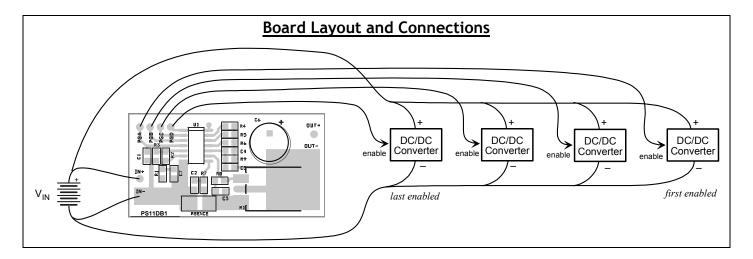
#### Introduction

The Supertex PS11DB1 demo board contains all circuitry necessary to demonstrate the features of the PS11 power sequencing controller. Four sequenced power-good signals are provided, with timing controlled via three external resistors.

The board may be modified to meet custom requirements. Instructions are provided on the next page for modifications.

## **Specifications**

Input Voltage 10V to 90V Undervoltage Trip 35.0V on. 32.2V off Overvoltage Trip 64.5V on, 70.0V off Power Good Signals Active Low PWRGD A ~12ms after tripping UVon **PWRGD B** ~200ms after 'A' **PWRGD C** ~100ms after 'B' PWRGD D ~5ms after 'C'



#### $V_{IN}$

Connect the supply voltage to these terminals. Supply voltage may range from 10 volts to 90 volts.

A high source impedance may cause oscillations when the input voltage is near the undervoltage trip point. A high source impedance results in a large voltage drop when loaded, causing undervoltage lockout to kick in, deactivating the PWRGD outputs. With the load removed, input voltage rises, causing undervoltage to release and activating the PWRGD outputs. The cycle repeats, resulting in oscillations. Source impedance must be less than the following to avoid oscillations:

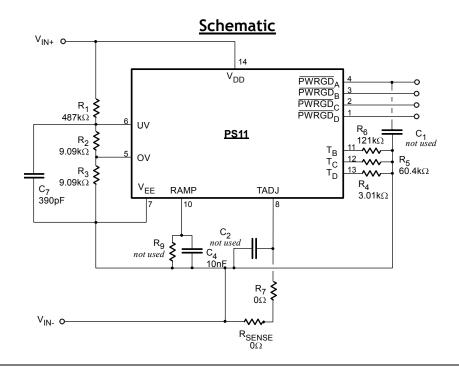
$$R_{SOURCE} < \frac{3V}{I_{LOAD}}$$

#### **PWRGD**

Connect to the power supply's ENABLE inputs. Depending on the power supply, it may be necessary to level-translate this signal via opto-isolator or discrete circuit. Refer to the PS10/PS11 datasheet for a description of PWRGD and related application circuits.

PWRGD is an open-drain output. During start-up and whenever VIN is lower than the undervoltage trip point or greater than the overvoltage trip point, PWRGD is in a high impedance state. Once V<sub>IN</sub> is within the proper range, PWRGD is pulled down to V<sub>IN-</sub>.

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#### **Timing**

Timing capacitor  $C_4$  determines start-up delay. Changing this capacitor will alter the timing. Refer to the PS10/PS11 datasheet for the equations that relate this timing to the values.

Resistors  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  set the delays for PWRGDs B, C, and D according to the following equation:

$$t_D = 1.67 \mu F \cdot R_X$$

# Undervoltage/Overvoltage Lockout

Resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$  set the undervoltage and overvoltage trip points. New trip points may be programmed by changing the values of these resistors. Refer to the PS10/PS11 datasheet for more information.

### **Additional Components**

If the PWRGD A signal is used and experiences large voltage swings, a 10nF capacitor should be installed at  $C_1$ . This limits dV/dt which may otherwise cause undesirable coupling to internal circuits.

#### **PS11DB1 - BOM**

Item	Reference	Part	Part Number	Manufacturer
1	C1	Not used		
2	C2	Not used		
3	C3	Not used		
4	C4	10 nF, 50V, 10%		Kemet or equivalent
5	C5	Not used		
6	C6	Not used		
7	C7	390 pF		Kemet or equivalent
8	Q1	Not used		
9	R1	487k-ohm, 1%, 1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
10	R2	9.09k-ohm, 1%, 1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
11	R3	9.09k-ohm, 1%, 1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
12	R4	3.01k-ohm,1%,1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
13	R5	60.4k-ohm,1%,1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
14	R6	121k-ohm,1%,1/8W		Panasonic or equivalent
15	R7	Zero Ohm Jumper		Panasonic or equivalent
16	R8	Not used		
17	R9	Not used		
18	R <sub>SENCE</sub>	Zero Ohm		
19	U1	PS11NG		Supertex, Inc.

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