

ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442

1 kV RMS Quad-Channel Digital Isolators

FEATURES

- ▶ Small, 16-lead QSOP
- ▶ 1000 V rms isolation rating
- ▶ Safety and regulatory approvals
 - ▶ UL 1577
 - ▶ $V_{ISO} = 2500$ V rms for 1 minute
- ▶ Low power operation
 - ▶ 5 V operation
 - ▶ 2.25 mA per channel maximum at 0 Mbps to 1 Mbps
 - ▶ 11.5 mA per channel maximum at 25 Mbps
 - ▶ 3.3 V operation
 - ▶ 1.5 mA per channel maximum at 0 Mbps to 1 Mbps
 - ▶ 8.25 mA per channel maximum at 25 Mbps
- ▶ Bidirectional communication
- ▶ Up to 25 Mbps data rate (NRZ)
- ▶ 3 V/5 V level translation
- ▶ High temperature operation: 105°C
- ▶ High common-mode transient immunity: >15 kV/μs

APPLICATIONS

- ▶ General-purpose, multichannel isolation
- ▶ SPI interface/data converter isolation
- ▶ RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 transceivers
- ▶ Industrial field bus isolation

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442¹ are 4-channel digital isolators based on the Analog Devices, Inc., iCoupler® technology. Combining high speed CMOS and monolithic air core transformer technologies, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics superior to the alternatives, such as optocoupler devices and other integrated couplers.

The ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 family of quad 1 kV digital isolation devices is packaged in a small 16-lead QSOP. While most 4-channel isolators come in 16-lead wide SOIC packages, the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 frees almost 70% of board space and yet can still withstand high isolation voltage and meet regulatory requirements such as UL and CSA standards (pending). In addition to the space savings, the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 offers a lower price than 2.5 kV or 5 kV isolators where only functional isolation is needed.

This family, like many Analog Devices isolators, offers very low power consumption, consuming one-tenth to one-sixth the power of comparable isolators at comparable data rates up to 25 Mbps. Despite the low power consumption, all models of the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 provide low pulse width distortion (< 5 ns for C grade). In addition, every model has an input glitch filter to protect against extraneous noise disturbances.

The ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 isolators provide four independent isolation channels in a variety of channel configurations and two data rates (see the [Ordering Guide](#)) up to 25 Mbps. All models operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, providing compatibility with lower voltage systems as well as enabling voltage translation functionality across the isolation barrier. All products also have an output default high logic state in the absence of the input power.

¹ Protected by U.S. Patents 5,952,849, 6,873,065 and 7,075,329. Other patents pending.

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REVISION HISTORY**10/2024—Rev. D to Rev. E**

| | |
|--|----|
| Changes to Features Section..... | 1 |
| Moved Figure 1 to Figure 3..... | 3 |
| Changes to Regulatory Information Section and Table 14..... | 9 |
| Changes to Table 15 and Figure 4 Caption..... | 9 |
| Updated Outline Dimensions..... | 19 |
| Added Number of Inputs, Maximum Data Rate, Maximum Propagation Delay, and Maximum Pulse Width Distortion Options..... | 19 |

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

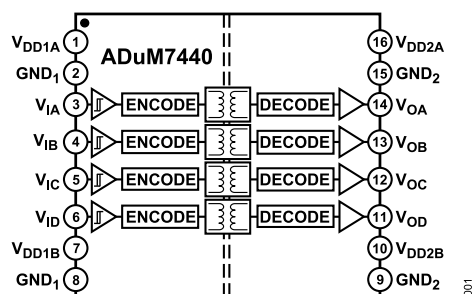


Figure 1. ADuM7440

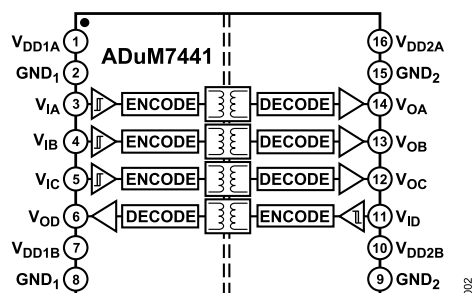


Figure 2. ADuM7441

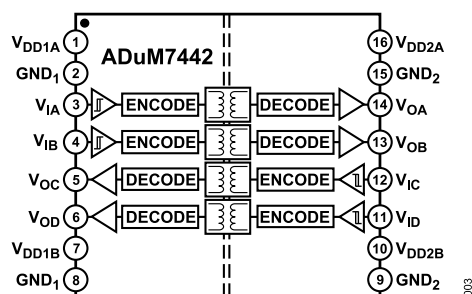


Figure 3. ADuM7442

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—5 V OPERATION

All typical specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 5\text{ V}$. Minimum/maximum specifications apply over the entire recommended operation range of $4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{DD1} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{DD2} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, and $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Switching specifications are tested with $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$, and CMOS signal levels, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter | Symbol | A Grade | | | C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Data Rate | | | | 1 | | | 25 | Mbps | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay | t _{PHL} , t _{PLH} | | 50 | 75 | 29 | 40 | 50 | ns | 50% input to 50% output |
| Pulse Width Distortion | PWD | | 10 | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | t _{PLH} - t _{PHL} |
| Change vs. Temperature | | | 5 | | | 3 | | ps/°C | |
| Pulse Width | PW | 250 | | | 40 | | | ns | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay Skew ¹ | t _{PSK} | | | 20 | | | 10 | ns | |
| Channel Matching | | | | | | | | | |
| Codirectional | t _{PSKCD} | | | 25 | | 2 | 4 | ns | |
| Opposing-Direction | t _{PSKOD} | | | 30 | | 3 | 6 | ns | |
| Jitter | | | 2 | | | 2 | | ns | |

¹ t_{PSK} is the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{PHL} or t_{PLH} that is measured between units at the same operating temperature, supply voltages, and output load within the recommended operating conditions.

