

INTERFACE CIRCUITS

TYPES SN55140, SN55141, SN55142A, SN55143A, SN75140, SN75141, SN75142A, SN75143A DUAL LINE RECEIVERS

BULLETIN NO. DL-S 12456, JANUARY 1977—REVISED JULY 1979

features common to all eight types

- Single 5-V Supply
- ± 100 mV Sensitivity
- For Application As:
Single-Ended Line Receiver
Gated Oscillator
Level Comparator
- Adjustable Reference Voltage
- TTL Outputs
- TTL-Compatible Strobe
- Designed for Party-Line
(Data-Bus) Applications

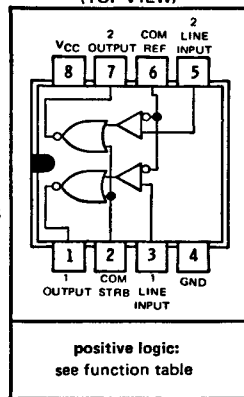
features of '140 and '141

- Common Reference Pin
- Common Strobe
- '141 Has Diode-Protected
Input Stage for Power-Off
Condition

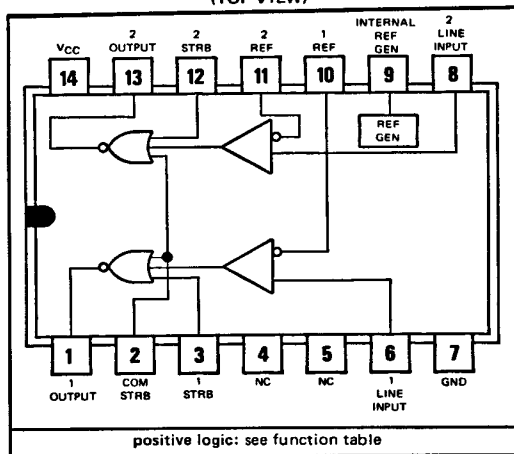
features of '142A and '143A

- Individual Reference Pins
- Common and Individual Strobes
- Internal 2.5-Volt Reference
Available
- '143A Has Diode-Protected
Input Stage for Power-Off
Condition

SN55140, SN55141 ...
JG DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
SN75140, SN75141 ...
JG OR P DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



SN55142A, SN55143A ... J DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
SN75142A, SN75143A ... J OR N DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC—No internal connection

Pin 2, if unused, must be grounded when replacing '142 or '143 with '142A or '143A devices.

description

Each of these devices consists of a dual single-ended line receiver with TTL-compatible strobes and outputs. The reference voltage (switching threshold) is applied externally and can be adjusted from 1.5 volts to 3.5 volts, making it possible to optimize noise immunity for a given system design. A 2.5-volt internal reference is available for use on the '142A and '143A. Due to their low input current (less than 100 microamperes), they are ideally suited for party-line (bus-organized) systems.

The '140 has a common reference voltage pin and a common strobe. The '141 is the same as the '140 except that the input stage is diode protected. Each receiver of the '142A has an individual reference voltage pin and an individual strobe. The '143A is the same as the '142A except that the input stage is diode protected. The internal reference voltage of the '142A and '143A can be externally adjusted with a single resistor from 1.5 volts to 3.5 volts.

'140, '141 FUNCTION TABLE
(EACH RECEIVER)

