

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
CCS-47	Commercial Failsafe TRANSFER, DC-12GHz
CS-47	Elite Failsafe TRANSFER, DC-12GHz

The CCS-47/CS-47 is a long-life high performance transfer switch designed for use in 50 Ohms coaxial transmission lines operating over frequencies ranging from DC to 12 GHz. The switch is designed for minimum size compatible with Type N or TNC connector spacing.

The failsafe switches on this page are provided with a spring operated actuator which is particularly desirable in applications where the switch is connected to one position (normally closed) most of the time and only periodically switched to the alternate position. In this type of application, holding power is required only when operating in the alternate position. Also, switching circuitry is simplified, since only one DC circuit is required.



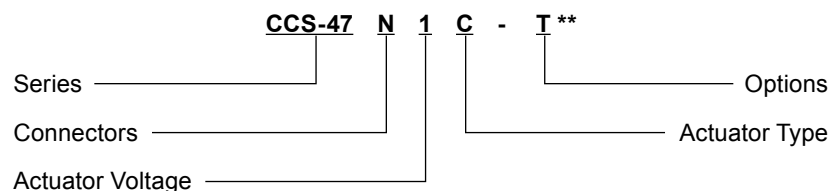
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Operating Temperature	
Commercial Model, CCS-47	–40°C to 65°C
Elite Model, CS-47	–55°C to 85°C
Vibration (MIL-STD-202 Method 214, Condition D, non-operating)	10 g's RMS
Shock (MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D, non-operating)	500 g's
Standard Actuator Life	3,000,000 cycles
Actuator Life w/ Additional Features	1,000,000 cycles
Connector Type	Type N or TNC
Humidity (Moisture Seal)	Available
Weight	6 oz. (170.1g) (max.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Form Factor	TRANSFER, break before make
Frequency Range	
CCS-47	DC–12 GHz
CS-47	DC–12 GHz
Characteristic Impedance	50 Ohms
Operate Time	15 ms (max.)
Release Time	15 ms (max.)
Actuation Voltage Available	12 15 24 28 V
Actuation Current, max. @ ambient	600 480 300 250 mA

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: N CONNECTOR OPTION (TNC CONNECTOR, 11GHz MAX.)					
Frequency	DC–2 GHz	2–5 GHz	5–8 GHz	8–10 GHz	10–12 GHz
Insertion Loss, dB, typical.	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
Isolation, dB, typical.	70	70	70	65	60
VSWR, typical.	1.2:1	1.3:1	1.3:1	1.5:1	1.5:1

For maximum limits, please see charts on page 3-5

## PART NUMBERING SYSTEM



**Connector**  
N: Type N Female  
T: TNC Female

**Actuator Voltage**  
1: 28 Vdc Failsafe  
2: 15 Vdc Failsafe  
3: 12 Vdc Failsafe  
4: 24 Vdc Failsafe

**Actuator Type**  
0: Standard Contacts  
C: Indicator Contacts

\*\*SEE PARTS LIST ON PAGE 8

**Options**  
T: TTL Drivers with Diodes  
D: Transient Suppression Diodes  
M: Moisture Seal  
S: 9 Pin D-Sub Connector

For other options, contact factory.