Table 2.

| | | 1 Mbps—A Grade | | | 25 Mbps—C Grade | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | | | | | | | | |
| ADuM7440 | I _{DD1} | | 4.3 | 5.4 | | 28 | 35 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 2.5 | 3.6 | | 6.0 | 11 | mA | |
| ADuM7441 | I _{DD1} | | 4.1 | 4.9 | | 18 | 26 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 3.6 | 4.7 | | 8.5 | 14 | mA | |
| ADuM7442 | I _{DD1} | | 3.2 | 4.0 | | 15 | 20 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 3.2 | 4.0 | | 12 | 17 | mA | |

Table 3. For All Models

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|---------------|---------------|--|
| DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Logic High Input Threshold | V_{IH} | $0.7 V_{DDx}$ | | | V | |
| Logic Low Input Threshold | V_{IL} | | | $0.3 V_{DDx}$ | V | |
| Logic High Output Voltages | V_{OH} | $V_{DDx} - 0.1$ | 5.0 | | V | $I_{Ox} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| | | $V_{DDx} - 0.4$ | 4.8 | | V | $I_{Ox} = -4\text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| Logic Low Output Voltages | V_{OL} | | 0.0 | 0.1 | V | $I_{Ox} = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| | | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V | $I_{Ox} = 4\text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| Input Current per Channel | I_I | -10 | +0.01 | +10 | μA | $0\text{ V} \leq V_{Ix} \leq V_{DDx}$ |
| Supply Current per Channel | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(Q)}$ | | 0.76 | 0.95 | mA | |
| Quiescent Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(Q)}$ | | 0.57 | 0.73 | mA | |
| Dynamic Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(D)}$ | | 0.26 | | mA/Mbps | |
| Dynamic Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(D)}$ | | 0.05 | | mA/Mbps | |

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 3. For All Models (Continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|
| AC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Output Rise/Fall Time | t_R/t_F | | 2.0 | | ns | 10% to 90% |
| Common-Mode Transient Immunity ¹ | CM | 15 | 25 | | kV/ μ s | $V_{IX} = V_{DDX}$, $V_{CM} = 1000$ V, transient magnitude = 800 V |
| Refresh Rate | f_r | | 1.2 | | Mbps | |

¹ |CM| is the maximum common-mode voltage slew rate that can be sustained while maintaining $V_O > 0.8 V_{DD}$. The common-mode voltage slew rates apply to both rising and falling common-mode voltage edges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—3.3 V OPERATION

All typical specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 3.3$ V. Minimum/maximum specifications apply over the entire recommended operation range of $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD1} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD2} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$; and $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Switching specifications are tested with $C_L = 15$ pF and CMOS signal levels, unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

| Table 1: Switching Characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | A Grade | | | C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Data Rate | | | | 1 | | | 25 | Mbps | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay | t_{PHL}, t_{PLH} | | 60 | 85 | 37 | 51 | 66 | ns | 50% input to 50% output |
| Pulse Width Distortion | PWD | | 10 | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $ |
| Change vs. Temperature | | | 5 | | | 3 | | ps/°C | |
| Pulse Width | PW | 250 | | | 40 | | | ns | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay Skew ¹ | t_{PSK} | | | 20 | | | 10 | ns | |
| Channel Matching | | | | | | | | | |
| Codirectional | t_{PSKCD} | | | 25 | | 3 | 5 | ns | |
| Opposing-Direction | t_{PSKOD} | | | 30 | | 4 | 7 | ns | |
| Jitter | | | 2 | | | 2 | | ns | |

¹ t_{PSK} is the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{PHL} or t_{PLH} that is measured between units at the same operating temperature, supply voltages, and output load within the recommended operating conditions.

Table 5.

| | | 1 Mbps—A, C Grades | | | 25 Mbps—C Grade | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | | | | | | | | |
| ADuM7440 | I _{DD1} | | 3.0 | 3.8 | | 20 | 28 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 1.8 | 2.3 | | 4.0 | 5.0 | mA | |
| ADuM7441 | I _{DD1} | | 2.8 | 3.5 | | 14 | 20 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 2.5 | 3.3 | | 5.5 | 7.5 | mA | |
| ADuM7442 | I _{DD1} | | 2.2 | 2.7 | | 10 | 13 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 2.2 | 2.8 | | 8.4 | 11 | mA | |

Table 6. For All Models

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----|---------------|------|--|
| DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Logic High Input Threshold | V_{IH} | $0.7 V_{DDX}$ | | | V | |
| Logic Low Input Threshold | V_{IL} | | | $0.3 V_{DDX}$ | V | |
| Logic High Output Voltages | V_{OH} | $V_{DDX} - 0.2$ | 3.3 | | V | $I_{OX} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $V_{IX} = V_{IXH}$ |

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 6. For All Models (Continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----|-------------------|--|
| Logic Low Output Voltages | V_{OL} | $V_{DDx} - 0.4$ | 3.1 | | V | $I_{OX} = -4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{IX} = V_{IXH}$ |
| | | | 0.0 | 0.1 | V | $I_{OX} = 20 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $V_{IX} = V_{IXL}$ |
| | | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V | $I_{OX} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{IX} = V_{IXL}$ |
| Input Current per Channel | I_I | -10 | +0.01 | +10 | μA | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IX} \leq V_{DDx}$ |
| Supply Current per Channel | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(Q)}$ | | 0.50 | | mA | |
| Quiescent Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(Q)}$ | | 0.41 | | mA | |
| Dynamic Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(D)}$ | | 0.18 | | mA/Mbps | |
| Dynamic Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(D)}$ | | 0.02 | | mA/Mbps | |
| AC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Output Rise/Fall Time | t_R/t_F | | 2.8 | | ns | 10% to 90% |
| Common-Mode Transient Immunity ¹ | $ CM $ | 15 | 20 | | kV/ μs | $V_{IX} = V_{DDx}$, $V_{CM} = 1000 \text{ V}$, transient magnitude = 800 V |
| Refresh Rate | f_r | | 1.1 | | Mbps | |

¹ $|CM|$ is the maximum common-mode voltage slew rate that can be sustained while maintaining $V_O > 0.8 V_{DD}$. The common-mode voltage slew rates apply to both rising and falling common-mode voltage edges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MIXED 5 V/3.3 V OPERATION

All typical specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD1} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{DD2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$. Minimum/maximum specifications apply over the entire recommended operation range of $4.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD1} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $3.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD2} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$; and $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Switching specifications are tested with $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ and CMOS signal levels, unless otherwise noted.

