

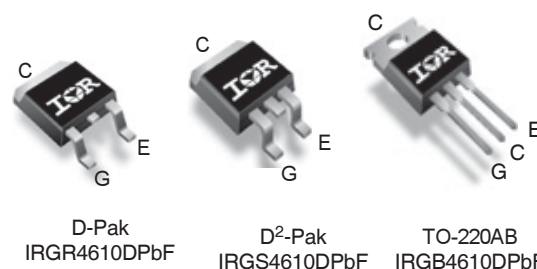
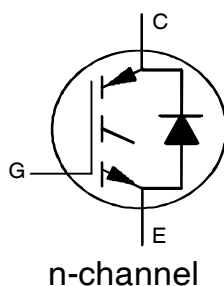
Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor with Ultrafast Soft Recovery Diode

$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

$$I_C = 10A, T_C = 100^\circ C$$

$$t_{sc} > 5\mu s, T_{jmax} = 175^\circ C$$

$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.7V @ 6A$$



Applications

- Appliance Drives
- Inverters
- UPS

G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

Features	→	Benefits
Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and switching losses		High efficiency in a wide range of applications and switching frequencies
Square RBSOA and maximum junction temperature $175^\circ C$		Improved reliability due to rugged hard switching performance and higher power capability
Positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ temperature coefficient and tighter distribution of parameters		Excellent current sharing in parallel operation
$5\mu s$ short circuit SOA		Enables short circuit protection scheme
Lead-free, RoHS compliant		Environmentally friendly

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRGR4610DPbF	D-PAK	Tube	75	IRGR4610DPbF
		Tape and Reel	2000	IRGR4610DTRPbF
		Tape and Reel Right	3000	IRGR4610DTRRPbF
		Tape and Reel Left	3000	IRGR4610DTRLpPbF
IRGS4610DPbF	D² PAK	Tube	50	IRGS4610DPbF
		Tape and Reel Right	800	IRGS4610DTRRPbF
		Tape and Reel Left	800	IRGS4610DTRLpPbF
IRGB4610DPbF	TO-220AB	Tube	50	IRGB4610DPbF

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	16	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	10	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current, $V_{GE} = 15V$ ①	18	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE} = 20V$ ①	24	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	10	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	6	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current ,	24	V
V_{GE}	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	
	Transient Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 30	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ$	Maximum Power Dissipation	77	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ$	Maximum Power Dissipation	39	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-40 to + 175	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw TO-220	10lbf. In (1.1 N.m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case -(IGBT) ②	—	—	1.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case -(Diode) ②	—	—	6.3	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface) (TO-220)	—	0.5	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount) (D-PAK) ⑥	—	—	50	
	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (D-PAK)	—	—	110	
	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount, Steady State) (D ² PAK) ⑥	—	—	40	
	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Socket mount) (TO-220)	—	—	62	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 100\mu A$ ③
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.36	—	V/°C	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$ (25 -175 °C) ③
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.7	2.0	V	$I_C = 6.0A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
		—	2.07	—		$I_C = 6.0A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$
		—	2.14	—		$I_C = 6.0A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	—	6.5	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 150\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/°C	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ (25 -175 °C)
gfe	Forward Transconductance	—	5.8	—	S	$V_{CE} = 25V, I_C = 6.0A, PW = 80\mu S$
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$
		—	—	250		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.60	2.30	V	$I_F = 6.0A$
		—	1.30	—		$I_F = 6.0A, T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Notes:

- ① $V_{CC} = 80\%$ (V_{CES}), $V_{GE} = 20V$, $L = 1.0mH$, $R_G = 100\Omega$.
- ② R_{θ} is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring $V_{(BR)CES}$ safely.
- ④ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑤ Values influenced by parasitic L and C in measurement
- ⑥ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994: <http://www.irf.com/technical-info/appnotes/an-994.pdf>

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	13	—	nC	$I_C = 6.0\text{A}$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
Q_{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	3.0	—		
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	6.4	—		
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	56	—	μJ	$I_C = 6.0\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $R_G = 47\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $L_S = 150\text{nH}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Energy losses include tail and diode reverse recovery
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	122	—		
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	178	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	27	—	ns	$I_C = 6.0\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ $R_G = 47\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $L_S = 150\text{nH}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ④⑤
t_r	Rise time	—	11	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	75	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	17	—	μJ	$I_C = 6.0\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $R_G = 47\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $L_S = 150\text{nH}$, $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ Energy losses include tail and diode reverse recovery
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	140	—		
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	189	—		
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	329	—	ns	$I_C = 6.0\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ $R_G = 47\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $L_S = 150\text{nH}$ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ④⑤
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	26	—		
t_r	Rise time	—	12	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	95	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{Mhz}$
t_f	Fall time	—	32	—		
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	350	—		
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	29	—	A	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $I_C = 24\text{A}$ $V_{CC} = 500\text{V}$, $V_p = 600\text{V}$ $R_G = 100\Omega$, $V_{GE} = +20\text{V}$ to 0V
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	10	—		
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE			μs	$V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $V_p = 600\text{V}$ $R_G = 100\Omega$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}$ to 0V
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	5	—	—	μs	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
E_{rec}	Reverse recovery energy of the diode	—	178	—	μJ	$V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $I_F = 6.0\text{A}$
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse recovery time	—	74	—	ns	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $R_G = 47\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $L_S = 150\text{nH}$
I_{rr}	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	12	—	A	