LINE INPUT	STROBE	OUTPUT
$< V_{ref} - 100$ mV	L	H
$> V_{ref} + 100$ mV	X	L
X	H	L

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant

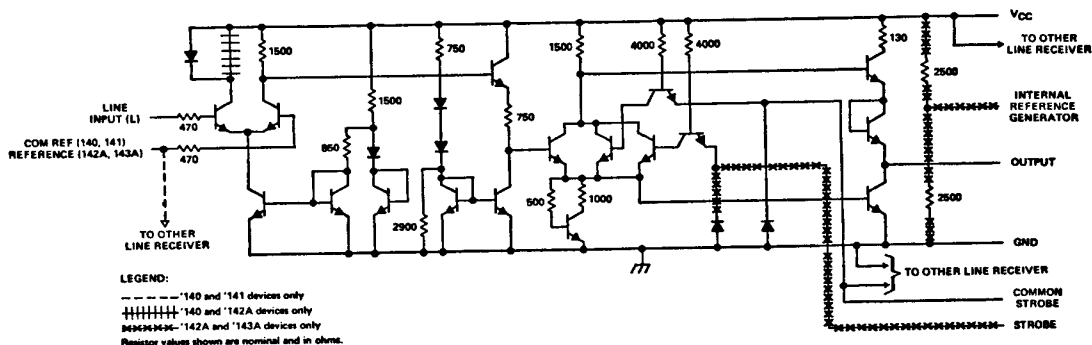
'142A, '143A FUNCTION TABLE
(EACH RECEIVER)

LINE INPUT	INDIVIDUAL STROBE	COMMON STROBE	OUTPUT
$< V_{REF} - 100$ mV	L	L	H
$> V_{REF} + 100$ mV	X	X	L
X	H	X	L
X	X	H	L

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant

TYPES SN55140, SN55141, SN55142A, SN55143A, SN75140, SN75141, SN75142A, SN75143A DUAL LINE RECEIVERS

schematic (each receiver)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V_{CC} (see Note 1)	7 V
Reference input voltage, V_{ref}	5.5 V
Line input voltage with respect to ground	-2 V to 5.5 V
Line input voltage with respect to V_{ref}	± 5 V
Strobe input voltage	5.5 V
Continuous total dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 2)	600 mW
Operating free-air temperature range: SN55' Circuits	-55°C to 125°C
SN75' Circuits	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1/16 inch from case for 60 seconds: J or JG package	300°C
Lead temperature 1/16 inch from case for 10 seconds: N or P package	260°C

- NOTES: 1. Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
 2. For operation above 25°C free-air temperature, see the Dissipation Derating Table. In the J and JG package, these chips are glass mounted.

DISSIPATION DERATING TABLE

PACKAGE	POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR	ABOVE T_A
J	600 mW	8.2 mW/°C	77°C
JG	600 mW	6.6 mW/°C	59°C
N	600 mW	9.2 mW/°C	85°C
P	600 mW	8.0 mW/°C	75°C

recommended operating conditions

		SN55' CIRCUITS			SN75' CIRCUITS			UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Supply voltage, V_{CC}		4.5	5	5.5	4.5	5	5.5	V
Reference input voltage, V_{ref}		1.5		3.5	1.5		3.5	V
Input voltage, V_I	Line	0		$V_{CC}-1$	0		$V_{CC}-1$	V
	Strobe	0		5.5	0		5.5	
Operating free-air temperature, T_A		-55		125	0		70	°C

TYPES SN55140, SN55141, SN55142A, SN55143A, SN75140, SN75141, SN75142A, SN75143A DUAL LINE RECEIVERS

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,
 $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{ref} = 1.5\text{ V}$ to 3.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH(L)}$	High-level line input voltage		$V_{ref} + 100$			mV
$V_{IL(L)}$	Low-level line input voltage				$V_{ref} - 100$	mV
$V_{IH(S)}$	High-level strobe input voltage		2			V
$V_{IL(S)}$	Low-level strobe input voltage				0.8	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	$V_{IL(L)} = V_{ref} - 100\text{ mV}$, $V_{IL(S)} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_{IH(L)} = V_{ref} + 100\text{ mV}$, $V_{IL(S)} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 16\text{ mA}$			0.4	V
		$V_{IL(L)} = V_{ref} - 100\text{ mV}$, $V_{IH(S)} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 16\text{ mA}$			0.4	
$V_{IK(S)}$	Strobe input clamp voltage	$I_I(S) = -12\text{ mA}$			-1.5	V
$I_I(S)$	Strobe input current at maximum input voltage	Strobe	$V_I(S) = 5.5\text{ V}$		1	mA
		Com strb			2	
I_{IH}	High-level input current	Strobe	$V_I(S) = 2.4\text{ V}$		40	μA
		Com strb			80	
		Line input	$V_{I(L)} = 3.5\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 1.5\text{ V}$		35	
		Reference	$V_{I(L)} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 3.5\text{ V}$		35	
		Com ref			70	
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	Strobe	$V_I(S) = 0.4\text{ V}$		-1.6	mA
		Com strb			-3.2	
		Line input	$V_{I(L)} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 1.5\text{ V}$		-10	μA
		Reference	$V_{I(L)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 0\text{ V}$		-10	
		Com ref			-20	
V_{gen}	Internal reference generator voltage	*142A,	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{gen} = 0$		2.3	V
		*143A	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{gen} = -70\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		2.4	
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current‡	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-15		-55	mA
I_{CCH}	Supply current, output high	$V_I(S) = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{I(L)} = V_{ref} - 100\text{ mV}$		18	30	mA
I_{CCL}	Supply current, output low	$V_I(S) = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{I(L)} = V_{ref} + 100\text{ mV}$		20	35	mA