Table 7.

| Parameter | Symbol | A Grade | | | C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Data Rate | | | | 1 | | | 25 | Mbps | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay | t _{PHL} , t _{PLH} | | 55 | 80 | 30 | 42 | 55 | ns | 50% input to 50% output |
| Pulse Width Distortion | PWD | | 10 | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | t _{PLH} - t _{PHL} |
| Change vs. Temperature | | | 5 | | | 3 | | ps/°C | |
| Pulse Width | PW | 250 | | | 40 | | | ns | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay Skew ¹ | t _{PSK} | | | 20 | | | 10 | ns | |
| Channel Matching | | | | | | | | | |
| Codirectional | t _{PSKCD} | | | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | |
| Opposing-Direction | t _{PSKOD} | | | 30 | | 3 | 6 | ns | |
| Jitter | | | 2 | | | 2 | | ns | |

¹ t_{PSK} is the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{PHL} or t_{PLH} that is measured between units at the same operating temperature, supply voltages, and output load within the recommended operating conditions.

Table 8.

| | | 1 Mbps—A, C Grades | | | 25 Mbps—C Grade | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | | | | | | | | |
| ADuM7440 | I _{DD1} | | 4.4 | 5.5 | | 28 | 35 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 1.6 | 2.1 | | 3.5 | 4.5 | mA | |
| ADuM7441 | I _{DD1} | | 3.7 | 5.0 | | 19 | 27 | mA | |
| | I _{DD2} | | 2.2 | 2.8 | | 5.2 | 7.0 | mA | |

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 8. (Continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | 1 Mbps—A, C Grades | | | 25 Mbps—C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| ADuM7442 | I_{DD1} | | 3.2 | 3.9 | | 15 | 20 | mA | |
| | I_{DD2} | | 2.0 | 2.6 | | 7.8 | 12 | mA | |

Table 9. For All Models

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Logic High Input Threshold | V_{IH} | 0.7 V_{DDx} | | | V | |
| Logic Low Input Threshold | V_{IL} | | | 0.3 V_{DDx} | V | |
| Logic High Output Voltages | V_{OH} | $V_{DDx} - 0.1$ | V_{DDx} | | V | $I_{Ox} = -20 \mu A$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| | | $V_{DDx} - 0.4$ | $V_{DDx} - 0.2$ | | V | $I_{Ox} = -4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| Logic Low Output Voltages | V_{OL} | | 0.0 | 0.1 | V | $I_{Ox} = 20 \mu A$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| | | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V | $I_{Ox} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| Input Current per Channel | I_I | -10 | +0.01 | +10 | μA | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{Ix} \leq V_{DDx}$ |
| Supply Current per Channel | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(Q)}$ | | 0.77 | | mA | |
| Quiescent Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(Q)}$ | | 0.40 | | mA | |
| Dynamic Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(D)}$ | | 0.26 | | mA/Mbps | |
| Dynamic Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(D)}$ | | 0.02 | | mA/Mbps | |
| AC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Output Rise/Fall Time | t_R/t_F | | 2.5 | | ns | 10% to 90% |
| Common-Mode Transient Immunity ¹ | $ CM $ | 15 | 20 | | kV/ μs | $V_{Ix} = V_{DDx}$, $V_{CM} = 1000 \text{ V}$, transient magnitude = 800 V |
| Refresh Rate | f_r | | 1.2 | | Mbps | |

¹ $|CM|$ is the maximum common-mode voltage slew rate that can be sustained while maintaining $V_O > 0.8 V_{DD}$. The common-mode voltage slew rates apply to both rising and falling common-mode voltage edges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MIXED 3.3 V/5 V OPERATION

All typical specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD1} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{DD2} = 5 \text{ V}$. Minimum/maximum specifications apply over the entire recommended operation range of $3.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD1} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $4.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD2} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, and $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Switching specifications are tested with $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ and CMOS signal levels, unless otherwise noted.

Table 10.

| Parameter | Symbol | A Grade | | | C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Data Rate | | | | 1 | | | 25 | Mbps | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay | t _{PHL} , t _{PLH} | | 55 | 80 | 31 | 46 | 60 | ns | 50% input to 50% output |
| Pulse Width Distortion | PWD | | 10 | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | t _{PLH} - t _{PHL} |
| Change vs. Temperature | | | 5 | | | 3 | | ps/°C | |
| Pulse Width | PW | 250 | | | 40 | | | ns | Within PWD limit |
| Propagation Delay Skew ¹ | t _{PSK} | | | 20 | | | 10 | ns | |
| Channel Matching | | | | | | | | | |
| Codirectional | t _{PSKCD} | | | 25 | | 2 | 5 | ns | |
| Opposing-Direction | t _{PSKOD} | | | 30 | | 3 | 7 | ns | |
| Jitter | | | 2 | | | 2 | | ns | |

SPECIFICATIONS

¹ t_{PSK} is the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{PHL} or t_{PLH} that is measured between units at the same operating temperature, supply voltages, and output load within the recommended operating conditions.

Table 11.

| Parameter | Symbol | 1 Mbps—A, C Grades | | | 25 Mbps—C Grade | | | Unit | Test Conditions |
|----------------|-----------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | | | | | | | | |
| ADuM7440 | I_{DD1} | | 2.7 | 3.3 | | 18 | 24 | mA | |
| | I_{DD2} | | 2.5 | 3.3 | | 5.7 | 8.0 | mA | |
| ADuM7441 | I_{DD1} | | 2.5 | 3.3 | | 12 | 20 | mA | |
| | I_{DD2} | | 3.6 | 4.6 | | 8.0 | 11 | mA | |
| ADuM7442 | I_{DD1} | | 2.0 | 2.4 | | 8.9 | 13 | mA | |
| | I_{DD2} | | 3.2 | 4.0 | | 12 | 15 | mA | |