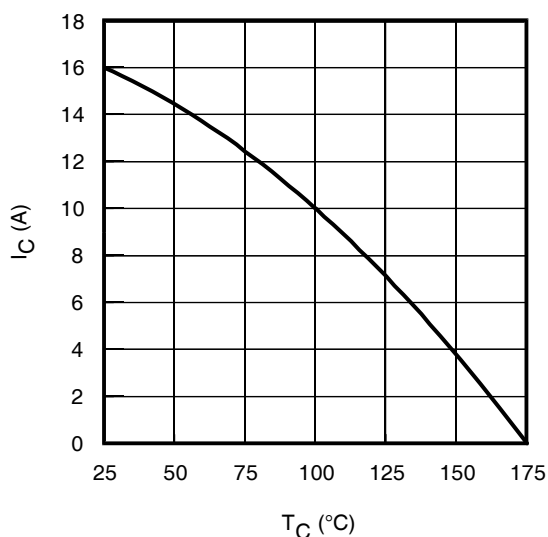


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

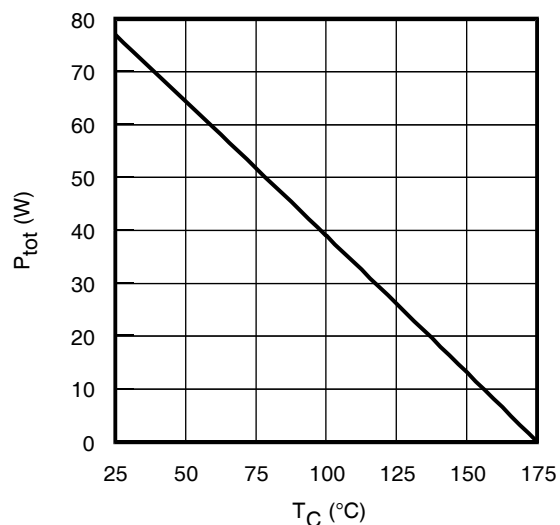


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

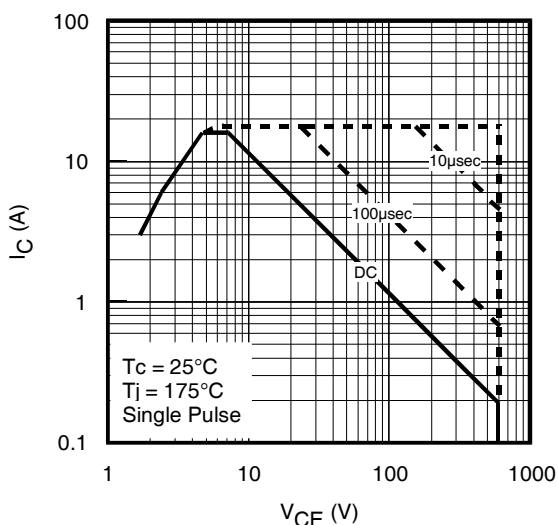


Fig. 3 - Forward SOA,
 $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

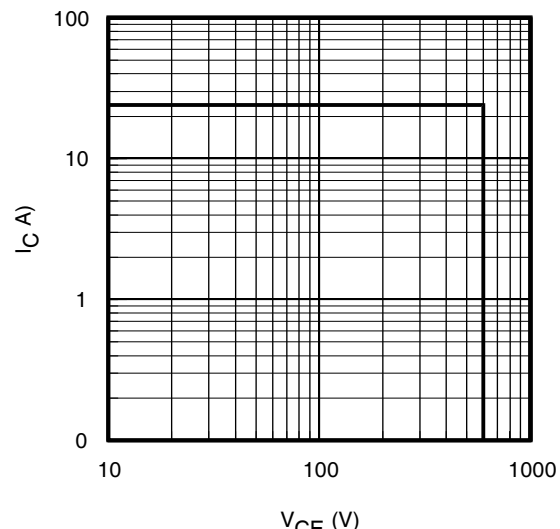


Fig. 4 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$

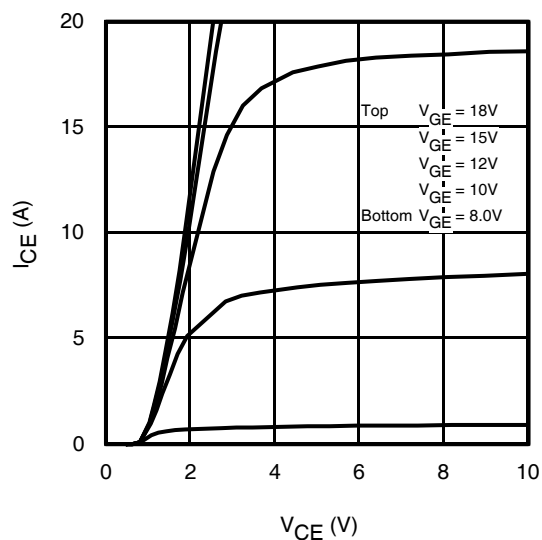


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

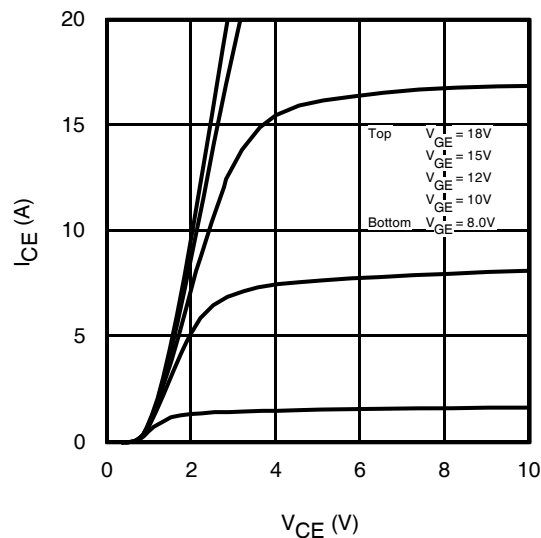


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

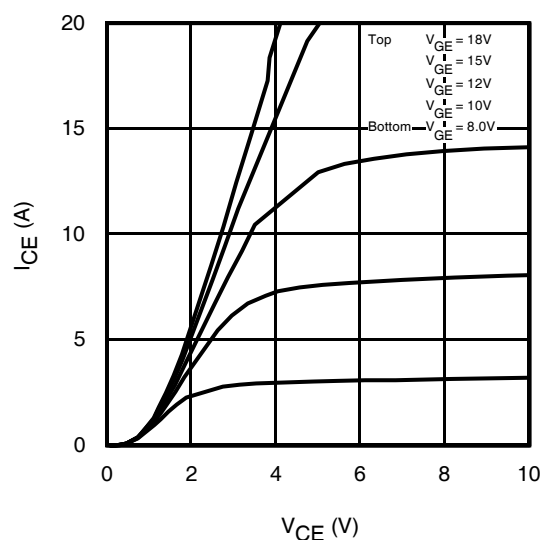


Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

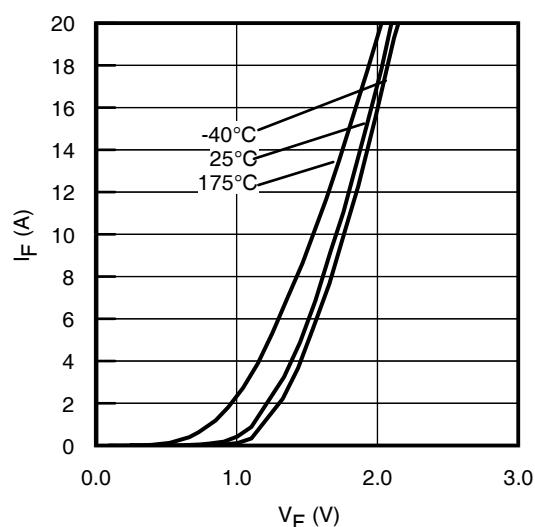


Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

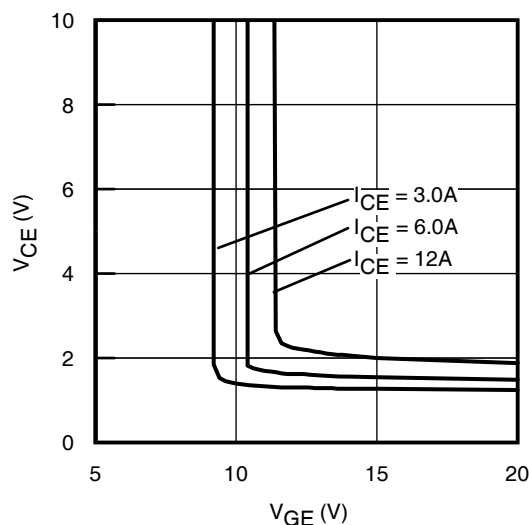


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$

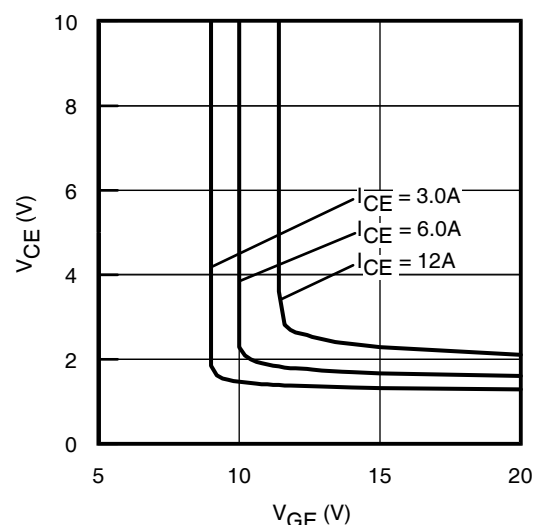


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

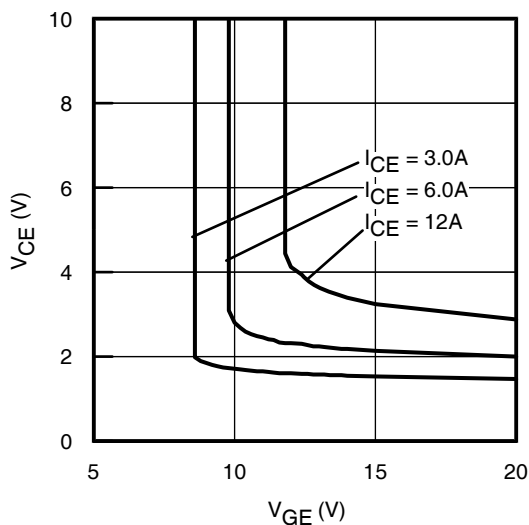