†All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

‡Only one output should be shorted at a time.

switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{PLH(L)}$	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from line input	$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 400\text{ }\Omega$, See Figure 1		22	35	ns
$t_{PHL(L)}$	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from line input			22	30	
$t_{PLH(S)}$	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from strobe input			12	22	ns
$t_{PHL(S)}$	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from strobe input			8	15	

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

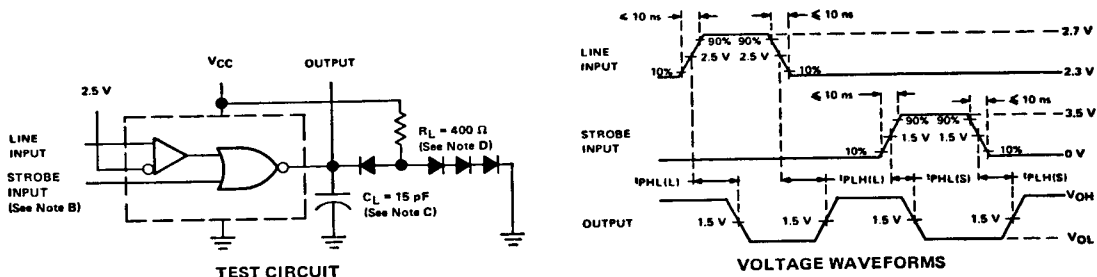


FIGURE 1

- NOTES: A. Input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle $\leq 50\%$, $Z_{out} \approx 50 \Omega$.
B. Unused strobe(s) is (are) to be grounded.
C. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
D. All diodes are 1N3064.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

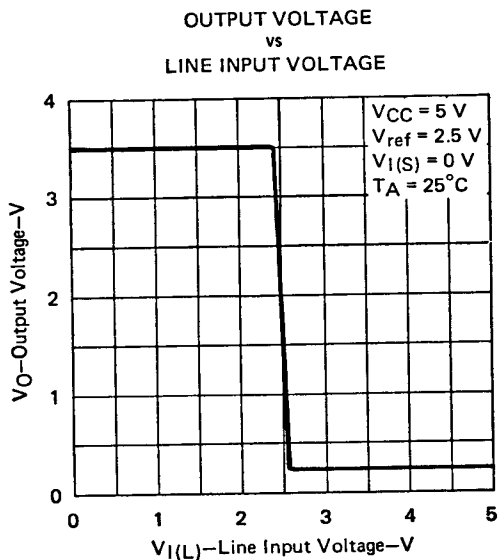
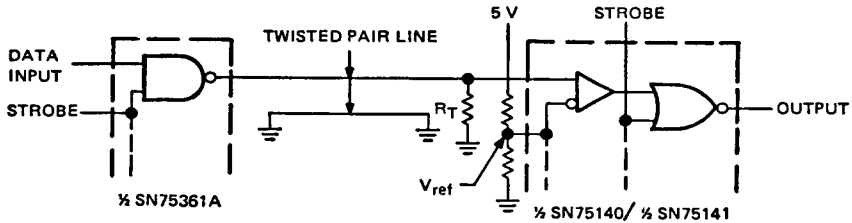