Table 12. For All Models

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Logic High Input Threshold | V_{IH} | $0.7 V_{DDx}$ | | | V | |
| Logic Low Input Threshold | V_{IL} | | | $0.3 V_{DDx}$ | V | |
| Logic High Output Voltages | V_{OH} | $V_{DDx} - 0.1$ | V_{DDx} | | V | $I_{Ox} = -20 \mu A$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| | | $V_{DDx} - 0.4$ | $V_{DDx} - 0.2$ | | V | $I_{Ox} = -4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxH}$ |
| Logic Low Output Voltages | V_{OL} | | 0.0 | 0.1 | V | $I_{Ox} = 20 \mu A$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| | | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V | $I_{Ox} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{Ix} = V_{IxL}$ |
| Input Current per Channel | I_I | -10 | +0.01 | +10 | μA | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{Ix} \leq V_{DDx}$ |
| Supply Current per Channel | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(Q)}$ | | 0.50 | 0.60 | mA | |
| Quiescent Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(Q)}$ | | 0.61 | 0.73 | mA | |
| Dynamic Input Supply Current | $I_{DDI(D)}$ | | 0.17 | | mA/Mbps | |
| Dynamic Output Supply Current | $I_{DDO(D)}$ | | 0.03 | | mA/Mbps | |
| AC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| Output Rise/Fall Time | t_R/t_F | | 2.5 | | ns | 10% to 90% |
| Common-Mode Transient Immunity ¹ | $ CM $ | 15 | 20 | | kV/ μs | $V_{Ix} = V_{DDx}$, $V_{CM} = 1000 \text{ V}$, transient magnitude = 800 V |
| Refresh Rate | f_r | | 1.1 | | Mbps | |

¹ $|CM|$ is the maximum common-mode voltage slew rate that can be sustained while maintaining $V_O > 0.8 V_{DD}$. The common-mode voltage slew rates apply to both rising and falling common-mode voltage edges.

PACKAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 13.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|--|---------------|-----|-----------|-----|---------------|---|
| Resistance (Input-to-Output) ¹ | R_{I-O} | | 10^{13} | | Ω | |
| Capacitance (Input-to-Output) ¹ | C_{I-O} | | 2 | | pF | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ |
| Input Capacitance ² | C_i | | 4.0 | | pF | |
| IC Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance | θ_{JA} | | 76 | | $^{\circ}C/W$ | Thermocouple located at center of package underside |

¹ The device is considered a 2-terminal device: Pin 1 through Pin 8 are shorted together and Pin 9 through Pin 16 are shorted together.

² Input capacitance is from any input data pin to ground.

SPECIFICATIONS

REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 is approved by the organizations listed in [Table 14](#).

Table 14.

UL

UL 1577¹

Single Protection, 1000 V rms

File E214100

¹ In accordance with UL 1577, each ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 1200 V rms for 1 sec (current leakage detection limit = 5 μ A).

INSULATION AND SAFETY-RELATED SPECIFICATIONS

Table 15.

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit | Conditions |
|--|--------|-------|---------|--|
| Rated Dielectric Insulation Voltage | | 1000 | V rms | 1-minute duration |
| Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance) | L(I01) | 3.55 | mm | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air |
| Minimum External Tracking (Creepage) | L(I02) | 3.55 | mm | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body |
| Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance) | | 2.6 | μ m | Insulation distance through insulation |
| Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index) | CTI | >400 | V | DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1 |
| Material Group | | II | | Material Group per IEC 60664-1 |

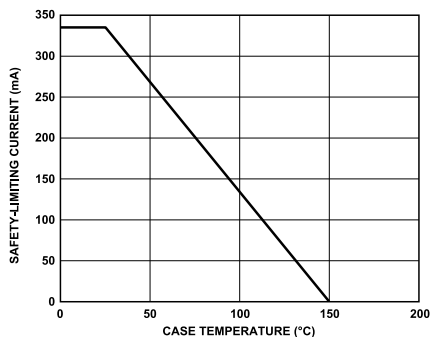


Figure 4. Thermal Derating Curve, Dependence of Safety-Limiting Values with Case Temperature per DIN V VDE V 0884-17

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 16.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|------|
| Operating Temperature | T_A | -40 | +105 | °C |
| Supply Voltages ¹ | V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} | 3.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Input Signal Rise and Fall Times | | | 1.0 | ms |

¹ All voltages are relative to their respective ground. See the [DC Correctness and Magnetic Field Immunity](#) section for information on immunity to external magnetic fields.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 17.

| Parameter | Rating |
|---|--|
| Storage Temperature (T_{ST}) Range | -65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Ambient Operating Temperature (T_A) | -40°C to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Supply Voltages (V_{DD1} , V_{DD2}) | -0.5 V to $+7.0\text{ V}$ |
| Input Voltages (V_{IA} , V_{IB} , V_{IC} , V_{ID}) ^{1, 2} | -0.5 V to $V_{DD1} + 0.5\text{ V}$ |
| Output Voltages (V_{OA} , V_{OB} , V_{OC} , V_{OD}) ^{1, 2} | -0.5 V to $V_{DDO} + 0.5\text{ V}$ |
| Average Output Current per Pin ³ | |
| Side 1 (I_{O1}) | -10 mA to $+10\text{ mA}$ |
| Side 2 (I_{O2}) | -10 mA to $+10\text{ mA}$ |
| Common-Mode Transients ³ | $-100\text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$ to $+100\text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$ |

¹ V_{DD1} and V_{DDO} refer to the supply voltages on the input and output sides of a given channel, respectively. See the [PC Board Layout](#) section.

² See [Figure 4](#) for maximum rated current values for various temperatures.

³ Refers to common-mode transients across the insulation barrier. Common-mode transients exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause latch-up or permanent damage.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS WORKING VOLTAGE

Table 18. Maximum Continuous Working Voltage¹

| Parameter | Max | Unit | Constraint |
|-------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------------------|
| AC Voltage, Bipolar Waveform | 420 | V peak | 50-year minimum lifetime |
| AC Voltage, Unipolar Waveform | | | |
| Basic Insulation | 420 | V peak | 50-year minimum lifetime |
| DC Voltage | | | |
| Basic Insulation | 420 | V peak | 50-year minimum lifetime |

¹ Refers to continuous voltage magnitude imposed across the isolation barrier. See the [Insulation Lifetime](#) section for more details.

