

AN6660, AN6660K

Forward and Reverse Motor Drive Circuits

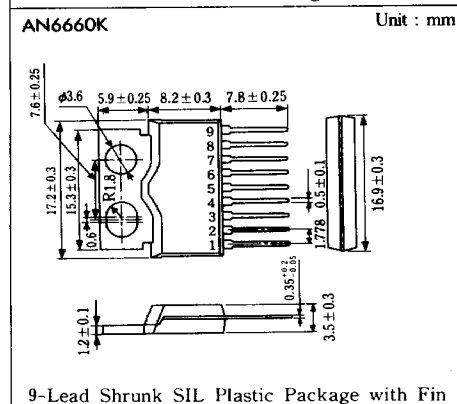
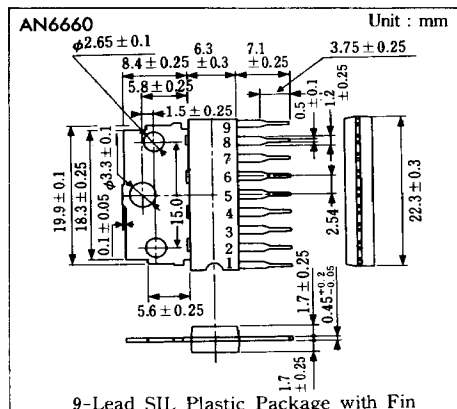
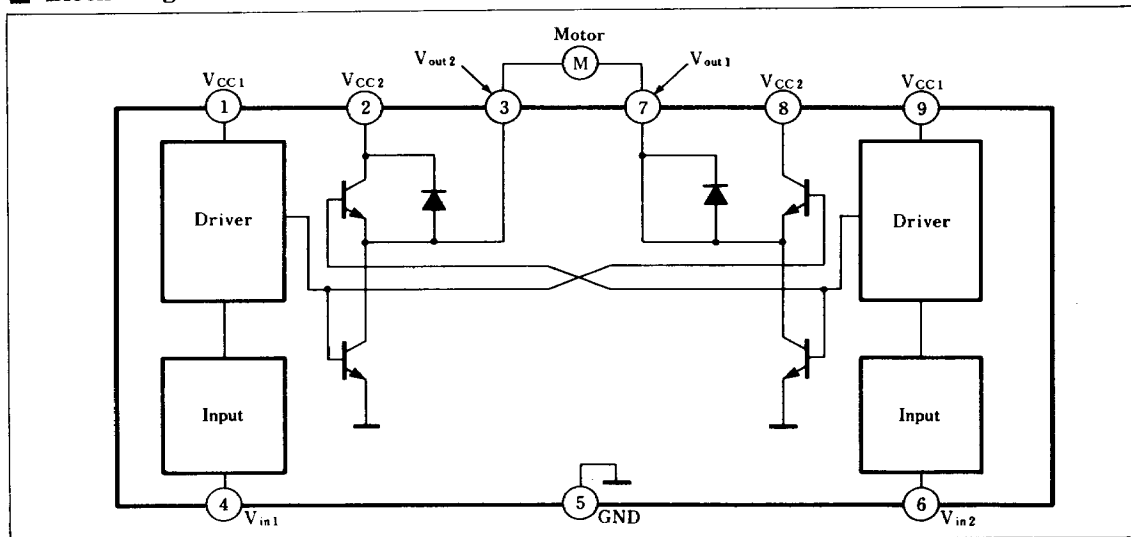
■ Outline

The AN6660 and the AN6660K are integrated circuits designed for forward and reverse direction select driver for a motor with brush. It also assures four types of outputs ; forward, reverse, brake and stop due to input logic and is suitable for VCR loading, reel and cylinder, or a reel driver for tape deck. Since individual power supplies for motor drive and IC are provided, servo can be applied.

■ Features

- Wide range of operating supply voltage : $V_{CC(oper)} = 4V \sim 20V$
- Individual power supplies can be used for IC and motor drive.
- Low V_C saturation type output transistor built-in
- Diode to absorb counter EMF built-in

■ Block Diagram



■ Pin

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Name
1	Supply Voltage	6	Input(2)
2	Output Supply Voltage	7	Output(1)
3	Output(2)	8	Output Supply Voltage
4	Input(1)	9	Supply Voltage
5	GND	--	

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage(1)	V_{CC1}	$-0.5 \sim +16$	V
Supply Voltage(2)*1	V_{CC2}	$-0.5 \sim +20$	V
Supply Current	I_{CC}	650	mA
Output Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	$-0.5 \sim V_{CC}$	V
Input Voltage	V_I	$0 \sim V_{CC}$	V
Motor Rush Allowable Current*2	I_{OP}	2.0	A
Motor Ordinal Current(1)	$I_{O(1)}$	$-330 \sim +330$	mA
Motor Ordinal Current(2)*1	$I_{O(2)}$	$-600 \sim +600$	mA
Power Dissipation	AN6660	10^{*3}	W
	AN6660K	15^{*3}	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{opr}	$-20 \sim +75$	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	$-55 \sim +150$	°C