FIGURE 2

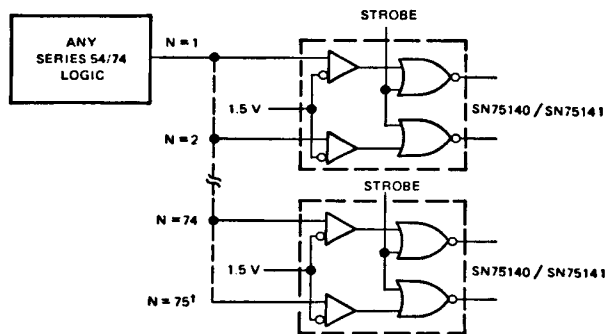
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TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA

line receiver

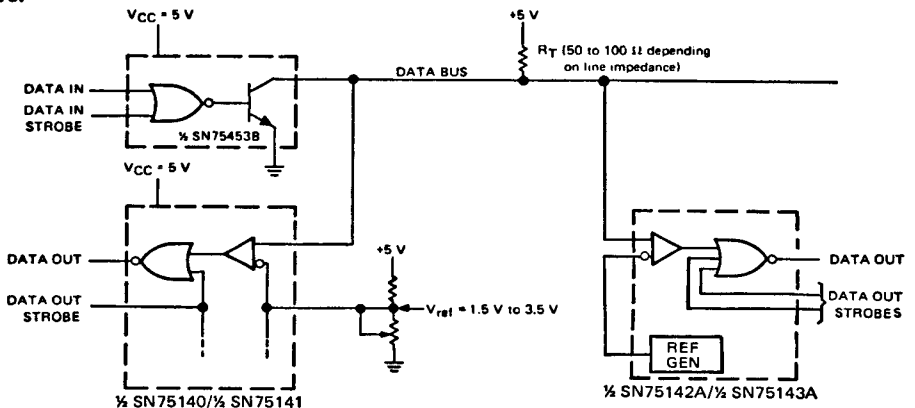


high fan-out from standard TTL gate



† Although most Series 54/74 circuits have a guaranteed 2.4-V output at 400 μ A, they are typically capable of maintaining a 2.4-V output level under a load of 7.5 mA.

dual bus transceiver



Using this arrangement, as many as 100 transceivers can be connected to a single data bus. The adjustable reference voltage feature allows the noise margin to be optimized for a given system. The complete dual bus transceiver (SN75453B driver and SN75140 receiver) can be assembled in approximately the same space required by a single 16-pin package, and only one power supply is required (+5 V). Data In and Data Out terminals are TTL compatible.

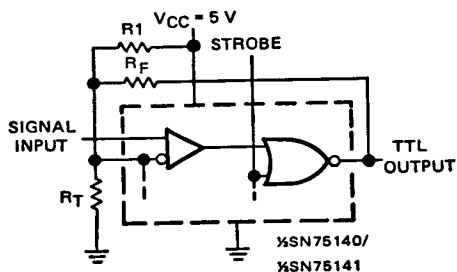
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
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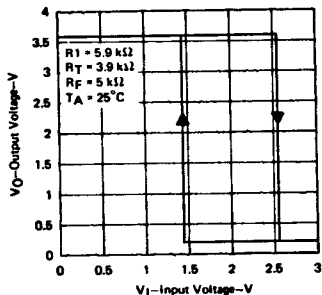
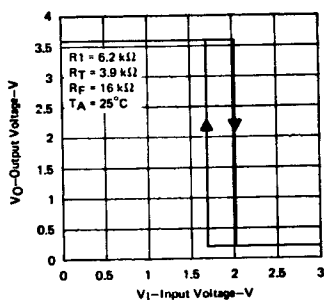
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TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA

Schmitt trigger

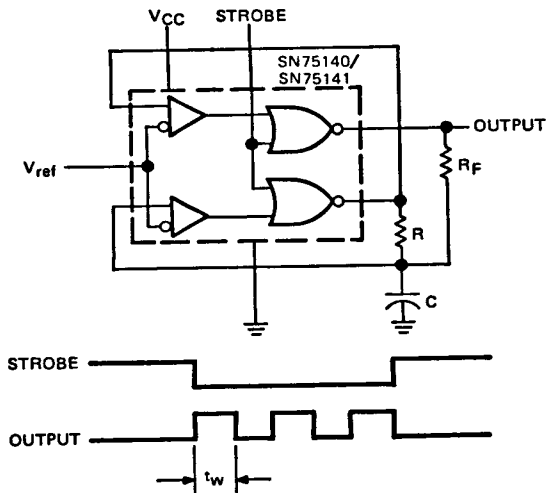


EXAMPLES OF TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

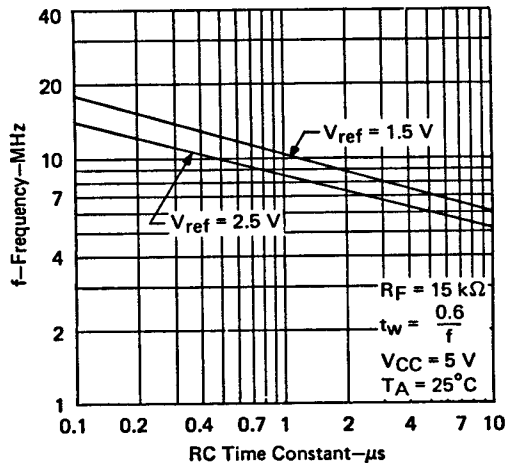


Slowly changing input levels from data lines, optical detectors, and other types of transducers may be converted to standard TTL signals with this Schmitt trigger circuit. R_1 , R_F , and R_T may be adjusted for the desired hysteresis and trigger levels.

gated oscillator



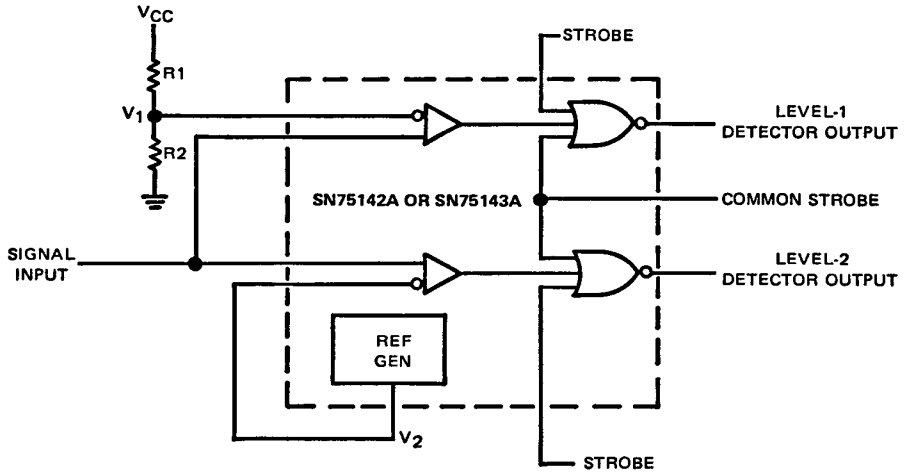
OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY vs RC TIME CONSTANT



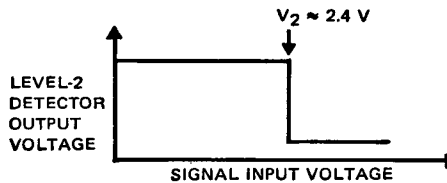
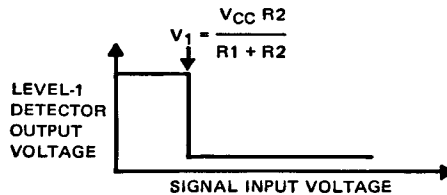
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TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA

level detector



VOLTAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS WITH STROBES LOW



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