TRUTH TABLE (POSITIVE LOGIC)

Table 19. Truth Table (Positive Logic)

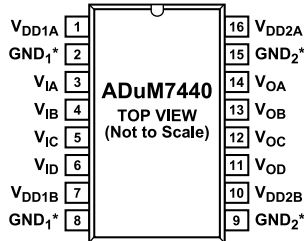
| V_{IX} Input ¹ | V_{DD1} State ² | V_{DDO} State ³ | V_{OX} Output | Description |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| H | Powered | Powered | H | Normal operation; data is high. |
| L | Powered | Powered | L | Normal operation; data is low. |
| X | Unpowered | Powered | H | Input unpowered. Outputs are in the default high state. Outputs return to input state within $1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ of V_{DD1} power restoration. See the pin function descriptions (Table 20 through Table 22) for more details. |
| X | Powered | Unpowered | Z | Output unpowered. Output pins are in high impedance state. Outputs return to input state within $1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ of V_{DDO} power restoration. See the pin function descriptions (Table 20 through Table 22) for more details. |

¹ V_{IX} and V_{OX} refer to the input and output signals of a given channel (A, B, C, or D).

² V_{DD1} refers to the power supply on the input side of a given channel (A, B, C, or D).

³ V_{DDO} refers to the power supply on the output side of a given channel (A, B, C, or D).

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



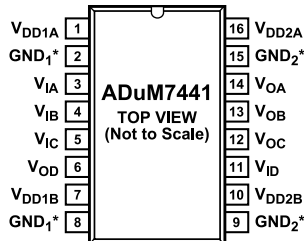
*PIN 2 AND PIN 8 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₁ IS RECOMMENDED. PIN 9 AND PIN 15 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₂ IS RECOMMENDED.

004

Figure 5. ADuM7440 Pin Configuration

Table 20. ADuM7440 Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | V _{DD1A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 1 must be connected externally to Pin 7. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1A} (Pin 1) and GND ₁ (Pin 2). |
| 2 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 3 | V _{IA} | Logic Input A. |
| 4 | V _{IB} | Logic Input B. |
| 5 | V _{IC} | Logic Input C. |
| 6 | V _{ID} | Logic Input D. |
| 7 | V _{DD1B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 7 must be connected externally to Pin 1. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1B} (Pin 7) and GND ₁ (Pin 8). |
| 8 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 9 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 10 | V _{DD2B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 10 must be connected externally to Pin 16. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2B} (Pin 10) and GND ₂ (Pin 9). |
| 11 | V _{OD} | Logic Output D. |
| 12 | V _{OC} | Logic Output C. |
| 13 | V _{OB} | Logic Output B. |
| 14 | V _{OA} | Logic Output A. |
| 15 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 16 | V _{DD2A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 16 must be connected externally to Pin 10. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2A} (Pin 16) and GND ₂ (Pin 9). |



*PIN 2 AND PIN 8 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₁ IS RECOMMENDED. PIN 9 AND PIN 15 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₂ IS RECOMMENDED.

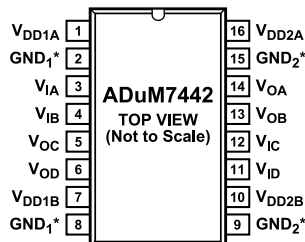
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Figure 6. ADuM7441 Pin Configuration

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

Table 21. ADuM7441 Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| 1 | V _{DD1A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 1 must be connected externally to Pin 7. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1A} (Pin 1) and GND ₁ (Pin 2). |
| 2 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 3 | V _{IA} | Logic Input A. |
| 4 | V _{IB} | Logic Input B. |
| 5 | V _{IC} | Logic Input C. |
| 6 | V _{OD} | Logic Output D. |
| 7 | V _{DD1B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 7 must be connected externally to Pin 1. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1B} (Pin 7) and GND ₁ (Pin 8). |
| 8 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 9 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 10 | V _{DD2B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 10 must be connected externally to Pin 16. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2B} (Pin 10) and GND ₂ (Pin 9). |
| 11 | V _{ID} | Logic Input D. |
| 12 | V _{OC} | Logic Output C. |
| 13 | V _{OB} | Logic Output B. |
| 14 | V _{OA} | Logic Output A. |
| 15 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 16 | V _{DD2A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 16 must be connected externally to Pin 10. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2A} (Pin 16) and GND ₂ (Pin 15). |



*PIN 2 AND PIN 8 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₁ IS RECOMMENDED. PIN 9 AND PIN 15 ARE INTERNALLY CONNECTED. CONNECTING BOTH TO GND₂ IS RECOMMENDED.

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Figure 7. ADuM7442 Pin Configuration

Table 22. ADuM7442 Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | V _{DD1A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 1 must be connected externally to Pin 7. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1A} (Pin 1) and GND ₁ (Pin 2). |
| 2 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 3 | V _{IA} | Logic Input A. |
| 4 | V _{IB} | Logic Input B. |
| 5 | V _{OC} | Logic Output C. |
| 6 | V _{OD} | Logic Output D. |
| 7 | V _{DD1B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 1 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 7 must be connected externally to Pin 1. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD1B} (Pin 7) and GND ₁ (Pin 8). |
| 8 | GND ₁ | Ground 1. Ground reference for Isolator Side 1. Pin 2 and Pin 8 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₁ is recommended. |
| 9 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 10 | V _{DD2B} | Supply Voltage B for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 10 must be connected externally to Pin 16. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2B} (Pin 10) and GND ₂ (Pin 9). |

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

Table 22. ADuM7442 Pin Function Descriptions (Continued)

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| 11 | V _{ID} | Logic Input D. |
| 12 | V _{IC} | Logic Input C. |
| 13 | V _{OB} | Logic Output B. |
| 14 | V _{OA} | Logic Output A. |
| 15 | GND ₂ | Ground 2. Ground reference for Isolator Side 2. Pin 9 and Pin 15 are internally connected, and connecting both to GND ₂ is recommended. |
| 16 | V _{DD2A} | Supply Voltage A for Isolator Side 2 (3.0 V to 5.5 V). Pin 16 must be connected externally to Pin 10. Connect a ceramic bypass capacitor of value 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F between V _{DD2A} (Pin 16) and GND ₂ (Pin 15). |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