Fig. 11 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

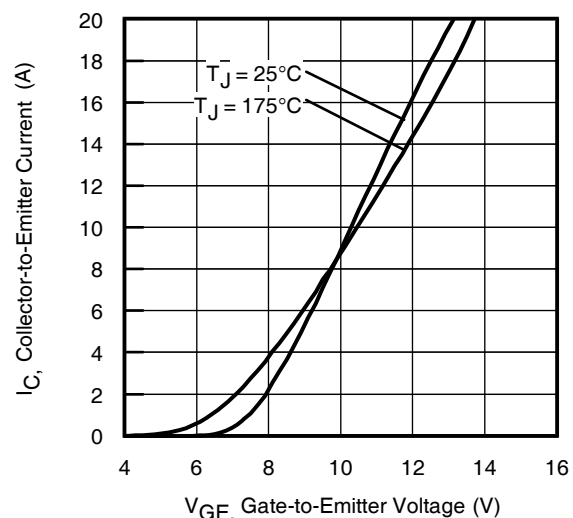


Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

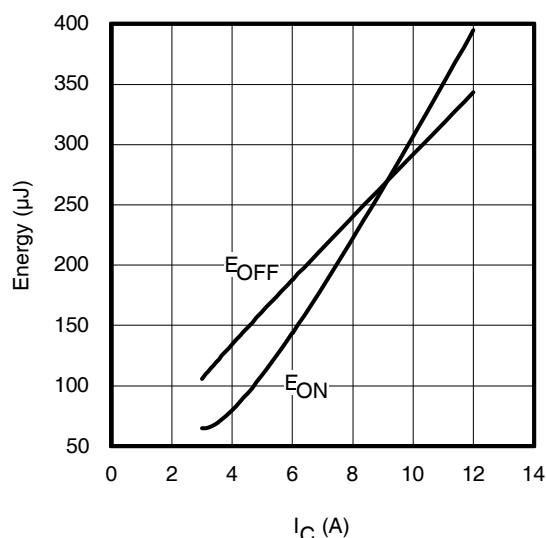


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 1\text{mH}$; $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$; $R_G = 47\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$.

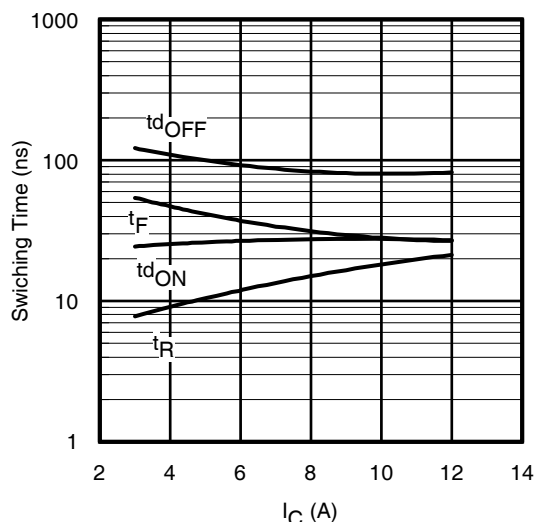


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 1\text{mH}$; $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$
 $R_G = 47\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

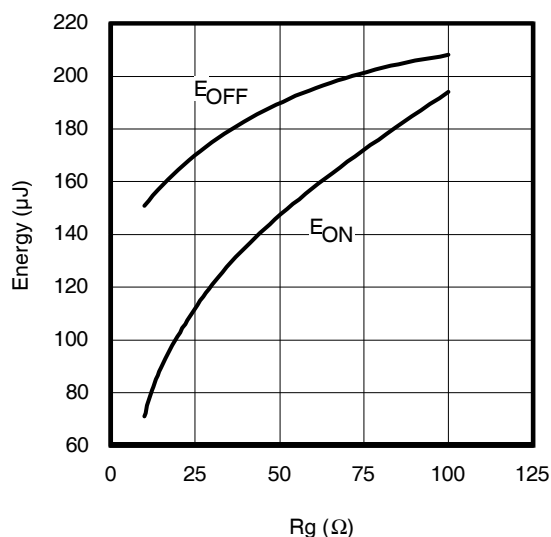


Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 1\text{mH}$; $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 6.0\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

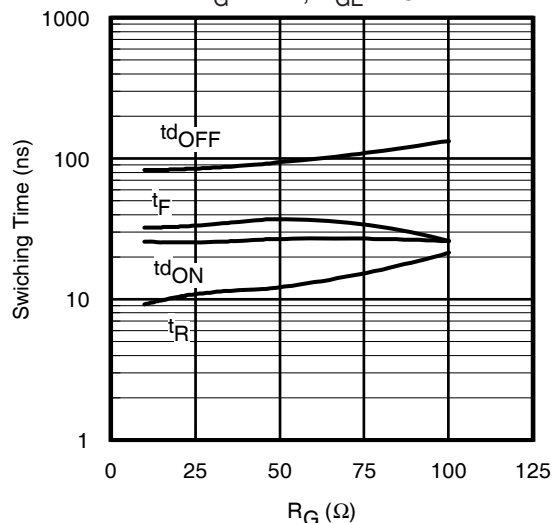


Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 1\text{mH}$; $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$
 $I_{CE} = 6.0\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