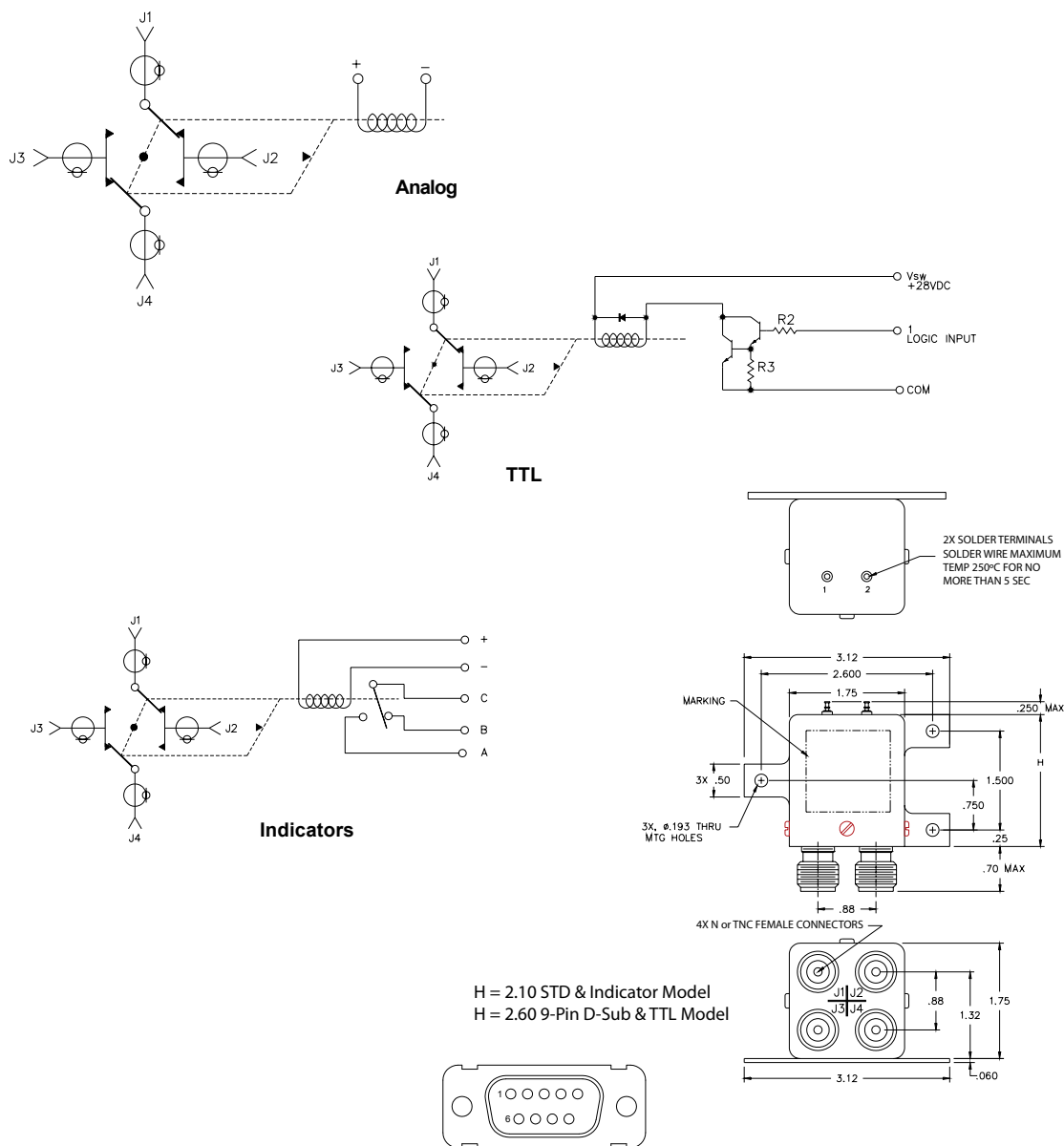
# Series CCS-47/CS-47

## High Power DC–12 GHz

### Failsafe TRANSFER Coaxial Switch



#### SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE

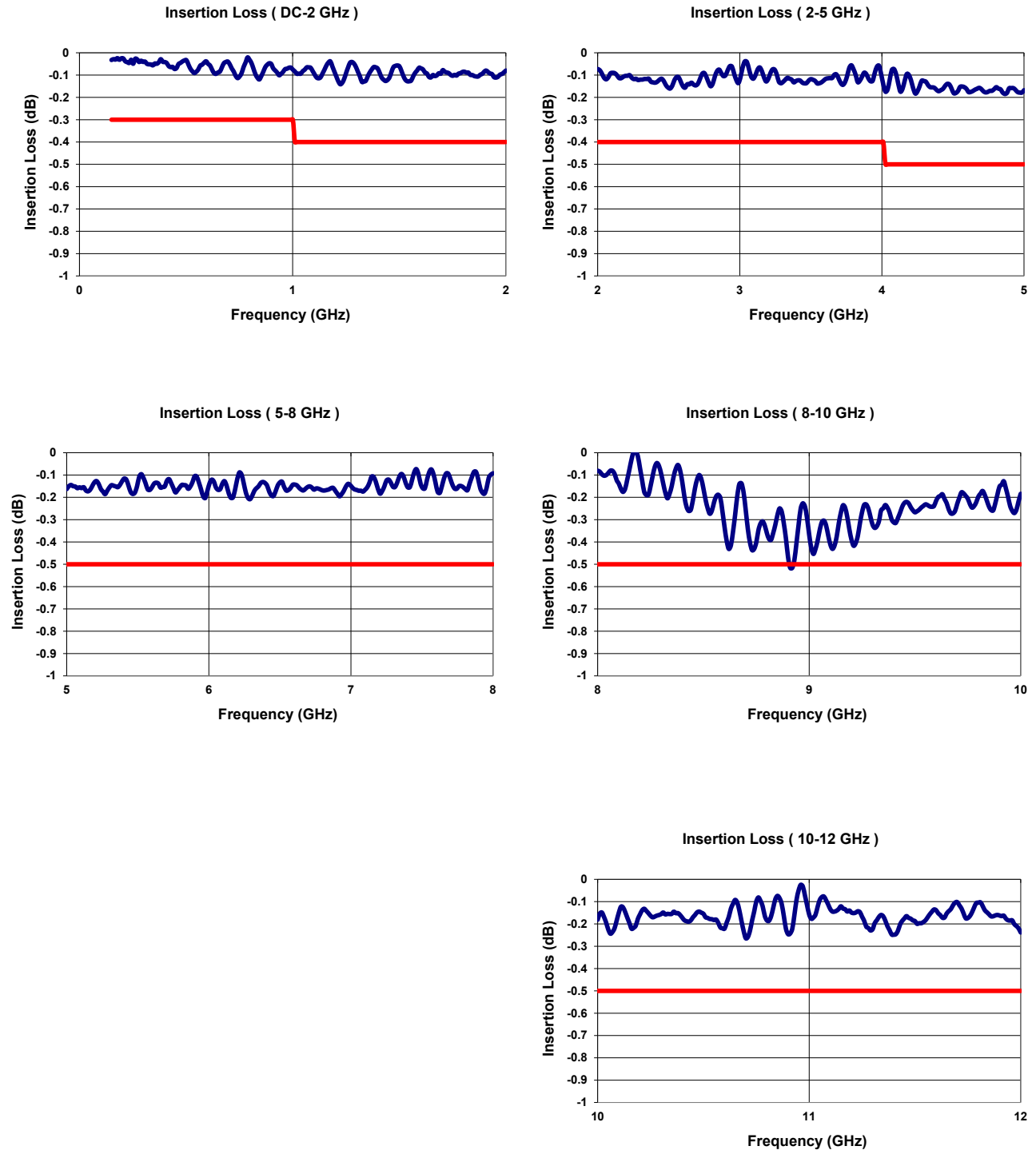


“-S OPTION” 9-PIN D-SUB CONNECTOR (EXAMPLE: CCS-47N10-S)

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT FOR FAILSAFE TRANSFER				
OPTIONS				
Pin No.	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL
1	+	+		
2	-	-		
3			Common	Common
4			1	1
5				
6			Vsw	Vsw
7		A		A
8		B		B
9		C		C

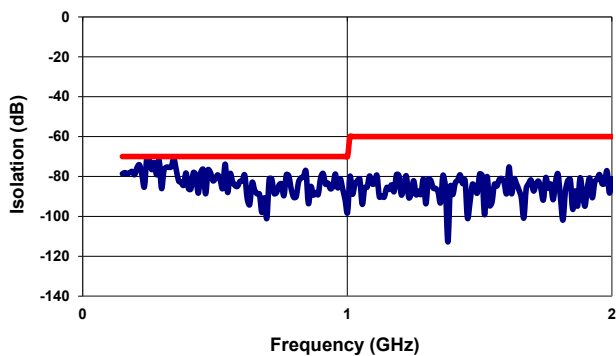
TRUTH TABLE (with TTL option)		
Logic Input	RF Path	Indicator (if applicable)
1		
0	J1-J2 & J4-J3	B & C
1	J1-J3 & J4-J2	A & C

**TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF INSERTION LOSS PERFORMANCE CURVES**

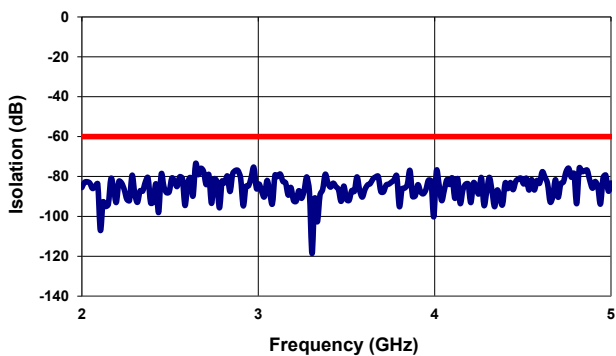


**TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF ISOLATION PERFORMANCE CURVES**

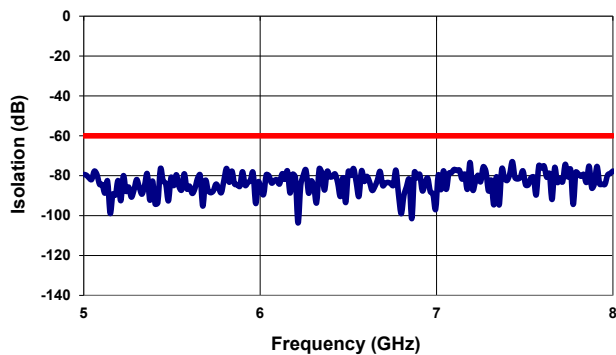
**Isolation ( DC-2 GHz )**



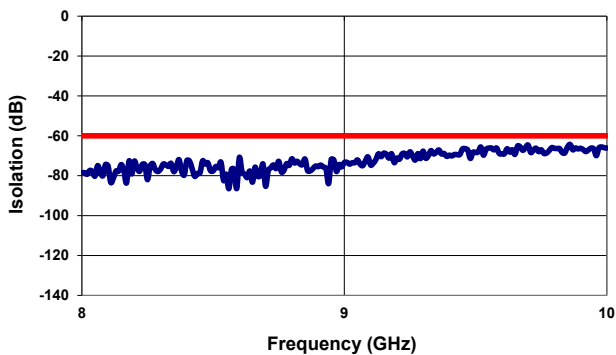
