

# BFU590Q

NPN wideband silicon RF transistor

Rev. 1 — 28 April 2014

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

NPN silicon microwave transistor for high speed, medium power applications in a plastic, 3-pin SOT89 package.

The BFU590Q is part of the BFU5 family of transistors, suitable for small signal to medium power applications up to 2 GHz.

### 1.2 Features and benefits

- Medium power, high linearity, high breakdown voltage RF transistor
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Maximum stable gain 11 dB at 900 MHz
- $P_{L(1dB)}$  22 dBm at 900 MHz
- 8 GHz  $f_T$  silicon technology

### 1.3 Applications

- Automotive applications
- Broadband amplifiers
- Medium power amplifiers (500 mW at a frequency of 433 MHz or 866 MHz)
- Large signal amplifiers for ISM applications

### 1.4 Quick reference data

**Table 1. Quick reference data**

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

| Symbol    | Parameter                 | Conditions  | Min | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|
| $V_{CB}$  | collector-base voltage    | open emitter  | -   | -   | 24   | V    |
| $V_{CE}$  | collector-emitter voltage | open base   | -   | -   | 12   | V    |
|           |                           | shorted base  | -   | -   | 24   | V    |
| $V_{EB}$  | emitter-base voltage      | open collector  | -   | -   | 2    | V    |
| $I_C$     | collector current         |   | -   | 80  | 200  | mA   |
| $P_{tot}$ | total power dissipation   | $T_{sp} \leq 90\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ [1]                        | -   | -   | 2000 | mW   |
| $h_{FE}$  | DC current gain           | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$                        | 60  | 95  | 130  |      |
| $C_c$     | collector capacitance     | $V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$                          | -   | 2.0 | -    | pF   |
| $f_T$     | transition frequency      | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ | -   | 8.0 | -    | GHz  |



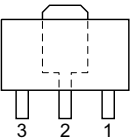
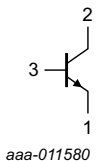
**Table 1. Quick reference data ...continued** $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

| Symbol       | Parameter                             | Conditions   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $G_{p(max)}$ | maximum power gain                    | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ [2]                              | -   | 11  | -   | dB   |
| $P_{L(1dB)}$ | output power at 1 dB gain compression | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ | -   | 22  | -   | dBm  |

[1]  $T_{sp}$  is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.[2] If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  is the maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)} = MSG$ .

## 2. Pinning information

**Table 2. Discrete pinning**

| Pin | Description | Simplified outline  | Graphic symbol  |
|-----|-------------|---|---|
| 1   | emitter     |  | <br>aaa-011580 |
| 2   | collector   |   |   |
| 3   | base        |   |   |

## 3. Ordering information

**Table 3. Ordering information**

| Type number | Package |   |         |
|-------------|---------|---|---------|
|             | Name    | Description   | Version |
| BFU590Q     | -       | plastic surface-mounted package; exposed die pad with good heat transfer; 3 leads | SOT89   |
| OM7965      | -       | Customer evaluation kit for BFU580Q and BFU590Q [1]                               | -       |

[1] The customer evaluation kit contains the following:

- Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
- Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) with emitter degeneration
- Four SMA connectors for fitting unpopulated Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
- BFU580Q and BFU590Q samples
- USB stick with data sheets, application notes, models, S-parameter and noise files

## 4. Marking

**Table 4. Marking**

| Type number | Marking |
|-------------|---------|
| BFU590Q     | S59     |

## 5. Design support

**Table 5. Available design support**

Download from the BFU590Q product information page on <http://www.nxp.com>.

| Support item                            | Available | Remarks   |
|---|-----------|---|
| Device models for Agilent EEsof EDA ADS | yes       | Based on Mextram device model.                                      |
| SPICE model                             | yes       | Based on Gummel-Poon device model.                                  |
| S-parameters                            | yes       |   |
| Customer evaluation kit                 | yes       | See <a href="#">Section 3</a> and <a href="#">Section 10</a> .      |
| Solder pattern                          | yes       |   |
| Application notes                       | yes       | See <a href="#">Section 10.1</a> and <a href="#">Section 10.2</a> . |

## 6. Limiting values

**Table 6. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

| Symbol    | Parameter                       | Conditions  | Min | Max  | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| $V_{CB}$  | collector-base voltage          | open emitter  | -   | 30   | V    |
| $V_{CE}$  | collector-emitter voltage       | open base   | -   | 16   | V    |
|           |                                 | shorted base  | -   | 30   | V    |
| $V_{EB}$  | emitter-base voltage            | open collector  | -   | 3    | V    |
| $I_C$     | collector current               |   | -   | 300  | mA   |
| $T_{stg}$ | storage temperature             |   | -65 | +150 | °C   |
| $V_{ESD}$ | electrostatic discharge voltage | Human Body Model (HBM) According to JEDEC standard 22-A114E     | -   | ±250 | V    |
|           |                                 | Charged Device Model (CDM) According to JEDEC standard 22-C101B | -   | ±2   | kV   |

## 7. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 7. Characteristics**

| Symbol    | Parameter                 | Conditions                                      | Min | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|
| $V_{CB}$  | collector-base voltage    | open emitter                                    | -   | -   | 24   | V    |
| $V_{CE}$  | collector-emitter voltage | open base                                       | -   | -   | 12   | V    |
|           |                           | shorted base                                    | -   | -   | 24   | V    |
| $V_{EB}$  | emitter-base voltage      | open collector                                  | -   | -   | 2    | V    |
| $I_C$     | collector current         |   | -   | -   | 200  | mA   |
| $P_i$     | input power               | $Z_S = 50 \Omega$                               | -   | -   | 20   | dBm  |
| $T_j$     | junction temperature      |   | -40 | -   | +150 | °C   |
| $P_{tot}$ | total power dissipation   | $T_{sp} \leq 90 \text{ °C}$ <a href="#">[1]</a> | -   | -   | 2000 | mW   |