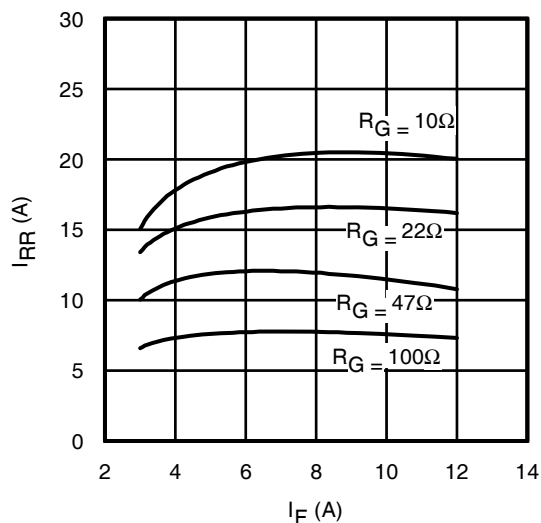


Fig. 17 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

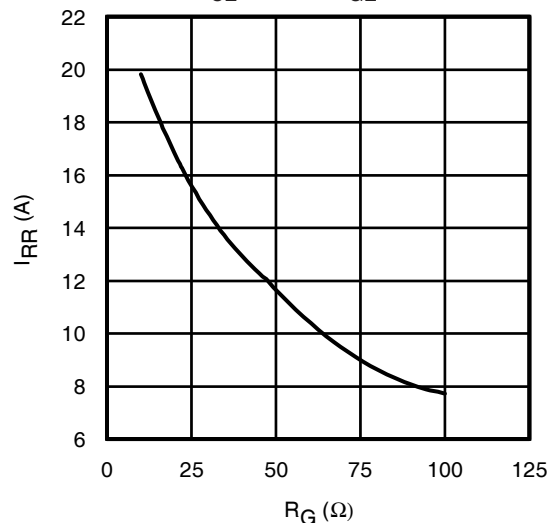


Fig. 18 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $I_F = 6.0\text{A}$

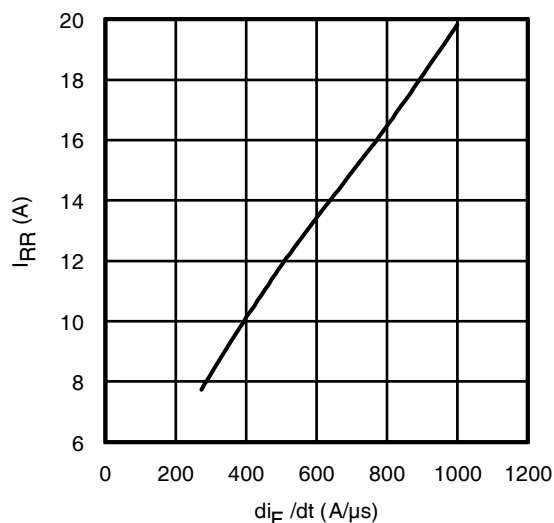


Fig. 19- Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC}=400V$; $V_{GE}=15V$;
 $I_{CE}=6.0A$; $T_J=175^{\circ}C$

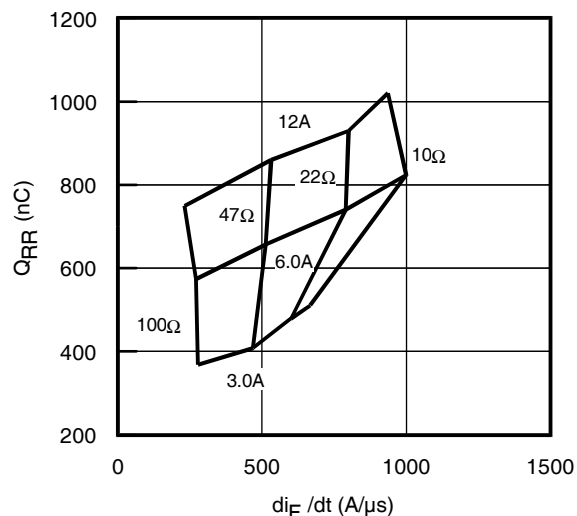


Fig. 20 - Typical Diode Q_{RR}
 $V_{CC}=400V$; $V_{GE}=15V$; $T_J=175^{\circ}C$

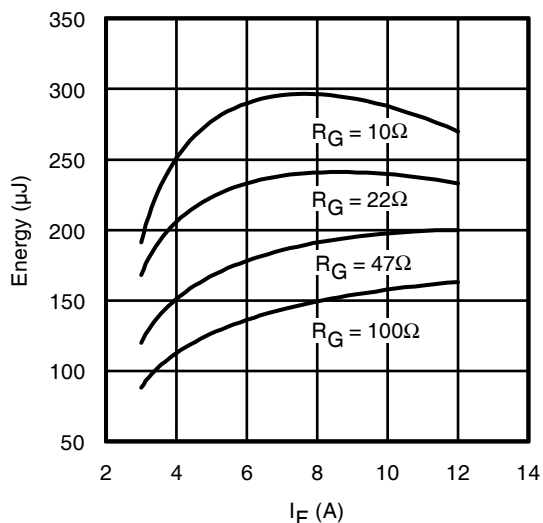


Fig. 21 - Typical Diode E_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J=175^{\circ}C$

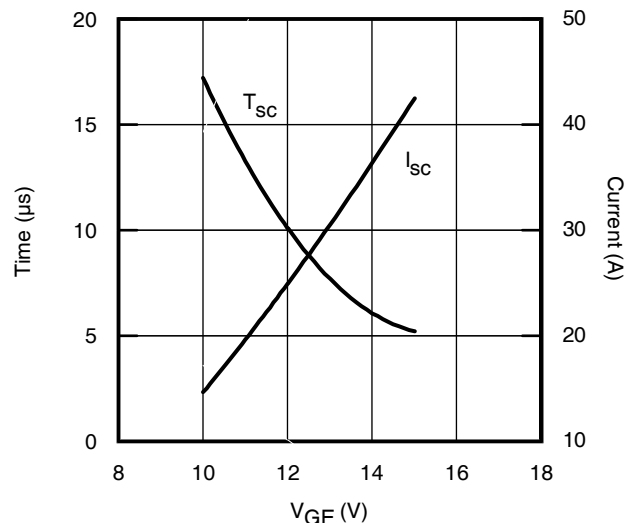


Fig. 22- Typ. V_{GE} vs. Short Circuit Time
 $V_{CC}=400V$, $T_C=25^{\circ}C$

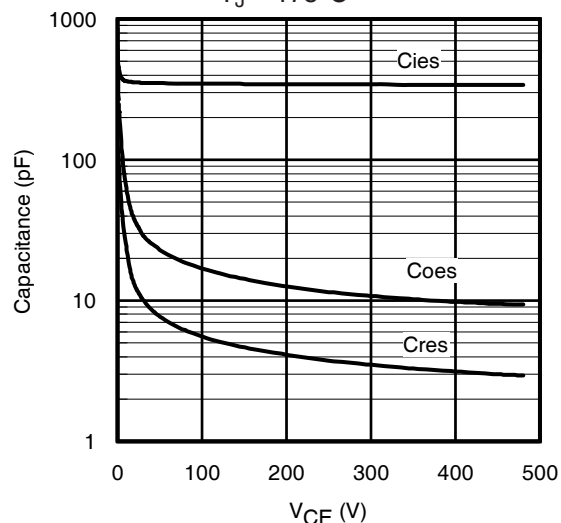


Fig. 23- Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE}=0V$; $f=1MHz$

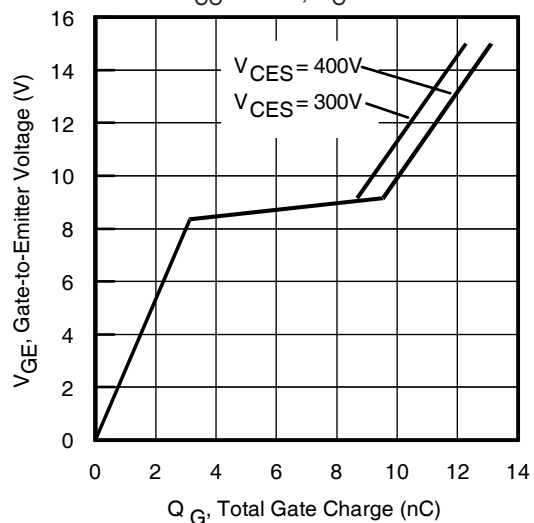


Fig. 24 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE}=6.0A$, $L=600\mu H$

