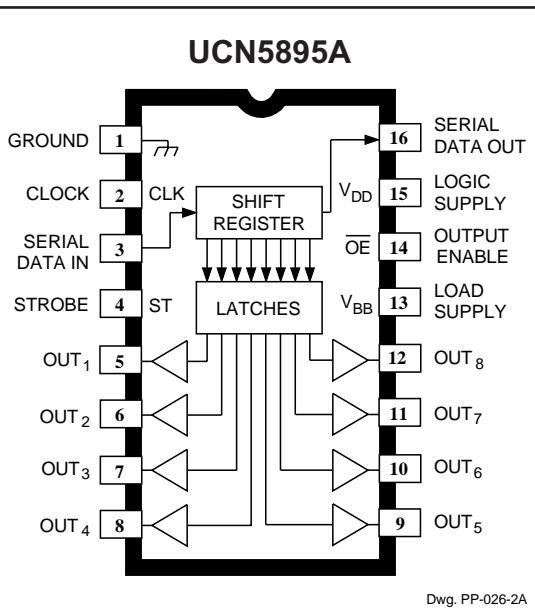


**BiMOS II 8-BIT SERIAL INPUT,
LATCHED SOURCE DRIVERS**

Note the UCN5895A (DIP) and the A5895SLW (SOIC) are electrically identical and share a common terminal number assignment.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$**

Output Voltage, V_{OUT}	50 V
Logic Supply Voltage Range, V_{DD}	4.5 V to 12 V
Driver Supply Voltage Range, V_{BB}	5.0 V to 50 V
Input Voltage Range, V_{IN}	-0.3 V to $V_{\text{DD}} + 0.3$ V
Continuous Output Current, I_{OUT}	-250 mA
Allowable Package Power Dissipation, P_{D}	See Graph
Operating Temperature Range, T_A	-20°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range, T_S	-55°C to +150°C

Caution: CMOS devices have input-static protection, but are susceptible to damage when exposed to extremely high static electrical charges.

The UCN5895A, UCN5895EP, and A5895SLW BiMOS II serial-input, latched source drivers are designed for applications emphasizing low output saturation voltages and currents to -250 mA per output. These smart high-side octal, driver ICs merge an 8-bit CMOS shift register, associated CMOS latches, and CMOS control logic (strobe and output enable) with medium current emitter-follower (sourcing) outputs. Typical applications include incandescent or LED displays (both directly driven and multiplexed), non-impact (i.e., thermal) printers, relays, and solenoids.

Each device is suitable for high-side applications to -250 mA per channel. The maximum supply voltage is 50 V and a minimum output sustaining voltage rating of 35 V for inductive load applications. Under normal operating conditions, the UCN5895A and UCN5895EP are capable of providing -120 mA (8 outputs continuous and simultaneous) at +65°C with a logic supply of 5 V. Similar devices, with higher output current ratings, are the UCN5890A and UCN5891A.

BiMOS II devices can operate at greatly improved data-input rates. With a 5 V supply, they will typically operate at better than 5 MHz. At 12 V, significantly higher speeds are obtained.

The CMOS inputs provide for minimum loading and are compatible with standard CMOS, PMOS, and NMOS circuits. TTL or DTL circuits may require the use of appropriate pull-up resistors to ensure a proper input-logic high. A CMOS serial data output allows cascading these devices in multiple drive-line applications required by many dot matrix, alphanumeric, and bar graph displays.

These devices are rated for continuous operation over the temperature range of -20°C to +85°C. Because of limitations on package power dissipation, the simultaneous operation of all output drivers may require a reduction in duty cycle. The UCN5895A is supplied in a standard 16-pin dual in-line plastic package with a copper lead frame for increased allowable package power dissipation. The UCN5895EP is supplied in a 20-lead plastic lead chip carrier for minimum area, surface-mount applications. The A5895SLW is supplied in a 16-lead wide-body plastic SOIC.