[1]  $T_{sp}$  is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

## 8. Thermal characteristics

**Table 8. Thermal characteristics**

| Symbol         | Parameter  | Conditions | Typ    | Unit |
|----------------|--|------------|--------|------|
| $R_{th(j-sp)}$ | thermal resistance from junction to solder point |            | [1] 30 | K/W  |

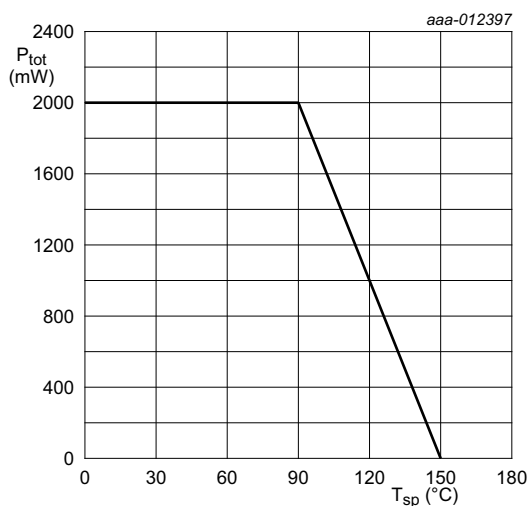
[1]  $T_{sp}$  is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

$T_{sp}$  has the following relation to the ambient temperature  $T_{amb}$ :

$$T_{sp} = T_{amb} + P \times R_{th(sp-a)}$$

With  $P$  being the power dissipation and  $R_{th(sp-a)}$  being the thermal resistance between the solder point and ambient.  $R_{th(sp-a)}$  is determined by the heat transfer properties in the application.

The heat transfer properties are set by the application board materials, the board layout and the environment e.g. housing.



**Fig 1. Power derating curve**

## 9. Characteristics

**Table 9. Characteristics**

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified

| Symbol        | Parameter                           | Conditions  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{(BR)CBO}$ | collector-base breakdown voltage    | $I_C = 100\text{ nA}$ ; $I_E = 0\text{ mA}$                         | 24  | -   | -   | V    |
| $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $I_C = 150\text{ nA}$ ; $I_B = 0\text{ mA}$                         | 12  | -   | -   | V    |
| $I_C$         | collector current                   |   | -   | 80  | 200 | mA   |
| $I_{CBO}$     | collector-base cut-off current      | $I_E = 0\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}$                         | -   | <1  | -   | nA   |
| $h_{FE}$      | DC current gain                     | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$                        | 60  | 95  | 130 |      |
| $C_e$         | emitter capacitance                 | $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$                        | -   | 3.6 | -   | pF   |
| $C_{re}$      | feedback capacitance                | $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$                          | -   | 1.3 | -   | pF   |
| $C_c$         | collector capacitance               | $V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$                          | -   | 2   | -   | pF   |
| $f_T$         | transition frequency                | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ | -   | 8.0 | -   | GHz  |

**Table 9. Characteristics ...continued** $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

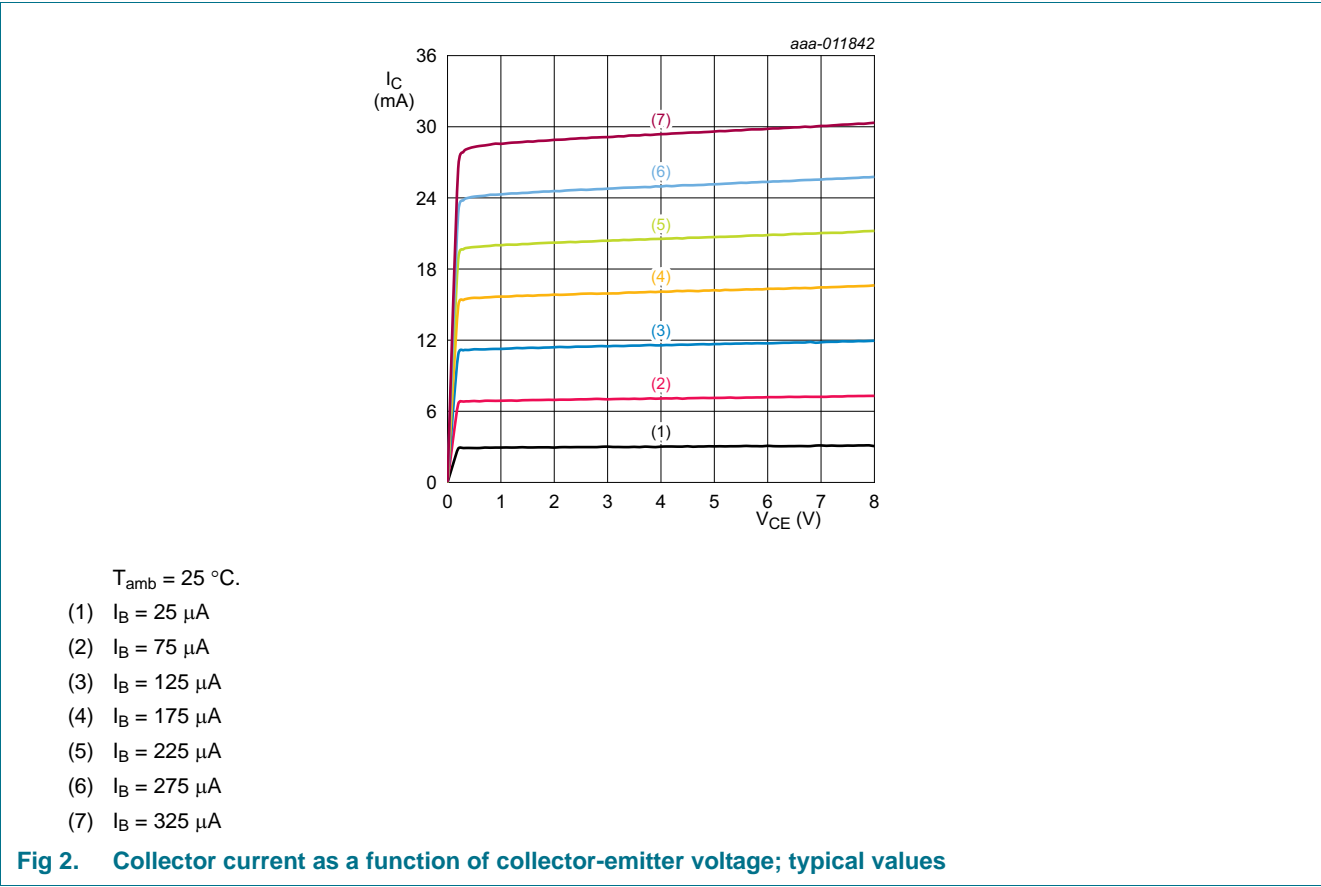
| Symbol       | Parameter                             | Conditions   | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| $G_{p(max)}$ | maximum power gain                    | $f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]                            |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 17   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 17.5 | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 17.5 | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]                            |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 11   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 11   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 11   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]                           |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 6    | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 6.5  | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 6.5  | -   | dB   |
| $ S_{21} ^2$ | insertion power gain                  | $f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$                                |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 14.5 | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 16   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 16   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$                                |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 9    | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 10   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 10   | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$                               |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$   | -   | 3.5  | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 4.5  | -   | dB   |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 4.5  | -   | dB   |
| $P_{L(1dB)}$ | output power at 1 dB gain compression | $f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$  |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 20.5 | -   | dBm  |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 23   | -   | dBm  |
|              |                                       | $f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$  |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 20   | -   | dBm  |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 22   | -   | dBm  |
|              |                                       | $f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ |     |      |     |      |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$   | -   | 19.5 | -   | dBm  |
|              |                                       | $I_C = 80\text{ mA}$   | -   | 22   | -   | dBm  |