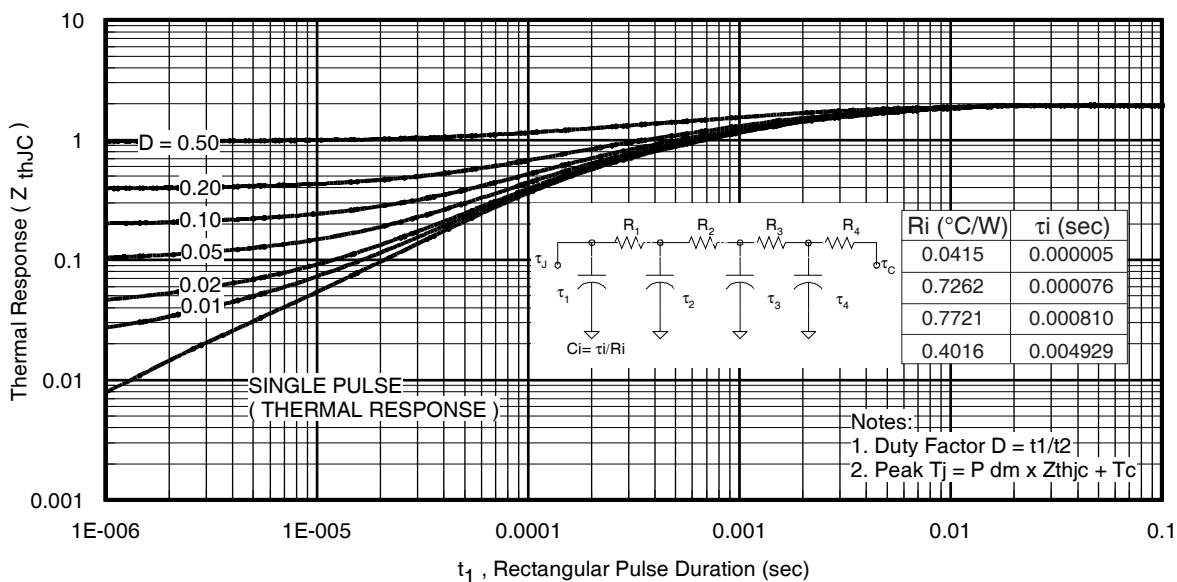


Fig 25. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

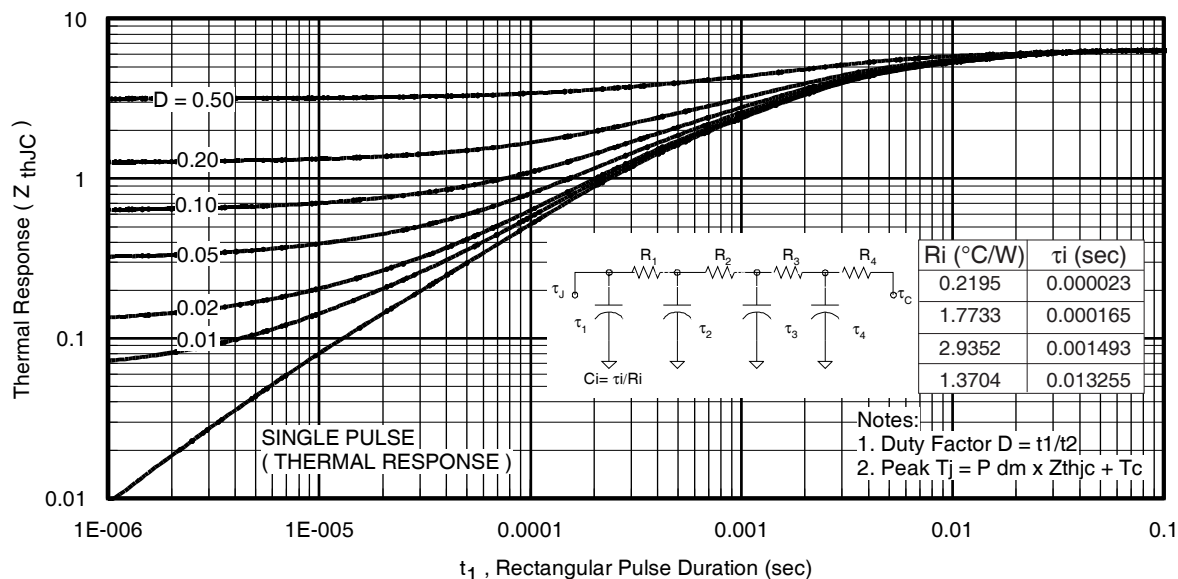


Fig. 26. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

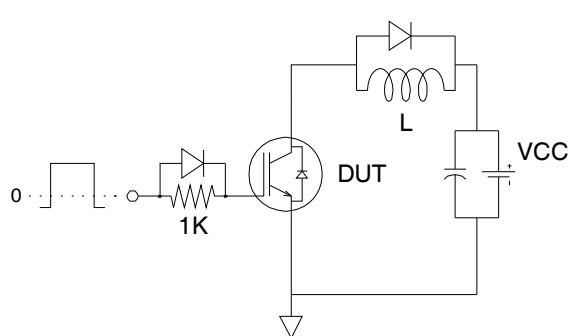


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

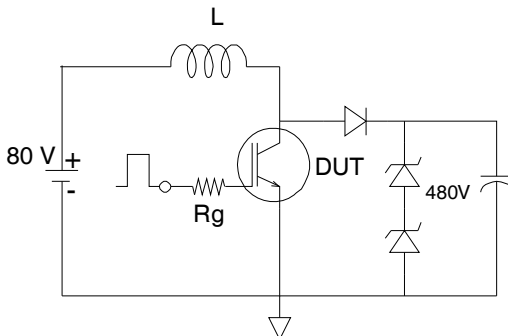


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

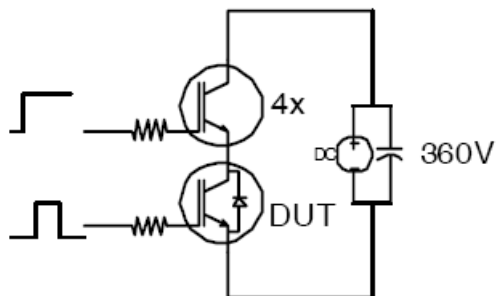


Fig.C.T.3 - S.C.SOA Circuit

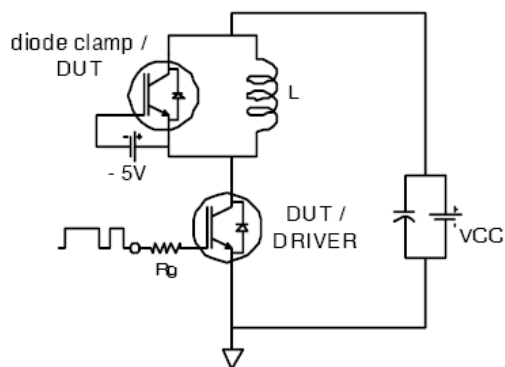


Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

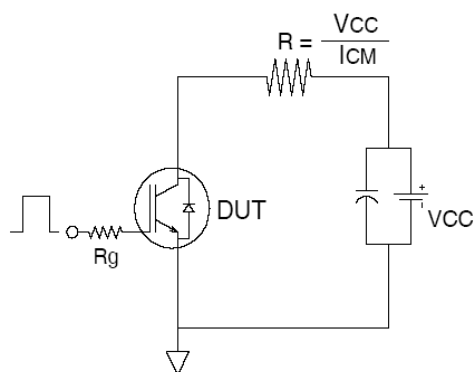
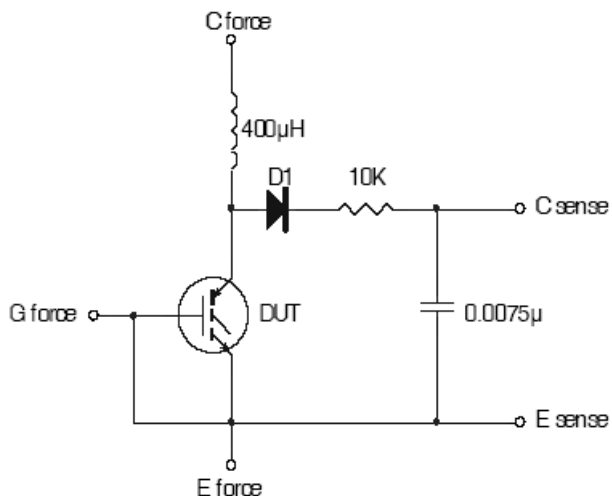


Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit


Fig.C.T.6 - Typical Filter Circuit for $V_{(BR)CES}$ Measurement

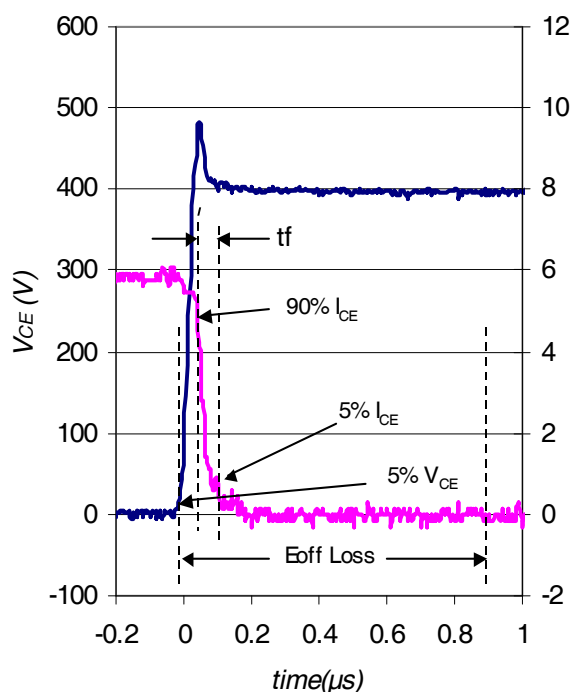


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

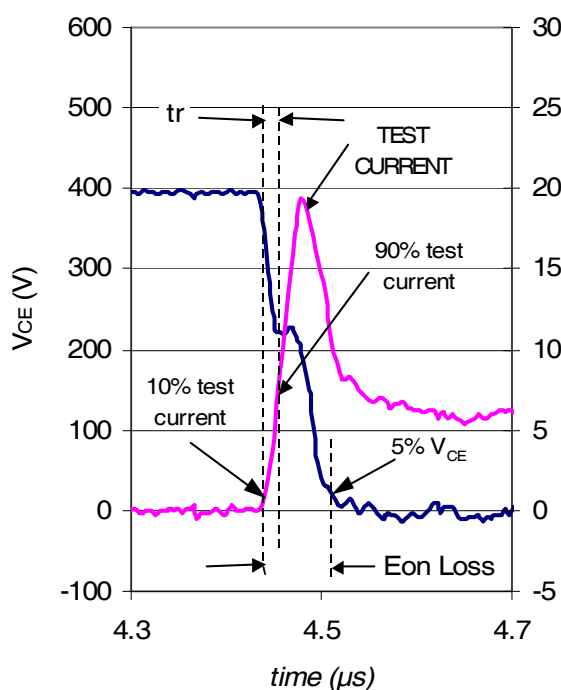
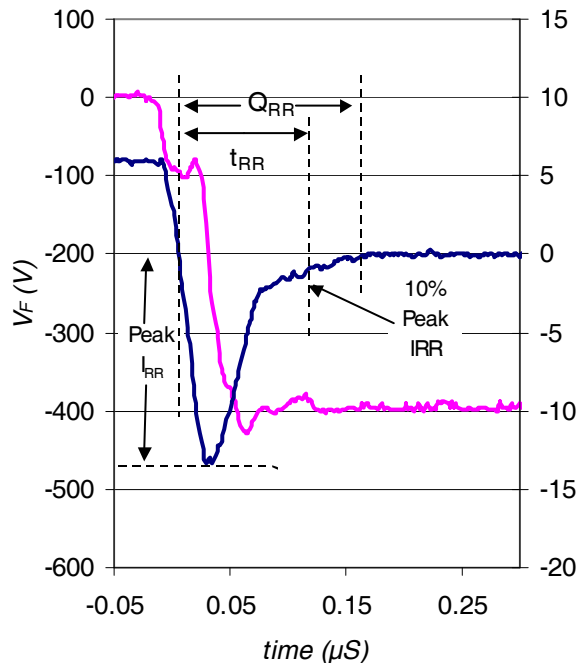
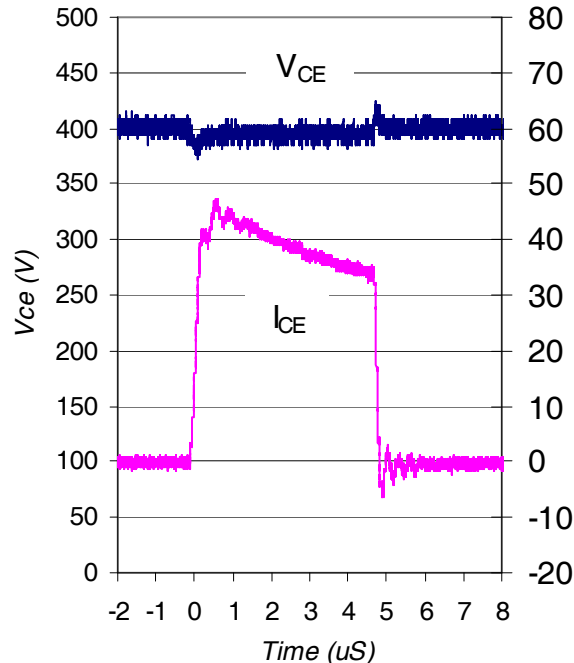


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4



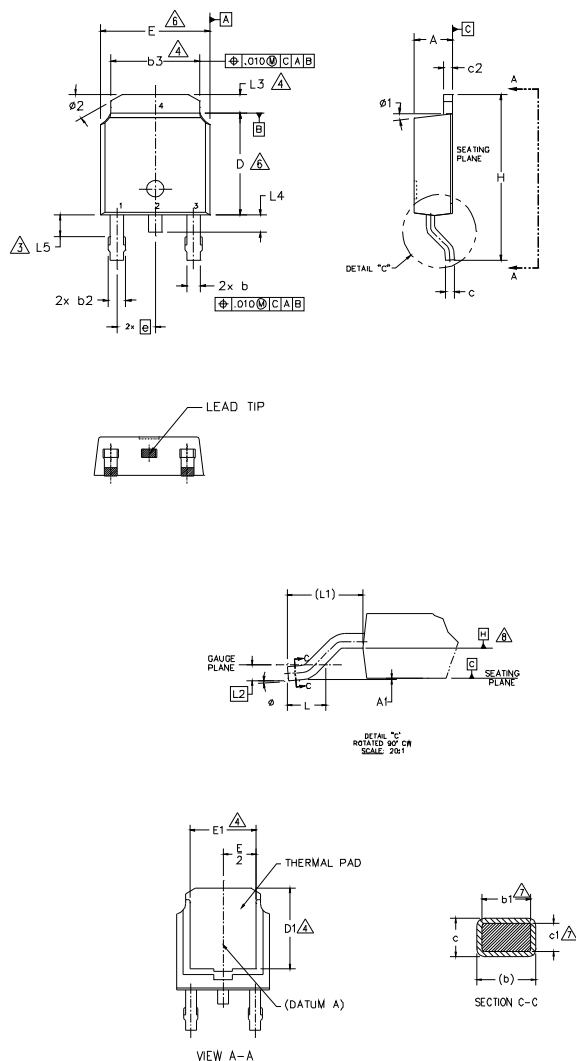
WF.3- Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform
@ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ using CT.4