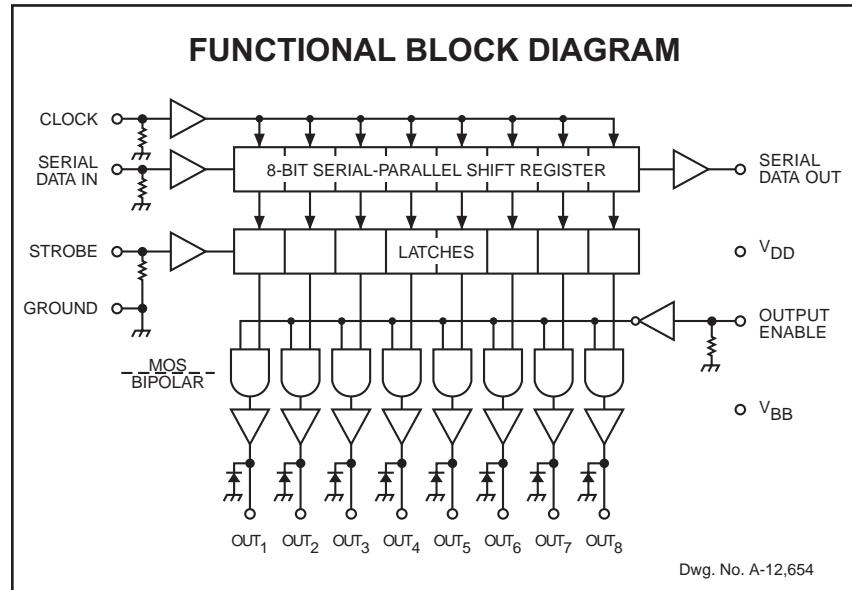
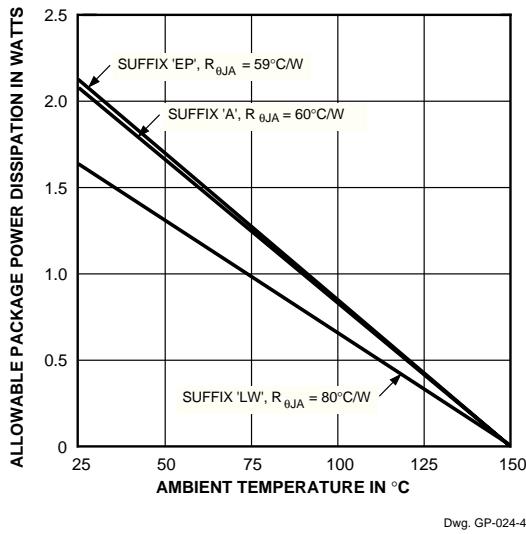
FEATURES

- Low Output-Saturation Voltage
- Source Outputs to 50 V
- Output Current to -250 mA
- To 3.3 MHz Data-Input Rate
- Low-Power CMOS Logic & Latches

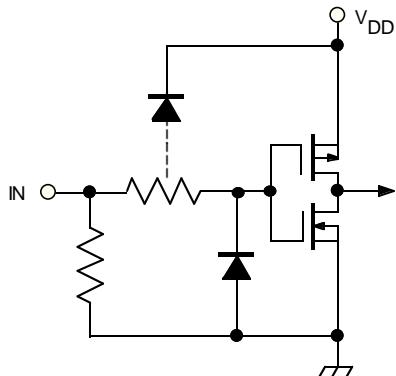
Always order by complete part number, e.g., **UCN5895A**.