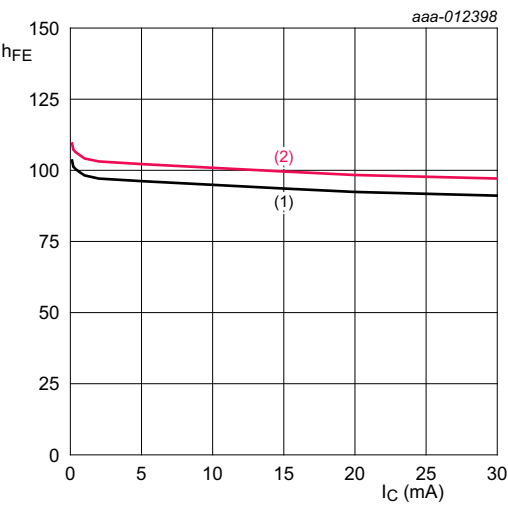
Table 9. Characteristics ...continued  
*T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified*

| Symbol           | Parameter                          | Conditions   | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| IP3 <sub>o</sub> | output third-order intercept point | f <sub>1</sub> = 433 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 434 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V;<br>Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω   |     |      |     |      |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA   | -   | 30   | -   | dBm  |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 80 mA   | -   | 32.5 | -   | dBm  |
|                  |                                    | f <sub>1</sub> = 900 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 901 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V;<br>Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω   |     |      |     |      |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA   | -   | 29.5 | -   | dBm  |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 80 mA   | -   | 31.5 | -   | dBm  |
|                  |                                    | f <sub>1</sub> = 1800 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 1801 MHz;<br>V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω |     |      |     |      |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA   | -   | 29   | -   | dBm  |
|                  |                                    | I <sub>C</sub> = 80 mA   | -   | 31.5 | -   | dBm  |

[1] If K > 1 then G<sub>p(max)</sub> is the maximum power gain. If K < 1 then G<sub>p(max)</sub> = MSG.

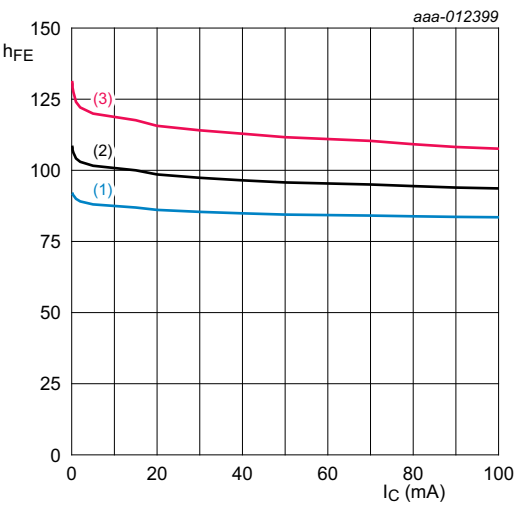
9.1 Graphs





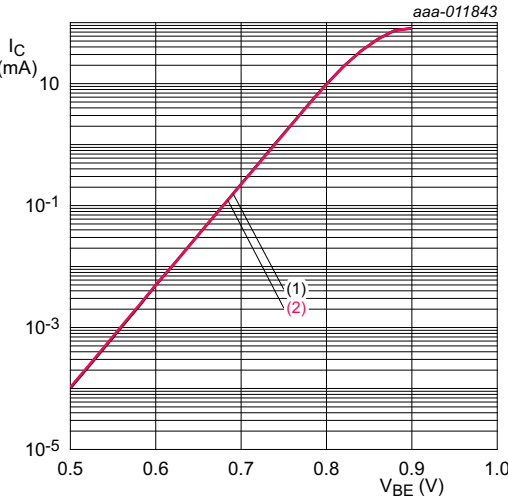
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
(1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
(2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 3. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