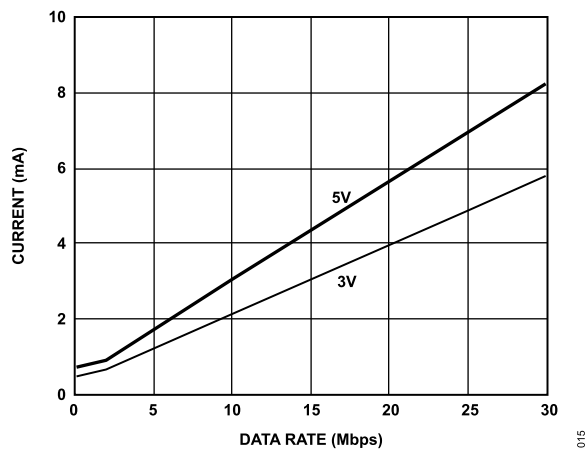


Figure 8. Typical Supply Current per Input Channel vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

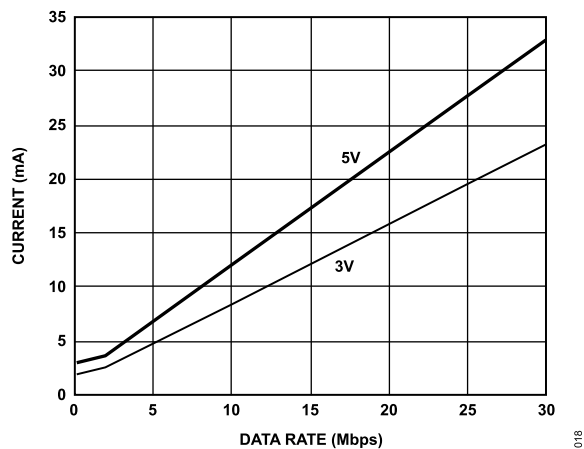


Figure 11. Typical ADuM7440 V_{DD1} Supply Current vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

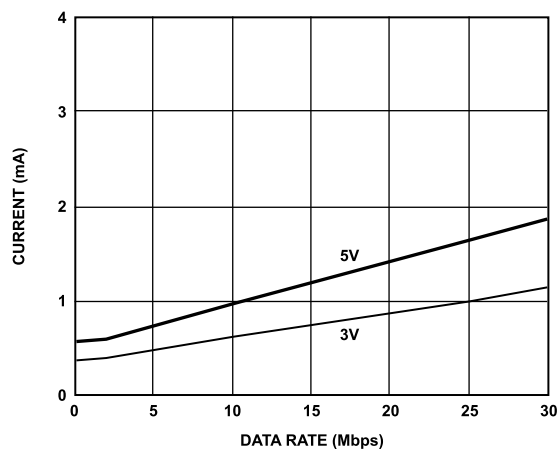


Figure 9. Typical Supply Current per Output Channel vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation (No Output Load)

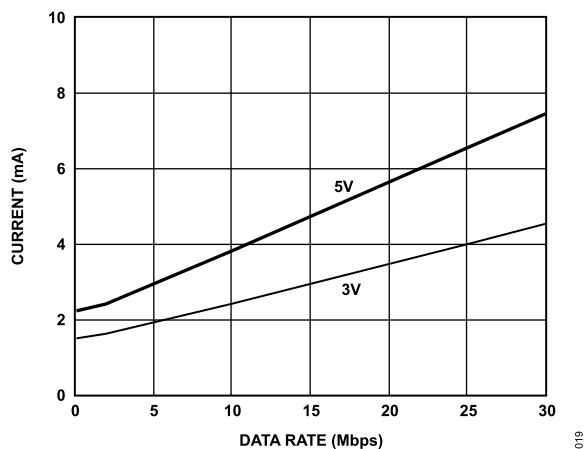


Figure 12. Typical ADuM7440 V_{DD2} Supply Current vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

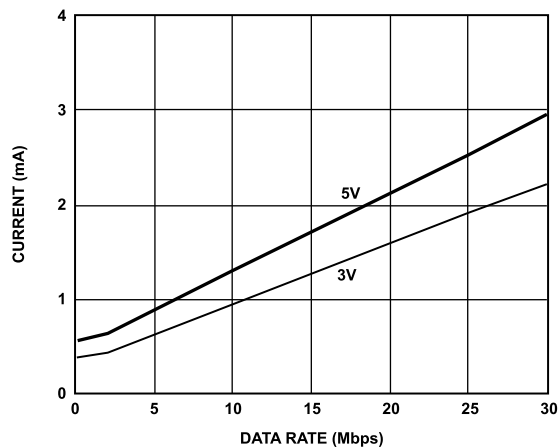


Figure 10. Typical Supply Current per Output Channel vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation (15 pF Output Load)

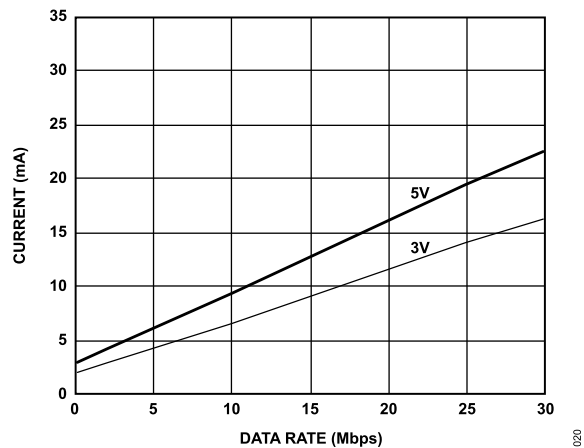


Figure 13. Typical ADuM7441 V_{DD1} Supply Current vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

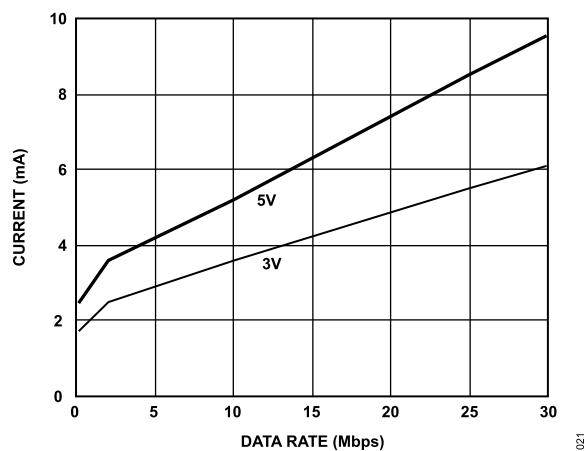


Figure 14. Typical ADuM7441 V_{DD2} Supply Current vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