**Isolation ( 2-5 GHz )**



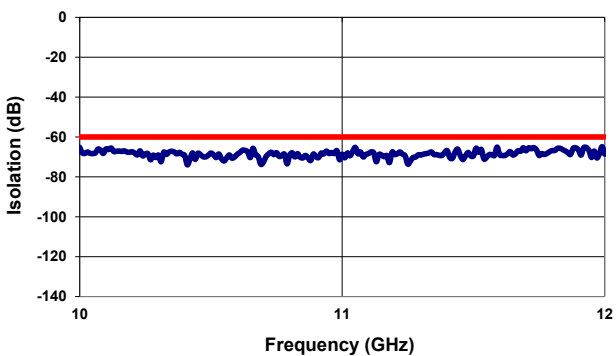
**Isolation ( 5-8 GHz )**



**Isolation ( 8-10 GHz )**

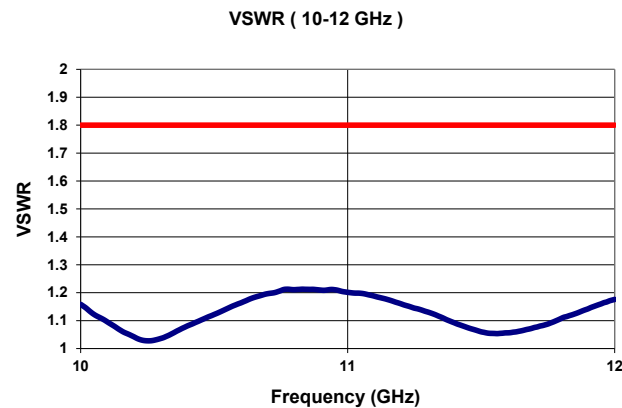
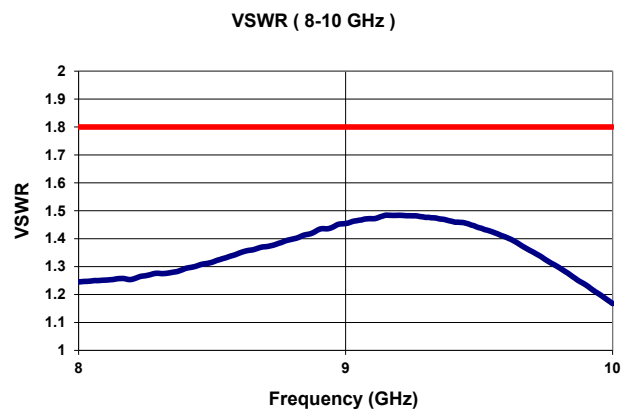
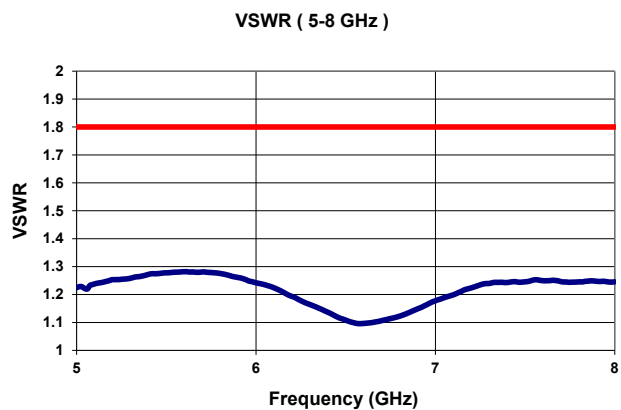
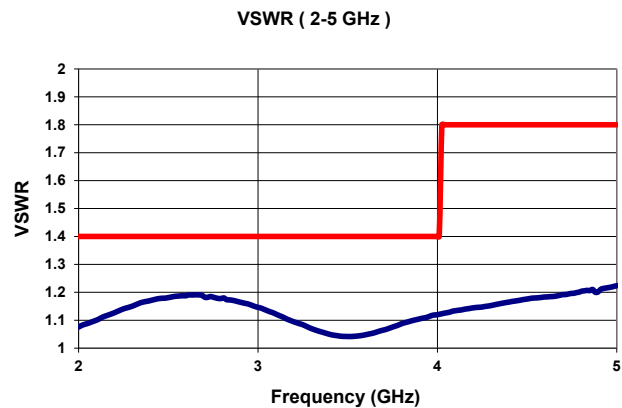
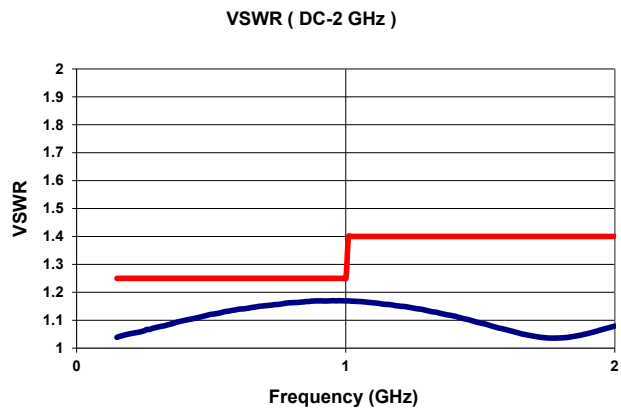