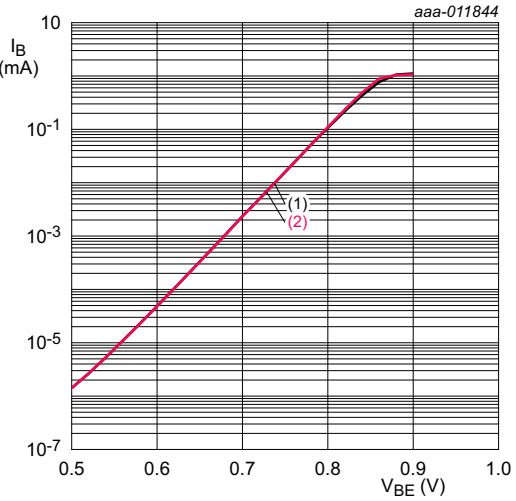
$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}.$   
(1)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
(2)  $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
(3)  $T_{amb} = +125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Fig 4. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



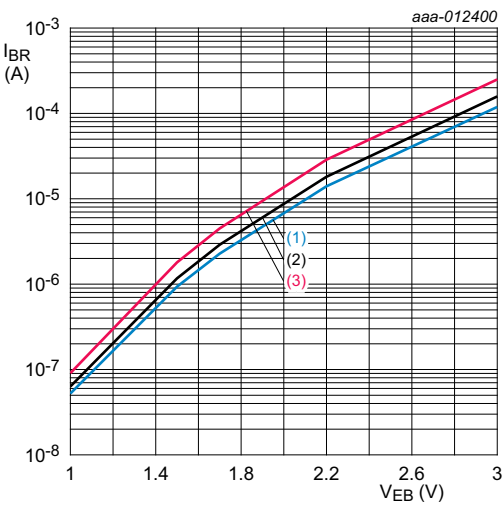
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
(1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
(2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 5. Collector current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values**



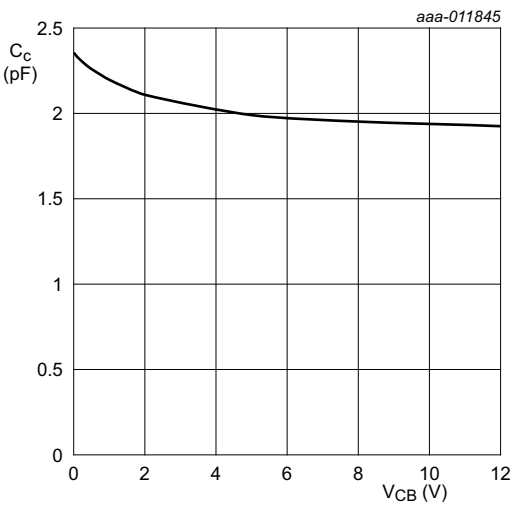
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
(1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
(2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 6. Base current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values**



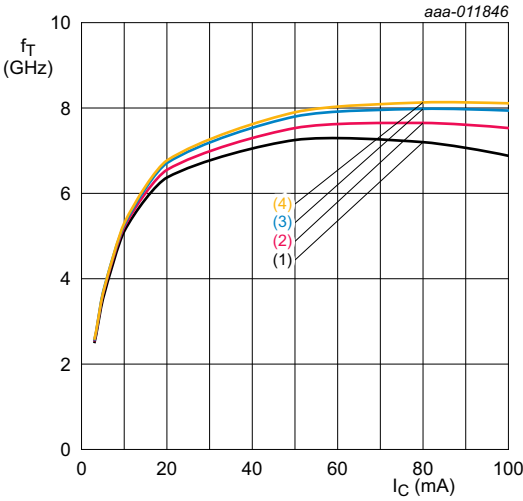
- $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$ .
- (1)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = +125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig 7. Reverse base current as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values



$I_C = 0\text{ mA}$ ;  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Fig 8. Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values



- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- (1)  $V_{CE} = 3.3\text{ V}$
  - (2)  $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$
  - (3)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$
  - (4)  $V_{CE} = 12.0\text{ V}$