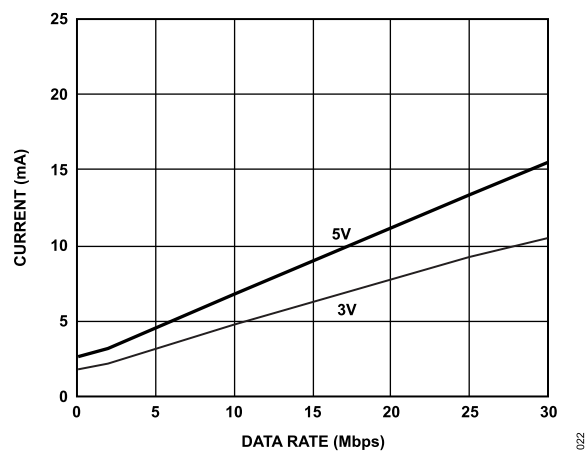
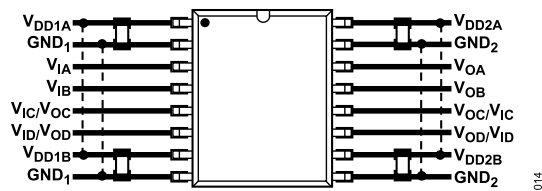


Figure 15. Typical ADuM7442 V_{DD1} or V_{DD2} Supply Current vs. Data Rate for 5 V and 3 V Operation

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

PC BOARD LAYOUT

The ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 digital isolators require no external interface circuitry for the logic interfaces. Power supply bypassing is strongly recommended at the input and output supply pins (see [Figure 16](#)). A total of four bypass capacitors should be connected between Pin 1 and Pin 2 for V_{DD1A} , between Pin 7 and Pin 8 for V_{DD1B} , between Pin 9 and Pin 10 for V_{DD2B} , and between Pin 15 and Pin 16 for V_{DD2A} . Supply V_{DD1A} Pin 1 and V_{DD1B} Pin 7 should be connected together and supply V_{DD2B} Pin 10 and V_{DD2A} Pin 16 should be connected together. The capacitor values should be between 0.01 μF and 0.1 μF . The total lead length between both ends of the capacitor and the power supply pin should not exceed 20 mm.



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

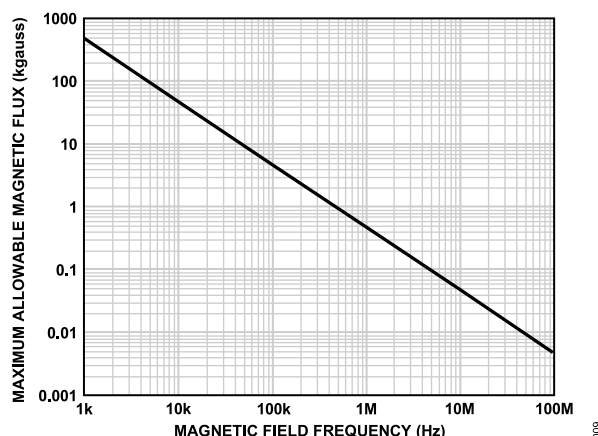


Figure 18. Maximum Allowable External Magnetic Flux Density

For example, at a magnetic field frequency of 1 MHz, the maximum allowable magnetic field of 0.5 kgauss induces a voltage of 0.25 V at the receiving coil. This is about 50% of the sensing threshold and does not cause a faulty output transition. Similarly, if such an event occurred during a transmitted pulse (and was of the worst-case polarity), it would reduce the received pulse from >1.0 V to 0.75 V, still well above the 0.5 V sensing threshold of the decoder.

The preceding magnetic flux density values correspond to specific current magnitudes at given distances from the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 transformers. Figure 19 shows these allowable current magnitudes as a function of frequency for selected distances. As shown, the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 is extremely immune and can be affected only by extremely large currents operated at high frequency very close to the component. For the 1 MHz example noted previously, a 1.2 kA current would have to be placed 5 mm away from the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 to affect the operation of the component.

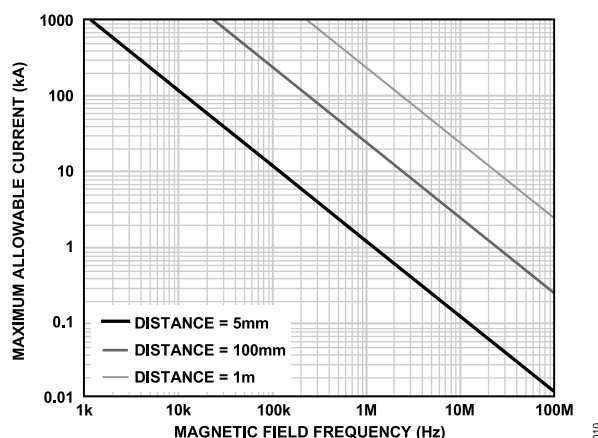


Figure 19. Maximum Allowable Current for Various Current-to-ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 Spacings

Note that at combinations of strong magnetic field and high frequency, any loops formed by printed circuit board traces can induce error voltages sufficiently large enough to trigger the thresholds of

succeeding circuitry. Care should be taken in the layout of such traces to avoid this possibility.

POWER CONSUMPTION

The supply current at a given channel of the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 isolator is a function of the supply voltage, the data rate of the channel, and the output load of the channel.

For each input channel, the supply current is given by

$$I_{DDI} = I_{DDI(Q)} \quad f \leq 0.5 f_r \quad (2)$$

$$I_{DDI} = I_{DDI(D)} \times (2f - f_r) + I_{DDI(Q)} \quad f > 0.5 f_r \quad (3)$$

For each output channel, the supply current is given by

$$I_{DDO} = I_{DDO(Q)} \quad f \leq 0.5 f_r \quad (4)$$

$$I_{DDO} = (I_{DDO(D)} + (0.5 \times 10^{-3}) \times C_L \times V_{DDO}) \times (2f - f_r) + I_{DDO(Q)} \quad f > 0.5 f_r \quad (5)$$

where:

$I_{DDI(D)}$, $I_{DDO(D)}$ are the input and output dynamic supply currents per channel (mA/Mbps).

C_L is the output load capacitance (pF).