*1 : When a heat sink is in use *2 : $t_{op} = 10\mu s$, cycle time > 5s, $V_{CC} < 12V$ *3 : When an infinite heat sink is in use

■ Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	4		15	V
Output Current	I_O			± 300	mA
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}	2		V_{CC}	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}			0.5	V
Forward-to-Reverse Inhibiting Time	t_{OFF}	10			μs

■ Truth Table

Input		Output		Note
1	2	1	2	
0	0	OFF State	OFF State	IC not operating
1	0	1	0	Motor forward
0	1	0	1	Motor reverse
1	1	0	0	Brake

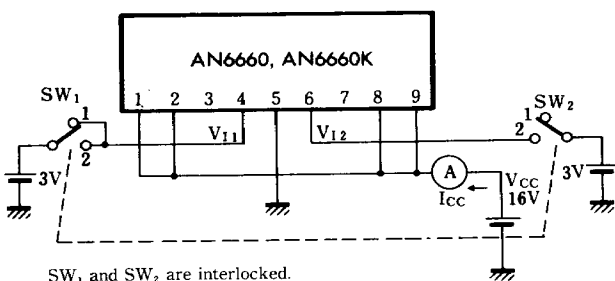
* 0 " = "L"

* 1 " = "H"

■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

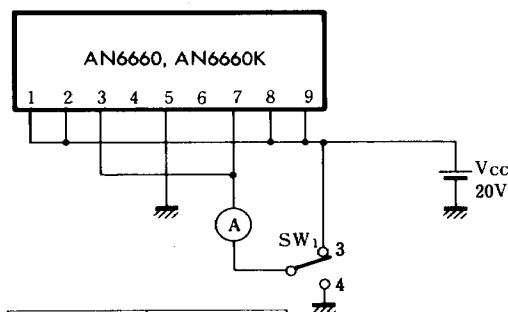
Item	Symbol	Test Circuit	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Supply Current	I_{CC1}	1	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=16V, V_{I1}=3V, V_{I2}=0V$			40	mA
	I_{CC2}	1	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=16V, V_{I1}=V_{I1}=3V$			50	
Output Leak Current	$I_{O(Leak)}$	2	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=20V, V_o=20V$			100	μA
	$-I_{O(Leak)}$	2	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=20V, V_o=0V$			100	
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	3	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=12V, I_{OH}=-300mA$	10.8			V
		3	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=12V, I_{OL}=-500mA$	10.7			
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	3	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=12V, I_{OH}=300mA$			0.4	V
		3	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=12V, I_{OL}=500mA$			0.65	
Output(1)—(2)Voltage	$V_{O1}-V_{O2}$	3	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}'=12V, I_o=\pm 300mA$	10.3			V
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	4	$V_{CC}=12V, V_{CC}'=5V, I_{OH}=-300mA$	4.6			V
Input Impedance	Z_i	5	$V_{CC}=16V, V_i=2V \rightarrow 3V$	10		20	k Ω

Test Circuit-1 (I_{CC1} , I_{CC2})



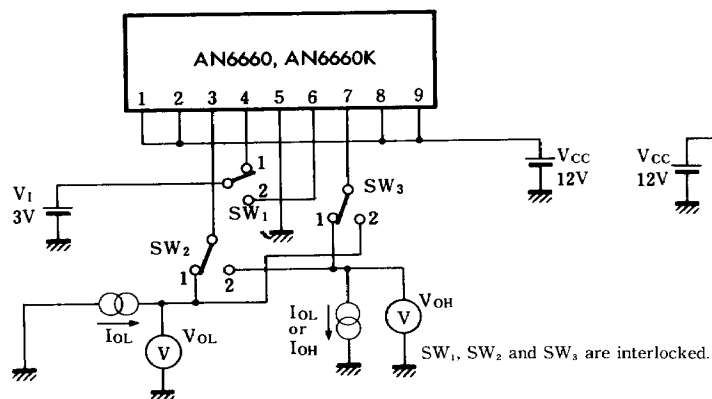
Item	SW ₁ , SW ₂
I _{CC1}	1
I _{CC2}	2

Test Circuit 2 ($I_{O(Leak)}$, $-I_{O(Leak)}$)

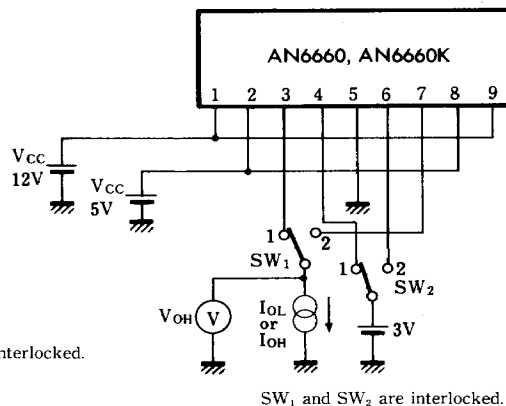


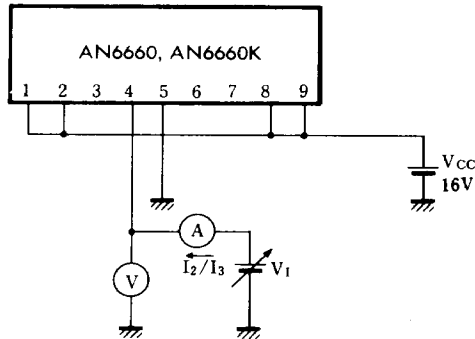
Item	SW ₁
I _{O(Leak)}	3
-I _{O(Leak)}	4