Fig 9. Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values



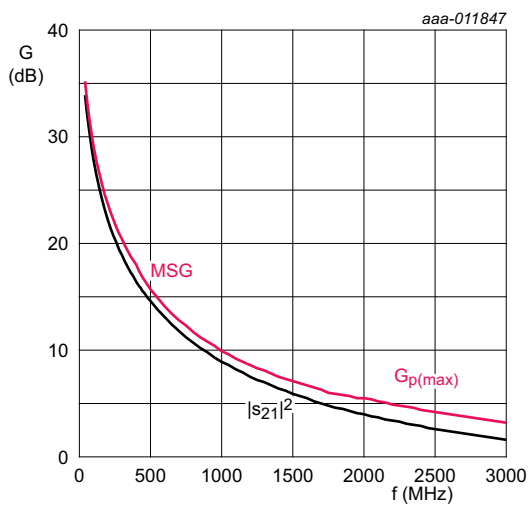


Fig 10. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values

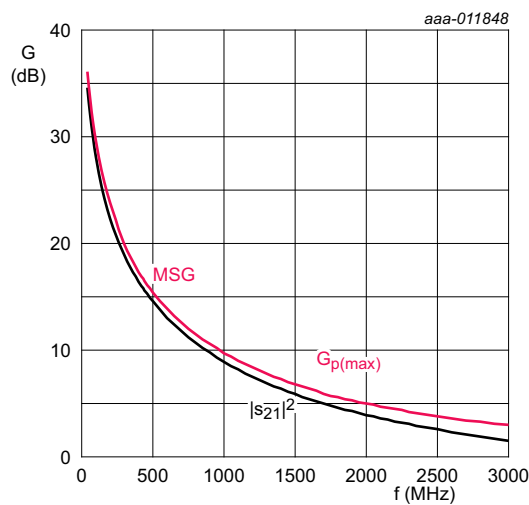
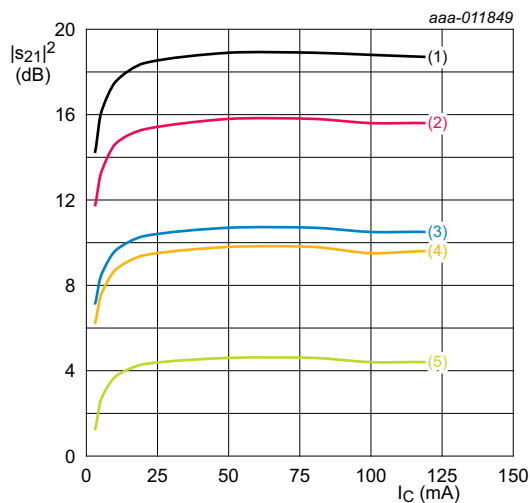
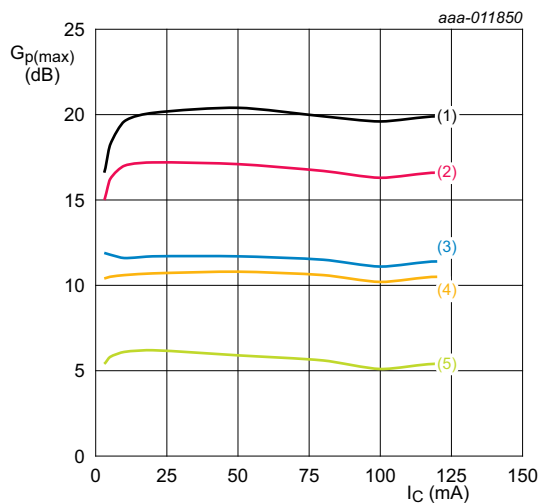


Fig 11. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values



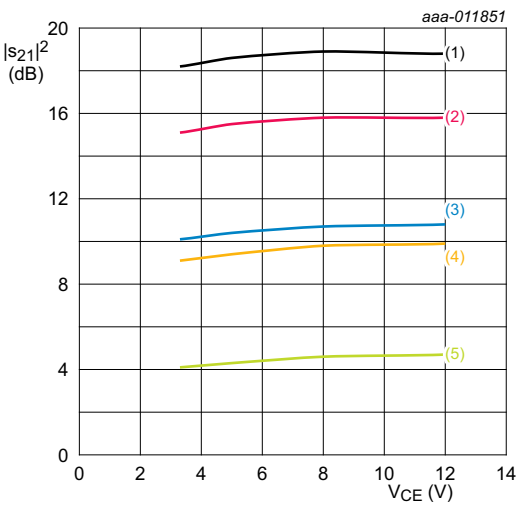
- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
- (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

Fig 12. Insertion power gain as a function of collector current; typical values



- If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = MSG.
- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
  - (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
  - (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
  - (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
  - (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

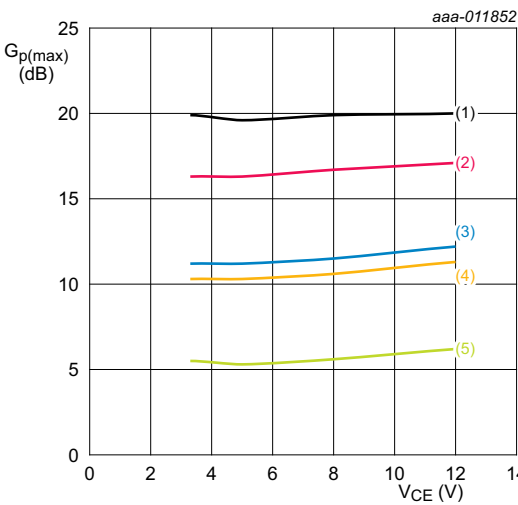
Fig 13. Maximum power gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
- (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

Fig 14. Insertion power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

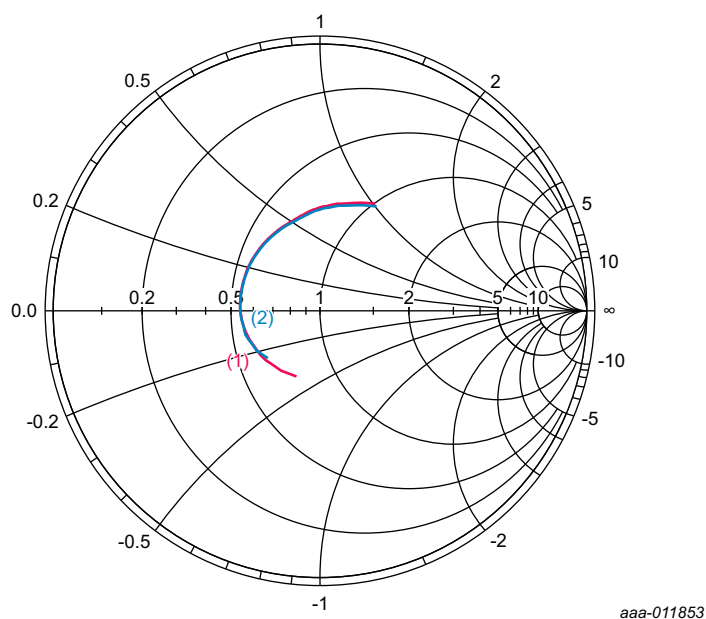


$I_C = 80 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = MSG.

- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
- (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

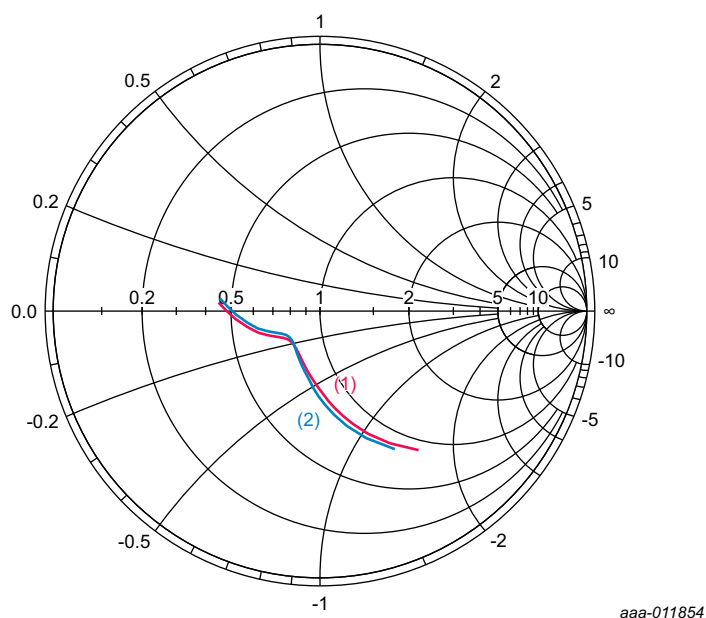
Fig 15. Maximum power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



$V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; 40 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$

- (1)  $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$
- (2)  $I_C = 80 \text{ mA}$

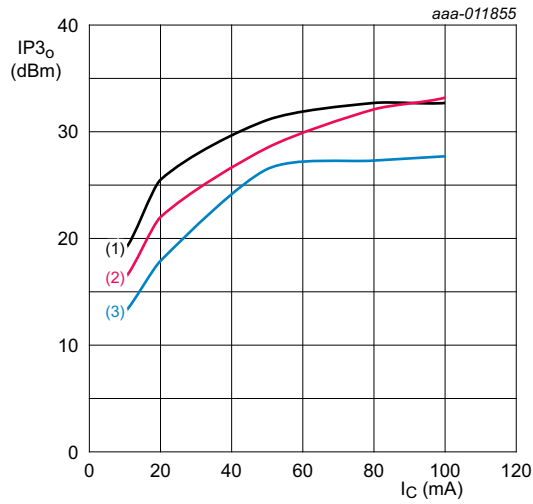
**Fig 16. Input reflection coefficient ( $s_{11}$ ); typical values**



$V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; 40 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}.$

- (1)  $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$
- (2)  $I_C = 80 \text{ mA}$

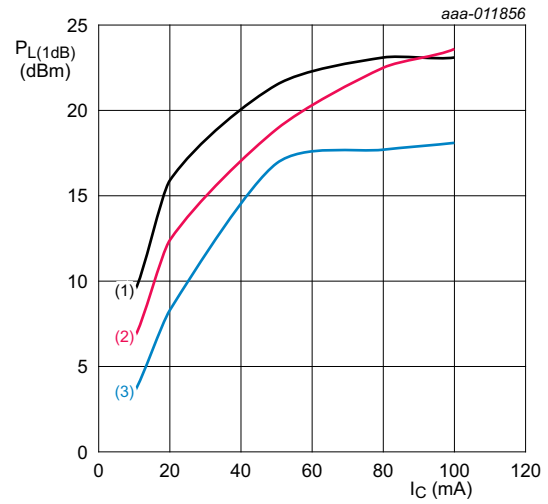
**Fig 17. Output reflection coefficient ( $s_{22}$ ); typical values**



$V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f_1 = 433 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 434 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f_1 = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 901 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f_1 = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 1801 \text{ MHz}$

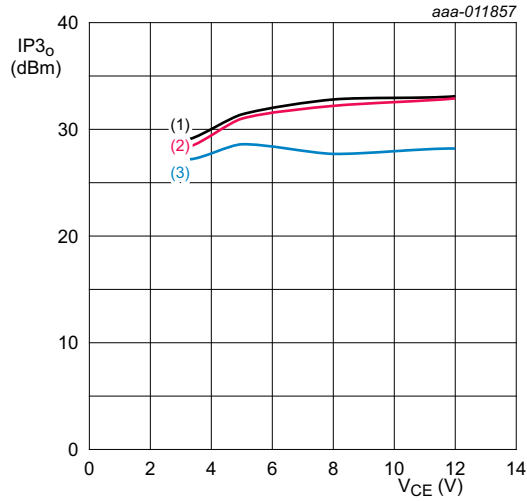
**Fig 18. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector current; typical values**



$V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

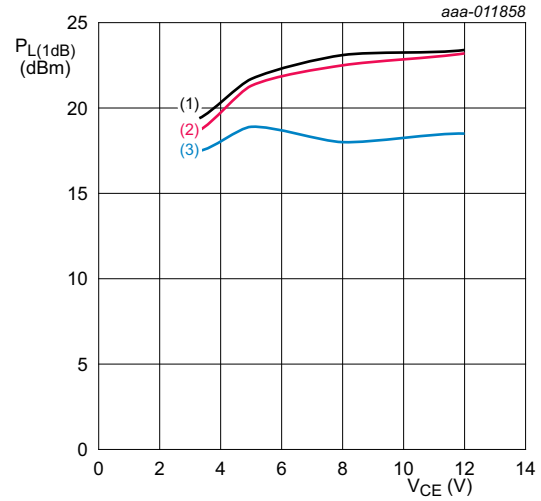
**Fig 19. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector current; typical values**



$I_C = 80 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f_1 = 433 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 434 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f_1 = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 901 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f_1 = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_2 = 1801 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 20. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**



$I_C = 80 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 21. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**

