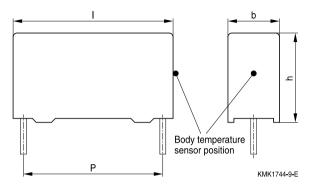
KMK1745-A-E

T_n: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating









Body remperature should follow the description below:

■ MKP capacitor

During pre-heating: $T_p \le 110 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ During soldering: $T_s \le 120 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$, $t_s \le 45 \, \text{s}$

■ MKT capacitor

During pre-heating: $T_p \le 125$ °C During soldering: $T_s \le 160$ °C, $t_s \le 45$ s

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings ≤10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to EPCOS Film Capacitor Data Book in case more details are needed.





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Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"

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AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α_{C}	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
Α	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β_{C}	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
Δ C/C	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
$\Delta tan \delta$	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f ₁	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
,		Wechselspannung
f_2	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
f	Resonant frequency	Wechselspannung Resonanzfreguenz
f _r F _D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur
' D	mermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Diffusion
F_T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I _C	Category current (max. continuous current)	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)





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Symbol	English	German
I _{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
İz	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k_0	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
L _s	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λ_{o}	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
R_{i}	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_P	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
R_{S}	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
$tan \; \delta_{\text{\tiny D}}$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
$tan \; \delta_{\scriptscriptstyle P}$	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan δ_s	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T _A	Temperature of the air surrounding the component	Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T _{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t _{OL}	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
- •	and voltage	-spannung
T_{op}	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T _R	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T_{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t_{SL}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer





AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Symbol	English	German
$\overline{V_{AC}}$	AC voltage	Wechselspannung
V_{c}	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{C,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V_{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V_{i}	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
V_{\circ}	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V_R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
ν̂ _R	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage,	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
	root-mean-square value	
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V_{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung
		"Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



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Important notes

7. The trade names EPCOS, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PQSine, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, TFAP, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.