V_{DDO} is the output supply voltage (V).

f is the input logic signal frequency (MHz); it is half the input data rate, expressed in units of Mbps.

f_r is the input stage refresh rate (Mbps). $I_{DDI(Q)}$, $I_{DDO(Q)}$ are the specified input and output quiescent supply currents (mA).

To calculate the total V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} supply current, the supply currents for each input and output channel corresponding to V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} are calculated and totaled. Figure 8 and Figure 9 show per-channel supply currents as a function of data rate for an unloaded output condition. Figure 10 shows the per-channel supply current as a function of data rate for a 15 pF output condition. Figure 11 through Figure 15 show the total V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} supply current as a function of data rate for ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 channel configurations.

INSULATION LIFETIME

All insulation structures eventually break down when subjected to voltage stress over a sufficiently long period. The rate of insulation degradation is dependent on the characteristics of the voltage waveform applied across the insulation. In addition to the testing performed by the regulatory agencies, Analog Devices carries out an extensive set of evaluations to determine the lifetime of the insulation structure within the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442.

Analog Devices performs accelerated life testing using voltage levels higher than the rated continuous working voltage. Acceleration factors for several operating conditions are determined. These factors allow calculation of the time to failure at the actual working voltage. The values shown in Table 18 summarize the peak voltage for 50 years of service life for a bipolar ac operating condition and the maximum CSA approved working voltages. In many cases,

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

the approved working voltage is higher than 50-year service life voltage. Operation at these high working voltages can lead to shortened insulation life in some cases.

The insulation lifetime of the ADuM7440/ADuM7441/ADuM7442 depends on the voltage waveform type imposed across the isolation barrier. The iCoupler insulation structure degrades at different rates depending on whether the waveform is bipolar ac, unipolar ac, or dc. [Figure 20](#), [Figure 21](#), and [Figure 22](#) illustrate these different isolation voltage waveforms.

Bipolar ac voltage is the most stringent environment. The goal of a 50-year operating lifetime under the ac bipolar condition determines the Analog Devices recommended maximum working voltage.

In the case of unipolar ac or dc voltage, the stress on the insulation is significantly lower. This allows operation at higher working voltages while still achieving a 50-year service life. The working voltages listed in [Table 18](#) can be applied while maintaining the 50-year minimum lifetime provided the voltage conforms to either the unipolar ac or dc voltage case. Any cross-insulation voltage waveform that does not conform to [Figure 21](#) or [Figure 22](#) should be treated as a bipolar ac waveform, and its peak voltage should be limited to the 50-year lifetime voltage value listed in [Table 18](#).

Note that the voltage presented in [Figure 21](#) is shown as sinusoidal for illustration purposes only. It is meant to represent any voltage waveform varying between 0 V and some limiting value. The limiting value can be positive or negative, but the voltage cannot cross 0 V.

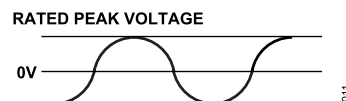


Figure 20. Bipolar AC Waveform

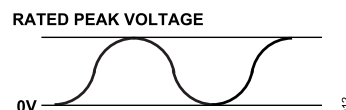


Figure 21. Unipolar AC Waveform

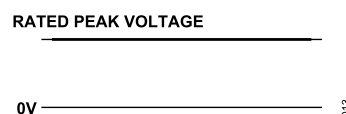
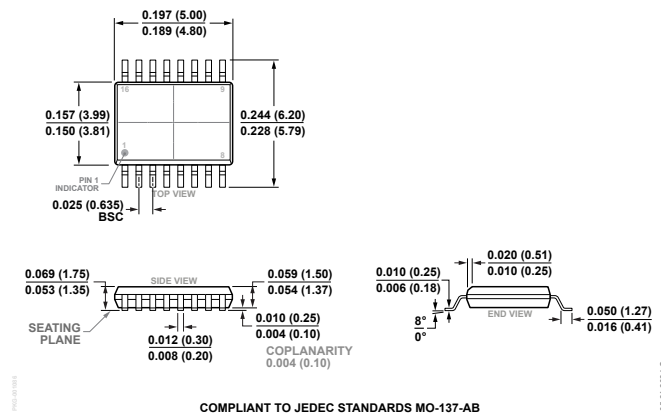


Figure 22. DC Waveform

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



**Figure 23. 16-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (QSOP)
(RQ-16)**
Dimensions shown in inches and (millimeters)

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model ¹ | Temperature Range | Package Description | Packing Quantity | Package Option |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| ADuM7440ARQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7440ARQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7440CRQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7440CRQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7441ARQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7441ARQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7441CRQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7441CRQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7442ARQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7442ARQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7442CRQZ | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP | Tube, 98 | RQ-16 |
| ADuM7442CRQZ-RL7 | -40°C to +105°C | 16-Lead QSOP, 7" Tape and Reel | Reel, 1000 | RQ-16 |

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

NUMBER OF INPUTS, MAXIMUM DATA RATE, MAXIMUM PROPAGATION DELAY, AND MAXIMUM PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION OPTIONS

| Model ¹ | Number of Inputs, V _{DD1} Side | Number of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side | Maximum Data Rate | Maximum Propagation Delay, 5 V | Maximum Pulse Width Distortion (ns) |
|--------------------|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| ADuM7440ARQZ | 4 | 0 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7440ARQZ-RL7 | 4 | 0 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7440CRQZ | 4 | 0 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |
| ADuM7440CRQZ-RL7 | 4 | 0 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |
| ADuM7441ARQZ | 3 | 1 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7441ARQZ-RL7 | 3 | 1 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7441CRQZ | 3 | 1 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |
| ADuM7441CRQZ-RL7 | 3 | 1 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |
| ADuM7442ARQZ | 2 | 2 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7442ARQZ-RL7 | 2 | 2 | 1 Mbps | 75 ns | 25 |
| ADuM7442CRQZ | 2 | 2 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

| Model ¹ | Number of Inputs, V _{DD1} Side | Number of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side | Maximum Data Rate | Maximum Propagation Delay, 5 V | Maximum Pulse Width Distortion (ns) |
|--------------------|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| ADuM7442CRQZ-RL7 | 2 | 2 | 25 Mbps | 50 ns | 5 |

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.