5895

8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS

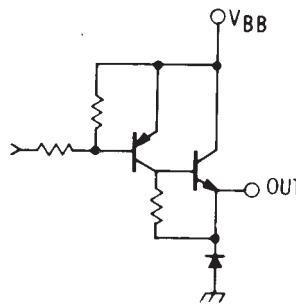


TYPICAL INPUT CIRCUIT



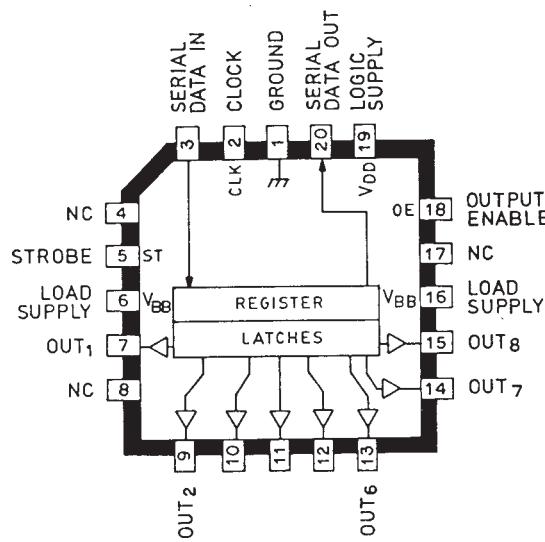
Dwg. EP-010-4A

TYPICAL OUTPUT DRIVER



Dwg. No. A-12,655

UCN5895EP



Dwg. No. A-14,368

5895

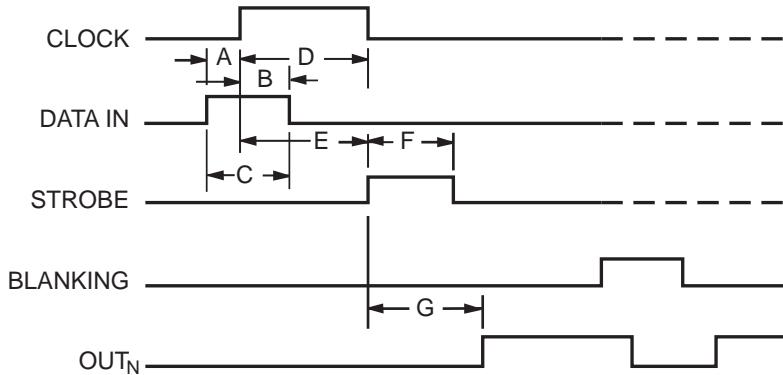
8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{BB} = 50\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ and 12 V
(unless otherwise noted).

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Limits		
			Min.	Max.	Units
Output Leakage Current	I_{OUT}	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	—	-50	μA
		$T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	—	-100	μA
Output Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(\text{SAT})}$	$I_{OUT} = -60\text{ mA}$	—	1.1	V
		$I_{OUT} = -120\text{ mA}$	—	1.2	V
Output Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sus})}$	$I_{OUT} = -120\text{ mA}$, $L = 2\text{ mH}$	35	—	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN(1)}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	3.5	5.3	V
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$	10.5	12.3	V
	$V_{IN(0)}$	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ to 12 V	-0.3	+0.8	V
Input Current	$I_{IN(1)}$	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$	—	50	μA
		$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$	—	240	μA
Input Impedance	Z_{IN}	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	100	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$	50	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
Max. Clock Frequency	f_{CLK}		3.3	—	MHz
Serial Data-Output Resistance	r_{OUT}	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	—	20	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$	—	6.0	$\text{k}\Omega$
Turn-ON Delay	t_{PLH}	Output Enable to Output, $I_{OUT} = -120\text{ mA}$	—	2.0	μs
Turn-OFF Delay	t_{PHL}	Output Enable to Output, $I_{OUT} = -120\text{ mA}$	—	10	μs
Supply Current	I_{BB}	All outputs ON, All outputs open	—	10	mA
		All outputs OFF	—	200	μA
	I_{DD}	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, All outputs OFF, Inputs = 0 V	—	100	μA
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, All outputs OFF, Inputs = 0 V	—	200	μA
		$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, One output ON, All inputs = 0 V	—	1.0	mA
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, One output ON, All inputs = 0 V	—	3.0	mA
Diode Leakage Current	I_R	$V_R = 25\text{ V}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	—	50	μA
		$V_R = 25\text{ V}$, $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	—	100	μA
Diode Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 120\text{ mA}$	—	2.0	V

5895

8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS



Dwg. No. A-12,649A

TIMING CONDITIONS

($V_{DD} = 5.0$ V, Logic Levels are V_{DD} and Ground)

A.	Minimum Data Active Time Before Clock Pulse (Data Set-Up Time)	75 ns
B.	Minimum Data Active Time After Clock Pulse (Data Hold Time)	75 ns
C.	Minimum Data Pulse Width	150 ns
D.	Minimum Clock Pulse Width	150 ns
E.	Minimum Time Between Clock Activation and Strobe	300 ns
F.	Minimum Strobe Pulse Width	100 ns
G.	Typical Time Between Strobe Activation and Output Transition	1.0 μ s

Serial Data present at the input is transferred to the shift register on the logic "0" to logic "1" transition of the CLOCK input pulse. On succeeding CLOCK pulses, the registers shift data information towards the SERIAL DATA OUTPUT. The SERIAL DATA must appear at the input prior to the rising edge of the CLOCK input waveform.