Test Circuit 3 (V_{OH} , V_{OL} , $|V_{O1}-V_{O2}|$)



Test Circuit 4 (V_{OH})

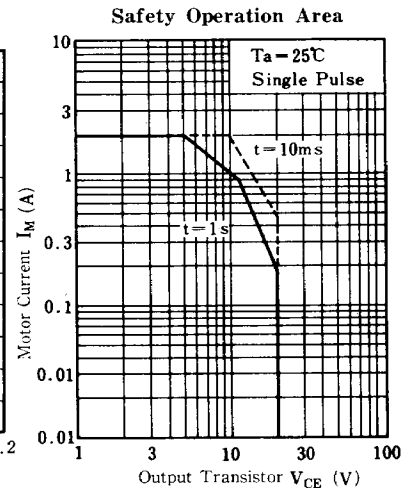
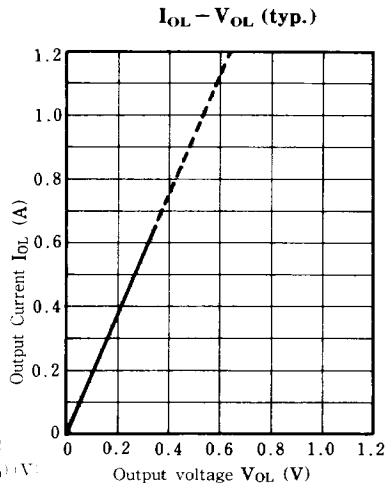
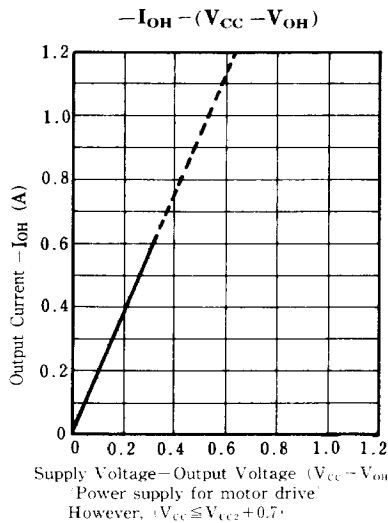
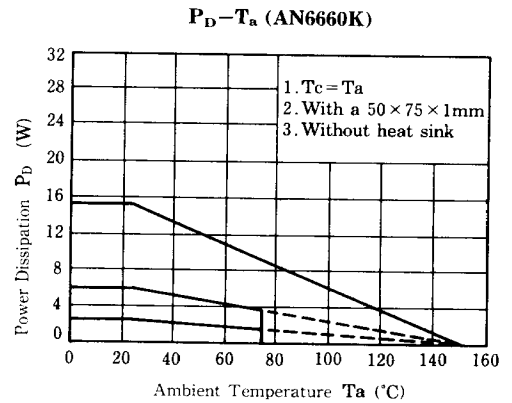
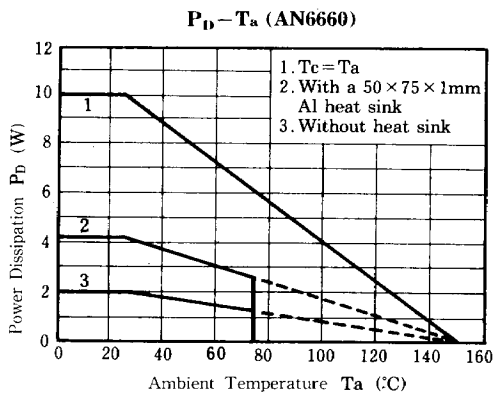


Test Circuit 5 (Z_1)

$$R = \frac{3(V) - 2(V)}{I_3 - I_2}$$

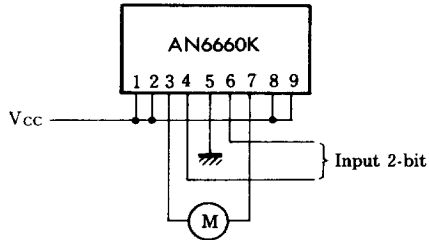
I_2 : Input current when $V_1 = 2V$

I_3 : Input current when $V_1 = 3V$

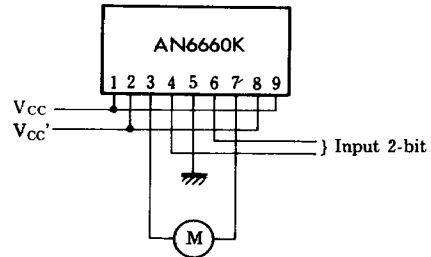


■ Basic Circuits

- With single power supply



- With 2 power supplies for IC and Motor drive



V_{cc} : ICs power supply

V_{cc}' : Power supply for motor drive