**Isolation ( 10-12 GHz )**



— TYPICAL  
 — MAXIMUM TEST LIMIT

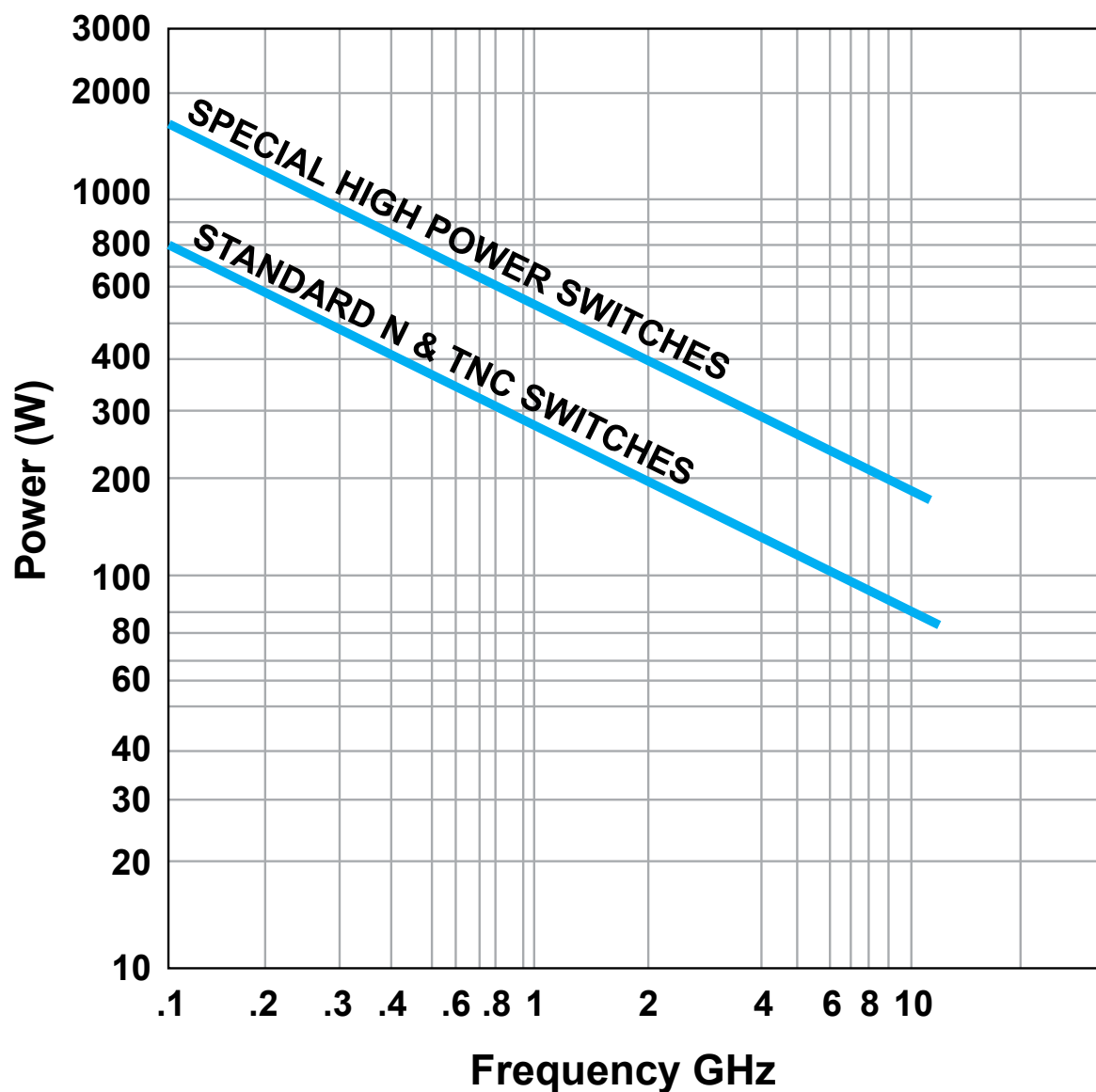
TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF VSWR PERFORMANCE CURVES



— TYPICAL  
— MAXIMUM TEST LIMIT

TYPICAL POWER PERFORMANCE CURVE

## Power Handling vs. Frequency



Estimates based on the following reference conditions:

- Ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Sea level operation
- Load VSWR of 1.20:1 maximum
- No high-power (hot) switching

Please contact Teledyne Coax Switches for derating factors when applications do not meet the foregoing reference conditions.

## GLOSSARY

### Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

### Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the “reverse EMF spike” generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

### Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

### Failsafe

A failsafe switch reverts to the default or failsafe position when actuating voltage is removed. This is realized by a return spring within the drive mechanism. This type of switch requires the continuous application of operating voltage to select and hold any position. (Multi-position switches are normally open with no voltage applied).

### Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tellback circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

### Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

### TRANSFER Switch

A four-port switch consisting of two independent pairs of RF paths. These pairs are actuated simultaneously. This actuation is similar to that of a double-pole double-throw switch.

### Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

### TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both failsafe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

### Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases. All data sheets specify these three parameters as “worst case” at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

### Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_T = \frac{I_A}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

$I_T$  = Actuator current at temperature, T

$I_A$  = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

### Magnetic Sensitivity

An electro-mechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.