10. Application information

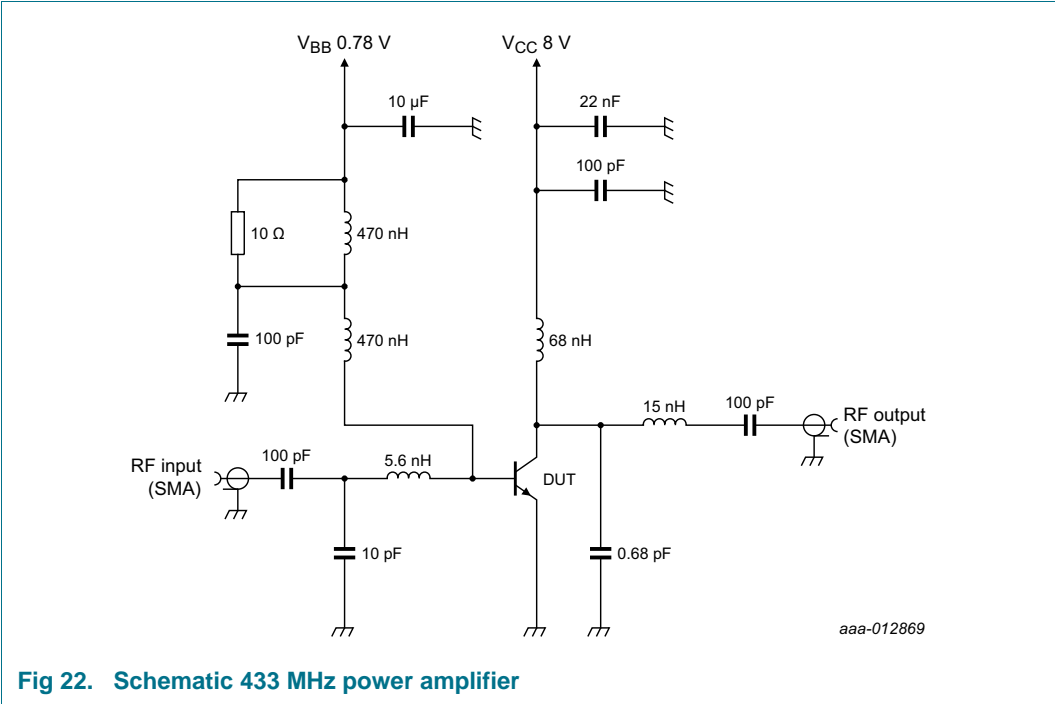
More information about the following application example can be found in the application notes. See [Section 5 “Design support”](#).

The following application example can be implemented using the evaluation kit. See [Section 3 “Ordering information”](#) for the order type number.

The following application example can be simulated using the simulation package. See [Section 5 “Design support”](#).

10.1 Application example: 433 MHz PA

More detailed information of the application example can be found in the application note: AN11504.



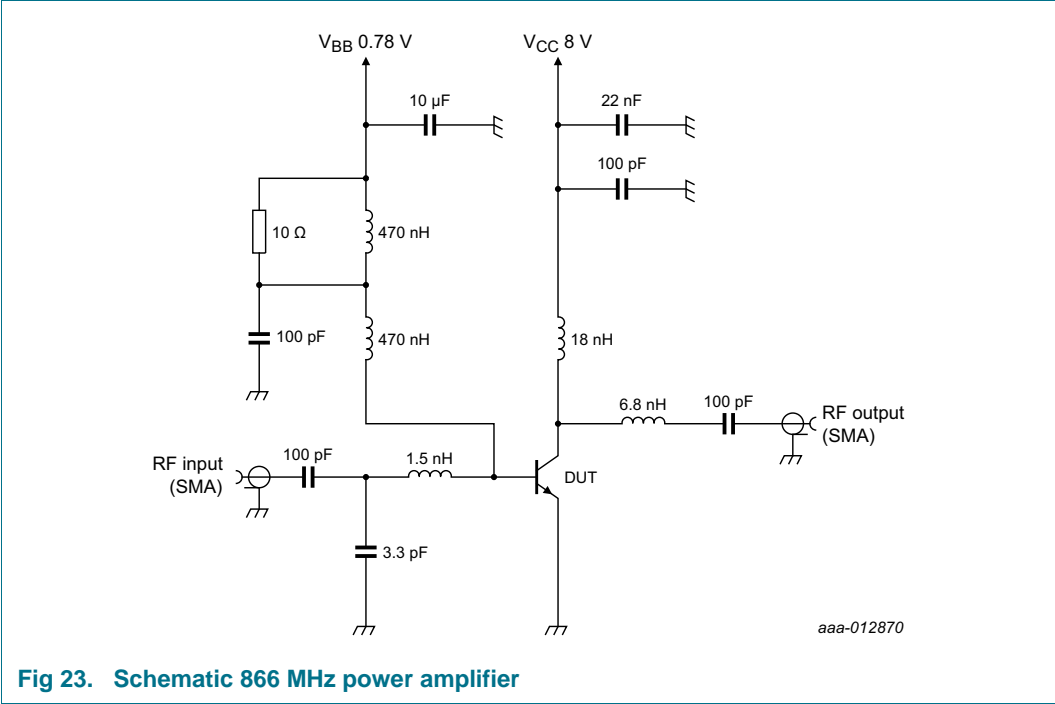
Remark: fine tuning of components maybe required depending on PCB parasitics.

Table 10. Application performance data at 433 MHz  
I<sub>CC</sub> = 100 mA; V<sub>CC</sub> = 8 V

| Symbol                         | Parameter                             | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| S <sub>21</sub>   <sup>2</sup> | insertion power gain                  |            | -   | 15  | -   | dB   |
| S <sub>11</sub>   <sup>2</sup> | input return loss                     |            | -   | -7  | -   | dB   |
| P <sub>L(1dB)</sub>            | output power at 1 dB gain compression |            | -   | 26  | -   | dBm  |
| η <sub>C</sub>                 | collector efficiency                  |            | -   | 60  | -   | %    |

10.2 Application example: 866 MHz PA

More detailed information of the application example can be found in the application note: AN11502.