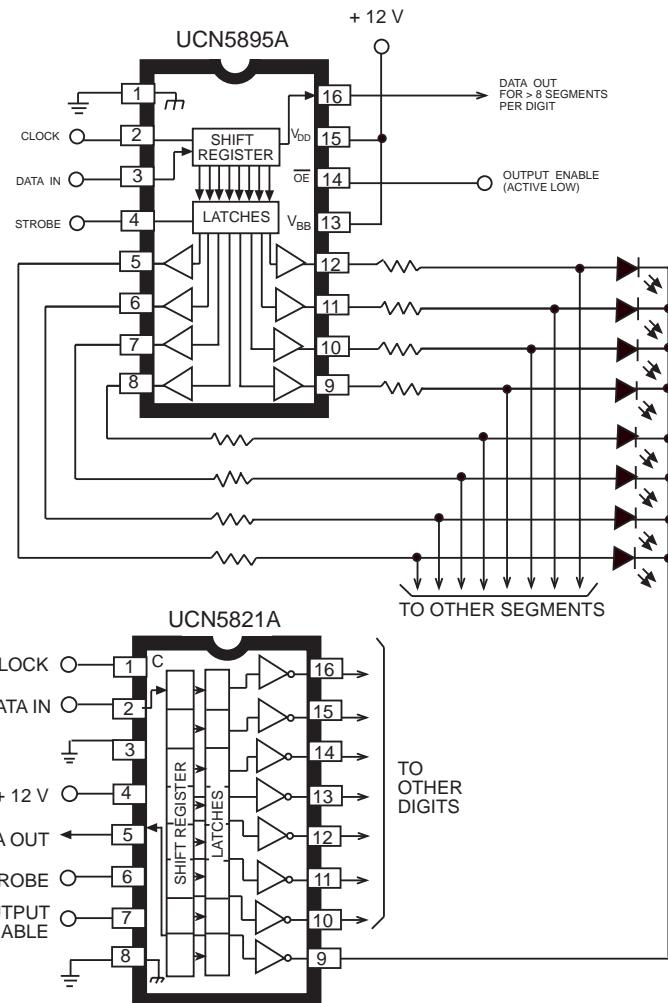
Information present at any register is transferred to its respective latch when the STROBE is high (serial-to-parallel conversion). The latches will continue to accept new data as long as the STROBE is held high. Applications where the latches are bypassed (STROBE tied high) will require that the OUTPUT ENABLE input be high during serial data entry.

When the OUTPUT ENABLE input is high, all of the output buffers are disabled (OFF) without affecting the information stored in the latches or shift register. With the OUTPUT ENABLE input low, the outputs are controlled by the state of their respective latches.

5895

8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS

TYPICAL APPLICATION



Dwg. No. B-1541

TRUTH TABLE

Serial Data Input	Clock Input	Shift Register Contents					Serial Data Output	Strobe Input	Latch Contents					Output Enable	Output Contents							
		I ₁	I ₂	I ₃	...	I _{N-1}	I _N		I ₁	I ₂	I ₃	...	I _{N-1}	I _N	I ₁	I ₂	I ₃	...	I _{N-1}	I _N		
H	↑	H	R ₁	R ₂	...	R _{N-2}	R _{N-1}			R _{N-1}												
L	↑	L	R ₁	R ₂	...	R _{N-2}	R _{N-1}			R _{N-1}												
X	↔	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	...	R _{N-1}	R _N			R _N												
		X	X	X	...	X	X	X	L	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	...	R _{N-1}	R _N							
		P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	...	P _{N-1}	P _N	P _N	H	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	...	P _{N-1}	P _N	L	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	...	P _{N-1}	P _N
										X	X	X	...	X	X	H	L	L	L	...	L	L

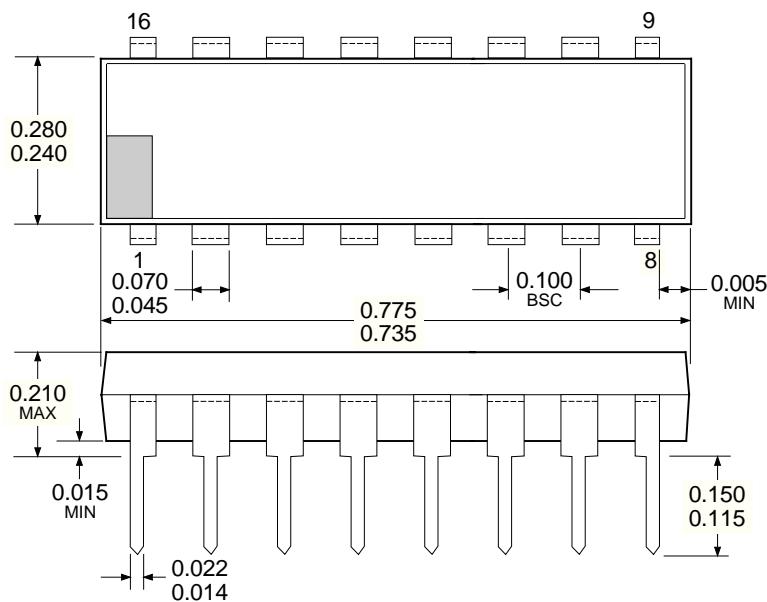
L = Low Logic Level H = High Logic Level X = Irrelevant P = Present State R = Previous State