WF.4- Typ. Short Circuit Waveform
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using CT.3

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L5.
- 4.- DIMENSION D1, E1, L3 & b3 ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR THERMAL PAD.
- 5.- SECTION C-C DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 AND 0.10 [0.13 AND 0.25] FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- 6.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 7.- DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLIED TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 8.- DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	—	0.13	—	.005	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	7
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	7
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	6
D1	5.21	—	.205	—	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	6
E1	4.32	—	.170	—	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
H	9.40	10.41	.370	.410	
L	1.40	1.78	.055	.070	
L1	2.74 BSC		.108 REF.		
L2	0.51 BSC		.020 BSC		
L3	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L4	—	1.02	—	.040	
L5	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	3
ø	0"	10"	0"	10"	
ø1	0"	15"	0"	15"	
ø2	25"	35"	25"	35"	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBT & CoPAK

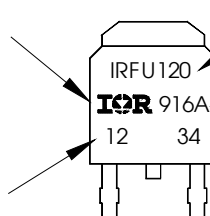
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 1234
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 1999
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

INTERNATIONAL
RECTIFIER
LOGO

ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE

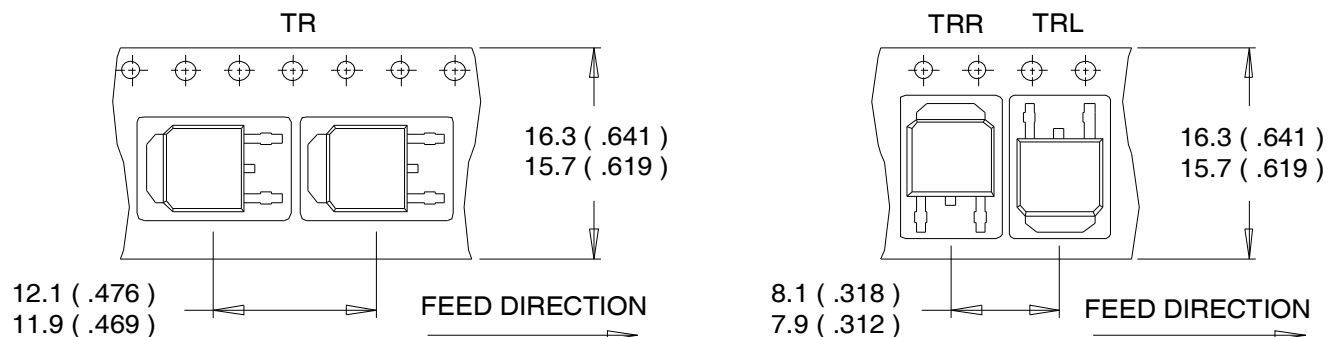


PART NUMBER

DATE CODE
YEAR 9 = 1999
WEEK 16
LINE A

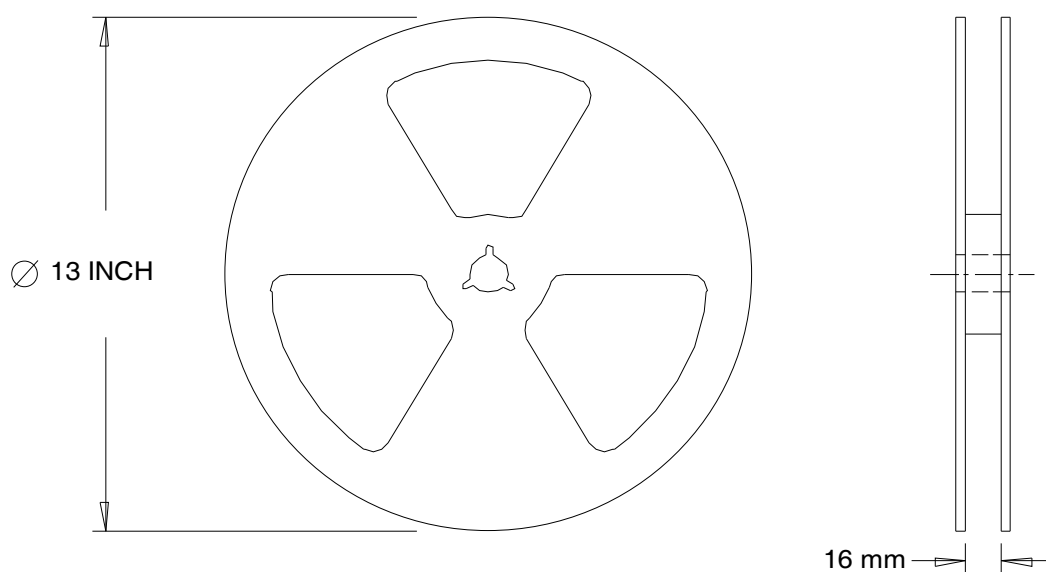
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



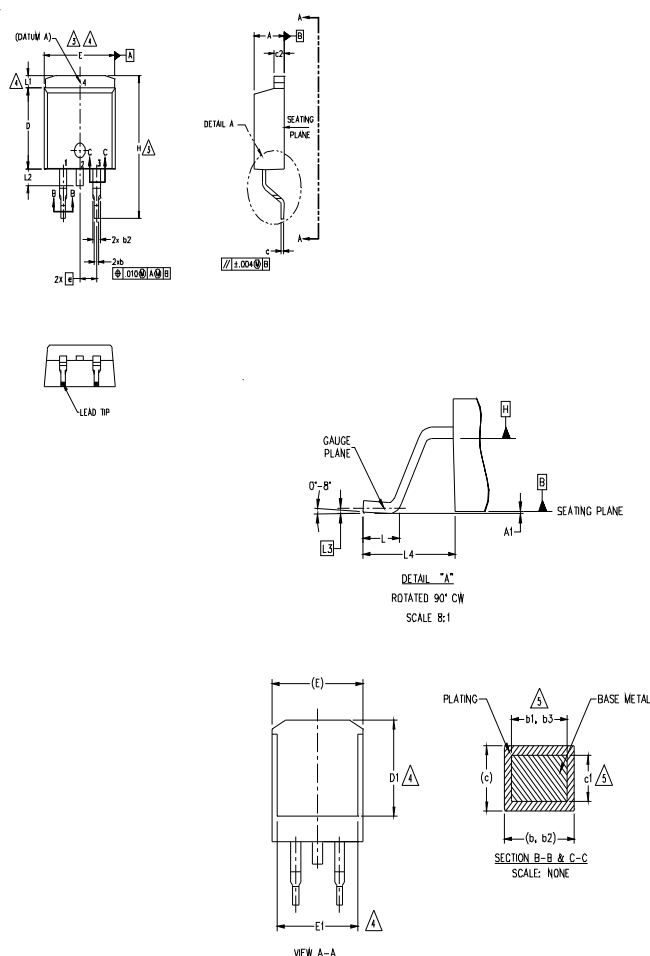
NOTES :

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



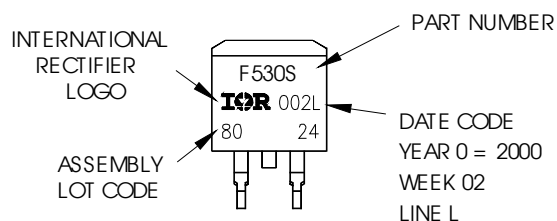
SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	5
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	5
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	5
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	3
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		4
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	—	1.65	—	.066	
L2	—	1.78	—	.070	4
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

- NOTES:
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
 - DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]
 - DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
 - THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
 - DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
 - DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
 - CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 - OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263AB.