Remark: fine tuning of components may be required depending on PCB parasitics.

Table 11. Application performance data at 866 MHz

$I_{CC} = 100\text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{CC} = 8\text{ V}$

| Symbol       | Parameter                             | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $ S_{21} ^2$ | insertion power gain                  |            | -   | 10  | -   | dB   |
| $ S_{11} ^2$ | input return loss                     |            | -   | -12 | -   | dB   |
| $P_{L(1dB)}$ | output power at 1 dB gain compression |            | -   | 27  | -   | dBm  |
| $\eta_C$     | collector efficiency                  |            | -   | 55  | -   | %    |

# 11. Package outline

Plastic surface-mounted package; exposed die pad for good heat transfer; 3 leads

SOT89

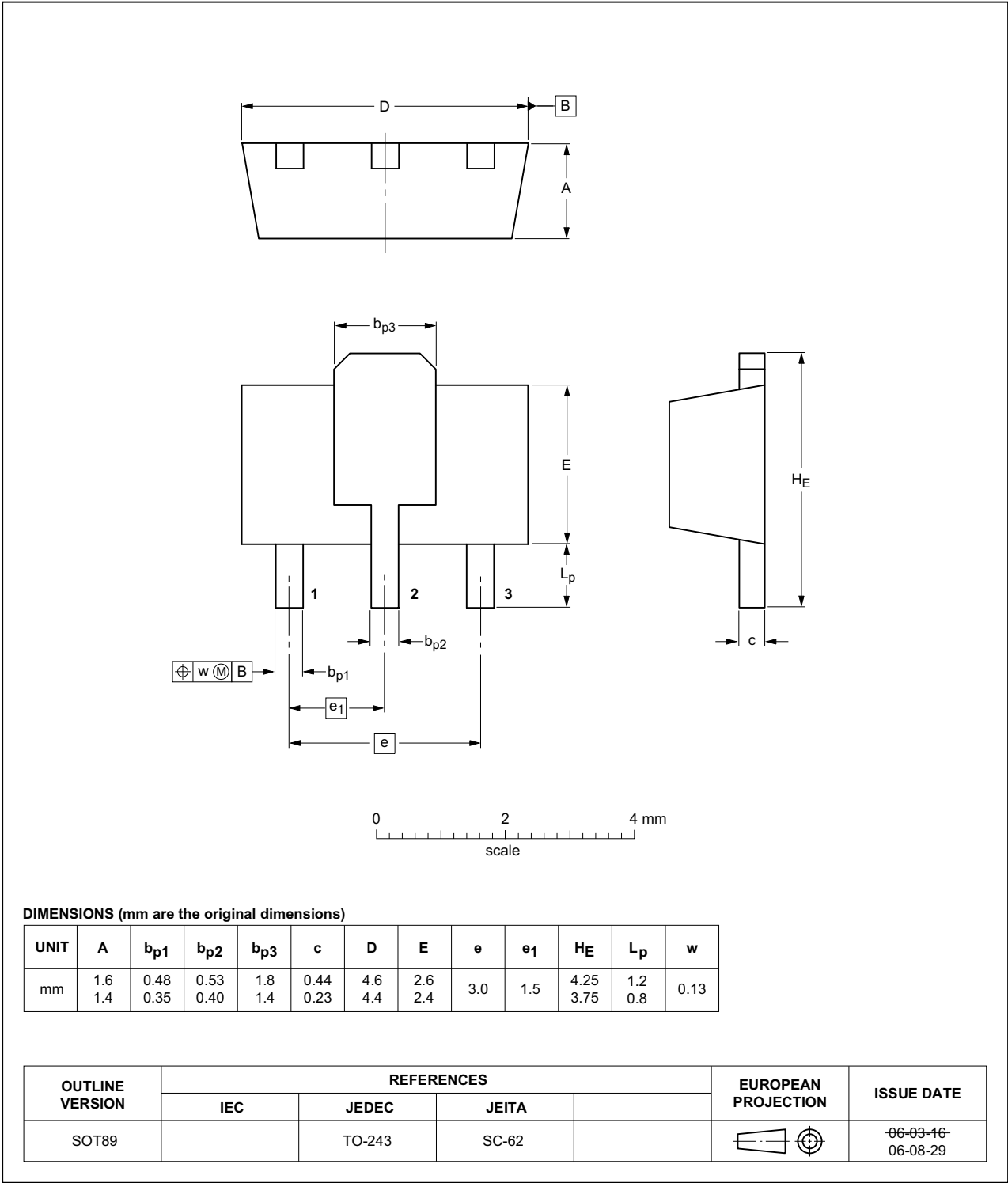


Fig 24. Package outline SOT89

## 12. Handling information

### CAUTION



This device is sensitive to ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD). Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

Such precautions are described in the *ANSI/ESD S20.20*, *IEC/ST 61340-5*, *JESD625-A* or equivalent standards.

## 13. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description                        |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| AEC     | Automotive Electronics Council     |
| ISM     | Industrial, Scientific and Medical |
| LNA     | Low-Noise Amplifier                |
| MSG     | Maximum Stable Gain                |
| NPN     | Negative-Positive-Negative         |
| PA      | Power Amplifier                    |
| SMA     | SubMiniature version A             |

## 14. Revision history

Table 13. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status  | Change notice | Supersedes |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|
| BFU590Q v.1 | 20140428     | Product data sheet | -             | -          |



## 15. Legal information

### 15.1 Data sheet status

| Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup> | Product status <sup>[3]</sup> | Definition  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet      | Development                   | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet    | Qualification                 | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short] data sheet        | Production                    | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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