## SPECIAL FEATURE

### Switching High-Power or Highly Sensitive Signals

Ensure the most linear response with the best galvanically matched contact system in the industry. Extremely low passive intermodulation is standard on all of our switches.

Carrier Frequency 1	Carrier Frequency 2	PIM 3rd Order Frequency	PIM 5th Order Frequency
870 MHz	893 MHz	847 MHz	824 MHz

	3rd Order Intermodulation	5th Order Intermodulation
Transfer	–103 dBm	–123 dBm
	–146 dBc	–165 dBc

**Series CCS-47/CS-47**  
**High Power DC–12 GHz**  
**Failsafe TRANSFER Coaxial Switch**



**FAILSAFE CCS-47N/CS-47N • CCS-47T/CS-47T PART NUMBER LIST**

	PART No.		PART No.		PART No.
1	CCS-47NXC	43	CS-47NX0-MS	85	CS-47TX0
2	CCS-47NXC-D	44	CS-47NX0-S	86	CS-47TX0-D
3	CCS-47NXC-DM	45	CS-47NX0-T	87	CS-47TX0-DM
4	CCS-47NXC-DMS	46	CS-47NX0-TM	88	CS-47TX0-DMS
5	CCS-47NXC-DS	47	CS-47NX0-TMS	89	CS-47TX0-DS
6	CCS-47NXC-M	48	CS-47NX0-TS	90	CS-47TX0-M
7	CCS-47NXC-MS	49	CCS-47TXC	91	CS-47TX0-MS
8	CCS-47NXC-S	50	CCS-47TXC-D	92	CS-47TX0-S
9	CCS-47NXC-T	51	CCS-47TXC-DM	93	CS-47TX0-T
10	CCS-47NXC-TM	52	CCS-47TXC-DMS	94	CS-47TX0-TM
11	CCS-47NXC-TMS	53	CCS-47TXC-DS	95	CS-47TX0-TMS
12	CCS-47NXC-TS	54	CCS-47TXC-M	96	CS-47TX0-TS
13	CCS-47NX0	55	CCS-47TXC-MS		
14	CCS-47NX0-D	56	CCS-47TXC-S		
15	CCS-47NX0-DM	57	CCS-47TXC-T		
16	CCS-47NX0-DMS	58	CCS-47TXC-TM		
17	CCS-47NX0-DS	59	CCS-47TXC-TMS		
18	CCS-47NX0-M	60	CCS-47TXC-TS		
19	CCS-47NX0-MS	61	CCS-47TX0		
20	CCS-47NX0-S	62	CCS-47TX0-D		
21	CCS-47NX0-T	63	CCS-47TX0-DM		
22	CCS-47NX0-TM	64	CCS-47TX0-DMS		
23	CCS-47NX0-TMS	65	CCS-47TX0-DS		
24	CCS-47NX0-TS	66	CCS-47TX0-M		
25	CS-47NXC	67	CCS-47TX0-MS		
26	CS-47NXC-D	68	CCS-47TX0-S		
27	CS-47NXC-DM	69	CCS-47TX0-T		
28	CS-47NXC-DMS	70	CCS-47TX0-TM		
29	CS-47NXC-DS	71	CCS-47TX0-TMS		
30	CS-47NXC-M	72	CCS-47TX0-TS		
31	CS-47NXC-MS	73	CS-47TXC		
32	CS-47NXC-S	74	CS-47TXC-D		
33	CS-47NXC-T	75	CS-47TXC-DM		
34	CS-47NXC-TM	76	CS-47TXC-DMS		
35	CS-47NXC-TMS	77	CS-47TXC-DS		
36	CS-47NXC-TS	78	CS-47TXC-M		
37	CS-47NX0	79	CS-47TXC-MS		
38	CS-47NX0-D	80	CS-47TXC-S		
39	CS-47NX0-DM	81	CS-47TXC-T		
40	CS-47NX0-DMS	82	CS-47TXC-TM		
41	CS-47NX0-DS	83	CS-47TXC-TMS		
42	CS-47NX0-M	84	CS-47TXC-TS		

\* X = 1 (28Vdc), 2 (15Vdc), 3 (12Vdc) and 4 (24Vdc)

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