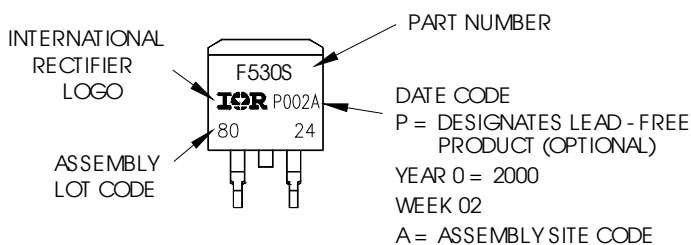
D²Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
ASSEMBLED ON WW02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead - Free"

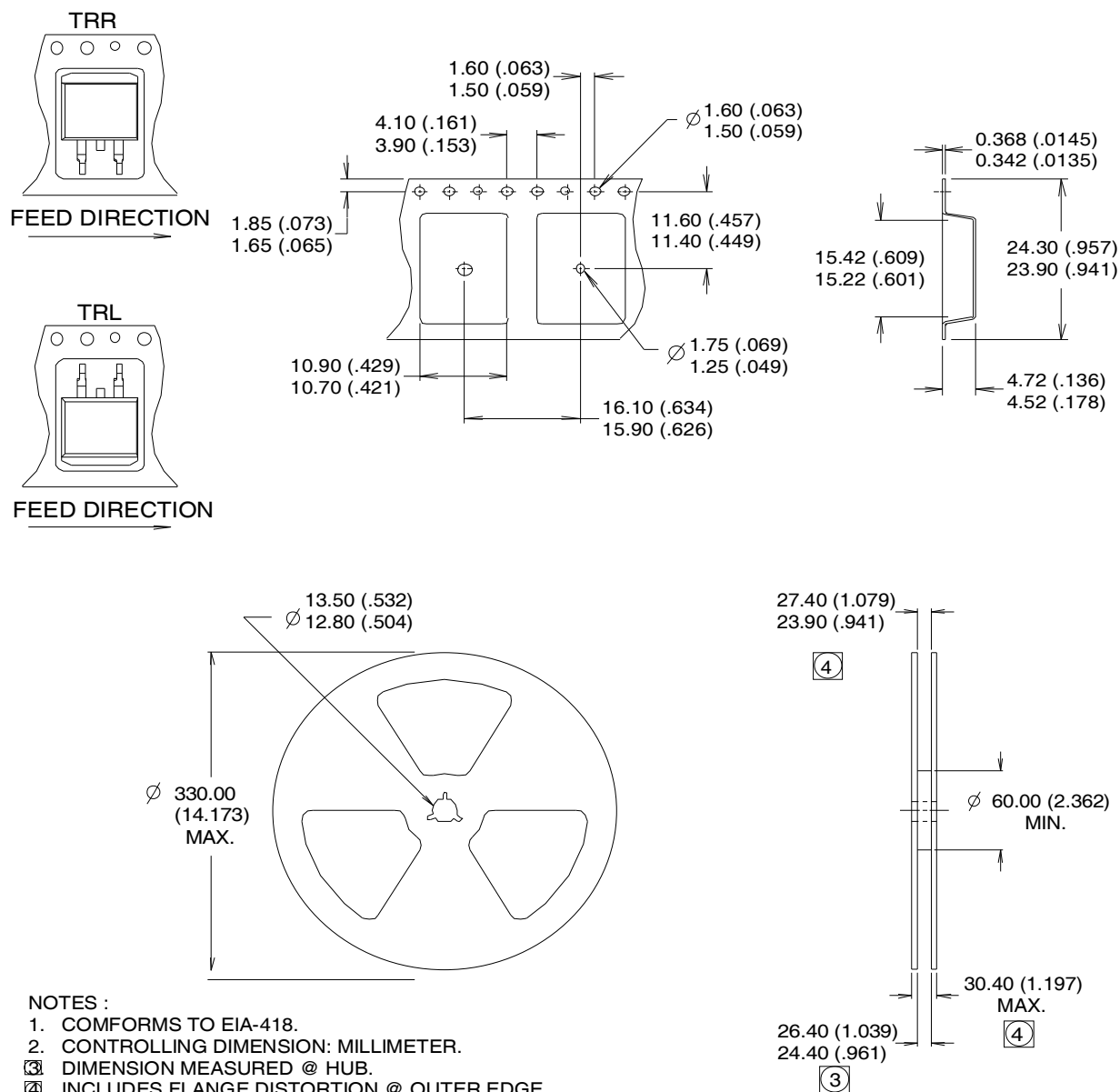


OR



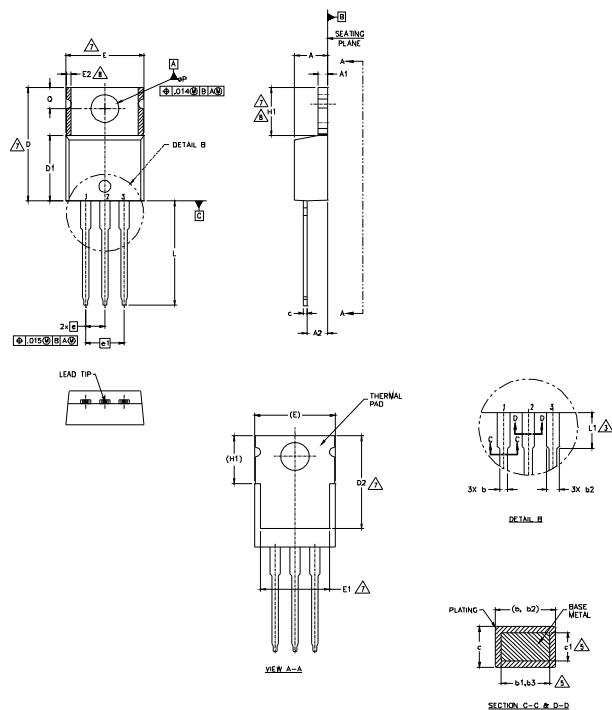
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak Tape & Reel Information (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	5
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	7
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	
E2	—	0.76	—	.030	8
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	3
L1	—	6.35	—	.250	
ØP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, GIPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

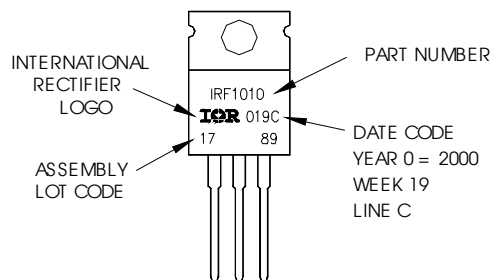
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification Information†

Qualification Level	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F) ††	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	D-Pak	MSL1
	D ² Pak	
	TO-220	N/A
RoHS Compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability>

†† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release

International
 Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245, USA

To contact International Rectifier, please visit <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/>