5895

8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS

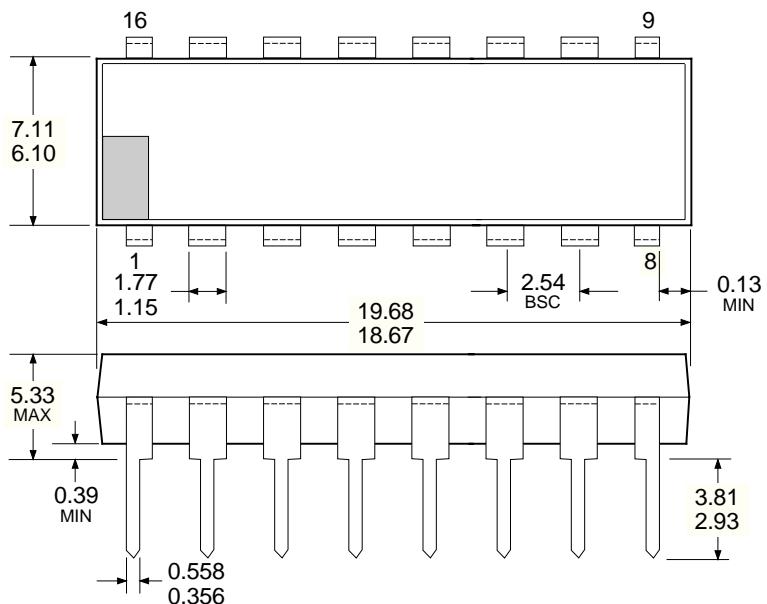
UCN5895A

Dimensions in Inches
(controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-001-16A in

Dimensions in Millimeters
(for reference only)



Dwg. MA-001-16A mm

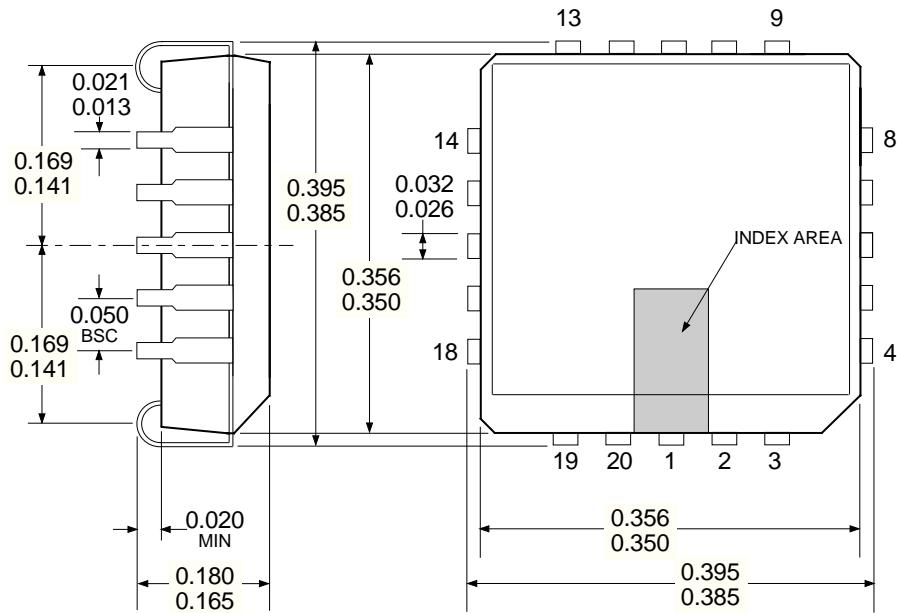
NOTES:

1. Lead thickness is measured at seating plane or below.
2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.
3. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.

5895
8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT,
LATCHED DRIVERS

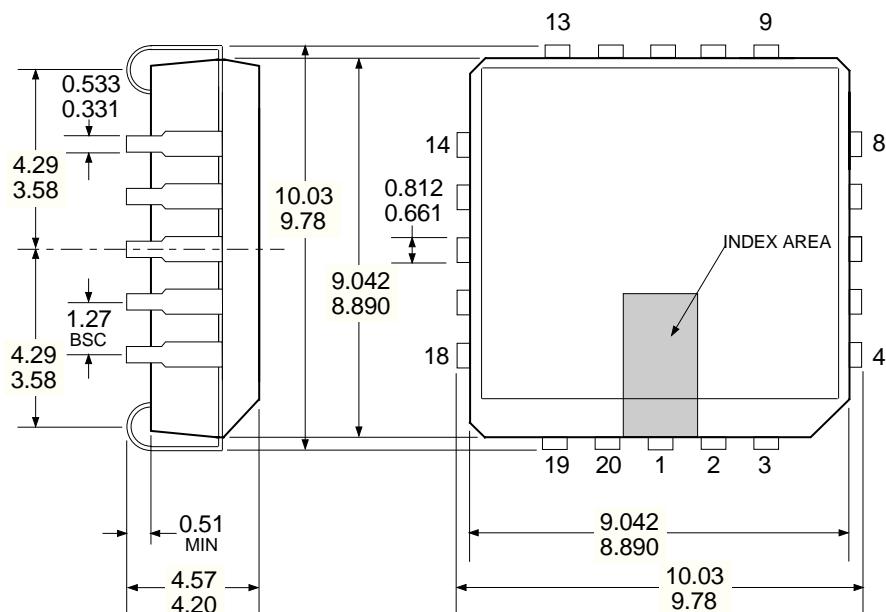
UCN5895EP

Dimensions in Inches
 (controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-005-20A in

Dimensions in Millimeters
 (for reference only)



Dwg. MA-005-20A mm

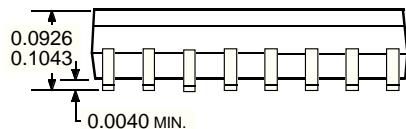
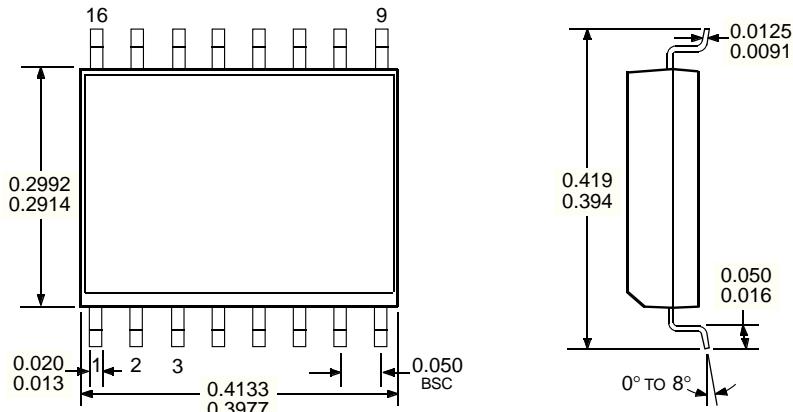
NOTES: 1. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.
 2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.

5895

8-BIT SERIAL-INPUT, LATCHED DRIVERS

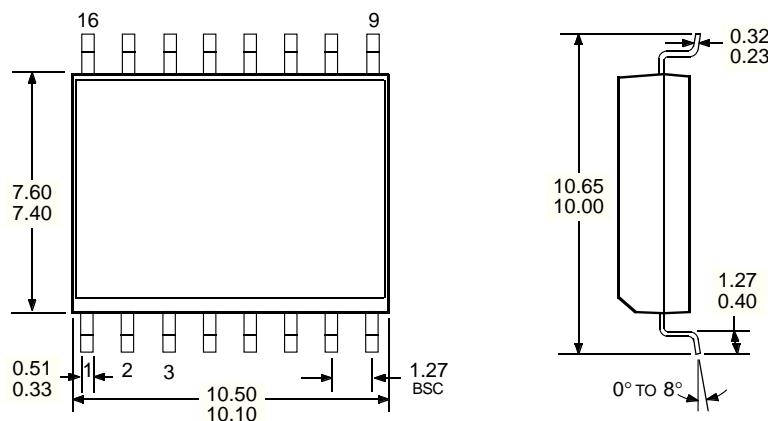
A5895SLW

Dimensions in Inches
(for reference only)



Dwg. MA-008-16A in

Dimensions in Millimeters
(controlling dimensions)



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NOTES: 1. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.
2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.